Proposal for Supplement 2 to the 05 series of amendments to Regulation No. 10 (Electromagnetic compatibility)

Submitted by the Task Force on Electromagnetic Compatibility (TF EMC)*

The text reproduced below was prepared by TF EMC with the aim to make Regulation No. 10 consistent with the International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR) 12 Standard vehicle narrow-band limit and the last CISPR 12 set-ups (artificial networks, harness location, Z-folding, ...) for vehicles in charging mode. The modifications are marked in bold for new or strikethrough for deleted characters.

* In accordance with the programme of work of the Inland Transport Committee for 2016–2017 (ECE/TRANS/254, para. 159 and ECE/TRANS/2016/28/Add.1, cluster 3.1), the World Forum will develop, harmonize and update Regulations in order to enhance the performance of vehicles. The present document is submitted in conformity with that mandate.
I. Proposal

Paragraph 3.1.9., to be deleted:

“3.1.9. Vehicle type approval shall be applied for both REESS and coupling system for charging the REESS as they are considered as electrical/electronic systems.”

Paragraph 6.3.2.1., amend to read:

“6.3.2.1. If measurements are made using the method described in Annex 5 using a vehicle-to-antenna spacing of 10.0 ± 0.2 m, the limits shall be 22 dB microvolts/m in the 30 to 75 MHz frequency band and 22 to 33 dB microvolts/m in the 75 to 400 MHz frequency band, this limit increasing logarithmically with frequencies above 75 MHz as shown in Appendix 4 to this Regulation. In the 400 to 1,000 MHz frequency band the limit remains constant at 33 dB microvolts/m. 28 dB microvolts/m in the 30 to 230 MHz frequency band and 35 dB microvolts/m in the 230 to 1,000 MHz frequency band.”

Paragraph 6.3.2.2., amend to read:

“6.3.2.2. If measurements are made using the method described in Annex 5 using a vehicle-to-antenna spacing of 3.0 ± 0.05 m, the limit shall be 32 dB microvolts/m in the 30 to 75 MHz frequency band and 32 to 43 dB microvolts/m in the 75 to 400 MHz frequency band, this limit increasing logarithmically with frequencies above 75 MHz as shown in Appendix 5 to this Regulation. In the 400 to 1,000 MHz frequency band the limit remains constant at 43 dB microvolts/m. 38 dB microvolts/m in the 30 to 230 MHz frequency band and 45 dB microvolts/m in the 230 to 1,000 MHz frequency band.”

Paragraph 7.1.4., amend to read:

“7.1.4. Artificial networks

AC Power mains shall be applied to the vehicle / ESA through 50 µH/50 Ω ΔN(s) AMN(s) as defined in CISPR 16-1-2 paragraph 4.3.

DC Power mains shall be applied to the vehicle / ESA through 5 µH/50 Ω DC charging-AN(s) as defined in CISPR 25 Appendix 8.

High voltage power line shall be applied to the ESA through a 5 µH/50 Ω HV-AN(s) as defined in Appendix 8.”

Paragraph 7.4.2.1., amend to read:

“7.4.2.1. If measurements are made using the method described in Annex 12, the limits for rated current ≤ 16 A per phase and not subjected to conditional connection are those defined in IEC 61000-3-3, paragraph 5:

- the value of Pst shall not be greater than 1.0;
- the value of Plt shall not be greater than 0.65;
- the value of d(t) during a voltage change shall not exceed 3.3 per cent for more than 500 ms;”
- the relative steady-state voltage change, dc, shall not exceed 3.3 per cent;
- the maximum relative voltage change dmax, shall not exceed 6 per cent.”

Paragraph 7.4.2.2., amend to read:

“7.4.2.2. If measurements are made using the method described in Annex 12, the limits for rated current > 16 A and ≤ 75 A per phase and subjected to conditional connection are those defined in IEC 61000-3-11, paragraph 5:

- the value of Pst shall not be greater than 1.0;
- the value of Plt shall not be greater than 0.65;
- the value of d(t) during a voltage change shall not exceed 3.3 per cent for more than 500 ms;
- the relative steady-state voltage change, dc, shall not exceed 3.3 per cent;
- the maximum relative voltage change dmax, shall not exceed 6 per cent.”

Paragraph 7.19.1., table 18, amend to read:

“Table 18

Immunity of ESA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test pulse number</th>
<th>Immunity test level</th>
<th>Functional status for systems:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Related to immunity related functions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2a</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2b</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3a/3b</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>B (for ESA which shall be operational during engine start phases)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Paragraph 7.20.4., amend to read:

“7.20.4. Vehicles and / or ESA which are intended to be used in "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid" in the configuration connected to a DC-charging station with a length of a DC network cable (cable between the DC charging station and the vehicle plug) shorter than 30 m do not have to fulfil the requirements of Annex 13, Annex 15, Annex 16, Annex 19, Annex 21 and Annex 22, paragraphs 7.5., 7.8., 7.9., 7.13., 7.15., 7.16.”

Paragraph 7.20.5., amend to read:

“7.20.5. Vehicles and/or ESA which are intended to be used in "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid" in the configuration connected to a local/private DC-charging station without additional participants do not have

Insert a new paragraph 13.11., to read:

“13.11. As from the official date of entry into force of the 05 series of amendments, no Contracting Party applying this Regulation shall refuse to grant type approvals under this Regulation as amended by the 05 series of amendments.”

Paragraph 13.11. (former), renumber as 13.12.

Insert new paragraphs 13.13. to 13.15., to read:

“13.13. Until 60 months after the date of entry into force of the 05 series of amendments, no Contracting Parties shall refuse national or regional type approval of a vehicle, component or separate technical unit type approved to the preceding series of amendments to this Regulation.

13.14. As from 60 months after the date of entry into force of the 05 series of amendments, Contracting Parties applying this Regulation may refuse national or regional type approval and may refuse first registration of a vehicle type, or first entry into service of component or separate technical unit which does not meet the requirements of the 05 series of amendments to this Regulation.

13.15. Notwithstanding paragraphs 13.13. and 13.14. above, approvals granted to the 03 series of amendments for vehicle type which are not equipped with a coupling system to charge the REESS, or for component or separate technical unit which doesn’t include a coupling part to charge the REESS, shall remain valid and Contracting Parties applying this Regulation shall continue to accept them.”

Appendix 1.

Paragraph 8., amend to read:

“8. ISO 11452 "Road vehicles - Electrical disturbances by narrowband radiated electromagnetic energy - Component test methods":

Part 1: General and definitions (ISO 11452-1, third edition 2005 and Amd1: 2008);

Part 2: Absorber-lined chamber (ISO 11452-2, second edition 2004);

Part 3: Transverse electromagnetic mode (TEM) cell (ISO 11452-3, third edition 2004 2016);


Part 5: Stripline (ISO 11452-5, second edition 2002).”

Paragraph 16., delete.

