Agreement Concerning the adoption of uniform technical prescriptions for wheeled vehicles, equipment and parts which can be fitted and/or be used on wheeled vehicles and the conditions for reciprocal recognition of approvals granted on the basis of these prescriptions¹
(Revision 2, including the amendments which entered into force on 16 October 1995)

Addendum 64: Regulation No. 65

Revision 2
Incorporating all valid text up to:
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Uniform provisions concerning the approval of special warning lamps for power-driven vehicles and their trailers

UNITED NATIONS

Regulation No. 65

Uniform provisions concerning the approval of special warning lamps for power-driven vehicles and their trailers

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Scope

This Regulation applies to special warning lamps for vehicles of Categories L, M, N, O, and T\(^1\) and for mobile machinery.

1. Definitions

In general the definitions given in Regulation No. 48 and its series of amendments in force at the time of application for type approval shall apply to this Regulation and in addition for the purpose of this Regulation:

1.1. "Special warning lamp" means a lamp emitting blue or amber light intermittently for use on vehicles\(^2\).

1.1.1. "Rotating or stationary flashing lamp" means a special warning lamp emitting light intermittently all around its vertical axis (Category T).

1.1.2. "Directional flashing lamp" means a special warning lamp emitting light intermittently in a limited angular area (Category X).

1.1.3. "Complete bar" means a special warning lamp with two or more optical systems emitting light intermittently all around its vertical axis.

1.2. Special warning lamps of different types, mean special warning lamps which differ intrinsically in such matters as:

1.2.1. The trade name or make,
1.2.2. The size and form of the coloured cover,
1.2.3. The optical system,
1.2.4. The nature of the beam (e.g. rotating or stationary flashing),
1.2.5. The colour of the light emitted,
1.2.6. The light source,
1.2.7. The light source module,
1.2.8. Whether the special warning lamp has one level (class 1) or two levels (class 2) of intensity,

1.3. The frequency \(f\) is the number of flashes or groups of flashes (see Annex 5, para. 5) within one second,

1.4. The "on" time \(t_{on}\) means the period of time within which the luminous intensity of the flashing light is superior to \(1/10\) of the maximum value (peak value) \(J_m\),

\(^1\) As defined in the Consolidated Resolution on the Construction of Vehicles (R.E.3.), document ECE/TRANS/WP.29/78/Rev.2, para. 2.
\(^2\) Nothing in this Regulation shall preclude the national authorities to prohibit the use of special warning lamps emitting red light intermittently for use on vehicles as defined in paragraph 2.1. of this Regulation.
1.5. The “off” time \( t_D \) means the period of time within which the luminous intensity of the flashing light is less than 1/100 of the maximum value (peak value) \( J_m \) but not more than 10 cd. In the case of groups of flashes the “off” time shall be evaluated from the last flash of the group to the first flash of the next group.

1.6. The "effective intensity" \( J_e \) in a fixed direction for both rotating and stationary flashing type is given by:

\[
J_e = \frac{J_m}{1 + \frac{C}{F \cdot T}}
\]

Where:
- \( J_m \) : peak intensity (cd)
- \( C \) : time constant, \( C = 0.2 \) sec
- \( T \) : time of period
- \( F \) : Form Factor \( F = \int_{0}^{T} \frac{J \, dt}{J_m \cdot T} \)
- \( J \) : instantaneous intensity (cd)

1.7. Reference centre of the special warning lamp means:

For a rotating or stationary flashing lamp (Category T), the centre of the light source,

For a directional flashing lamp (Category X), the intersection of the axis of reference with the exterior light-emitting surface; it is specified by the manufacturer of the special warning lamp. In the absence of such specification, it means the centre of the light source.

1.8. Reference axis of the special warning lamp means:

For a rotating or stationary flashing lamp (Category T), a vertical axis passing through the reference centre of the lamp,

For a directional flashing lamp (Category X), a horizontal axis parallel to the median longitudinal plane of the vehicle.

The manufacturer of the special warning lamp shall indicate the position of the special warning lamp in relation to the reference axis.

1.9. Measuring directions

1.9.1. The effective intensities of rotating or stationary (Category T) lamps shall be determined in the directions within an angle of 360 deg around the reference axis of the special warning lamp:

1.9.1.1. In a horizontal plane perpendicular to the reference axis and passing through the reference centre of the special warning lamp;

1.9.1.2. In cones, the generating lines of which produce with the above-mentioned horizontal plane angles, the values of which are indicated in the table in Annex 5 to this Regulation.

1.9.2. The effective intensities of directional flashing lamps (Category X) shall be measured in the directions indicated in paragraph 7.3.1. of Annex 5 to this Regulation.
2. Application for approval

2.1. The application for approval of a special warning lamp shall be submitted by the owner of the trade name or mark or by his duly accredited representative.

   It shall specify whether the special warning lamp is intended to emit amber (A), red (R) or blue (B) light, whether it falls within the directional flashing lamp (X) category, or whether it falls within the rotating or stationary flashing lamp (T) category, and whether it has one level of intensity (class 1), or two levels of intensity (class 2).

2.2. For each type of special warning lamp, the application shall be accompanied by:

   2.2.1. Drawing, in triplicate, in sufficient detail to permit identification of the type of the special warning lamp and showing in what geometrical position the special warning lamp shall be mounted on the vehicle,

   2.2.2. A brief technical description stating in particular the light source provided by the manufacturer of the special warning lamp and including, where applicable, the electronic control unit(s), the ballast(s) or the light control gear(s) or the light source module and the light source module specific identification code.

