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> Draft new Regulation on uniform provisions concerning the approval of Retrofit Emission Control Devices (REC) for heavy duty vehicles, agricultural and forestry tractors and non-road mobile machinery (NRMM) equipped with Compression Ignition engines.

Submitted by the expert from [_____]

The text reproduced below was prepared by the expert from [_____] as a result of the discussion of the informal group on retrofit emission control devices (REC) regarding a proposal for a new Regulation on REC.

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[Values], [dates], [provisions] and [parameter] not fixed yet are indicated in [square brackets], and [highlighted in yellow].





I. Proposal

Draft new Regulation on uniform provisions concerning the approval of Retrofit Emission Control Devices (REC) for heavy duty vehicles, agricultural and forestry tractors and non-road mobile machinery (NRMM) equipped with Compression Ignition engines.

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1. Purpose

This regulation provides a harmonized method for the classification, evaluation and approval of retrofit emission control systems (REC) for particulate matter (PM mass and PM number), oxides of nitrogen (NOx), or for both PM and NOx , and for the determination of the levels of emissions from compression-ignition (C.I.) engines used in applications within the scope indicated in paragraph 2.

The regulation provides a framework for approval of RECs for different applications with corresponding environmental performance levels<u>and for the identification in Type Approval of those levels</u>.

2. Scope

This Regulation applies to retrofit emission control systems (REC) to be installed:

- 2.1. on category M₂, M₃ and N vehicles¹ and their C.I. engines, excluding those vehicles approved according to UN Regulation N°83,
- 2.2. on C.I. engines having a net power higher than 18 kW but not more than 560 kW installed in non-road mobile machinery¹, operated under variable speed,
- 2.3. on C.I. engines having a net power higher than 18 kW but not more than 560 kW installed in non-road mobile machinery¹, operated under constant speed,
- 2.4. on C.I. engines having a net power higher than 18 kW but not more than 560 kW installed in category T vehicles.

3. Definitions

For the purpose of this Regulation:

- 3.1. *"Active regeneration"* means any additional measure to initiate regeneration either on a periodic or continuously regenerating REC.
- 3.2. *"Adjustment factors"* means additive upward adjustment factor and downward adjustment factor or multiplicative factors to be considered during periodic regeneration;
- 3.3. *"Application range"* means the range of vehicles to which a retrofit emission control device (REC) approved according to this regulation can be applied;

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As defined in Annex 7 to the Consolidated Resolution on the Construction of Vehicles (R.E.3), (document TRANS/WP.29/78/Rev.1/Amend.2, as last amended by Amend.4).

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- 3.4. *"Continuous regeneration"* means the regeneration process of an exhaust after-treatment system that occurs either permanently or at least once per applicable test cycle;
- 3.5. "*deNOx system*" means an exhaust after-treatment system designed to reduce emissions of oxides of nitrogen (NO_x) (for example, passive and active lean NO_x catalysts, NO_x adsorbers, and selective catalytic reduction (SCR) systems);
- 3.6. *"Emission control monitoring system"* means the system that monitors the operation of the emission control measures implemented in the engine and/or REC system in accordance with the requirements of paragraph [----];
- 3.7. *"Engine baseline emission"* means the emissions of a given engine or engine system without any retrofit emission control device. For engines without after-treatment the engine baseline emissions are equal to the engine out raw emissions. For engines with after-treatment the engine baseline emissions are equal to the tailpipe emissions downstream of the after-treatment system;
- 3.8. "ESC" means a test cycle consisting of 13 steady state modes to be applied in accordance with the relevant series of amendments to UN Regulation No.49;
- 3.9. "ETC" means a test cycle consisting of 1800 second-by-second transient modes defined in, and to be applied in accordance with the relevant series of amendments to UN Regulation No.49;
- 3.10. *"Load condition"* means the loading of particulate matter being stored at any moment in a particulate reduction system (such as a filter) expressed as a proportion of the maximum loading of particulate matter that may be stored in the system under specific driving conditions without external regeneration measures being initiated;
- 3.11. *"Gaseous pollutants"* means carbon monoxide, hydrocarbons (assuming a ratio of CH_{1.85} for diesel), oxides of nitrogen (NOx expressed as NO₂ equivalent) and nitrogen dioxide (NO₂);
- 3.12. *"NOx-reduction REC"* means a REC that has a NOx mass emission reduction efficiency which qualifies it to be certified as meeting one of the classification type as defined in this Regulation;
- 3.13 *"NOx reduction REC family"* means a family of NOx reduction systems that are technically identical with respect to their functioning in accordance with paragraph number <u>15</u>;
- 3.14. *"NRSC"* means a test cycle consisting of steady state modes defined in, and to be applied in accordance with, the relevant series of amendments to UN Regulation No.96;
- 3.15. *"NRTC"* means a test cycle consisting of 1173 second-by-second transient modes defined in, and to be applied in accordance with, the relevant series of amendments to UN Regulation No.96;
- 3.16. "*Particulate matter (PM)*" means the mass of any material collected on a specified filter medium which is defined in the relevant series of amendments to UN Regulations No.49 or 96;
- 3.17. "*Particulate reduction REC*" means a REC that has a particulate mass or number emission reduction efficiency which qualifies it to be certified as

Comment [JMY1]: Correct reference to be discussed with GRPE secretariat.

Comment [JMY2]: Correct reference to be discussed with GRPE secretariat.

Comment [JMY3]: Correct reference to be discussed with GRPE secretariat.

Comment [JMY4]: Correct reference to be discussed with GRPE secretariat.

Comment [JMY5]: Correct reference to be discussed with GRPE secretariat. meeting one of the classification type as defined in this Regulation. The regeneration system and strategy are part of the particulate reduction REC;

- 3.18. *"Particulate reduction REC family"* means a family of particulate reduction systems that are technically identical with respect to their functioning in accordance with paragraph number <u>14</u>;
- 3.19. *"Periodic regeneration"* means the regeneration process of an emission control device that occurs periodically in typically less than 100 hours of normal engine operation. During cycles where regeneration occurs, emission standards can be exceeded;

"PM number" means the number of particles which is defined in the relevant series of amendments to UN Regulation No.49:

- 3.20. *"Reagent"* means any medium that is stored on-board the vehicle in a tank and provided to the exhaust after-treatment system (if required) upon request of the emission control system;
- 3.21. *"Reduction efficiency"* means the ratio between the emissions downstream of the REC system (E_{REC}) and the engine baseline emissions (E_{Base}) and both measured in accordance with the procedures defined in this Regulation and calculated as defined in paragraph <u>8</u>.3.<u>4</u>;
- 3.<u>22</u>. *"Reduction level"* means a reduction efficiency in percent to be met by the retrofit emission control device (REC) in order to be certified as meeting one of the reduction levels specified in paragraph 98.3;
- 3.23. *"Retrofit emission control device (REC)"* means any particulate reduction system, NO_x-reduction system or combination of both which is used for retrofit purposes. This includes any sensors and software essential to the operation of the device. Systems that only modify the existing engine system controls are not considered to be RECs;
- 3.<u>24</u>. *"Type I* retrofit emission control device (REC)" means a retrofit emission control device which is intended to control particulate matter emissions only, and which does not increase the direct NO₂ emissions;
- 3.25. *"Type II* retrofit emission control device (REC)" means a retrofit emission control device which is intended to control particulate matter emissions only, and which does not increase the direct NO₂ emissions by more than the percentage specified in paragraph <u>8.4.2</u> based on the engine baseline emission NO₂ level;
- 3.26. *"Type III* retrofit emission control device (REC)" means a retrofit emission control device which is intended to control NOx emissions only;
- 3.<u>27</u>. *"Type IV* retrofit emission control device (REC)" means a retrofit emission control device which is intended to control both particulate matter emissions and NOx emissions, and thus NO₂ emissions;
- 3.28. *"WHSC"* means a test cycle consisting of 13 steady state modes defined in, and to be applied in accordance with the relevant series of amendments to UN Regulation No.49;
- 3.29. *"WHTC"* means a test cycle consisting of 1800 second-by-second transient modes defined in, and to be applied in accordance with the relevant series of amendments to UN Regulation No.49;

Comment [JMY6]: Will only be nee in Rev.01

3.20

Transitional	••
1 1 ansitiona	

- As from the official date of entry into force of this Regulation, no Contracting Party applying this Regulation shall refuse to grant ECE approval under the Regulation.
- As from <mark>[dd/mm/yyyy]</mark> contracting parties applying this Regulation shall not refuse the placing on the market of RECs which meet the requirements of this Regulation.
- As from [dd/mm/yyy + 6 months] contracting parties applying this Regulation may refuse the placing on the market of RECs which do not meet the Level 2 requirements of this Regulation.
- . By derogation to the provisions stipulated in paragraph 4.2 and 4.3, Contracting Parties applying this Regulation may postpone each date mentioned in the above paragraphs for n years.

<u>4</u> Application for approval

- <u>4</u>.1. The application for approval of an REC shall be submitted by the manufacturer or by his duly accredited representative,
- <u>4</u>.2. Each REC shall be accompanied by the following information:

(a) the manufacturer's name or trade mark;

(b) the make and identifying part number of the REC as recorded in the information document issued in accordance with the model set out in Annex 1;

(c) the Application Range (as defined in paragraph 10) including year of manufacture, for which the REC is approved, including, where applicable, a marking to identify if the REC is suitable for fitting to a vehicle that is equipped with an on-board diagnostic (OBD) system;

(d) the instruction manual for the retrofit installation;

(e) the end-user service manual including maintenance instructions.