Paragraphs 17. to 20., renumber as 16. to 19., respectively.

Appendix 4.

Table, amend to read:

“
**Limit E (dBµV/m) at frequency F (MHz)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frequency</th>
<th>Limit E (dBµV/m)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>30–230 MHz</td>
<td>E = 28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230–1,000 MHz</td>
<td>E = 35</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure, amend to read:

Frequency - megahertz - logarithmic
(See paragraph 6.3.2.1. of this Regulation)

Appendix 5.

Table, amend to read:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frequency</th>
<th>Limit E (dBµV/m)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>30–230 MHz</td>
<td>E = 38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230–1,000 MHz</td>
<td>E = 45</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Figure, amend to read:

```
Frequency - megahertz - logarithmic
(See paragraph 6.3.2.2. of this Regulation)
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Appendix 8, amend to read:

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Appendix 8
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**HV artificial network**

Figure 1
HV-AN artificial network

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Vehicle radiated emission limit
Narrowband type approval limit - 3 m
Average detector - 120 kHz bandwidth
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Key
1  Port for ESA
2  DC power supply port
3  Measurement port
If unshielded HV ANs are used in a single shielded box, then there shall be an inner shield between the HV ANs as described in 3.

**Key**

- $L_1$: 5 $\mu$H
- $C_1$: 0.1 $\mu$F
- $C_2$: 0.1 $\mu$F (default value)
- $R_1$: 1 k$\Omega$
- $R_2$: 1 M$\Omega$ (discharging $C_2$ to < 50 V$_{dc}$ within 60 s)
\[ R_1: \ 1 \ \text{k}\Omega \]
\[ R_2: \ 1 \ \text{M}\Omega \ (\text{discharging} \ C_2 \ \text{to} \ < 50 \ \text{V}_{\text{dc}} \ \text{within} \ 60 \ \text{s}) \]

Figure 4
DC charging-AN

Key
1 Port for Vehicle / ESA
2 DC power supply port
3 Measurement port
\[ L_1 \ 5 \ \mu\text{H} \]
\[ C_1 \ 0.1 \ \mu\text{F} \]
\[ C_2 \ 1 \ \mu\text{F} \ (\text{default value}) \]
\[ R_1 \ 1 \ \text{k}\Omega \]
\[ R_2 \ 1 \ \text{M}\Omega \ (\text{discharging} \ C_2 \ \text{to} \ < 50 \ \text{V}_{\text{dc}} \ \text{within} \ 60 \ \text{s}) \]

Figure 5
Impedance of DC-charging-AN
Annex 4,

Paragraph 2.2., amend to read:

“2.2. Vehicle in configuration "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid". The state of charge (SOC) of the traction battery shall be kept between 20 per cent and 80 per cent of the maximum SOC during the whole frequency range measurement (this may lead to splitting the measurement into different sub-bands with the need to discharge the vehicle's traction battery before starting the next sub-bands). If the current consumption can be adjusted, then the current shall be set to at least 80 per cent of its nominal value.

In case of multiple batteries, the average state of charge must be considered.

The vehicle shall be immobilized, the engine(s) (ICE and/or electrical engine) shall be OFF and in charging mode. All other equipment which can be switched ON by the driver or passengers shall be OFF.

The test set-up for the connection of the vehicle in configuration "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid" is shown in Figures 3a to 3h (depending of AC or DC power charging mode, location of charging plug and charging with or without communication) of Appendix 1 to this annex.”

Paragraph 2.3., amend to read:

“2.3. Charging station / Power mains

The charging station may be placed either in the test location or outside the test location.

Note 1: If the communication between the vehicle and the charging station could be simulated, the charging station may be replaced by the supply from power mains.

In both case, duplicated power mains and communication lines socket(s) shall be placed in the test location with the following conditions:

(a) It shall be placed on the ground plane.

(b) The length of the harness between the power mains/communication lines socket and the AMN(s)/DC-charging-AN(s)/IS(s) shall be kept as short as possible but not necessarily aligned with the charging cable.

(c) The harness between the power mains/communication lines socket and the AMN(s)/DC-charging-AN(s)/IS(s) shall be placed as close as possible to the ground plane.

Note 2: The power mains and communication lines socket(s) should be filtered.

If the charging station is placed inside the test location then the harness between charging station and the power mains / communication lines socket shall be placed with the following conditions:

(a) The harness on charging station side shall hang vertically down to the ground plane.”
The extraneous excess length shall be placed as close as possible to the ground plane and "Z-folded" if necessary.

Note 3: The charging station should be placed outside the beam width of the receiving antenna.”

Paragraph 2.4., amend to read:

"2.4. Artificial networks

The AMN(s)/DC-charging-AN(s) shall be mounted directly on the ground plane. The cases of the AMN(s)/DC-charging-AN(s) shall be bonded to the ground plane.

The measuring port of each AMN/DC-charging-AN shall be terminated with a 50 Ω load.

The AMN/DC-charging-AN shall be placed as defined in Figures 3a to 3h.”

Paragraph 2.6., amend to read:

"2.6. Power charging / communication cable

The power charging / communication cable shall be placed in a straight line between the AMN(s)/DC-charging-AN(s)/IS(s) and the vehicle charging plug. The projected cable length shall be 0.8 m (+0.2/-0 m).

If the length of the cable is longer than 1 m, the extraneous excess length shall be “Z-folded” with a width of in less than 0.5 m width, and the “Z-folded” portion should be placed approximately around the middle of the distance between the AMN/DC-charging-AN and the vehicle.

If it is impractical to do so because of cable bulk or stiffness, or because the testing is being done at a use installation, the disposition of the excess cable shall be precisely noted in the test report.

The charging / communication cable at vehicle side shall hang vertically at a distance of 100 mm (+200/-0 mm) from the vehicle body.

The whole cable shall be placed on a non-conductive, low relative permittivity (dielectric-constant) material (εr ≤ 1.4), at 100 mm (+25 mm) above the ground plane.”

Paragraph 4.1., amend to read:

“4.1. The limits apply throughout the frequency range 30 to 1,000 MHz for measurements performed in a semi-anechoic chamber an absorber lined shielded enclosure (ALSE) or an outdoor test site.”
Appendix 1, amend to read:

“Annex 4 – Appendix 1

Figure 1
Clear horizontal surface free of electromagnetic reflection delimitation of the surface defined by an ellipse
Figure 2
Position of antenna in relation to the vehicle:

Figure 2a
Dipole antenna in position to measure the vertical radiation components

Figure 2b
Dipole antenna in position to measure the horizontal radiation components
Figure 3
Vehicle in configuration "REESS charging mode" coupled to the power grid:
Example of test set-up for vehicle with plug located on vehicle side (AC powered without communication)

Legend:
1 Vehicle under test
2 Insulating support
3 Charging cable
4 AMN(s) or DC-charging-AN(s) grounded
5 Power mains socket
Vehicle in configuration "REESS charging mode" coupled to the power grid

Example of test setup for vehicle with plug located front/rear of vehicle (AC powered without communication)

Figure 3c

Legend:
1 Vehicle under test
2 Insulating support
3 Charging cable
4 AMN(s) or DC-charging-AN(s) grounded