   2.2.3. For a special warning lamp having two levels of intensity, an arrangement diagram and a specification of the characteristics of the system ensuring two levels of intensity,

   2.2.4. For a special warning lamp device which is comprised of more than one separate unit, the intended geometrical arrangement when installed on the vehicle including the specification of each unit and the maximum distance between the units.

   2.2.5. Two samples, in principle for a rated voltage of 12 volts and for only one colour, and eventually two other samples for any other rated voltage in the case where an application is submitted simultaneously or subsequently for approval of special warning lamps of other rated voltages. In this case, it is sufficient to carry out tests according to paragraph 5.5. below,

   2.2.6. Two samples of the cover, provided that the construction of the special warning lamp with exception of the colour of the cover remains unchanged and the approval may be extended simultaneously or subsequently for special warning lamps of another colour. In this case, it is sufficient to carry out the photometric and colorimetric tests.

2.2. The competent authority shall verify the existence of satisfactory arrangements for ensuring effective control on conformity of production before type approval is granted.

3. Markings

3.1. The samples of a type of special warning lamp submitted for approval must bear the trade name or mark of the applicant, this marking must be clearly legible and indelible.

3.2. Each base, each cover and any external components of a special warning lamp which are necessary for its required performance shall include a space of sufficient size for the approval marking, these spaces shall be shown in the drawings mentioned in paragraph 2.2.1. above.
3.3. Each special warning lamp shall be marked, legibly and indelibly, with the following information:
   i) The rated voltage of the special warning lamp, and:
   ii) In the case of a special warning lamp device which is comprised of more than one separate unit, in brackets an identification mark for the specification of the individual separate unit followed by a "/" and the indication of the total number of separate units to meet the requirements;
       And either
   iii) In the case of a lamp with a replaceable light source, the category of light source according to the relevant ECE Regulation; or
   iv) In the case of a lamp with a non-replaceable light source or a light source module, the rated wattage.

3.4. Directional flashing lamps having a "wide angle effect" (see definition of paragraph 7.3.1. in Annex 5) shall bear an arrow indicating the "wide angle" side and the mounting position. The arrow showing in which position the device has to be installed shall be directed outwards from the vehicle when correctly installed

4. Approval

4.1. If the samples of a type of special warning lamp which are submitted in pursuance of paragraph 2. above, satisfy the provisions of paragraphs 5., 6. and 7. this Regulation, approval shall be granted.

4.2. An approval number shall be assigned to each type approved. Its first two digits (at present 00 for the Regulation in its original form) shall indicate the series of amendments incorporating the most recent major technical amendments made to the Regulation at the time of issue of the approval. The same Contracting Party shall not assign the same number to another type of special warning lamp, except in the cases provided for in paragraph 2.2.4. above.

4.3. Notice of approval or of extension or of refusal of approval of type of special warning lamp pursuant to this Regulation shall be communicated to the Parties to the Agreement which apply this Regulation by means of a form conforming to the model in Annex 1 to this Regulation.

4.4. Every special warning lamp conforming to a special warning lamp approved under this Regulation shall bear, in the spaces referred to in paragraph 3.2. above and in addition to the markings prescribed in paragraphs 3.1. and 3.3., the following:

4.4.1. An international approval mark consisting of:

4.4.1.1. A circle surrounding the letter "E" followed by the distinguishing number of the country which has granted the approval³

³ The distinguished numbers of the Contracting Parties to the 1958 Agreement are reproduced in Annex 3 to Consolidated Resolution on the Construction of Vehicles (R.E.3), document TRANS/WP.29/78/Rev.2.
4.4.1.2. An approval number,
4.4.1.3. "T" or "X" according to the category of the unit, followed by "A" or "B" or "R" according to the colour of the unit (see paragraph 2.1. above).
4.4.1.4. "1" or "2" according to the class of the unit (see paragraph 2.1. above).

4.5. In the case of lamps with light source module(s), the light source module(s) shall bear:

4.5.1. The trade name or mark of the applicant; this marking must be clearly legible and indelible;

4.5.2. The specific identification code of the module; this marking must be clearly legible and indelible.

This specific identification code shall comprise the starting letters "MD" for "MODULE" followed by the approval marking without the circle as prescribed in paragraph 4.4.1.1; this specific identification code shall be shown in the drawings mentioned in paragraph 3.2.2. above. The approval marking does not have to be the same as the one on the lamp in which the module is used, but both markings shall be from the same applicant.

4.5.3. The marking of the rated voltage.

4.6. The base, the cover and any external components of the special warning lamp referred to in paragraph 3.3. may bear one or more additional approval marks.

In addition, where the same lens is used, the later may bear the different approval marks relating to the different types of special warning lamps or units of lamps, provided that the main body of the special warning lamp also comprises the space described in paragraph 3.2. above and bears the approval marks of the actual functions.

If different types of special warning lamps comprise the same main body, it is acceptable, if an inner part of the optical arrangements also comprises the space described in paragraph 3.2. above and bears the approval marks of the actual functions in such a way that it will be clearly visible from the outside of the lens.

4.7. The approval mark and the markings referred to in paragraph 3. above shall be clearly legible and indelible even when the special warning lamp is mounted on the vehicle.

4.8. Annex 2 to this Regulation gives an example of the approval mark.

5. General specifications

5.1. The special warning lamps must be so designed and constructed that in normal conditions of use, and notwithstanding the vibrations to which they may be subjected in such use, their satisfactory operation remains assured and they retain the characteristics prescribed by this Regulation.