<u>4</u>.3. The applicant shall provide sample(s) of the REC to be tested and to be retained by the Technical Service.

<u>5</u>. Markings

6

- 5.1. All REC shall be marked with the trade name or mark of the retrofit manufacturer as indicated in Annex 1, and the identifying part number as recorded in the information document issued in accordance with the model set out in Annex 1.
- 5.2. All REC shall be identified by a plate, in which the approval mark including the type and reduction level, as set out in Annex 3 shall be placed. This plate has to be permanently fixed to the REC, shall be indelible, and shall be clearly readable after installation of the REC,
- 5.3. REC samples for approval testing have to be clearly identified with at least the applicant's name and the application.

- 5.4. An international approval mark shall be affixed to the REC as indicated in Annex 3, conforming to a type approved under this Regulation, in addition to the mark prescribed in paragraphs 5.1. and 5.2. This approval mark shall consist of:
- 5.4.1. A circle surrounding the letter "E" followed by the distinguishing number of the country which has granted the approval².
- 5.4.2. The number of this Regulation, followed by the letter "R", a dash and the approval number to the right of the circle as defined Annex 3. The approval number appears in the communication form for this type (see paragraph <u>6.2</u>. and annex 2) preceded by two figures indicating the latest series of amendments to this Regulation.
- 5.4.3 The Type and Reduction Level of the REC.

<u>6</u>. Approval

- 6.1. Type approval shall be granted if the REC meets the requirements of this Regulation.
- 6.2. An approval number shall be assigned to each REC approved. Its first two digits (at present 00 according to the Regulation in its original form) shall indicate the series of amendments incorporating the most recent major technical amendments made to the Regulation at the time of issue of the approval. The same type approval number shall not be assigned to another REC.
- 6.3. Notice of approval or of refusal or of extension of approval of a REC pursuant to this Regulation shall be communicated to the Parties to the Agreement applying this Regulation, by means of a Communication conforming to the model in Annex 2 to this Regulation.

Comment [JMY7]: To be confirmed with UN secretariat that it is permissible include the Reduction Level in the mark

^{2 /}

¹ for Germany, 2 for France, 3 for Italy, 4 for the Netherlands, 5 for Sweden, 6 for Belgium, 7 for Hungary, 8 for the Czech Republic, 9 for Spain, 10 for Serbia and Montenegro, 11 for the United Kingdom, 12 for Austria, 13 for Luxembourg, 14 for Switzerland, 15 (vacant), 16 for Norway, 17 for Finland, 18 for Denmark, 19 for Romania, 20 for Poland, 21 for Portugal, 22 for Russian Federation, 23 for Greece, 24 for Ireland, 25 for Croatia, 26 for Slovenia, 27 for Slovakia, 28 for Belarus, 29 for Estonia, 30 (vacant), 31 for Bosnia and Herzegovina, 32 for Latvia, 33 (vacant), 34 for Bulgaria, 35 (vacant), 36 for Lithuania, 37 for Turkey, 38 (vacant), 39 for Azerbaijan, 40 for The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, 41 (vacant), 42 for the European Community (Approvals are granted by its Member States using their respective ECE symbol), 43 for Japan, 44 (vacant), 45 for Australia, 46 for Ukraine, 47 for South Africa and 48 for New Zealand. Subsequent numbers shall be assigned to other countries in the chronological order in which they ratify the Agreement Concerning the Adoption for Uniform Technical Prescriptions for Wheeled Vehicles, Equipment and Parts which can be fitted and/or be Used on Wheeled Vehicles and the Conditions for Reciprocal Recognition of Approval Granted on the Basis of these Prescriptions, and the numbers, and the numbers thus assigned shall be communicated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations to the Contracting Parties to the Agreement. To be updated as necessary by GRPE secretariat.

<u>7</u>. General requirements

- 7.1. The REC shall be designed, constructed and capable of being mounted so as to enable the application to comply with the rules set out in this Regulation throughout the normal life of the REC under normal conditions of use.
- 7.2. The REC shall be durable. That is, it shall be designed, constructed and capable of being mounted so that reasonable resistance is obtained to phenomena such as the corrosion, oxidation, vibration and mechanical stress to which it will be exposed under normal conditions of use. Specific durability requirements are in paragraph <u>9</u>.
- <u>7.3.</u> For REC requiring a reagent, each separate reagent tank installed on a vehicle or machine shall include means for taking a sample of any fluid inside the tank. The sampling point shall be easily accessible without the use of any specialised tool or device.
- <u>7.4.</u> Where a REC requires the use of a reagent, the driver or machine operator shall be informed of the level of reagent in the reagent storage tank on the vehicle or machine through a specific mechanical or electronic indication. This indication shall include a specific warning (such as a warning lamp or clear mechanical indication) when the level of reagent goes either:

(a) Below 10 per cent of the tank or a higher percentage at the choice of the manufacturer, or;

(b) Below a level corresponding to 12 hours of usage of the vehicle or machine under average conditions of operation.

The reagent level indicator and the warning indicator shall both be placed in close proximity to the fuel level indicator.

<u>7.5</u> Devices that by-pass or reduce the efficiency of the REC are not permitted.

7.6 NOx control: Reagent quality and dosing requirements; freezing protection.

<u>8</u>. Performance requirements

- <u>8.1.</u> REC approved under this regulation shall meet both of the following criteria
 - the emission limit values as specified in paragraph 8.2 and
 - the reduction levels as specified in paragraph 8.3.
- 8.2. Limit values

8

The engine or engine system shall meet at least the next higher emission stage with respect to the limits of Regulation No. 49 and No. 96 based on the engine baseline emissions, as measured using the test procedure(s) associated with the limit values to be achieved.

<u>8</u>.2.1. The requirements for each type of REC are illustrated in the tables below.

Comment [JMY8]: OICA/Euromot to be inserted when available

Comment [JMY9]: Should there also a requirement that the system continues meet the other emissions limits that the engine was Type Approved to?

Table 8.1: REC Matrix for Regulation No. 49

Emissions limits in g/kWh.

			Type I/II			Type III			Type IV				
Baseline*	Comp	onent	А	B1	B2	С	А	B1	B2	А	B1	B2	С
	1	NO _x	-	-	-	-	5.0	3.5	2.0	5.0	3.5	2.0	2.0
Before A		(ESC)	$0.10^{\ (1)}$	0.02	0.02	0.02	-	-	-	0.10 (1)	0.02	0.02	0.02
	PM	(ETC)	0.16 (2)	0.03	0.03	0.02	-	-	-	0.16 (2)	0.03	0.03	0.02

(1) 0.13 g /kWh for engines having a swept volume of less than 0.75 dm³ per cylinder and a rated power speed of more than 3,000 min⁻¹ (2) 0.21 g /kWh for engines having a swept volume of less than 0.75 dm³ per cylinder and a rated power speed of more than 3,000 min⁻¹

			Type I/II			Type III			Type IV				
Baseline*	Comp	onent	B1	B2	С		B1	B2	С	B1	B2	С	
	1	NO _x	-	-	-		3.5	2.0	2.0	3.5	2.0	2.0	
А	PM	(ESC)	0.02	0.02	0.02		-	-	-	0.02	0.02	0.02	
	F IVI	(ETC)	0.03	0.03	0.02		-	-	-	0.03	0.03	0.02	

			Type I/II			Type III			Type IV				
Baseline*	Comp	onent	B2	С			B2	С		B2	С		
	I	NO _x	-	-			2.0	2.0		2.0	2.0		
B1	PM	(ESC)	0.02	0.02			-	-		0.02	0.02		
		(ETC)	0.03	0.02			-	-		0.03	0.02		

				Тур	e I/II		Type III		Тур	be IV	
Baseline *	Comp	onent	С			С		С			
	1	NO _x	-			2.0		2.0			
B2	PM	(ESC)	0.02			-		0.02			
		(ETC)	0.02			-		0.02			

* where the baseline corresponds to that in Tables 1 and 2 of the 05 series of amendments to UN Regulation No. 49

Comment [JMY10]: Correct referen to be checked with GRPE secretariat. Similarly for the following para.

Table 8.2: REC Matrix for Regulation No. 96 / REC Type I / II

Baseline	net. Power	Component				ī	Туре	I/II				
		g / kWh	Н	I	J	К	L	М	N	Р	Q	R
Е	$130 \le P \le 560$	PM	-	-	-	-	0,025	-	-	-	0,025	-
F	$75 \le P \le 130$	PM	-	-	-	-	-	0,025	-	-	-	0,025
G	$37 \le P \le 75$	PM	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,025 ⁽¹⁾	-	-	0,025 ⁽¹⁾
D	$18 \le P \le 37$	PM	-	-	-	0,6 (2)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Н	$130 \le P \le 560$	PM	-	-	-	-	0,025	-	-	-	0,025	-
Ι	$75 \le P \le 130$	PM	-	-	-	-	-	0,025	-	-	-	0,025
J	$37 \le P \le 75$	PM	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,025 (1)	-	-	0,025 ⁽¹⁾
K	$19 \le P \le 37$	PM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
L	$130 \le P \le 560$	PM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
М	$75 \le P \le 130$	PM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ν	$56 \le P \le 75$	PM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Р	$37 \le P \le 56$	PM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(1) only for engines with net power $> 56 \mbox{ kW}$ (2) only for engines with net power $> 19 \mbox{ kW}$

where the baseline corresponds to that in Regulation No.96 revision n.