5 Power mains socket
Vehicle in configuration "REESS charging mode" coupled to the power grid

Example of test set-up for vehicle with plug located on vehicle side (AC or DC powered with communication)

Figure 3e

Figure 3f

Legend:
1 Vehicle under test
2 Insulating support
3 Charging / communication cable
4 AMN(s) or DC-charging-AN(s) grounded
5 Power mains socket
6 Impedance stabilization(s) grounded
7 Charging station
Vehicle in configuration "REESS charging mode" coupled to the power grid

Example of test setup for vehicle with plug located front/rear of the vehicle (AC or DC powered with communication)

Figure 3g

Legend:
1 Vehicle under test
2 Insulating support
3 Charging / communication cable
4 AMN(s) or DC-charging-AN(s) grounded
5 Power mains socket
6 Impedance stabilisation(s) grounded
7 Charging station
Annex 5.

Paragraph 3.1., amend to read:

“3.1. The limits apply throughout the frequency range 30 to 1,000 MHz for measurements performed in a semi-anechoic chamber an absorber lined shielded enclosure (ALSE) or an outdoor test site.”

Paragraph 3.3., Tables 1 and 2, amend to read:

Table 1
Spectrum analyser parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frequency range MHz</th>
<th>Peak detector</th>
<th>Quasi-peak detector</th>
<th>Average detector</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>RBW at -3 dB</td>
<td>Scan time</td>
<td>RBW at -6 dB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 to 1,000</td>
<td>100/120 kHz</td>
<td>100 ms/MHz</td>
<td>120 kHz</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 2
Scanning receiver parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frequency range MHz</th>
<th>Peak detector</th>
<th>Quasi-peak detector</th>
<th>Average detector</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BW at -6 dB</td>
<td>Step size *</td>
<td>Step size</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 to 1,000</td>
<td>120 kHz</td>
<td>50 kHz</td>
<td>120 kHz</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: If a spectrum analyser is used for peak measurements, the video bandwidth shall be at least three times the resolution bandwidth (RBW).

Annex 6,

Paragraph 2.2.1.1., amend to read:

“2.2.1.1. The vehicle shall be immobilized, engine OFF and in charging mode.

The vehicle shall be immobilized, the engine(s) (ICE and / or electrical engine) shall be OFF and in charging mode.”

Paragraph 2.2.1.2., amend to read:

“2.2.1.2. Basic vehicle conditions

The paragraph defines minimum test conditions (as far as applicable) and failures criteria for vehicle immunity tests. Other vehicle systems, which can affect immunity related functions, shall be tested in a way to be agreed between manufacturer and Technical Service.”
"REESS charging mode" vehicle test conditions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>The REESS shall be in charging mode. The REESS State of charge (SOC) shall be kept between 20 per cent and 80 per cent of the maximum SOC during the whole frequency range measurement (this may lead to split the measurement in different sub-bands with the need to discharge the vehicle's traction battery before starting the next sub-bands). If the current consumption can be adjusted, then the current shall be set to at least 20 per cent of its nominal value.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>In case of multiple batteries the average state of charge must be considered.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vehicle sets in motion.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Paragraph 2.2.1.3., amend to read:

"2.2.1.3. All other equipment which can be switched on permanently by the driver or passenger should be OFF. All other equipment which can be switched ON by the driver or passengers shall be OFF."

Paragraph 2.3., amend to read:

"2.3. Charging station / Power mains

The charging station may be placed either in the test location or outside the test location.

Note 1: If the communication between the vehicle and the charging station could be simulated, the charging station may be replaced by the supply from power mains.

In both case duplicated power mains and communication lines socket(s) shall be placed in the test location with the following conditions:

(a) It shall be placed on the ground plane.

(b) The length of the harness between the power mains/communication lines socket and the AN(s) AMN(s)/DC-charging-AN(s)/IS(s) shall be kept as short as possible but not necessarily aligned with the charging cable.

(c) The harness between the power mains/communication lines socket and the AN(s) AMN(s)/DC-charging-AN(s)/IS(s) shall be placed as close as possible to the ground plane.

Note 2: The power mains and communication lines socket(s) should be filtered.

If the charging station is placed inside the test location then harness between charging station and the power mains / communication lines socket shall be placed with the following conditions:

(a) The harness at charging station side shall hang vertically down to the ground plane;

(b) The extraneous excess length shall be placed as close as possible of the ground plane and "Z-folded" if necessary."
Note 3: The charging station should be placed outside the beam width of the emitting antenna.”

**Paragraph 2.4.**, amend to read:

“2.4. Artificial networks

The AN(s)/DC-charging-AN(s) shall be mounted directly on the ground plane. The cases of the AN(s)/DC-charging-AN(s) shall be bonded to the ground plane.

The measuring port of each AN/DC-charging-AN shall be terminated with a 50 Ω load.

The AN/DC-charging-AN shall be placed as defined in Figures 4a to 4h.”

**Paragraph 2.6.**, amend to read:

“2.6. Power charging / Communication cable

The power charging / communication cable shall be placed in a straight line between the AN(s)/DC-charging-AN(s)/IS(s) and the vehicle charging plug. The projected cable length shall be 0.8 m (+0.2/-0 m).

If the length of the cable is longer than 1 m, the extraneous excess length shall be “Z-folded” with a width of in-less than 0.5 m width, and the “Z-folded” portion should be placed approximately around the middle of the distance between the AN/DC-charging-AN and the vehicle.

If it is impractical to do so because of cable bulk or stiffness, or because the testing is being done at a user installation, the disposition of the excess cable shall be precisely noted in the test report.

The charging / communication cable at vehicle side shall hang vertically at a distance of 100 mm (+200/-0 mm) from the vehicle body.

The whole cable shall be placed on a non-conductive, low relative permittivity (dielectric-constant) material (ε ≤ 1.4), at 100 mm (±25 mm) above the ground plane.”

**Paragraph 3.3.5.**, amend to read:

“3.3.5. If it is decided to radiate the rear of the vehicle, the reference point shall be established as in paragraphs 3.3.1. to 3.3.4. above. The vehicle shall then be installed facing away from the antenna and positioned as if it had been horizontally rotated 180° around its centre point, i.e. such that the distance from the antenna to the nearest part of the outer body of the vehicle remains the same. This is illustrated in Figure 3 of Appendix 1 to this annex.”

**Paragraph 5.1.2.**, amend to read;

“5.1.2. Calibration

For TLS one field probe at the facility vehicle reference point shall be used.

For antennas four field probes at the facility vehicle reference line shall be used.”

**Paragraph 5.1.3.**, amend to read:

“5.1.3. Test phase