The special warning lamps must be so designed and constructed that the relevant requirements with regard to voltage higher than 50 V are fulfilled.

5.2. The special warning lamp shall be so designed that after it has been mounted correctly on the vehicle, no maladjustment is possible.
5.2.1 The special warning lamp shall be powered directly from the voltage supply network of the vehicle by direct connection or usual connectors (e.g. cigarette lighter plug).

5.3. When a non-replaceable light source is used it shall be permanently fixed to the special warning lamp.

5.4. Light source module

5.4.1. The design of the light source module(s) shall be such that even in darkness the light source module(s) can be fitted in no other position, but the correct one.

5.4.2. The light source module(s) shall be tamperproof.

5.5. In the case of a system that uses a special power supply, or a dedicated power supply, or light source control gear shall be part of special warning lamp.

5.6. The frequency \( f \), the "on" time \( t_\text{on} \) and the "off" time \( t_\text{off} \) shall correspond to the values indicated in the table in Annex 5 to this Regulation. They shall be measured at an ambient temperature of \( +23^\circ \text{C} \pm 5^\circ \text{C} \) and with voltages at the terminals of the device which are between 90 per cent and 115 per cent of the rated voltage. Moreover, starting and correct functioning of the special warning lamp shall remain assured at temperatures between \(-20^\circ \text{C}\) and \(+50^\circ \text{C}\) or if the special warning lamp is exposed to heavy rain, in accordance with the procedure described in Annex 4 to this Regulation. Under those conditions, one minute after a voltage equal to 90 per cent of the rated voltage has been applied, the frequency shall remain between 2 and 4 Hz.

5.7. A rotating or flashing special warning lamp device of Category T may consist of more than one optical system. In this case, the requirements of Annex 5, paragraph 8. must be met. The lamp manufacturer must supply mounting information to ensure that the various units are correctly mounted on a vehicle.

6. **Photometric specifications**

The special warning lamps shall comply with the conditions prescribed in Annex 5 to this Regulation.

7. **Checking the colour of the special warning lamp**

The colour shall comply with the colorimetric boundaries prescribed in Annex 3 to this Regulation.

The colorimetric characteristics of the light emitted, expressed in CIE chromaticity co-ordinates, shall be evaluated using the light source as designed, working at the voltage as specified in paragraph 4.2. in Annex 5 of this Regulation.

In case of a special warning lamp employing a Xenon flash tube, as an alternative the chromaticity co-ordinates may be deduced from the spectral distribution of the transmission of the cover and the transmission or reflection of any other optical effective elements which could impair the colour of the special warning lamp. The calculation then shall be based on a luminous source with a relative spectral distribution as listed in Annex 6.
8. Modification of a type of special warning light for motor vehicles and extension of approval

8.1. Every modification of a type of special warning lamp shall be notified to the Type Approval Authority which granted the type approval. The department may then either,

8.1.1. Consider that the modifications made are unlikely to have appreciable adverse effects and that in any event the special warning lamp still complies with the requirements, or

8.1.2. Require a further test report from the technical services responsible for conducting the tests.

8.2. Confirmation or refusal of approval, specifying the alterations, shall be notified by the procedure specified in paragraph 4.3. above to the Parties to the Agreement applying this Regulation.

8.3. The competent authority issuing the extension of approval shall assign a series number to each communication form drawn up for such an extension.

9. Conformity of production

9.1. Special warning lamps approved under this Regulation shall be so manufactured as to conform to the type approved by meeting the requirements set forth in paragraphs 5., 6. and 7. above.

9.2. In order to verify that the requirements of paragraph 9.1. are met, suitable controls of the production shall be carried out.

9.3. The holder of the approval shall in particular:

9.3.1. Ensure the existence of procedures for the effective control of the quality of products;

9.3.2. Have access to the control equipment necessary for checking the conformity to each approved type;

9.3.3. Ensure that data of test results are recorded and that related documents shall remain available for a period to be determined in accordance with the administrative services;

9.3.4. Analyze the results of each type of test in order to verify and ensure the stability of the product characteristics, making allowance for variation of an industrial production;

9.3.5. Ensure that for each type of product at least the tests prescribed in Annex 7 to this Regulation are carried out;

9.3.6. Ensure that any collecting of samples giving evidence of non-conformity with the type of test considered shall give rise to another sampling and another test. All the necessary steps shall be taken to re-establish the conformity of the corresponding production.

9.4. The competent authority which has granted type approval may at any time verify the conformity control methods applicable to each production unit.

9.4.1. In every inspection, the test books and production survey records shall be presented to the visiting inspector.
9.4.2. The inspector may take samples at random to be tested in the manufacturer's laboratory. The minimum number of samples may be determined in the light of the results of the manufacturer's own checks.

9.4.3. When the quality level appears unsatisfactory or when it seems necessary to verify the validity of the tests carried out in the application of paragraph 9.4.2. above, the inspector shall select samples, to be sent to the technical service which has conducted the type approval tests, using the criteria of Annex 8.

9.4.4. The competent authority may carry out any test prescribed in this Regulation. These tests will be on samples selected at random without causing distortion of the manufacturer's delivery commitments and in accordance with the criteria of Annex 8.

9.4.5. The competent authority shall strive to obtain a frequency of inspection of once every two years. However, this is at the discretion of the competent authority and their confidence in the arrangements for ensuring effective control of the conformity of production. In the case where negative results are recorded, the competent authority shall ensure that all necessary steps are taken to re-establish the conformity of production as rapidly as possible.