Comment [JMY11]: Correct referent to be checked with GRPE secretariat.

ECE/TRANS/WP.29/20[-----]

Table <u>8</u>.3: REC Matrix for Regulation No. 96 / REC Type III

Baseline	net. Power	Component				Type III						
		g / kWh	Н	Ι	J	K	L	М	N	Р	Q	R
Е	$130 \le P \le 560$	NOx	4,0 ⁽³⁾	-	-	-	2.0	-	-	-	0.4	-
F	$75 \le P \le 130$	NOx	-	4,0 ⁽³⁾	-	-	-	3.3	-	-	-	0,4 (1)
G	$37 \le P \le 75$	NOx	-	-	4,7 (3)	-	-	-	3,3 (1)	-	-	-
D	$18 \le P \le 37$	NOx	-	-	-	7,5 (2)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Н	$130 \le P \le 560$	NOx ⁽³⁾	-	-	-	-	2.0	-	-	-	0.4	-
Ι	$75 \le P \le 130$	NOx ⁽³⁾	-	-	-	-	-	3.3	-	-	-	0,4 (1)
J	$37 \le P \le 75$	NOx ⁽³⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,3 ⁽¹⁾	-	-	0,4 ⁽¹⁾
К	$19 \le P \le 37$	NOx ⁽³⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
L	$130 \le P \le 560$	NOx	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.4	-
М	$75 \le P \le 130$	NOx	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.4
Ν	$56 \le P \le 75$	NOx	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.4
Р	$37 \le P \le 56$	NOx	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(1) only for engines with net power > 56 kW

(2) only for engines with net power > 19 kW

(3) sum of hydrocarbons and oxides of nitrogen

where the baseline corresponds to that in Regulation No.96 revision n.

Comment [JMY12]: Correct referent to be checked with GRPE secretariat

Baseline	net. Power	Component		1	1 1		Тур	e IV			1	,
		g / kWh	Н	I	J	К	L	М	N	Р	Q	R
Е	$130 \le P \le 560$	PM	-	-	-	-	0.025	-	-	-	0.025	-
L	$150 \le P \le 500$	NOx	4,0 (3)	-	-	-	2.0	-	-	-	0.4	-
F	75 ≤ P ≤ 130	PM	-	-	-	-	-	0.025	-	-	-	0.025
Г	$75 \le P \le 130$	NOx	-	4,0 ⁽³⁾	-	-	-	3.3	-	-	-	0,4 (1)
G	$37 \le P \le 75$	PM	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,025 (1)	-	-	0,025 ⁽¹⁾
G	$37 \le P \le 75$	NOx	-	-	4,7 (3)	-	-	-	3,3 (1)	-	-	-
D	$18 \le P \le 37$	PM	-	-	-	0,6 ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-
D	$18 \le P \le 37$	NOx	-	-	-	7,5 (2)	-	-	-	-	-	-
		PM	-	-	-	-	0.025	-	_	_	0.025	-
Н	$130 \le P \le 560$	NOx ⁽³⁾	_	_	-	_	2.0	_	_	_	0.025	_
		PM	-	-	-	-	-	0.025	-	-	-	0.025
Ι	$75 \le P \le 130$	NOx ⁽³⁾	-	-	-	-	-	3.3	-	-	-	0,4 (1)
-	25	PM	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,025 ⁽¹⁾	-	-	0,025 ⁽¹⁾
J	$37 \le P \le 75$	NOx ⁽³⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,3 ⁽¹⁾	-	-	0,4 ⁽¹⁾
V	10 c D c 27	PM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
К	$19 \le P \le 37$	NOx ⁽³⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		PM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
L	$130 \le P \le 560$	NOx	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.4	-
М	75 ≤ P ≤ 130	PM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IVI	$73 \le P \le 130$	NOx	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.4
Ν	$56 \le P \le 75$	PM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		NOx	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.4
Р	$37 \le P \le 56$	PM NOx	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1	INUX	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Table 8.4: REC Matrix for Regulation No. 96 / REC Type IV

(1) only for engines with net power > 56 kW

(2) only for engines with net power > 19 kW

(3) sum of hydrocarbons and oxides of nitrogen

where the l	baseline	corresponds to	that in	Regulation	No.96 revision n	

Comment [JMY13]: Correct referent to be checked with GRPE secretariat

<u>8</u>.3. Reduction levels

<u>8.3.1</u> The reduction level of a REC system is characterised by means of its reduction efficiency as specified in Table <u>8.5</u>:

Table <u>8</u>.5:

Reduction levels

	Minimum reducti	on efficiency (%)
	PM mass	NOx
Reduction level 1	50	[50]
Reduction level 2	90	[70]

GE.10-



- 8.3.2. The reduction efficiency shall be determined by comparison of the emissions measured over the WHTC for RECs to be applied to heavy-duty engines or over the NRTC for RECs to be applied to NRMM or Tractor engines. The reduction efficiency shall be calculated as defined in 8.3.4.
- 8.3.3. For the purpose of this regulation the reduction efficiency for NO_x shall be applicable to systems which are intended to reduce NO_x, and the PM reduction level to systems intended to reduce PM. For Type IV REC any the reduction levels for both NOx and PM combination of the reduction levels for these two pollutants shown in Annexes 5 to 8 Table 8.5 of this Regulation is permittedmust be met.
- <u>8</u>.3.4. The reduction efficiency shall be calculated from the measured emissions of the relevant pollutant downstream of the REC system (E_{REC}) and the engine system emissions measured before fitment of the REC (E_{Base}) for that pollutant, both measured in accordance with the procedures defined in this Regulation.

reduction efficiency (%) = $(1 - (E_{REC} \div E_{Base})) \times 100$.

9.3.5. A Type I, Type II, Type III or Type IV REC may be approved to any reduction level as indicated in Table 9.6.

Table 9.6:

REC Types and Reduction levels

	PM mass	NOx				
Type I	1 or 2	-				
-Type II	<u>1 or 2</u>	-				
Type III	-	1 or 2				
Type IV	1 or 2	1 or 2				

<u>98</u>.4. NO₂ emissions requirements

- <u>8</u>.4.1. For a Type I REC, there shall be no incremental increase in NO₂ emissions above the NO₂ baseline emissions, measured as defined in Annex 5.
- 8.4.2. For a Type II REC, the NO₂ incremental increase shall not be more than [30] percentage points greater than the level recorded when no REC is fitted (baseline). As an example, if baseline NO₂ is 10% of NOx, the maximum permitted NO₂ emission with the REC is [40]% of NOx measured as defined in Annex $\underline{5}$.
- <u>8</u>.4.3. For Type III and Type IV RECs, there should be no increase of NO₂ emissions measured in g/kWh and as defined in Annex <u>6</u>.
- 8.4.4 For Type IV RECs, there should be no increase of NO₂ emissions measured in g/kWh and as defined in Annex 7.
- 8.5 This paragraph is reserved for future use.
- 9.5. PM Number emissions requirements

ECE/TRANS/WP.29/20[--/--]

9.5.1.	Type I, Type II and Type IV REC approved to PM Reduction Level 2 shall provide a reduction efficiency for PM number of at least [97]% from the engine baseline emissions of the test engine as defined in paragraph 9.3.2 when measured using the test procedure(s) set out in this Regulation.
9.5.2.	Direct sampling from raw exhaust gas prior to dilution is permitted. The dilution ratios of the particle number diluters (PND1 and PND2 of the particle transfer system, as defined in Regulation 49) shall then be adapted to the measurement range of the particle number counter (PNC).
9.5.3.	The PM number reduction efficiency is determined as the difference of 1 minus the penetration, which is the ratio between the PM number emissions downstream of the REC system and the PM number emission of the engine system before fitment of the REC. The PM number reduction efficiency is indicated as a percentage. The PM number efficiency shall be determined for the appropriate test cycle as defined in paragraph 9.3.
9 <u>.5.</u> 4.	If two PM number measurement systems are used in parallel for measurement of the PM number reduction efficiency, they shall give measurements within [3%] of each other when measuring simultaneously from the same sample point.
<u>98.6</u>	Other secondary emissions requirements
<u>8.6</u> .1.	Emissions of ammonia shall not exceed a mean value of $[25]$ ppm when measured using the procedures defined in the [06] series of amendments to Regulation 49.
<u>8.6</u> .2	The manufacturer of the REC system shall provide documentary evidence to show that materials and processes used in the REC do not present any additional hazard to health and the environment.
<u>8.6</u> .2.1.	The REC shall not increase secondary emissions to concentrations known to be hazardous to health. For the purposes of this Regulation secondary emissions produced at concentrations not significantly higher than the concentrations produced by emission control systems fitted as original equipment on engines type-approved in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 96 or Regulation 49, as appropriate, shall be considered not to be hazardous to health.
<u>8.6</u> .2.2.	The applicant for approval shall provide the approval authority with an assessment of the performance of the REC with respect to secondary emissions. The assessment shall address all likely secondary emissions from the REC having regard to its working principle, its design, its method of construction, and the materials employed.
	The assessment may be based upon sound engineering analysis and judgement, upon the results of tests or simulations, upon the results of analysis or tests of similar systems or technologies, or upon any combination of these elements.
<u>8.6</u> .3.	The applicant may be required to perform tests for secondary emissions as a prerequisite for approval in cases where the assessment of the performance of the REC with respect to secondary emissions produces a reasonable expectation that the requirements of paragraph 1 of this annex will not be met, but not otherwise.