The vehicle shall be positioned with the centre line of the vehicle on the facility reference point or line. The vehicle shall normally face a fixed antenna. However, where the electronic control units and the associated wiring harness are predominantly in the rear of the vehicle, the test should normally be carried out with the vehicle facing away from the antenna and positioned as if it had been horizontally rotated 180° around its centre point, i.e. such that the distance from the antenna to the nearest part of the outer body of the vehicle remains the same. In the case of long vehicles (i.e. excluding vehicles of categories L, M₁ and N₁), which have electronic control units and associated wiring harness predominantly towards the middle of the vehicle, a reference point may be established based on either the right side surface or the left side surface of the vehicle. This reference point shall be at the midpoint of the vehicle's length or at one point along the side of the vehicle chosen by the manufacturer in conjunction with the Type Approval Authority after considering the distribution of electronic systems and the layout of any wiring harness.

Such testing may only take place if the physical construction of the chamber permits. The antenna location shall be noted in the test report.”

Appendix 1, amend to read:

“Annex 6 – Appendix 1

Figure 1
Figure 2

The reference point is in this plane.

Vertical axis of the front wheel (point D)
Figure 3

First stage:
Determine the reference point

Second stage:
Rotate the vehicle

Distance maintained between the vehicle and antenna

Antenna
Figure 4

Vehicle in configuration "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid"

Example of test set-up for vehicle with plug located on the vehicle side (AC power charging without communication)

Figure 4a

Figure 4b

Legend:
1 Vehicle under test
2 Insulating support
3 Charging cable
4 AMN(s) or DC-charging-AN(s) grounded
5 Power mains socket
Example of test set-up for vehicle with plug located front / rear of vehicle (AC power charging without communication)

Figure 4c

Figure 4d

Legend:
1  Vehicle under test
2  Insulating support
3  Charging cable
4  AMN(s) or DC-charging-AN(s) grounded
5  Power mains socket
Example of test set-up for vehicle with plug located on vehicle side (AC or DC power charging with communication)

Figure 4e

Figure 4f

Legend:
1  Vehicle under test
2  Insulating support
3  Charging / communication cable
4  AMN(s) or DC-charging-AN(s) grounded
5  Power mains socket
6  Impedance stabilisation(s) grounded
7  Charging station
Example of test set-up for vehicle with plug located front / rear of the vehicle (AC or DC power charging with communication)

Figure 4g

Figure 4h

Legend:
1 Vehicle under test
2 Insulating support
3 Charging / communication cable
4 AMN(s) or DC-charging-AN(s) grounded
5 Power mains socket
6 Impedance stabilisation(s) grounded
7 Charging station’
Annex 7,

Paragraph 3.3., delete.

Paragraph 3.4., renumber as paragraph 3.3.

Paragraph 4.1., amend to read:

“4.1. The limits apply throughout the frequency range 30 to 1,000 MHz for measurements performed in a semi-anechoic chamber or an outdoor test site an absorber lined shielded enclosure (ALSE).”

Annex 7, paragraph 4.3., amend table 2 to read:

“Table 2
Scanning receiver parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frequency range MHz</th>
<th>Peak detector</th>
<th>Quasi-peak detector</th>
<th>Average detector</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BW at -6 dB</td>
<td>Step size&lt;sup&gt;a&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>Dwell time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BW at -6 dB</td>
<td>Step size&lt;sup&gt;a&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>Dwell time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BW at -6 dB</td>
<td>Step size&lt;sup&gt;a&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>Dwell time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 to 1,000</td>
<td>120 kHz</td>
<td>50 kHz</td>
<td>5 ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>120 kHz</td>
<td>50 kHz</td>
<td>1 s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>120 kHz</td>
<td>50 kHz</td>
<td>5 ms</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<sup>a</sup> For purely broadband disturbances, the maximum frequency step size may be increased up to a value not greater than the bandwidth value.

Note: For emissions generated by brush commutator motors without an electronic control unit, the maximum step size may be increased up to five times the bandwidth.”

Annex 7, Appendix, delete and replace by:
Annex 7 - Appendix

Figure 1
Test configuration for ESAs involved in "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid" (example for biconical antenna)

Top view (horizontal polarization)

Legend:
1 ESA (grounded locally if required in test plan)
2 LV Test harness
3 LV Load simulator (placement and ground connection according to CISPR 25 paragraph 6.4.2.5)
4 Power supply (location optional)
5 LV Artificial network (AN)
6 Ground plane (bonded to shielded enclosure)
7 Low relative permittivity support ($\varepsilon_r \leq 1.4$)
8 Biconical antenna
9 High-quality coaxial cable e.g. double-shielded (50 $\Omega$)
10 Bulkhead connector
11 Measuring instrument
12 RF absorber material
13 Stimulation and monitoring system
14 HV harness
15 HV load simulator
16 HV AN
17 HV power supply
18 HV feed-through
19 AC/DC charger harness
20 AC/DC load simulator (e.g. Programmable Logic Controller (PLC))
21 AMN(s) or DC-charging-AN(s)
22 AC/DC power supply
23 AC/DC feed-through
Annex 8,

Paragraph 3.2., delete.

Paragraph 3.3., renumber as paragraph 3.2.

Paragraph 4.1., amend to read:

“4.1. The limits apply throughout the frequency range 30 to 1,000 MHz for measurements performed in semi anechoic chambers or outdoor test sites in an absorber lined shielded enclosure (ALSE).”

Paragraph 4.3., tables 1 and 2, amend to read:

“Table 1
Spectrum analyser parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frequency range MHz</th>
<th>Peak detector</th>
<th>Quasi-peak detector</th>
<th>Average detector</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>RBW at -3 dB</td>
<td>Scan time</td>
<td>RBW at -3 dB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 to 1,000</td>
<td>100/120 kHz</td>
<td>100 ms/MHz</td>
<td>120 kHz</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: If a spectrum analyser is used for peak measurements, the video bandwidth shall be at least three times the resolution bandwidth (RBW)

Table 2
Scanning receiver parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frequency range MHz</th>
<th>Peak detector</th>
<th>Quasi-peak detector</th>
<th>Average detector</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>RBW at -6 dB</td>
<td>Step size</td>
<td>BW at -6 dB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dwell time</td>
<td></td>
<td>Dwell time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 to 1,000</td>
<td>120 kHz</td>
<td>50 kHz</td>
<td>5 ms</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* For purely broadband disturbances, the maximum frequency step size may be increased up to a value not greater than the bandwidth value.

Note: For emissions generated by brush commutator motors without an electronic control unit, the maximum step size may be increased up to five times the bandwidth.

Annex 9,

Paragraph 4.3.2., amend to read:

“4.3.2. Test methodology

The test shall be performed according to ISO 11452-4 on a test bench. As an alternative the ESA may be tested while installed in the vehicle according to ISO 11451-4 with the following characteristics:

(a) The injection probe shall be positioned in 150 mm distance to the ESA to be tested;

(b) The reference method shall be used to calculate injected currents from forward power;

(c) The frequency range of the method is limited by the injection probe specification.