10. Penalties for non-conformity of production

10.1. The approval granted for a type of special warning lamp pursuant to this Regulation may be withdrawn if the foregoing conditions are not observed.

10.2. If a Contracting Party to the 1958 Agreement applying this Regulation, by means of a communication form conforming to the model in Annex 1 to this Regulation.

11. Production definitively discontinued

If the holder of the approval completely ceases to manufacture a special warning lamp approved in accordance with this Regulation, he shall so inform the authority which granted the approval. Upon receiving the relevant communication that authority shall inform thereof the other Contracting Parties to the 1958 Agreement applying this Regulation by means of a communication form conforming to the model in Annex 1 to this Regulation.

12. Special provision

12.1. Special warning lamps approved before the introduction of this supplement without the category number "1" or "2" in their approval mark may be used also in future without time limitation.

13. Transitional provisions

13.1. As from the official date of entry into force of Supplement 4, no Contracting Party applying this Regulation shall refuse to grant approvals under this Regulation as amended.
13.2. As from 24 months after the date of entry into force of Supplement 4, Contracting Parties applying this Regulation shall grant approvals only if the type of special warning lamps to be approved meets the requirements of this Regulation as amended.

13.3. Contracting Parties applying this Regulation shall not refuse to grant extensions of approval to a preceding version of this Regulation, up to Supplement 3.

13.4. Approvals granted under this Regulation earlier than 24 months after the date of entry into force of Supplement 4 and all extensions of approvals, granted subsequently, shall remain valid indefinitely. When the type of special warning lamps approved to a preceding version of the Regulation up to its Supplement 3 meets the requirements of this Regulation as amended by Supplement 4, the Contracting Party which granted the approval shall notify the other Contracting Parties applying this Regulation thereof.

13.5. No Contracting Party applying this Regulation shall refuse a type of special warning lamps approved under this Regulation as amended.

13.6. As from the official date of entry into force of Supplement 4, no Contracting Party applying this Regulation shall prohibit the fitting on a vehicle of special warning lamps approved under this Regulation as amended.

13.7. Contracting Parties applying this Regulation shall continue to allow the fitting on a vehicle of special warning lamps approved under the preceding version of the Regulation up to its Supplement 3 during the 48 months period which follows the date of entry into force of Supplement 4.

13.8. Upon the expiration of a period of 48 months after the date of entry into force of Supplement 4, Contracting Parties applying this Regulation may prohibit the fitting of special warning lamps, which do not meet the requirements of this Regulation as amended by Supplement 4, on a new vehicle for which national type or individual approval was granted more than 24 months after the entry into force of Supplement 4 to this Regulation.

14. Names and addresses of Technical Services responsible for conducting approval tests, and of Type Approval Authorities

The Parties to the Agreement which apply this Regulation shall communicate to the United Nations Secretariat the names and addresses of the Technical Services responsible for conducting approval tests and of the Type Approval Authorities which grant approval and to which forms certifying approval or extension or refusal or withdrawal of approval, issued in other countries, are to be sent.
Annex 1

Communication

(Maximum format: A4 (210 x 297 mm))

issued by: Name of administration:  

.................  

.................

concerning\(^1\) Approval granted  
Approval extended  
Approval refused  
Approval withdrawn  
Production definitively discontinued

of a type of special warning lamp for motor vehicles, pursuant to Regulation No. 65

Approval No.: ............... Extension No.: ..............

1. Special warning lamp/rotating/stationary flashing lamp/directional flashing lamp/complete bar/blue/amber/red\(^2\)

2. Special warning lamp has one/two levels of intensity\(^2\)

3. For special warning lamps having two levels of intensity, indicate the system used to obtain increased intensity at daytime

4. Used light source,  
   - category of filament lamp or;  
   - gas discharge light source or;  
   - LED yes/no\(^2\) or;  
   Light source module: yes/no\(^2\)  
Light source module specific identification code: .....................................................

5. Rated voltage of special warning lamp ............................................................

6. Trade name or mark ............................................................................................

7. Manufacturer's name and address ........................................................................

\(^1\) Distinguishing number of the country which has granted/extended/refused/withdrawn approval (see approval provisions in the Regulation).

\(^2\) Strike out what does not apply.
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>If applicable, name and address of manufacturer's representative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Submitted for approval on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Technical Service responsible for approval tests</td>
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<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Date of report issued by that service</td>
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<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Number of report issued by that service</td>
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<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Approval granted/refused/extended/withdrawn³</td>
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<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Reason(s) of extension (if applicable)</td>
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<td>15</td>
<td>Place</td>
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<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Date</td>
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<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Signature</td>
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<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>The list of documents filed with the administration service which has granted approval and available on request is annexed to this communication</td>
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</table>
Annex 2

Examples of approval marks

**TB 1**

![Diagram of TB 1]

The above approval mark affixed to:

a) A special warning lamp indicates that it has been approved in the Netherlands (E4) under approval number 002439. The approval number shows that the approval was granted in accordance with the requirements of the Regulation in its original form and that it is a blue rotating or stationary flashing special warning lamp of class 1 (TB 1).

b) A directional flashing lamp indicates that it has been approved in the Netherlands (E4) under approval number 002440. The approval number shows that the approval was granted in accordance with the requirements of the Regulation in its original form and that it is a amber rotating or stationary flashing special warning lamp of class 2 (TA 2).