Comment [JMY14]: Requirements on PM number deleted as will only be required for level 2 (as rev.)

It makes more sense to have PM number requirements before "other secondary emissions". UN secretariat says it is acceptable to reserve a paragraph for fut use, so 8.5 will be PM number in rev.01

Comment [JMY15]: Euro IV/V =25ppm, Euro VI = 10ppm.

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<u>9</u>. Durability requirements

<u>9.1.</u> The applicant shall confirm that the REC system will comply with the applicable provisions during normal operation over a useful life of:

a) for category M_2 and M_3 and N vehicles, a mileage of [200 000] km or a service life of [6] years, whichever occurs first

b) for all other applications, [4 000] operating hours or a service life of [6] years, whichever occurs first.

- 9.2. The applicant shall conduct a 1 000 hour durability test on an engine and REC combination. This test shall be either a field test in a typical vehicle or machine application agreed between the Type Approval Authority and the applicant or a test [using an appropriate duty cycle] on an engine test bed. The engine for the durability run may be different from the test engine used for tests to establish the reduction level of the REC, but must be an engine within the declared application range of the particular REC.
- <u>9</u>.3. The content of the test is as follows:

- 1 000 hour testing of the REC with recording of all relevant operating data of the engine concerned including continuous second-by-second data logging of exhaust temperature before the REC and pressure loss over the REC, type and consumption of fuel and lubricating oil. In the case of a field test the REC must be sealed by the Technical Service and the data-logging shall be carried out by the REC manufacturer or by the operator of the vehicle or machine on which the endurance test is performed.

- In the case of REC that operate with additives or makes use of a reagent, verification of the correct dosing rate shall additionally be performed at the beginning of the field test, after 500 hours of operation and after 1 000 hours of operation.

9.4. After completion of the durability run the REC used to demonstrate durability shall be used for any further evaluation testing with the original test engine.

<u>10</u>. Application range

The application range describes the range of engines or engine systems to which the REC family may be applied. The applicant shall provide detailed information about the application range to the Type Approval Authority / Technical Service as specified in Annex 4.

The application range is defined by the engine family to which the test engine as defined in paragraph <u>12</u> belongs.

The application range may be extended to

- a) other engines produced by the same engine manufacturer, and
- b) engines of other engine manufacturers

if the applicant can demonstrate that the following criteria are the same as the test engine:

- (i) individual cylinder displacement within $[\pm 20\%]$ of the test engine
- (ii) method of aspiration (turbocharged or normally-aspirated engine).

- (iii) with or without EGR.
- (iv) whether a constant speed or a variable speed engine.
- (v) engine baseline emission stage.

11. Modifications to engine baseline emissions

Any engine operation parameter specified by the original engine manufacturer, such as maximum allowable exhaust gas back pressure, [to be completed] shall not be affected by the REC. Back-pressure modifications can be allowed by written permission of the original engine manufacturer.

In cases where additional measures with respect to emission-relevant components and / or system components, such as modifications to the exhaust gas recirculation (EGR) control, are necessary in order to ensure proper functioning of the engine and exhaust after-treatment systems in conjunction with the REC, the applicant shall provide a detailed description of the design modification along with an explanation of how the modification will change the operation and performance of the emission control strategy. To support its claims, the applicant shall submit additional test data, engineering justification and analysis, or any other information deemed necessary by the Type Approval Authority or Technical Service to address the differences between the modified and original designs.

The emission control system of the original engine manufacturer shall not be modified, except for modifications allowed by written permission of the original engine manufacturer. Any modification upstream of an original de-NO_x system is not allowed. Modifications downstream of an original de-NO_x system are permissible if the above mentioned parameters defined by the original engine manufacturer are not affected.

The performance of any On-Board Diagnostics (OBD) system and NOx control system of the original engine system shall not be compromised by the REC.

12. Choice of the test engines and REC combination

The test engines shall originate from an engine family corresponding to the subsequent application range of the REC. The emissions performance of the test engine shall be measured and meet the limits for the applicable baseline emission stage.

The test engine and REC combination for the selected application range shall meet the following criteria:

a) the engine shall have a nominal power output between 100% and 60% of the maximum power of the parent engine in the particular family when assessed in accordance with the procedures of UN Regulation 49 and / or Regulation 96;

b) the REC shall have the highest space velocity within the application range of the REC combined with the selected test engine;

c) the REC shall have the minimum total charge of catalytically active materials specified by the manufacturer.

For REC intended to be used on engines type-approved in accordance with Regulation No.96, testing on one test engine for each power category for which the REC is intended is mandatory.

The selected test engine must comply in both series production condition and in retrofitted condition with all of the pollutant emissions limits associated with the stage or standard to which it was originally type-approved. Where vehicles or machines are fitted with on-board diagnostic systems those systems shall not be affected with respect to their monitoring function after the retrofit system has been installed. The characteristics of the electronic engine control unit (as regards, for example, injection timing, air-mass flow metering, or exhaust emissions reduction strategies) shall not be altered by the retrofitting. Any modification of the test engine that changes the original emission behaviour (e.g. alternation of the injection timing) is not permitted.

<u>13</u>. Specifications concerning emissions measurement

<u>13</u>.1.

The gaseous and particulate components emitted by the engine or engine system in combination with the REC submitted for testing shall be measured by the methods described in the applicable annexes of Regulation 49 and Regulation 96.

If a heated chemi-luminescent detector (CLD) is used for the determination of NO_2 in accordance with paragraph 8.4, two parallel measuring chambers to determine NO_x and NO simultaneously shall be used. Two CLDs in parallel are permitted providing that the converter efficiencies are shown to be within [3%] of each other.

14.2. [Alternate emission measurements

Manufacturers may use alternate test procedures that produce measurements equivalent to those from the specified procedure. Manufacturers shall send a written request to the testing agency showing the alternate test procedure is equivalent and may use the alternate test procedure and/or test results measured using the alternate method after the approval of the testing agency].

<u>14</u>. Particulate reduction REC family

14.1. The approval of a particulate reduction REC will continue to be valid for a nominally similar system in a different configuration or application provided that it does not deviate from the tested system with respect to the following features:

a) Type of retention and functioning of reduction material (for example, adhesive or mechanical fixing, metallic or ceramic material, barrier filtration or aerodynamic separation);

b) Design and characteristics of the filter [or other active] material (for example, whether it consists of sheets or plates, or is braided or wound, the cell, material, or non-woven density, the porosity and pore diameter of barrier filter media, the number of pockets, blades or balls in aerodynamic separators, the surface roughness of critical components, and the diameters of wires, balls, or fibres);

c) Minimum total charge of catalytically active materials of the particulate reduction system including upstream catalysts (if fitted) (grams/m³);

Comment [JMY16]: Deleted becaus such a provision (equivalent analysers et is already included in Regs. 49/96.

d) Maximum total charge of catalytically active materials of the particulate reduction system including upstream catalysts (if fitted) (grams/m³);

e) The design characteristics of the canning or packaging (for example, the storage or retention of the carrier of the active elements);

f) Volume of each active component (e.g. DOC, filter substrate) which must be within $[\pm 30\%]$ of the volume of the tested device;

g) Type of regeneration (whether periodic or continuous);

h) Regeneration principle (for example, catalytic, thermal, or electrothermal) and regeneration strategy (for example passive, active, forced);

i) Method and control strategy for introducing additives or reagents (if used);

j) Type of additive or reagent (if used);

k) Installation conditions (max. + 0.5 m introduction difference between the turbocharger outlet (turbine) and the inlet of the particulate reduction REC);

- 1) Type of any catalytically active material;
- m) With or without an upstream oxidation catalyst.
- 14.2. When testing the particulate reduction REC on the engine test bed, the REC must be fitted so that there is a distance of at least 2 metres to the REC inlet from the outlet of the turbocharger (turbine) or the outlet plane of the exhaust manifold where no turbocharger is fitted. If the applicant can show that a distance shorter than the minimum distance specified here will be used in all subsequent applications of the REC, the length of the pipe used in the test cell may be correspondingly reduced. Insulation or similar means of maintaining the exhaust temperature are permissible only if they will also be used in the subsequent installation of the REC on the vehicle or machine.

15. NOx reduction REC family

<u>15</u>.1.