The test shall be performed according to ISO 11452-4 on a test bench with the following characteristics:

- BCI test method with substitution method and injection probe positioned at 150 mm distance to the ESA
- Or BCI test method with closed loop method and injection probe positioned at 900 mm distance to the ESA

As an alternative the ESA may be tested while installed in the vehicle according to ISO 11451-4 with the following characteristics:

- BCI test method with substitution method and injection probe positioned at 150 mm distance to the ESA

Paragraph 4.3.2.1., amend to read:

“4.3.2.1. For ESAs in configuration "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid", the test arrangement shall be according to Appendix 4 to this annex.

For ESAs in configuration "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid", an example of test arrangement (for substitution method) is given in Appendix 4 to this annex.”

Appendix 3, amend to read:
Absorber chamber test

Test configuration for ESA’s involved in "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid". The test shall be performed according to ISO 11452-2.

Legend:

1. ESA (grounded locally if required in test plan)
2. LV Test harness
3. LV Load simulator (placement and ground connection according to CISPR 25 paragraph 6.4.2.5.)
4. Power supply (location optional)
5. LV Artificial network (AN)
6. Ground plane (bonded to shielded enclosure)
7. Low relative permittivity support ($\varepsilon_r \leq 1.4$)
8. Horn antenna
9. High-quality coaxial cable e.g. double-shielded (50 $\Omega$)
10. Bulkhead connector
11. RF signal generator and amplifier
12. RF absorber material
13. Stimulation and monitoring system
14. HV harness
15. HV load simulator
16. HV AN
17. HV power supply
18. HV feed-through
19. AC/DC charger harness
20. AC/DC load simulator (e.g. PLC)
21. 50µH Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN) (AC) or HVAN (DC)
22. AC/DC power supply
23. AMN(s) or DC-charging-AN(s)
24. AC/DC feed-through"
Appendix 4, amend to read:

“Annex 9 – Appendix 4

BCI test

Test configuration for ESAs involved in "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid". The test shall be performed according to ISO 11452-4.

Legend:
1. ESA (grounded locally if required in test plan)
2. LV Test harness
3. LV supply
4. LV LISN
5. LV load simulator
6. Stimulation and monitoring system
7. Low relative permittivity support
8. Ground plane
9. Injection probe
10. RF signal amplifier and generator
11. HV DC harness
12. HV AN
13. HV DC load
14. HV DC feed-through
15. HV DC load simulator
16. HV AC/DC charger harness
17. 50 µH LISN (AC) or HV AN (DC) AMN(s) or DC-charging-AN(s)
18. HV AC/DC power supply
19. HV AC/DC feed-through
20. HV AC/DC load simulator (e.g. PLC)"
Annex 11,

Paragraph 2.1., amend to read:

“2.1. The vehicle shall be in configuration "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid".

The state of charge (SOC) of the traction battery shall be kept between 20 per cent and 80 per cent of the maximum SOC during the whole time duration of the measurement (this may lead to the measurement being splitting into different time slots with the need to discharge the vehicle’s traction battery before starting the next time slot). If the current consumption can be adjusted, then the current shall be set to at least 80 per cent of its nominal value.

In case of multiple batteries the average state of charge must be considered.

The vehicle shall be immobilized, engine OFF.

The vehicle shall be immobilized, the engine(s) (ICE and / or electrical engine) shall be OFF and in charging mode.

And all other equipment which can be switched on permanently by the driver or passenger should be OFF.

All other equipment which can be switched ON by the driver or passengers shall be OFF.”

Paragraph 3.2., amend to read:

“3.2. The test set-up for single phase / three-phase vehicle in configuration "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid" is shown in Figure 1 to 1d of Appendix 1 to this annex.”

Paragraph 3.3., delete.

Appendix 1, amend to read:

“Annex 11 – Appendix 1

Figure 1
Vehicle in configuration "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid"

Example of test setup for vehicle with plug located on vehicle side

Figure 1a
Figure 1b

Legend:
1 Vehicle under test
2 Insulating support
3 Charging cable
4 Harmonic analyzer
5 Power supply

Example of test setup for vehicle with plug located front/rear of vehicle

Figure 1c
Annex 12,

Paragraph 2.1., amend to read:

“2.1. The vehicle shall be in configuration "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid".

The state of charge (SOC) of the traction battery shall be kept between 20 per cent and 80 per cent of the maximum SOC during the whole time duration of the measurement (this may lead to the measurement being splitting into different time slots with the need to discharge the vehicle’s traction battery before starting the next time slot). If the current consumption can be adjusted, then the current shall be set to at least 80 per cent of its nominal value.

In case of multiple batteries the average state of charge must be considered.

The vehicle shall be immobilized, engine OFF.

And all other equipment which can be switched on permanently by the driver or passenger should be OFF.

The vehicle shall be immobilized, the engine(s) (ICE and / or electrical engine) shall be OFF and in charging mode.

All other equipment which can be switched ON by the driver or passengers shall be OFF.”
Paragraph 3.3., amend to read:

“3.3. The test set-up for vehicle in configuration "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid" is shown in Figures 1a to 1d and 1b of Appendix 1 to this annex.”

Appendix 1, amend to read:

“Annex 12 - Appendix 1

Figure 1
Vehicle in configuration "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid"
Example of test setup for vehicle with plug located on vehicle side

Figure 1a

Figure 1b

Cable length shall be ≤ 10 m
Cable shall be z-folded if longer than distance between vehicle and flicker analyzer
Legend:
1. Vehicle under test
2. Insulating support
3. Charging cable
4. Flicker analyzer
5. Impedance simulator
6. Power supply

Example of test setup for vehicle with plug located front/rear of vehicle

Figure 1c

Legend:
1. Vehicle under test
2. Insulating support

Figure 1d

Legend:
1. Vehicle under test
2. Insulating support
Annex 13,

Paragraph 2.1., amend to read:

“2.1. The vehicle shall be in configuration "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid".

The state of charge (SOC) of the traction battery shall be kept between 20 per cent and 80 per cent of the maximum SOC during the whole frequency range measurement (this may lead to splitting the measurement in different sub-bands with the need to discharge the vehicle’s traction battery before starting the next sub-bands). If the current consumption can be adjusted, then the current shall be set to at least 80 per cent of its nominal value.

In case of multiple batteries the average state of charge must be considered.

**The vehicle shall be immobilized, engine OFF.**

And all other equipment which can be switched on permanently by the driver or passenger should be OFF.

The vehicle shall be immobilized, the engine(s) (ICE and / or electrical engine) shall be OFF and in charging mode.

All other equipment which can be switched ON by the driver or passengers shall be OFF.”

Paragraph 3.2., amend to read:

“3.2. The artificial mains network(s) to be used for the measurement on vehicle is are

(a) the AMN(s) defined in paragraph 4.3. of CISPR 16-1-2 for AC power lines

(b) the DC-charging-AN(s) defined in appendix 8 for DC power lines