**TA 2**

![Diagram of TA 2]

a ≥ 8 mm

**XB 1**

![Diagram of XB 1]

c) A special warning lamp indicates that it has been approved in the Netherlands (E4) under approval number 002441. The approval number shows that the approval was granted in accordance with the requirements of the Regulation in its original form and that it is a blue rotating or stationary flashing special warning lamp of class 2 (XB 1).

d) A directional flashing lamp indicates that it has been approved in the Netherlands (E4) under approval number 002442. The approval number shows that the approval was granted in accordance with the requirements of the Regulation in its original form and that it is a amber rotating or stationary flashing special warning lamp of class 2 (XA 2).

e) A special warning lamp indicates that it has been approved in the Netherlands (E4) under approval number 002443. The approval number shows that the approval was granted in accordance with the requirements of the Regulation in its original form and that it is a blue rotating or stationary flashing special warning lamp of class 2 (XB 1).

a ≥ 8 mm
c) A directional flashing lamp indicates that it has been approved in France (E2) under approval number 002441. The approval number shows that the approval was granted in accordance with the requirements of the Regulation in its original form and that it is a blue directional flashing lamp of class 1 (XB 1).

The marking without an arrow indicates that the lamp has a narrow angle effect.

d) A directional flashing lamp indicates that it has been approved in France (E2) under approval number 002442. The approval number shows that the approval was granted in accordance with the requirements of the Regulation in its original form and that it is an amber directional flashing lamp of class 2 (XA 2).

The arrow indicates that the lamp has a wide-angle effect on the side indicated by the direction in which the arrow is pointing, which also indicates the side of the vehicle on which the device is to be mounted.

e) A directional flashing lamp indicates that it has been approved in France (E2) under approval number 002443. The approval number shows that the approval was granted in accordance with the requirements of the Regulation in its original form and that it is a blue directional flashing lamp of class 1 (XB 1).

The double side arrow indicates that the lamp has a wide-angle effect to both sides, which also indicates that the lamp could be mounted on both sides of the vehicle.

f) Light source modules

MD E3 17325

The light source module bearing the identification code shown above has been approved together with a lamp approved in Italy (E3) under approval number 17325.

g) Example for the specification of individual separate units comprising a special warning lamp of (Category T) "Rotating or stationary flashing lamp".

("identification mark" / n)

in a case of four units e.g.: (1/4) or (front left/4)
Annex 3

Trichromatic co-ordinates for the light emitted through the amber or blue filters constituting the covers of special warning lamps

Under the conditions of paragraph 7. of this Regulation, the trichromatic co-ordinates of light emitted through the filters used for special warning lamps shall lie within the following boundaries:

1. Amber
   Limit towards green: \( y \leq x - 0.120 \)
   Limit towards red: \( y \geq 0.390 \)
   Limit towards white: \( y \geq 0.790 - 0.670 x \)

2. Blue
   Limit towards green: \( y = 0.065 + 0.805 x \)
   Limit towards white: \( y = 0.400 - x \)
   Limit towards purple: \( y = 1.667x - 0.222 \)

3. Red
   Limit towards purple: \( y \geq 0.980 - x \)
   Limit towards yellow: \( y \leq 0.335 \)

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1 Corresponds to a specific part of the "yellow" zone of the triangle of CIE colours.
Annex 4

Procedure for the rain test

A simple of the special warning lamp, fitted in its normal operating position, with all the drainage apertures open if they exist, shall be subjected to a precipitation of 2.5 mm of water per minute, the water being directed at an angle of 45º and from a nozzle producing a full conical jet.

During the test, the device shall turn on its vertical axis at a rate of four turns per minute.

The test shall last for 12 hours continuously after which the water jet shall be stopped.

One hour later, the sample shall be examined and shall be regarded as having passed the test if the accumulated volume of water does not exceed 2 cm³.
Photometric specifications

1. Measurements of the photometric characteristics shall be taken at a distance of at least 25 m.
   The angular diameter of the photoelectric receiver as seen from the special warning lamp shall be 10 minutes or arc maximum.
   The response time of the photometric system shall be adequate to the rising time of the signal to be measured.

2. For special warning lamps having one level of intensity (class 1), the "by night" level shall apply.
   For special warning lamps having two levels of intensity (class 2), measurements shall be carried out for each of the two levels.
   The effective luminous intensities in various directions shall be as specified in the table below.

3. If a filament lamp is used that shall be a standard filament lamp as provided for in Regulation No. 37 corresponding to a lamp of the category specified for the special warning lamp.

4. Light source conditions for test:
   4.1. In the case of replaceable light sources a standard lamp shall be used.
   4.2. All measurements on lamps equipped with replaceable or non-replaceable light sources (filament lamps, gas discharge light sources and other) shall be made at 6.75 V, 13.5 V or 28.0 V, respectively.
   In the case of a system that uses a special power supply, or a dedicated power supply, or light source control gear, the voltage declared by the manufacturer shall be applied to the input terminals of that power supply. Unless otherwise specified 6.75 V, 13.5 V or 28 V, as applicable shall be used.
   4.3. In the case of filament lamps it is allowed to make the measurements with a standard filament lamp at reference flux conditions nearly at 12 V and recalculate the measured values by a factor, which is determined with this standard filament lamp at 13.5 Volt, if applicable.

5. For any lamp equipped with non-filament light source(s), the luminous intensities measured after one minute and after 30 minutes of operation shall comply with the minimum and maximum requirements. The luminous intensity distribution after one minute of operation can be calculated by applying the ratio achieved at HV between one minute and 30 minutes of operation.