The approval of a NO_x reduction REC will continue to be valid for a nominally similar system (employing the same NOx reduction technology) in a different configuration or application provided that it does not deviate from the tested system with respect to the following features:

a) Critical dimensions of the active elements of the device (such as the size of valves or ducts, or the volume of a catalytic element, and including any reagent mixing device) must be the same as those on the tested device, or must not differ from those dimension s in the tested device by an amount greater than can be justified as insignificant by relevant tests or robust engineering analysis. The active volume, for instance, of a catalytic element must be within $[\pm 30\%]$ of the active volume of the tested device;

b) Any temperature control method employed (for example, catalytic, thermal, or electrothermal heating);

c) Where the tested device was tested in association with other pollution control devices, the same arrangement of devices retained for the device under consideration;

d) The catalyst substrate material, the mechanical design of the substrate (for example a coated monolith or extruded monolith, sheets or plates) and the shape, cross-sectional area, and density of the exhaust gas channels formed in it;

e) The same catalytically active material, washcoat, loading and catalyst distribution over the substrate as the Type Approved system, within reasonable production tolerances;

f) Type of reagent (if used);

g) Any control strategy employed, including features of the implementation of that strategy such as delay periods, dosing rates for reagents, the positioning and characteristics of sensors, and the time constants and flow characteristics associated with valves; If different reagents and/or strategies are used for different climatic conditions the strategy with the lowest total dosing during the test shall be tested;

h) The reagent introduction location and conditions This condition will be considered to have been met if the introduction point is at least the same distance from inlet of the catalyst as the tested device, the means of reagent introduction (e.g. air assisted or not) and the same mixing device (if any).

<u>15</u>.2. Further use of the existing oxidation catalyst(s):

When testing the NO_x reduction REC in an engine test cell, the REC must be fitted so that there is a distance of at least 2 metres from the outlet of the turbocharger (turbine) [or the exit flange of the exhaust manifold in the case of an engine not fitted with a turbocharger] to the REC inlet. If the applicant can show that a distance shorter than the minimum distance specified here will be used in all subsequent applications of the REC, the length of the pipe used in the test cell may be correspondingly reduced. Insulation or similar means of maintaining the exhaust temperature are permissible only if they will also be used in the subsequent installation of the REC on the vehicle or machine.

<u>16</u>. NOx and PM reduction REC family

The approval of a NO_x and PM REC system will continue to be valid for a nominally similar system in a different configuration or application provided that it does not deviate from the tested system with respect to the following features:

a) The PM reduction elements of the REC are in conformance with the requirements of paragraph <u>14</u> of this Regulation;

b) The NO_x reduction elements of the REC are in conformance with the requirements of paragraph 15 of this Regulation;

c) The location of the PM and NO_x REC elements of the device relative to each other is the same as the relationship between these elements in the tested device (for example the PM REC upstream of the NOx REC).

	<u>17</u> .	Fuel	
	<u>17</u> .1.	The testing of the REC shall be conducted with commercially available fuel representative of that generally used for the type of vehicle or machine to which the REC will be fitted.	
	<u>17</u> .2.	The REC manufacturer may, as an alternative to using market fuel, apply to the Approval Authority for permission to perform the tests on the REC using a reference fuel. The reference fuel to be used in this case will be the fuel specified in either Regulation No. 49 or Regulation No. 96 for testing of engines for type-approval to the standard indicated in paragraph 4 that the vehicle or machine is intended to achieve after the REC under test has been fitted.	
	<u>17</u> .3.	The specific fuel consumption of the engine fitted with the PM REC and/or NOx REC during the applicable test cycles shall be not more than $[4]$ % greater in the retrofitted condition than the mean specific consumption in the non-retrofitted condition.	
		The measurements for determining the fuel consumption may be carried out in parallel with the measurements carried out in accordance with paragraph [-] for continuously regenerating systems or carried out in accordance with paragraph [] for periodically regenerating systems. If the fuel consumption measurements (for technical or other reasons) are not carried out in parallel with the measurements to establish the reduction level of the REC, then they must be carried out using an identical procedure to that specified for those measurements.	
	<u>18</u> .	Operating behaviour and safety hazard	
		No impairment of the operating behaviour of the vehicle or machine, and no additional safety hazard (increased surface temperature etc.) associated with the vehicle or machine shall arise as a result of the installation of the REC.	
		The operator is responsible for the operation of the vehicle or machine equipped with the REC.	Comment [DB17]: CECE input to be considered
	<u>19</u> .	Noise Emissions	
		The applicant shall prove that the retrofitting of a REC will not lead to an increase of the vehicle's noise emissions. This may be omitted in the case of REC fitted in addition to the original equipment manufacturer's standard production silencer system.	
	<u>20</u> .	Installation of a REC	
	<u>20</u> .1.	Retrofitting with a REC must be performed in accordance with the installation instructions provided by the REC manufacturer. Any additional instructions provided by the vehicle or machine manufacturer, authorities and other parties must also be taken into consideration.	
	<u>20</u> .2.	The vehicle or machine to be retrofitted must be in a properly maintained condition. Defects that could prevent achievement of the emission reduction	
20			

level for which the REC is approved, or could adversely affect its endurance are to be rectified as necessary before the retrofitting.

- 20.3. The REC manufacturer must provide installation guidelines. The REC manufacturer shall supply, with each REC delivered, written instructions that shall state that the proper installation and maintenance of the REC is essential to its correct functioning.
- 20.4. The instructions must indicate requirements for the proper maintenance of the REC, including, where relevant, the use of consumable reagents or additives. They must indicate any requirements or limitations on the use of the vehicle or machine that are necessary in order to ensure correct functioning of the REC.
- 20.5. The instructions shall be written in clear and non-technical language, and be suitable for passing to the owner or operator of the vehicle or machine to which the REC will be fitted. The instructions shall be in the language of the country in which the REC is sold or in which the REC is expected to be used.
- 20.6. Where the REC uses consumable reagents or additives, the instructions shall specify whether those reagents need to be refilled by the vehicle or machine operator between normal maintenance intervals, and shall indicate a likely rate of reagent consumption. The instructions shall specify the type and quality of the consumable reagents or additives used.
- 20.7. The instructions shall state that, where the fitting of the REC is a condition for operation of the vehicle or machine in a particular country or area, or where fitting of the REC entitles the vehicle or machine owner to incentives or privileges, the failure to maintain the REC in proper working order (including the failure to ensure a proper supply of any reagent or additive), may be a criminal offence or constitute a breach of contract.

<u>21</u>. Conformity of production

The conformity of production procedures shall comply with those set out in the 1958 Agreement, appendix 2 (E/ECE/324 - E/ECE/TRANS/505/Rev.2).

22. Modification and extension of approval of a REC

- 22.1. Every modification [relevant in the context of this Regulation] of the REC shall be notified to the authority, which granted the REC type approval. The authority may then either:
- <u>22</u>.1.1. Consider that the modifications made are unlikely to have an appreciably adverse effect and that in any case the REC still complies with the requirements, or
- 22.1.2. Require a further test report from the technical service responsible for conducting the tests.
- <u>22</u>.2. In both cases described in paragraphs <u>22</u>.1.1. and <u>22</u>.1.2. above, the authority shall be presented in the updated installation manual.
- 22.3. Confirmation or refusal of approval, specifying the alteration, shall be communicated by the procedure specified in paragraph [...] above to the Parties to the 1958 Agreement applying this Regulation.
- 22.4. The competent authority issuing the extension of approval shall assign a

series number for such an extension and inform thereof the other Parties to the 1958 Agreement applying to this Regulation by means of the Communication specified in Annex 2 to this Regulation.

23. Penalties for non-conformity of production

- 23.1. The approval granted in respect of a type of REC pursuant to this Regulation may be withdrawn if the requirements laid down in paragraph <u>21 & 22</u> above are not complied with.
- 23.2. If a Party to the Agreement applying this Regulation withdraws an approval it has previously granted, it shall forthwith so notify the other Contracting Parties applying this Regulation, by means of the Communication specified in Annex 2 to this Regulation.

24. Production definitely discontinued

If the holder of the approval completely ceases to manufacture a type of retrofit system approved in accordance with this Regulation, he shall so inform the authority which granted the approval. Upon receiving the relevant communication, that authority shall inform thereof the other Parties to the 1958 Agreement applying this Regulation by means of the Communication specified in Annex 2 to this Regulation.

25. Names and addresses of technical services conducting approval tests and of Administrative departments

The Parties to the Agreement applying this Regulation shall communicate to the United Nations Secretariat the names and addresses of the technical services responsible for conducting approval tests and of the administrative departments which grant approval and to which forms certifying approval or extension or refusal or withdrawal of approval, issued in other countries, are to be sent.

Annex 1. Information document

INFORMATION DOCUMENT NO...... RELATING TO THE TYPEAPPROVAL OF RETROFIT EMISSION CONTROL DEVICES (REC) FOR HEAVY DUTY VEHICLES, AGRICULTURAL TRACTORS AND NON-ROAD MOBILE MACHINERY (NRMM) EQUIPPED WITH COMPRESSION IGNITION ENGINES.

Any drawings must be supplied in appropriate scale and sufficient detail on size A4 or on a folder of A4 format. Photographs, if any, must show sufficient detail.

If the system, components or separate technical units have electronic controls, information concerning their performance must be supplied.

1. GENERAL

1.1. Make (trade name of manufacturer):

1.2. Type:

1.5. Name and address of manufacturer:

1.7. In the case of components and separate technical units, location and method of affixing of the ECE approval mark:

1.8. Address(es) of assembly plant(s):

2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE

2.1. Make and type of the REC:

2.2. Drawings of the REC, identifying in particular all the characteristics referred to in items 2.3. to 2.3.2. of this appendix:

2.3. Description of the vehicle type or types for which the REC is intended:

2.3.1. Number(s) and/or symbol(s) characterising the engine and vehicle type(s):

2.3.2. Is the REC intended to be compatible with OBD requirements: Yes / No (Strike out what does not apply).

2.4. Description and drawings showing the position of the REC relative to the engine exhaust manifold(s):"



GE.10-

Annex 2.