Artificial networks

The AMN(s)/DC-charging-AN(s) shall be mounted directly on the ground plane. The cases of the AMN(s)/DC-charging-AN(s) shall be bonded to the ground plane.

The measuring port of the AN shall be terminated with a 50 Ω load.

The conducted emissions on AC and DC power lines are measured successively on each power line by connecting the measuring receiver on the measuring port of the related AMN/DC-charging-AN. The measuring port of the AMN/DC-charging-AN inserted in the other power line shall be terminated with a 50 Ω load.

The AMN(s)/DC-charging-AN(s) shall be placed as defined in Figures 1a to 1d. of Appendix 1 to this annex.”

Paragraph 4.1., amend to read:
“4.1. The limits apply throughout the frequency range 0.15 to 30 MHz for measurements performed in a semi-anechoic chamber an absorber lined shielded enclosure (ALSE) or an outdoor test site.”

Appendix I, amend to read:

“Annex 13 - Appendix 1

Figure 1
Vehicle in configuration "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid"

Example of test setup for vehicle with plug located on vehicle side (AC powered without communication)

Figure 1a

Legend:

1 Vehicle under test
2 Insulating support
3 Charging cable
4 AMN(s) or DC-charging-AN(s) grounded
Vehicle in configuration "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid"

Example of test setup for vehicle with plug located front / rear of vehicle (AC powered without communication)

Figure 1c

Figure 1d

Legend:

1 Vehicle under test
2 Insulating support
3 Charging cable
4 AMN(s) or DC-charging-AN(s) grounded

5 Power mains socket
6 Measuring receiver

Cable shall be Z-folded if longer than 1 m, 100 ± 25 mm above ground and at least 100 mm from the car body
Annex 14,

Paragraph 2.1., amend to read:

“2.1. The vehicle shall be in configuration "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid". The state of charge (SOC) of the traction battery shall be kept between 20 per cent and 80 per cent of the maximum SOC during the whole frequency range measurement (this may lead to splitting the measurement in different sub-bands with the need to discharge the vehicle's traction battery before starting the next sub-bands). If the current consumption can be adjusted, then the current shall be set to at least 80 per cent of its nominal value.

In case of multiple batteries the average state of charge must be considered.

The vehicle shall be immobilized, engine OFF.

And all other equipment which can be switched on permanently by the driver or passenger should be OFF.

The vehicle shall be immobilized, the engine(s) (ICE and / or electrical engine) shall be OFF and in charging mode.

All other equipment which can be switched ON by the driver or passengers shall be OFF.”

Paragraph 4.1., amend to read:

“4.1. The limits apply throughout the frequency range 0.15 to 30 MHz for measurements performed in a semi-anechoic chamber an absorber lined shielded enclosure (ALSE) or an outdoor test site.”

Annex 14, Appendix 1, delete and replace by:

"Annex 14 – Appendix 1

Figure 1
Vehicle in configuration "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid"

Example of test setup for vehicle with plug located on vehicle side (AC or DC powered with communication)

Figure 1a
Figure 1b

Legend:
1 Vehicle under test
2 Insulating support
3 Charging / communication cable
4 AMN(s) or DC-charging-AN(s) grounded
5 Power mains socket
6 Impedance stabilization(s) grounded (for communication lines)
7 Charging station
8 Measuring receiver

Vehicle in configuration "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid"
Example of test set-up for vehicle with plug located front/rear of vehicle (AC or DC powered with communication)

Figure 1c
Figure 1d

Legend:
1. Vehicle under test
2. Insulating support
3. Charging / communication cable
4. AMN(s) or DC-charging-AN(s) grounded
5. Power mains socket
6. Impedance stabilization(s) grounded (for communication lines)
7. Charging station
8. Measuring receiver

Cable shall be Z-folded if longer than 1 m, 100 ± 25 mm above ground and at least 100 mm from the car body.

Figure 2
Alternative measurement for vehicle in configuration "REESS charging mode coupled in the power grid"

Example of test setup for vehicle with plug located on vehicle side (AC or DC powered with communication)

Figure 2a
Figure 2b

Legend:
1 Vehicle under test
2 Insulating support
3 Charging / communication cable
4 AMN(s) or DC-charging-AN(s) grounded
5 Power mains socket
7 Charging station
8 Current probe
9 Communication lines
10 Measuring receiver
11 Capacitive voltage probe

Alternative measurement for vehicle in configuration "REESS charging mode coupled in the power grid"

Example of test setup for vehicle with plug located front / rear of vehicle (AC or DC powered with communication)

Figure 2c
Figure 2d

Legend:
1. Vehicle under test
2. Insulating support
3. Charging / communication cable
4. AMN(s) or DC-charging-AN(s) grounded
5. Power mains socket
7. Charging station
8. Current probe (or capacitive voltage probe)
9. Communication lines
10. Measuring receiver
11. Capacitive voltage probe

Annex 15,
Paragraph 2.1.1., amend to read:

“2.1.1. The vehicle shall be immobilized, engine OFF and in charging mode.

The vehicle shall be immobilized, the engine(s) (ICE and/or electrical engine) shall be OFF and in charging mode.”

Paragraph 2.1.2., amend to read:

“2.1.2. Basic vehicle conditions

The paragraph defines minimum test conditions (as far as applicable) and failures criteria for vehicle immunity tests. Other vehicle systems, which can affect immunity related functions, shall be tested in a way to be agreed between manufacturer and Technical Service.”
The REESS shall be in charging mode. The state of charge (SOC) of the traction battery shall be kept between 20 per cent and 80 per cent of the maximum SOC during the whole time duration of the measurement (this may lead to the measurement being split into different time slots with the need to discharge the vehicle’s traction battery before starting the next time slot). If the current consumption can be adjusted, then the current shall be set to at least 20 per cent of its nominal value. **In case of multiple batteries the average state of charge must be considered.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>“REESS charging mode” vehicle test conditions</strong></th>
<th><strong>Failure criteria</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The REESS shall be in charging mode. The state of charge (SOC) of the traction battery shall be kept between 20 per cent and 80 per cent of the maximum SOC during the whole time duration of the measurement (this may lead to the measurement being split into different time slots with the need to discharge the vehicle’s traction battery before starting the next time slot). If the current consumption can be adjusted, then the current shall be set to at least 20 per cent of its nominal value. <strong>In case of multiple batteries the average state of charge must be considered.</strong></td>
<td>Vehicle sets in motion</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Paragraph 2.1.3.*, amend to read:

“2.1.3. **All other equipment which can be switched on permanently by the driver or passenger should be OFF.**

**All other equipment which can be switched ON by the driver or passengers shall be OFF.**”

*Paragraph 4.3.*, amend to read:

“4.3. The Technical Service shall perform the test as specified in paragraph 7.7.2.4–7.8.2.1. of this Regulation.

Alternatively, if the manufacturer provides measurement from a test laboratory accredited to the applicable parts of ISO 17025 and recognized by the Type Approval Authority, the Technical Service may choose not to perform the test to confirm that the vehicle meets the requirements of this annex.”