6. If the emitted light of a special warning lamp consists of groups of several flashes, the time distance $\Delta t$ between the immediately following flashes must be very short.
   If the peak to peak distance $\Delta t$ is less or equal to 0.04 s, then the pulses in between are evaluated as one flash. If this distance $\Delta t$ is longer only the flash with the highest effective intensity is valid. Moreover, the period is limited depending on the ratio between the effective intensities of the flashes within a group ($I_{n} = \text{max. effective intensity of the highest peak}$, $I_{L} = \text{max. effective intensity of the lowest peak}$) as follows:
In case
\[ \frac{I_H}{I_L} > 10 \] then \[ \Delta t (s) \leq \frac{1}{3f} \]

In case
\[ 1 < \frac{I_H}{I_L} < 10 \] then \[ \Delta t (s) \leq \frac{1}{f(5.50 - 0.25 \frac{I_H}{I_L})} \]

7. Frequency, time and intensity of the emitted light

7.1 The frequency, the "ON" time and the "OFF" time shall be as specified in the table below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Colour blue or amber</th>
<th>rotating system or flash light sources (Categories T and X)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Frequency ( f ) (Hz)</td>
<td>max. 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;ON&quot; time ( t_{01} ) (s)</td>
<td>max. 0.4/f</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;OFF&quot; time ( t_{02} ) (s)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7.2 The effective luminous intensities \( I_e \) within the relevant vertical angles for a special warning lamp (Category T) shall be as specified in the table below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category T</th>
<th>Colour</th>
<th>Colour blue</th>
<th>Colour amber</th>
<th>Colour red</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum value of the effective luminous intensity ( I_e ), within the specified vertical angles and a horizontal angle of 360° around the reference axis</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( 0° ) by day</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>230</td>
<td>120</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( 0° ) by night</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( ±4° ) by day</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>60</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( ±4° ) by night</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>25</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( ±8° ) by day</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>170</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( ±8° ) by night</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Maximum value of the effective luminous intensity \( I_e \):
| Inside \( ±2° \) by day | 1,700 |
| Inside \( ±2° \) by night | 700 |
| Inside \( ±8° \) by day | 1,500 |
| Inside \( ±8° \) by night | 600 |
| Outside the above areas by day | 1,000 |
| Outside the above areas by night | 300 |
7.2.1. In the case of a special warning lamp device which is comprised of more than one separate unit, the geometrical arrangement(s) as installed at the vehicle seems to be acceptable, if the partial light distribution of each single separate unit is overlapping with each adjacent partial light distribution inside a horizontal angular range of 360° and in a vertical angular range as specified for the relevant category in a geometrical position corresponding to a distance of 20 m, from the vehicle on a vertical plane that is perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the vehicle and located midway between the lamp units on a side of the vehicle.

7.3. The effective luminous intensities in the reference axis for a directional flashing lamp (Category X) shall be as specified in the table below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category X</th>
<th>Colour</th>
<th>blue</th>
<th>amber</th>
<th>red</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum value of the</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>effective luminous intensity J_e</td>
<td>on the reference axis</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H = 0° V = 0°</td>
<td>by day</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>by night</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum value of the effective</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>luminous intensity J_e</td>
<td>inside</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H = ±10° V = ±4°</td>
<td>by day</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>1,500</td>
<td>3,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>by night</td>
<td>1,500</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>1,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>inside</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>by day</td>
<td>1,500</td>
<td>1,500</td>
<td>1,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>by night</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>outside</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>the above</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>areas</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>by day</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>1,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>by night</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7.3.1. Table of standard light distribution for special warning flash lamp (Category X)
Minimum horizontal angular range of category "narrow angle effect" is 30° left to 30° right and for category "wide angle effect" 90° directed outwards the vehicle and 30° to the inside.

7.3.2. In the case of a special warning lamp device of Category X which comprises of more than one separate unit, the geometrical arrangement(s) as installed on the vehicle, is (are) acceptable when the partial light distribution of each single separate unit is overlapping with each adjacent partial light distribution inside the horizontal and vertical angular range specified for the Category X.

7.3.1.1. The direction $H = 0^\circ$ and $V = 0^\circ$ corresponds to the reference axis. (On the vehicle it is horizontal, parallel to the median longitudinal plane of the vehicle and oriented in the required direction of visibility). It passes through the centre of reference. The values shown in the table give, for the various directions of measurements, the minimum intensities as a percentage of the minimum required in the axis for each lamp (in the direction $H = 0^\circ$ and $V = 0^\circ$).

7.3.1.2. Within the field of light distribution of paragraph 7.3.1. schematically shown as a grid, the light pattern should be substantially uniform, i.e. the light intensity in each direction of lowest minimum value being shown on the grid lines surrounding the questioned direction as a percentage.

8. If two or more optical systems are integrated in one special warning lamp, this unit has to comply with the following requirements:

8.1. Each optical system shall be in accordance with the requirements of this Annex within the horizontal angle which is not covered by one of the other optical systems. Furthermore, in each required direction at least one optical system shall be effective corresponding to the requirements of this Annex.

8.2. If a special warning lamp contains two or more optical systems, all the optical systems shall work in phase. This applies only to each half of a complete "bar" which is designed to extend on the width of the vehicle.

