Driver Assistance Projections Informal Document to support ECE/TRANS/WP.29/GRE/2020/4

Review: Feedback from 82nd GRE

- Standardization of symbols
- To conduct further investigations on distraction



Further studies on flashing Driver Assistance Projections and distraction potential

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Standardization of Symbols

Driver Assistance Projections - Extension of the **dashboard**

- Optional additional means to provide safetyrelated assistance to the driver
- Define Pattern and Symbols Standardize Symbols
- Therefore proposed to have the similar approach as in UN R121: If own conception of a symbol, the design principles laid down in paragraph 4. of ISO 2575 "Road vehicles — Symbols for controls, indicators and tell-tales" shall be followed.

Approach in ECE/TRANS/WP.29/GRE/2020/4:

Define "Driver Assistance Projections", consist of:

"Driver Assistance Pattern" "Driver Assistance **Symbols**"

Simple geometric shape, e.g. vehicle total-width marking



Standardized symbols, e.g. <u>rear-</u> end collision warning symbol



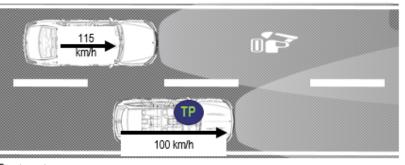


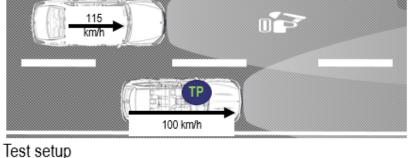
symbols"

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Study setup: Distraction potential of road projection symbols







Viewing direction of test person

Eye marking map

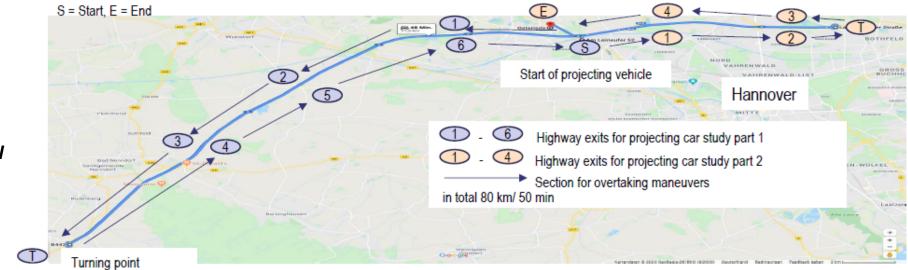
- The test person is overtaken by the projecting vehicle while driving on the highway
- Test person wears eye-mark glasses to measure glance direction and duration
- Speed difference: 15 km/h, overtaking maneuver of ~6s
- Symbol: excavator
- Static projection: Permanently on
- Dynamic projection: Continuous flashing 1 Hz with 0.5 s off
- First results from 26 test persons (15 male, 11 female); outlook for End of Oct 2020: 39 (24 male, 15 female)
- Age in years: 30.2 ± 11.3 (mean ± standard deviation); Min. 19; Max. 69



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Study szenario and conclusions





Part 1

- Test persons are <u>not informed</u> about study objective
- Projected symbol is visible <u>in peripherical field of vision</u> of test person
- Visual attraction of the investigated projections in real traffic situations is low
- The study shows no indication of a decrease of road safety by static or blinking projections for other road users

Part 2

- Test Persons are <u>informed</u> about study objective and every overtaking maneuver
- Projected symbol is visible <u>in direct field of vision</u> of test person
- → The study indicates that when a test person is informed in advance, then a projection that is blinking becomes slightly more noticeable than one which projects statically.
- Other road participants are able to see the projected light but are not able to recognize the projection as the right symbol



Thank you