Communication

(maximum format: A4 (210 x 297 mm))

issued by:

Extension No.

.....

Name of administration



concerning: 2²

APPROVAL GRANTED APPROVAL EXTENDED APPROVAL REFUSED APPROVAL WITHDRAWN PRODUCTION DEFINITELY DISCONTINUED

of a Retrofit Emission Control Device (REC) pursuant to Regulation No. [nnn]

Approval No.

Reason for extension:

- 1. Applicant's name and address:.
- 2. Manufacturer's name and address:
- 3. Manufacturer's trade name or mark:
- 4. Type and Commercial designation of the replacement catalytic converter:
- 5. Means of identification of type, if marked:
- 5.1. Location of that marking:
- Vehicles type(s) for which the device type qualifies as an REC: 6.
- Type(s) of vehicle(s) on which the REC has been tested: 7.
- Has the REC demonstrated compatibility with OBD requirements: Yes / No 2 7.1
- Location and method of affixing of the approval mark: 8.
- 9. Submitted for approval on:
- 10. Technical Service responsible for approval tests:
- 10.1. Date of test report:

24

Distinguishing number of the country which has granted/extended/refused/withdrawn approval (see approval provisions in the Regulation). 2 Strike out what does not apply.

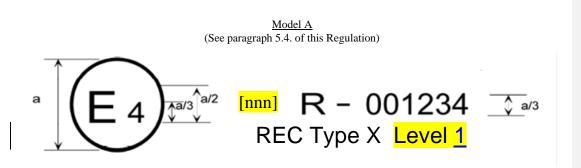
10.2.	Number of test report:
11.	Approval granted / extended / refused / withdrawn ²
12.	Place:
13.	Date:

14. Signature:

15. Annexed to this communication is a list of documents in the approval file deposited at the administrative services having delivered the approval and which can be obtained upon request.

Annex 3.

Arrangement of the REC type approval mark



a = 8 mm min

The above example approval mark affixed to a Retrofit Emission Control device (REC) shows that the type concerned has been approved in the Netherlands (E 4), pursuant to Regulation No. [nnn] under approval No. 001234. The first two digits of the approval number indicate that the approval was granted in accordance with the requirements of Regulation No. [nnn] in its original form. The approval mark shall also show the Type of REC (I, II, III or IV) and its Reduction Level (1-or 2).

Comment [JMY18]: Possibility of retaining levels to be reviewed with the GRPE secretariat.

Application range (example)

Number	Model year from/to	Engine type	Capacity / cylinder (cm ³)	Capacity V _H (cm ³)	engine net power kW with min ⁻¹	Engine Baseline emissions	Silencer replaced	Type <u>Approval</u> identification <u>number</u> of the particulate reduction REC	Reduction Level and REC categoryREC Type and Reduction Level
1	1996 - 2006		1994	12000	185 KW 220 KW 260 KW	Stage A	yes		1/A<u>Type II</u> <u>Level 1</u>
2	1996 - 2006		1994	12000	185 KW 220 KW 260 KW	Stage B	yes		2 / B<u>Type II</u> Level 1
3	1996 - 2006		1994	1200	185 KW 220 KW 260 KW	Stage II	no		1 / B<u>Type II</u> <u>Level 1</u>



GE.10-

Requirements for Level 1 Particulate Reduction REC

1.	Type I, Type II and Type IV REC approved to PM Reduction Level 1 shall provide a reduction efficiency for PM mass of at least [50]% from the engine
	baseline emissions of the test engine as defined in paragraph [] when
	measured using the test procedure(s) set out in Annex 9 and associated with
	the limit values to be achieved
2.	Following installation of the REC, the test engine and REC combination shall
	meet the next higher PM emission stage with respect to the limits of
	Regulation No. 49 or No. 96, as appropriate, based on the engine baseline emissions, as measured using the test procedure(s) set out in Annex 9 and
	associated with the limit values to be achieved.
2.1	For DECs intended for application to because duty vahiales the DM emissions
2.1.	For RECs intended for application to heavy duty vehicles the PM emissions limits to be met are:
0.1.1	
2.1.1.	For engines with baseline PM emissions corresponding to Row A of Tables 1
	and 2 of Regulation No.49 Revision 5, 0.02 g/kWh on the ESC cycle and 0.03 g/kWh on the ETC cycle.
0.1.0	
2.1.2.	For engines with baseline PM emissions corresponding to Row B1 of Tables 1 and 2 of Regulation No.49 Revision 5, 0.02 g/kWh on the ESC and ETC
	cycles.
2.2	
2.2.	For RECs intended for application to non-road mobile machinery and tractors the PM emissions limits to be met are those shown in table 8.4 of this
	Regulation.
2	
3	Following installation of the REC, the test engine and REC combination shall
	meet the requirements of paragraph 8.4 of this Regulation with respect to
	NO ₂ emissions.



GE.10-

Requirements for Level 2 Particulate reduction REC

 Type I, Type II and Type IV REC approved to PM Reduction Level 2 shall provide a reduction efficiency for PM mass of at least [90]% from the engine baseline emissions of the test engine as defined in paragraph [] when measured using the test procedure(s) set out in Annex 9 and associated with the limit values to be achieved
 Following installation of the REC, the test engine and REC combination shall meet the next higher PM emission stage with respect to the limits of Regulation No. 49 or No. 96 as appropriate, based on the engine baseline

	emissions, as measured using the test procedure(s) set out in Annex 9 and
	associated with the limit values to be achieved.
2.1	For RECs intended for application to heavy duty vehicles the PM emissions
2.1.	limits to be met are:
2.1.1.	For engines with baseline PM emissions corresponding to Row A of Tables 1 and 2 of Regulation No.49 Revision 5, 0.02 g/kWh on the ESC cycle and 0.03 g/kWh on the ETC cycle.
2.1.2.	For engines with baseline PM emissions corresponding to Row B1 of Tables 1 and 2 of Regulation No.49 Revision 5, 0.02 g/kWh on the ESC and ETC cycles.
2.2.	For RECs intended for application to non-road mobile machinery and tractors the PM emissions limits to be met are those shown in table 8.4 of this Regulation.

Following installation of the REC, the test engine and REC combination shall meet the requirements of paragraph 8.4 of this Regulation with respect to NO₂-emissions.

Requirements for Level 1 NOx reduction REC					
Requi	tements for Level 1 into a reduction REC				
1.	Type III and Type IV REC approved to NOx Reduction Level 1 shall prov				
	a reduction efficiency for mass of NO _x of at least [50]% from the eng				
	baseline emissions of the test engine as defined in paragraph [] where the set of the s				
	measured using the test procedure(s) set out in Annex10 and associated w				
	the limit values to be achieved.				
2.	Following installation of the REC, the test engine and REC combination sl				
	meet the next higher NOx emission stage with respect to the limits				
	Regulation No. 49 or No. 96, as appropriate, based on the engine basel				
	emissions, as measured using the test procedure(s) set out in Annex 10 a				
	associated with the limit values to be achieved.				
2.1.	For RECs intended for application to heavy duty vehicles the NOx emission				
	limits to be met are:				
2.1.1.	For engines with baseline NOx emissions corresponding to Row A of Tal				
	1 and 2 of Regulation No.49 Revision 5, 3.5 g/kWh on the ESC and E				
	cycle to achieve NOx emissions equivalent to Row B1 of Tables 1 and 2				
	Regulation No.49 Revision 5.				
2.1.2.	For engines with baseline NOx emissions corresponding to Row A of Tab				
	1 and 2 of Regulation No.49 Revision 5, 2.0 g/kWh on the ESC and E				
	cycle to achieve NOx emissions equivalent to Row B2 of Tables 1 and 2				
	Regulation No.49 Revision 5.				
2.1.3.	For engines with baseline NOx emissions corresponding to Row B1				
	Tables 1 and 2 of Regulation No.49 Revision 5, 2.0 g/kWh on the ESC				
	ETC cycles to achieve NOx emissions equivalent to Row B2 of Tables 1 a				
	2 of Regulation No.49 Revision 5.				
2.2.	For RECs intended for application to non-road mobile machinery and tract				
	the NOx emissions limits to be met are those shown in table 8.5 of t				
	Regulation.				