8.3. As long as the efficiency of the special warning lamp is to be secured all around the car a detection of the failure of a part of a special warning system shall exist on the car. If it is designed by the special warning lamp manufacturer this detection shall be checked during the approval procedure.
Annex 6

Xenon relative spectral distribution

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>$\lambda$</th>
<th>$S_{\lambda, rel.}$</th>
<th>$\lambda$</th>
<th>$S_{\lambda, rel.}$</th>
<th>$\lambda$</th>
<th>$S_{\lambda, rel.}$</th>
<th>$\lambda$</th>
<th>$S_{\lambda, rel.}$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>380</td>
<td>74.5</td>
<td>480</td>
<td>94.6</td>
<td>580</td>
<td>77.7</td>
<td>680</td>
<td>73.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>385</td>
<td>73.8</td>
<td>485</td>
<td>87.7</td>
<td>585</td>
<td>77.3</td>
<td>685</td>
<td>80.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>390</td>
<td>79.5</td>
<td>490</td>
<td>86.9</td>
<td>590</td>
<td>76.2</td>
<td>690</td>
<td>77.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>395</td>
<td>96.1</td>
<td>495</td>
<td>83.8</td>
<td>595</td>
<td>75.4</td>
<td>695</td>
<td>70.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>400</td>
<td>84.2</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>77.3</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>73.1</td>
<td>700</td>
<td>67.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>405</td>
<td>83.1</td>
<td>505</td>
<td>76.2</td>
<td>605</td>
<td>72.3</td>
<td>705</td>
<td>68.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>410</td>
<td>83.8</td>
<td>510</td>
<td>76.2</td>
<td>610</td>
<td>72.7</td>
<td>710</td>
<td>76.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>415</td>
<td>82.7</td>
<td>515</td>
<td>76.5</td>
<td>615</td>
<td>75.4</td>
<td>715</td>
<td>74.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>420</td>
<td>87.3</td>
<td>520</td>
<td>76.9</td>
<td>620</td>
<td>76.2</td>
<td>720</td>
<td>67.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>425</td>
<td>81.5</td>
<td>525</td>
<td>77.3</td>
<td>625</td>
<td>73.5</td>
<td>725</td>
<td>70.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>430</td>
<td>80.0</td>
<td>530</td>
<td>77.3</td>
<td>630</td>
<td>73.5</td>
<td>730</td>
<td>78.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>435</td>
<td>81.9</td>
<td>535</td>
<td>77.3</td>
<td>635</td>
<td>71.2</td>
<td>735</td>
<td>77.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>440</td>
<td>83.8</td>
<td>540</td>
<td>76.9</td>
<td>640</td>
<td>69.2</td>
<td>740</td>
<td>76.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>445</td>
<td>80.8</td>
<td>545</td>
<td>76.9</td>
<td>645</td>
<td>71.2</td>
<td>745</td>
<td>72.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>450</td>
<td>98.5</td>
<td>550</td>
<td>76.5</td>
<td>650</td>
<td>71.2</td>
<td>750</td>
<td>72.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>455</td>
<td>80.0</td>
<td>555</td>
<td>76.5</td>
<td>655</td>
<td>68.8</td>
<td>755</td>
<td>79.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>460</td>
<td>91.5</td>
<td>560</td>
<td>76.2</td>
<td>660</td>
<td>68.8</td>
<td>760</td>
<td>90.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>465</td>
<td>97.7</td>
<td>565</td>
<td>76.5</td>
<td>665</td>
<td>70.4</td>
<td>765</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>470</td>
<td>100.0</td>
<td>570</td>
<td>76.9</td>
<td>670</td>
<td>70.4</td>
<td>770</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>474</td>
<td>97.7</td>
<td>575</td>
<td>77.3</td>
<td>675</td>
<td>71.2</td>
<td>775</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Annex 7

Minimum requirements for conformity of production control procedures

1. General

1.1. The conformity requirements shall be considered satisfied from a mechanical and geometric standpoint, if the differences do not exceed inevitable manufacturing deviations within the requirements of this regulation.

1.2. With respect to photometric performances, the conformity of mass-produced special warning lamps shall not be contested if, when testing photometric performances of any special warning lamp chosen at random and in the case of an ECE approved light source equipped with standard light sources of relevant category:

1.2.1. No measured value deviates unfavourably by more than 20 per cent from the minimum values prescribed in this Regulation.

1.2.2. If, in the case of a special warning lamp equipped with a replaceable light source and if results of the test described above do not meet the requirements, tests on special warning lamps shall be repeated using another light source.

1.3. The chromaticity coordinates and the timing characteristics shall be complied with.

2. Minimum requirements for verification of conformity by the manufacturer

For each type of special warning lamp the holder of the approval mark shall carry out at least the following tests, at appropriate intervals. The tests shall be carried out in accordance with the provisions of the Regulation.

If any sampling shows non-conformity with regard to the type of test concerned, further samples shall be taken and tested. The manufacturer shall take steps to ensure the conformity of the production concerned.
Annex 8

Minimum requirements for sampling by an inspector

1. General

1.1. The conformity requirements shall be considered satisfied from a mechanical and a geometric standpoint, in accordance with the requirements of this Regulation, if any, if the differences do not exceed inevitable manufacturing deviations.

1.2. With respect to photometric performance, the conformity of mass-produced special warning lamps shall not be contested if, when testing photometric performances of any special warning lamp chosen at random and in the case of an ECE approved light source equipped with standard light source of relevant category;

1.2.1. No measured value deviates unfavourably by more than 20 per cent from the minimum values prescribed in this Regulation.

1.2.2. If, in the case of a special warning lamp equipped with a replaceable light source and if results of the test described above do not meet the requirements, tests on special warning lamps shall be repeated using another light source.