*Paragraph 5.1.2.*, amend to read:

“5.1.2. **Test phase**

The vehicle shall be positioned on the ground plane. The electrical fast transient/burst (EFT/B) shall be applied on the vehicle on the AC/DC power lines in common modes by using CDN as described in Figure 1a to 1d of Appendix 1 to this annex.

The test set-up shall be noted in the test report.”

*Annex 15, Appendix 1, amend to read:*
"Annex 15 - Appendix 1

Figure 1
Vehicle in configuration "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid"
Example of test setup for vehicle with plug located on vehicle side

Figure 1a

Legend:
1 Vehicle under test
2 Insulating support
3 Charging cable
4 CDN
5 Fast Transients / Burst generator
6 Power supply

Example of test setup for vehicle with plug located front/rear of vehicle
Figure 1c

Legend:
1 Vehicle under test
2 Insulating support
3 Charging cable
4 CDN
5 Fast Transients / Burst generator
6 Power supply

Figure 1d

Legend:
1 Vehicle under test
2 Insulating support
3 Charging cable
4 CDN
5 Fast Transients / Burst generator
6 Power supply
Annex 16,

Paragraph 1.2., amend to read:

“1.2. Test method

This test is intended to demonstrate the immunity of the vehicle electronic systems. The vehicle shall be subject to surges conducted along AC and DC power lines of the vehicle as described in this annex. The vehicle shall be monitored during the tests.

If not otherwise stated in this annex the test shall be performed according to IEC 61000-4-5 for lightning transients (clause 4.2).”

Paragraph 2.1.1., amend to read:

“2.1.1. The vehicle shall be immobilized, engine OFF and in charging mode.

The vehicle shall be immobilized, the engine(s) (ICE and/or electrical engine) shall be OFF and in charging mode.”

Paragraph 2.1.2., amend to read:

“2.1.2. Basic vehicle conditions

The paragraph defines minimum test conditions (as far as applicable) and failures criteria for vehicle immunity tests. Other vehicle systems, which can affect immunity related functions, shall be tested in a way to be agreed between manufacturer and Technical Service.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>&quot;REESS charging mode&quot; vehicle test conditions</th>
<th>Failure criteria</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The REESS shall be in charging mode. The state of charge (SOC) of the traction battery shall be kept between 20 per cent and 80 per cent of the maximum SOC during the whole time duration of the measurement (this may lead to the measurement being split into different time slots with the need to discharge the vehicle’s traction battery before starting the next time slot). If the current consumption can be adjusted, then the current shall be set to at least 20 per cent of its nominal value. In case of multiple batteries the average state of charge must be considered.</td>
<td>Vehicle sets in motion</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Paragraph 2.1.3., amend to read:

“2.1.3. All other equipment which can be switched on permanently by the driver or passenger should be OFF.

All other equipment which can be switched ON by the driver or passengers shall be OFF.”

Paragraph 4.3., amend to read:

“4.3. The Technical Service shall perform the test as specified in paragraph 7.8.2.1. 7.9.2.1. of this Regulation.”

Paragraph 5.1.2., amend to read:

“5.1.2. Test phase

The vehicle shall be positioned on the ground plane. The electrical surge shall be applied on the vehicle on the AC/DC power lines between each line
and earth and between lines by using CDN as described in Figures 1a to 1d of Appendix 1 to this annex,

The test setup shall be noted in the test report.”

Annex 16, Appendix 1, amend to read:

“Annex 16 - Appendix 1

Vehicle in configuration "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid"

Figure 1
Vehicle in configuration "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid"
Example of test setup for vehicle with plug located on vehicle side
Figure 1a

Legend:
1 Vehicle under test
2 Insulating support
3 Charging cable
Example of test setup for vehicle with plug located front/rear of vehicle

Figure 1c

Figure 1d

Legend:
1 Vehicle under test
2 Insulating support
3 Charging cable
4 CDN
5 Surge generator
6 Power supply
Annex 19,

Paragraph 3.1., delete.

Paragraph 3.2., renumber as 3.1. and amend to read:

“3.2.1. The artificial mains network(s) to be used for the measurement on vehicle is are

(a) the AMN(s) defined in paragraph 4.3. of CISPR 16-1-2 for AC power lines

(b) the DC-charging-AN(s) defined in appendix 8 for DC power lines

Artificial networks

The AMN(s)/DC-charging-AN(s) shall be mounted directly on the ground plane. The cases of the AMN(s)/DC-charging-AN(s) shall be bonded to the ground plane.

The conducted emissions on AC and DC power lines are measured successively on each power line by connecting the measuring receiver on the measuring port of the related AMN/DC-charging-AN. The measuring port of the AMN/DC-charging-AN inserted in the other power lines being shall be terminated with a 50 Ω load.

The AMN(s)/DC-charging-AN(s) shall be placed in front, aligned and on the same side of the vehicle power charging plug.”

Paragraph 3.3., renumber as 3.2. and amend to read:

“3.3.2. The test set-up (floor-standing equipment) for the connection of the ESAs in configuration “REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid” is shown in Figure 1 of Appendix 1 to this annex.”

Paragraph 3.4., renumber as 3.3. and amend to read:

“3.4.3 The measurements shall be performed with a spectrum analyser or a scanning receiver. The parameters to be used are defined in Table 1 and Table 2.

Table 1

Spectrum analyser parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frequency range MHz</th>
<th>Peak detector</th>
<th>Quasi-peak detector</th>
<th>Average detector</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>RBW at -3 dB</td>
<td>Scan time</td>
<td>RBW at -6 dB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.15 to 30</td>
<td>9/10 kHz</td>
<td>10 s/MHz</td>
<td>9 kHz</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: If a spectrum analyser is used for peak measurements, the video bandwidth shall be at least three times the resolution bandwidth (RBW)
Table 2

Scanning receiver parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frequency range MHz</th>
<th>Peak detector</th>
<th></th>
<th>Quasi-peak detector</th>
<th></th>
<th>Average detector</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BW at -6 dB</td>
<td>Step size</td>
<td>Dwell time</td>
<td>BW at -6 dB</td>
<td>Step size</td>
<td>Dwell time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.15 to 30</td>
<td>9 kHz</td>
<td>5 kHz</td>
<td>50 ms</td>
<td>9 kHz</td>
<td>5 kHz</td>
<td>1 s</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* For purely broadband disturbances, the maximum frequency step size may be increased up to a value not greater than the bandwidth value.

Note: For emissions generated by brush commutator motors without an electronic control unit, the maximum step size may be increased up to five times the bandwidth.

Paragraph 4.1., amend to read:

“The limits apply throughout the frequency range 0.15 to 30 MHz for measurements performed in a semi anechoic chamber or an outdoor test site an absorber lined shielded enclosure (ALSE).”

Annex 19, Appendix 1, amend to read:
“Annex 19 – Appendix 1

Figure 1