Annex 8 Requirements for Level 2 NOx reduction REC

1.	Type III and Type IV REC approved to NOx Reduction Level 2 shall provide
	a reduction efficiency for mass of NO _x of at least [70]% from the engine
	baseline emissions of the test engine as defined in paragraph [] when
	measured using the test procedure(s) set out in Annex 10 and associated with
	the limit values to be achieved.
2.	Following installation of the REC, the test engine and REC combination shall
	meet the next higher NOx emission stage with respect to the limits of
	Regulation No. 49 or No. 96 as appropriate, based on the engine baseline
	emissions, as measured using the test procedure(s) set out in Annex 10 and
	associated with the limit values to be achieved.
0.1	
2.1.	For RECs intended for application to heavy-duty vehicles the NOx emissions
	limits to be met are:
2.1.1.	For baseline NOx emissions corresponding to Row A of Tables 1 and 2 of
	Regulation No.49 Revision 5, 3.5 g/kWh on the ESC and ETC cycle to
	achieve NOx emissions equivalent to Row B1 of Tables 1 and 2 of
	Regulation No.49 Revision 5.
0.1.1	For baseling NOr emissions compared in to Daw A of Tables 1 and 2 of
2.1.1 .	For baseline NOx emissions corresponding to Row A of Tables 1 and 2 of
	Regulation No.49 Revision 5, 2.0 g/kWh on the ESC and ETC cycle to
	achieve NOx emissions equivalent to Row B2 of Tables 1 and 2 of
	Regulation No.49 Revision 5.
2.1.2.	For baseline NOx emissions corresponding to Row B1 of Tables 1 and 2 of
	Regulation No.49 Revision 5, 2.0 g/kWh on the ESC and ETC cycles to
	achieve NOx emissions equivalent to Row B2 of Tables 1 and 2 of
	Regulation No.49 Revision 5.
2.2.	For RECs intended for application to non-road mobile machinery and tractors
	the NOx emissions limits to be met are those shown in table 8.5 of this
	Regulation

ECE/TRANS/WP.29/20[--/--]

Annex for Euro VI retrofit

ECE/TRANS/WP.29/20[---/--

Annex		Comment [JMY19]: Needs full revio
	f a particulate reduction REC	Comment [JMY20]: This section ne
	•	to be reviewed in detail because of the changes to the regulation structure.
1.	Testing of a particulate reduction REC is performed in a series of stages as follows;	
	 i) Verification of the engine baseline emissions. ii) Determination of emissions with the DEC fitted 	
	ii) Determination of emissions with the REC fitted	
	iii) Determination of the reduction level.	
	iv) Performance of an endurance run.	
	v) Determination of whether the REC regenerates periodically or continuously.	
	vi) Test of the regeneration characteristic (if appropriate).	
	vii) Establishment of the regeneration adjustment factor (if appropriate).	Comment [JM21]: Is order correct? Should regeneration factor, for instance,
	vii) Determination of the NO_2 emissions and of emissions of the other regulated pollutants.	determined before reduction level?
	In Annex <u>8</u> a flow chart outlines the test sequence for particulate reduction REC.	
2	The engine baseline emissions are established by performance of an emissions test procedure on the engine system without the REC in accordance with the requirements of Regulation No.49 or Regulation No.96, as appropriate to the Type Approval level of the base engine.	
3	The particulate <u>emissions reduction level isare</u> determined by performance of an emissions test procedure on the engine system in accordance with the requirements of Regulation No.49 or Regulation No.96, as appropriate to the <u>intended emission level of the candidate system</u> , with the REC fitted in accordance with the requirements of this Regulation.	
4.	The reduction efficiency is determined by measurement of the emissions before and then after fitment of the REC. Emissions are measured over the WHTC for RECs to be applied to heavy-duty engines or over the NRTC for RECs to be applied to NRMM or Tractor engines.	
<u>5</u>	The endurance run shall be performed in accordance with the requirements of Section [9] of this Regulation.	
<u>6</u> .	The regeneration strategy and the regeneration characteristics are established by use of the following procedure. [The emissions of NO_2 and of the regulated pollutants are determined by measurements taken immediately after the tests to establish the regeneration characteristics.]	Comment [JM22]: Would the
<u>6</u> .1.	In order to assess the regeneration performance of a REC at least 25 ETC or WHTC test cycles or 25 NRTC cycles, must be carried out. The test cycle used must be a cycle appropriate to the emissions stage or standard that the REC system is intended to permit the vehicle or machine to meet.	regeneration procedures be best handled an Appendix / Appendices to this Anne:
	The gaseous emissions and the particulate mass, and the particulate number when appropriate, must be measured during at least each fifth test cycle. A separate test of the particulate reduction system is carried out for each family or application range defined in the type approval procedure for the engine with which the REC system is intended to be used. That is, one system test takes place for each application area.	

If the applicant can prove that a particulate reduction system that has been tested for vehicles of category M2 and N vehicles^{1/} is designed for use in the same manner [and will work effectively] on C.I. engines for use in non-road mobile machinery, and the family of test engines used in accordance with the requirements of paragraph [12] is representative for such applications and meets the family criteria of paragraph [14], then the application range for which the system is approved may be extended to C.I. engines for use in non-road mobile machinery. Extending the range of a particulate reduction system that has been approved for use with C.I. engines in non-road mobile machinery to cover on-road applications in the way described in this paragraph is not permitted.

<u>6</u>.2.

A particulate reduction REC is considered to have been proved to have a continuously operating regeneration process if a suitable assessment variable can be regarded as constant over at least 25 applicable test cycles. The particulate emission and the exhaust gas backpressure are regarded as suitable assessment variables for this purpose.

If an applicant wishes to use one or more different assessment variables, he must present a robust technical case to the approval authority in support of his request to do so.

Where a continuously regenerating system as defined above also contains provision for active regeneration, then the assessment criteria defined in paragraph [6.6?] shall be applied.

The PM mass emission and the exhaust gas backpressure are considered constant within the meaning of this regulation where there is a coefficient of variance of less than 15% over 25 test cycles. The exhaust gas backpressure is measured continuously for the purposes of this assessment and the particulate emissions are measured during at least every fifth test cycle.

The coefficient of variance (CoV) is calculated as follows.

Variance =
$$\frac{\text{Standard deviation X (n)}}{\text{Average value X (n)}}$$

with:

Standard deviation =
$$\sqrt{\frac{n \sum x^2 - (\sum x)^2}{n-1}}$$

and:

Average value = $(x_1 + x_2 + \dots + x_n) / n$

where:

n = number of measured values

x = respective single measured value

If an REC manufacturer intends to apply for approval for an REC that can reduce emissions of particulate mass by two subsequent emission stages, then additional verification becomes necessary.

This additional verification required in this case is performed in accordance with the procedure set out in paragraph number 13.2 and paragraph number 15.6, on a test engine selected in accordance with the procedure set out in

Comment [JMY23]: Original crossreferences need to be checked to determ new paragraphs.

<u>6</u>.3.

paragraph 12 on the basis of the final emission level to be achieved by the retrofitted engine.

It will be considered sufficient to perform the additional testing on only one engine family member representative of the application range. For that reason it is permissible to transfer the emission category extension that has been gained by this additional testing to other engine families in the same application range.

The REC used in the additional verification procedure required in order to extend the approval to a further (subsequent) emission category must be from the application range of the basic REC for which the approval was issued. [It must not be a REC which has been approved by extension of the original approval.] If the REC is not from the application range of the basic REC for which the approval was issued and the system is not identical, then a full test for a new type in accordance with this regulation is necessary.

If the scope of application is widened, then the applicant must additionally certify in the letter of application for approval that the REC is also designed and suitable for higher raw emission burdens when used on lower emission level engines.

Test of the regeneration characteristic of a particulate reduction REC for Reduction level 1

Particulate systems achieving Reduction level 1 are subjected to further testing in order to verify their regeneration characteristic.

This further-testing is carried out by loading the system [with particulate matter] until a constant exhaust gas backpressure is reached or over a time period of a maximum of 100 hours [if no constant value for the backpressure has been achieved before that time]. The exhaust gas backpressure is considered constant if, when measured after a period of at least 50 hours, the exhaust gas backpressure does not vary by more than plus or minus 4 mbar within a period of 30 min. The test points of the cycle used for loading the system are to be selected so that a maximum exhaust gas temperature of 180 C at the inlet of the particulate reduction system is not exceeded. The loading of the system with particulate matter is preferably carried out by running the test engine at a constant speed of between 50% and 75% of its rated speed.

After the REC has been loaded with particulate matter until the backpressure is constant, or after a maximum of 100 hours of running to load the system as defined above, regeneration is activated. This can, for example, be activated by running the engine at a higher load mode step so as to increase the exhaust temperature. After completion of the regeneration, exhaust gas measurements are to be taken during at least three appropriate test cycles (That is, three ESC cycles, ETC cycles, WHSC cycles, WHTC cycles, NRSC cycles, or NRTC cycles.) The measured exhaust gas pollutant values shall not deviate from the measured exhaust gas pollutant values before the REC loading procedure by more than 15% for the gaseous emissions or more than 20% for the particulate mass or particulate number emissions.

The manufacturer shall confirm in writing that the maximum temperatures occurring during the regeneration process will not damage or significantly shorten the effective life of the REC.

Comment [JMY24]: Originally this not required for all PM Reduction RECs With the splitting of the Regulation it would not seem appropriate to include it a core requirement.

<u>6</u>.4.

As an alternative to using the loading procedure described above, the manufacturer may provide a particulate reduction REC already loaded to the limit for the regeneration test.

6.5. Assessment criteria for continuously regenerating particulate reduction REC

The REC system test of the particulate reduction REC is considered satisfactory if the reduction-particulate emissionslevel criteria measured as defined in paragraph number 3 are met.

<u>6</u>.5.1. Regulated pollutants

The emissions of the regulated pollutants (CO, HC, PM and NO_x) in the initial condition and in the retrofitted condition shall be within the limit values for the emissions stage or standard for which the engine was originally type-approved. The NO₂ to NO_x ratio for the initial condition and the retrofitted condition is to be recorded and shown in the test report.