1.2.3. Special warning lamps with apparent defects are disregarded.

1.3. The chromaticity coordinates and the timing characteristics shall be complied with.

2. First sampling

In the first sampling four special warning lamps are selected at random. The first sample of two is marked A, the second sample of two is marked B.

2.1. The conformity is not contested

2.1.1. Following the sampling procedure shown in Figure 1 of this Annex the conformity of mass-produced special warning lamps shall not be contested if the deviation of the measured values of the special warning lamps in the unfavourable directions are:

2.1.1.1. Sample A

A1: one special warning lamp 0 per cent
one special warning lamp not more than 20 per cent
A2: both special warning lamps more than 0 per cent
but not more than 20 per cent
go to sample B

2.1.1.2. Sample B

B1: both special warning lamps 0 per cent
2.2. The conformity is contested

2.2.1. Following the sampling procedure shown in Figure 1 of this Annex the conformity of mass-produced special warning lamps shall be contested and the manufacturer requested to make his production meet the requirements (alignment) if the deviations of the measured values of the special warning lamps are:

2.2.1.1. Sample A

| A3: | one special warning lamp not more than 20 per cent |
|     | one special warning lamp more than 20 per cent |
|     | but not more than 30 per cent |

2.2.1.2. Sample B

| B2: | in the case of A2 |
|     | one special warning lamp more than 0 per cent |
|     | but not more than 20 per cent |
|     | one special warning lamp not more than 20 per cent |

| B3: | in the case of A2 |
|     | one special warning lamp |
|     | one special warning lamp more than 20 per cent |
|     | but not more than 30 per cent |

2.3. Approval withdrawn

Conformity shall be contested and paragraph 10 applied if, following the sampling procedure in Figure 1 of this Annex, the deviations of the measured values of the headlamps are:

2.3.1. Sample A

| A4: | one special warning lamp not more than 20 per cent |
|     | one special warning lamp more than 30 per cent |

| A5: | both special warning lamps more than 20 per cent |

2.3.2. Sample B

| B4: | in the case of A2 |
|     | one special warning lamp more than 0 per cent |
|     | but not more than 20 per cent |
|     | one special warning lamp more than 20 per cent |

| B5: | in the case of A2 |
|     | both special warning lamps more than 20 per cent |

| B6: | in the case of A2 |
|     | one special warning lamp |
|     | one special warning lamp more than 30 per cent |
3. Repeated sampling

In the case of A3, B2, B3 a repeated sampling, third sample C of two special warning lamps and fourth sample D of two special warning lamps, selected from stock manufactured after alignment, is necessary within two months time after the notification.

3.1. The conformity is not contested

3.1.1. Following the sampling procedure shown in Figure 1 of this Annex the conformity of mass-produced special warning lamps shall not be contested if the deviations of the measured values of the special warning lamps are:

3.1.1.1. Sample C

C1: one special warning lamp 0 per cent
     one special warning lamp not more than 20 percent

C2: both special warning lamps more than 0 per cent
     but not more than 20 per cent
     go to sample D

3.1.1.2. Sample D

D1: in the case of C2
     both special warning lamps 0 per cent

3.2. The conformity is contested

3.2.1. Following the sampling procedure shown in Figure 1 of this Annex the conformity of mass-produced special warning lamps shall be contested and the manufacturer requested to make his production meet the requirements (alignment) if the deviations of the measured values of the special warning lamps are:

3.2.1.1 Sample D

D2: in the case of C2
     one special warning lamp more than 0 per cent
     but not more than 20 per cent
     one special warning lamp not more than 20 per cent

3.3. Approval withdrawn

Conformity shall be contested and paragraph 10 applied if, following the sampling procedure in Figure 1 of this Annex, the deviations of the measured values of the special warning lamps are:

3.3.1. Sample C

C3: one special warning lamp not more than 20 per cent
     one special warning lamp more than 20 per cent

C4: both special warning lamps more than 20 per cent
3.3.2. Sample D

D3: in the case of C2

- one special warning lamp 0 or more than 0 per cent
- one special warning lamp more than 20 per cent

4. Rain test

One of the special warning lamps of sample A after sampling procedure in Figure 1 of this Annex shall be tested according to the procedure described in Annex 4 of this Regulation.

The special warning lamp shall be considered as acceptable if the test has passed.

However, if the test on sample A is not complied with, the two special warning lamps of sample B shall be subjected to the same procedure and both shall pass the test.
Figure 1

First Sampling
4 devices selected at random split into samples A&B

A
2 devices

A1
0 ≤20 → END

A2
>0 ≤20 | >0 ≤20 → go over to sample B

A3
≤20 | >20 ≤30 → Alignment
Manufacturer is ordered to bring the products in line with the requirements

B
2 devices

B1
>0 ≤20 | ≤20

B2
0 >20 ≤30

B3
0 >20 ≤30

Possible results on sample A

C
2 devices

C1
0 ≤20 → END

C2
>0 ≤20 | >0 ≤20 → go over to sample D

D
2 devices

D1
0 ≤20 | 0 ≤20

D2
≤20 | >0 ≤20

Possible results on sample B

Possible results on sample C

C3
≤20 | >20

C4
>20 | >20

C5
≤20 | >30

C6
>20 | >20

Possible results on sample D

D3
>0 | >20

D4
>0 ≤20 | >20

D5
>20 | >20

D6
0 | >30

Maximum deviation [%] in the unfavourable direction in relation to the limit values