ESA in configuration "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid" (floor-standing equipment)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>ESA under test</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Insulating support</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Charging cable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>AMN(s) or DC-charging-AN(s) grounded</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Power mains socket</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Measuring receiver</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Ground plane</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Cable shall be z-folded if longer than 1m, 100 ± 25mm above ground and at least 100mm from the ESA body.
Annex 20,

Paragraph 3.1., delete.

Paragraph 3.2., renumber as 3.1.

Paragraph 3.3., renumbered as 3.2. and amend to read:

“3.3.2. The test set-up (floor-standing equipment) for the connection of the ESA in configuration “REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid” is shown in Figure 1 of Appendix 1 to this annex.”

Annex 20, paragraph 3.4., shall be renumbered 3.3. and amend to read:

“3.4.3. The measurements shall be performed with a spectrum analyser or a scanning receiver. The parameters to be used are defined in Table 1 and Table 2.

Table 1
Spectrum analyser parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frequency range MHz</th>
<th>Peak detector</th>
<th>Quasi-peak detector</th>
<th>Average detector</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>RBW at -3 dB</td>
<td>Scan time</td>
<td>RBW at -6 dB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.15 to 30</td>
<td>9/10 kHz</td>
<td>10 s/MHz</td>
<td>9 kHz</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note:
If a spectrum analyser is used for peak measurements, the video bandwidth shall be at least three times the resolution bandwidth (RBW).

Table 2
Scanning receiver parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frequency range MHz</th>
<th>Peak detector</th>
<th>Quasi-peak detector</th>
<th>Average detector</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BW at -6 dB</td>
<td>Step size*</td>
<td>Dwell time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.15 to 30</td>
<td>9 kHz</td>
<td>5 kHz</td>
<td>50 ms</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* For purely broadband disturbances, the maximum frequency step size may be increased up to a value not greater than the bandwidth value.

Paragraph 4.1., amend to read:

“4.1. The limits apply throughout the frequency range 0.15 to 30 MHz for measurements performed in a semi-anechoic chamber or an outdoor test site an absorber lined shielded enclosure (ALSE).”

Annex 20, Appendix 1, delete and replace by:
“Annex 20 – Appendix 1

II. Justification

1. Clause 3.1.9. was added to the 04 series of amendments to Regulation No. 10, because there had been no description of the rechargeable energy storage system (REESS) equipment electrical sub-assembly (ESA) tests and, therefore, these specific REESS tests could only be performed at the vehicle level. When the 05 series of amendments to Regulation No. 10 was adopted, including the specific REESS-equipment ESA test, clause 3.1.9. should have been deleted.

2. The 05 series of amendments vehicle broadband reference limits (at 3m and 10m) are consistent with the CISPR 12 broadband reference limits (at 3 m and 10 m), while the 05 series of amendments vehicle narrowband reference limits (at 3 m and 10 m) are not consistent with those from CISPR 12. Thus, it is proposed to have the 05 series of amendments vehicle narrowband reference limits (at 3 m and 10 m) consistent with the CISPR 12 narrowband ones (the CISPR12 narrowband limit minus 2 dB as a more stringent requirement for type approval, as defined in CISPR 12).

3. The updates of artificial(s) network(s) (AN) are consistent with the last updates in CISPR 12 and CISPR 25 with use of artificial mains networks (AMN) for AC mains, “DC-charging-AN” for DC mains and high voltage (HV) AN for HV ESA.
4. Additional precisions are made concerning limits of the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) standards IEC 61000-3-3, paragraph 5 and IEC 61000-3-11, paragraph 5 and the associated parameters (Pst, Plt, d(t), …).

5. Paragraph 7 concerns "Additional specifications in the configuration of the "REESS charging mode coupled to the power grid". For ESAs connected both to low (12V/24V) and high voltages, pulse 4 cannot occur because there is no starter or cranking motor.

6. The proposal includes a precision on “DC network cable” and replaces references to Annexes with references to paragraphs in the body text, because the requirements are laid down in the paragraphs of the main body and not in the Annexes.

7. The proposal introduces the missing paragraphs in the transitional provisions for the 05 series of amendments regarding the official date of entry into force, acceptance or non-acceptance of the preceding series of amendments and of vehicle types which are not equipped with a coupling system to charge REESS, or component or separate technical unit which does not include a coupling part to charge the REESS.

8. The document updates references to standards as follows: corrects ISO 11452-3 (error), updates ISO 11452-4 to the last edition and deletes IEC 61000-6-2 (not referred in the document).

9. The HV-AN(s) and DC-charging-AN(s) figures and tables are updated to make them consistent with the last updates in CISPR 12 and CISPR 25.

10. Precisions are made for vehicles with multiple batteries and of vehicle operating mode for charging mode.

11. Artificial(s) network(s) are updated with use of AMN and DC-charging-AN, precision are done for the harness position and Z-folded portion to make them consistent with the last updates in CISPR 12 and CISPR 25.

12. The state of the art wording is inserted for absorber lined shielded enclosure (ALSE).

13. The figures for the vehicle in charging mode are updated to make them consistent with the last updates in CISPR 12, CISPR 25 and ISO/TC22/SC32/WG3 for the test site, the position of the motorcycle (error) artificial(s) network(s) is updated with use of AMN and DC-charging-AN, editorial corrections and various configurations (side or front/rear plug) are also introduced.

14. The quasi-peak detector and the sentence on broadband disturbances are deleted, because they do not concern narrowband disturbances measurements.

15. A precision is made for vehicle operating mode (when not in charging mode).

16. A change from the facility to vehicle reference point is introduced for consistency with the last ISO 11451-2 update.

17. A precision is made for vehicle positioning in case of rear irradiation.

18. A typo in “kHz” is corrected and the sentence concerning broadband disturbances is deleted for consistency with the last CISPR 12 update.

19. The figures for ESA in charging mode are updated for consistency with the last updates in CISPR 25 and ISO/TC22/SC32/WG3 for artificial(s) network(s) with use of AMN and DC-charging-AN.

20. A clarification on the ISO 11452-4 test methodology is introduced to make it consistent with the two methodologies defined in the last editions of ISO 11452-4.

21. The proposal introduces a precision by adding of “three phase” and references to all new figures (1a to ID).
22. The two “generic” figures for the vehicle in charging mode are replaced by four detailed figures for the various configurations (side or front/rear plug).

23. Additional wording concerning the measurement with a 50 Ω load is inserted.

24. A clarification is made to reflect the fact that the concerned test in IEC 61000-4-5 is lightning transients.

25. A precision is inserted that the set-up to be considered is “floor-standing equipment”.

26. The other corrections are purely editorial.