The determination of the NO_2 and NO_x mass emissions is to be determined by simultaneous measurement in accordance with section 1.7

6.6. Assessment criteria for periodically regenerating particulate reduction REC

This provision only applies to RECs which utilise active regeneration.

The emissions shall be measured during at least three appropriate hot-start test cycles (That is, three hot-start ESC cycles, ETC cycles, WHSC cycles, WHTC cycles, NRSC cycles, or NRTC cycles.) One of the cycles from which measurements are taken should include a regeneration event on a stabilized REC system. The other two cycles from which measurements are taken should be cycles in which regeneration does not occur. If regeneration takes longer than one test cycle, consecutive test cycles shall be run until regeneration is complete.

The REC manufacturer shall declare the conditions under which the regeneration process normally occurs (the particulate loading, temperature, exhaust back-pressure, or other relevant parameters.). The manufacturer shall also provide the frequency of the regeneration event in terms of the fraction of tests during which the regeneration occurs. The exact procedure used to determine this fraction shall be agreed [with the manufacturer] by the type approval authority on the basis of good engineering judgement. (This frequency fraction is the factor F in the procedure for calculation of [nominal] particulate emissions set out below.)

For a regeneration test, the manufacturer shall provide a particulate reduction REC system that has been loaded with particulate matter. As an option, the manufacturer may run consecutive test cycles [as set out in paragraph 10.4] until the particulate reduction REC is loaded. Emissions measurement is not required on cycles run for the purposes of loading the REC with particulate matter.

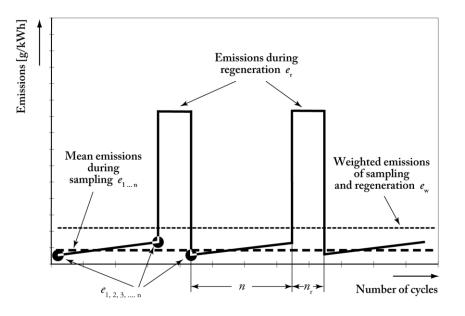
Average emissions between regeneration phases shall be determined from the arithmetic mean of several tests approximately equidistant in terms of the number of unmeasured test cycles between them. As a minimum, at least one test cycle as close as possible prior to a regeneration test and one test cycle immediately after a regeneration test shall be included in the calculation of the arithmetic mean.

During the regeneration test, all the data needed to detect regeneration shall be recorded (CO or NO_x emissions, temperature before and after the REC,

exhaust back pressure, and any other relevant parameters). It is permissible for the applicable emission limits to be exceeded during the regeneration process. The test procedure is shown schematically in figure 1.1.

Figure 1.1:

Scheme of periodic regeneration



The system test of a periodically regenerating particulate reduction REC is considered passed if the [nominal] particulate emissions calculated using the procedure set out below are within the limit set for the reduction level for which the applicant wishes the REC to be approved.

The particulate emissions PM mass (g/kWh) for periodically regenerating systems are determined as follows.

PM mass = PM mass $_{r} x F + (1-F) x PT _{wor}$

Where:

F = frequency of the regeneration event in terms of fraction of tests during which the regeneration occurs [-]

 $PM\ mass\ _{wor} = \qquad \qquad average\ specific\ emission\ from\ a\ test\ in\ which the regeneration does not occur [g/kWh]$

PM mass $_{\rm r}$ = average specific emission from a test in which the regeneration occurs [g/kWh]

The manufacturer may choose, on the basis of good engineering analysis, to calculate either a multiplicative or an additive regeneration adjustment factor kr, expressing the average emission rate, as follows:

 $k_r = PM mass / PM mass_{wor}$ (multiplicative adjustment factor)

or (upward adjustment factor) k _{Ur} = PM mass – PM mass _{wor} or $k_{Dr} = PM mass - PM mass_r$ (downward adjustment factor) If more than two measurements between the regeneration phases are used to determine the emissions, these further measurements must be taken at equal intervals and an arithmetical average taken. <u>6</u>.6.1. Regulated pollutants The emissions of regulated pollutants (CO, HC, PM and NOx) shall be within the limit values for the standard to which the engine was originally type approved, both in the initial condition and in the retrofitted condition. The NO_2 / NO_x ratio for both the initial condition and the retrofitted condition are to be recorded and shown in the test report. The determination of the NO2 - and NOx- mass emissions is to be determined by simultaneous measurement in accordance with section[8?]. <u>6</u>.6.2. Weighted gaseous emissions The emission of gaseous components Mgas (g/kWh) for periodically regenerating systems is determined as follows. Mgas = Mgas $_{\rm r}$ x F + (1-F) x Mgas $_{\rm wor}$ where: F = frequency of the regeneration event in terms of the fraction of tests during which the regeneration occurs [-] Mgas wor = average specific emission from a test in which the regeneration does not occur [g/kWh] Mgs $_{r}$ = average specific emission from a test in which the regeneration occurs [g/kWh] The manufacturer may choose, on the basis of good engineering analysis, to calculate either a multiplicative or an additive the regeneration adjustment factor kr, expressing the average emission rate, as follows: $k_r = Mgas / Mgas_{wor}$ (multiplicative adjustment factor) or (upward adjustment factor) $k_{Ur} = Mgas - Mgas_{wor}$ or k _{Dr} = Mgas - Mgas _r (downward adjustment factor) <u>6</u>.7. Determination of NO2 emissions The testing shall be performed on the test engine selected by the criteria described in paragraph [12]. Selection of the particulate reduction REC for NO2 determination **6**.7.1. The particulate reduction REC to be tested shall be

- a particulate reduction REC with the largest active volume and, if a diesel oxidation catalyst (DOC) is used upstream, the catalytic converter with the largest active surface area and

- the particulate reduction REC containing the maximum total charge of catalytically active materials and maximum platinum charge of the particulate reduction REC within the defined REC family.

The chosen particulate reduction REC shall be fitted in such a way that the shortest distance between the engine and the particulate reduction REC, as specified in the application range for the particulate reduction REC, is achieved,

The particulate reduction REC shall be unloaded and shall not have been run in for longer than 50 hours.

For particulate reduction REC with zone coatings following [additional] provisions must be considered:

The properties of the coated zone of the particulate reduction REC which has the maximum loading of precious metals shall not deviate from those of the other particulate reduction REC within the REC family.

<u>6</u>.7.2. Determination of NO₂ emissions

Three successive test cycles shall be conducted. The emissions shall be determined over all three cycles and averaged. The standard deviation shall not exceed 15%.

The calculation of the NO_x and NO₂ emissions shall be determined for the urban part of the [ETC/ WHTC] for C.I. engines used in vehicles of category M 2 and N $^2.$

For C.I. engines used in non-road mobile machinery $^{1/}$ having an installed net power higher than 18 kW, but not more than 560 kW the calculation of the NO_x and NO₂ emissions shall be determined over the complete NRTC cycle.

- Test Cycles.
- 7.1. In cases where the approval of the engine with which the REC is to be used is an on-road approval (performed in accordance with Regulation No.49) the test cycle to be used for approval of the REC must be the test cycle associated with the emissions stage in Regulation No.49 for which approval of the REC is being sought.
- 7.2. Where the engine is being used in an on-road application and has an approval issued in accordance with the requirements of Regulation No.49, the test cycle to be used for the establishment of the base emissions of the engine must be the test cycle associated with the emissions stage in Regulation No.49 for which the engine has an approval.
- <u>7.3.</u> Where the engine is being used in an on-road application but does not have an approval issued in accordance with the requirements of Regulation No.49, the test cycle to be used for the establishment of the base emissions of the engine must meet one of the following requirements;

a) It is the test cycle associated with the emissions stage in Regulation No.49 for which approval of the REC is being sought, or with a later emissions stage;

<u>7.5.</u> In cases where the approval of the engine with which the REC is to be used is a non-road approval (performed in accordance with Regulation No.96) the

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test cycle to be used for approval of the REC must be the test cycle associated with the emissions stage in Regulation No.96 for which approval of the REC is being sought.

- 7.6. Where the engine is being used in a non-road application and has an approval issued in accordance with the requirements of Regulation No.96, the test cycle to be used for the establishment of the base emissions of the engine must be the test cycle associated with the emissions stage in Regulation No.96 for which the engine has an approval.
- 2.7. Where the engine is being used in a non-road application but does not have an approval issued in accordance with the requirements of Regulation No.96, the test cycle to be used for the establishment of the base emissions of the engine must be the test cycle associated with the emissions stage in Regulation No.96 for which approval of the REC is being sought, or with a later emissions stage.
- <u>7.8.</u> For the purposes of establishing the emissions of NO₂ during tests of a Type I or Type II REC, the specific test cycle defined in paragraph 1.7.2 of this Annex shall be used.

Comment [JMY25]: Needs full revie

Annex 6

Test of a NOx reduction REC

- 1. Testing of a NOx reduction REC is performed in a series of stages as follows;
 - i) Establishment of the engine baseline emissions.
 - ii) Determination of the reduction level.
 - iii) Performance of an endurance run.

iv) Determination of the NO_2 emissions and of emissions of the other regulated pollutants.

In Annex [8] a flow chart outlines the test sequence for NO_x reduction REC.

- 2. The engine baseline emissions are established by performance of an emissions test procedure on the engine system without the REC in accordance with the requirements of Regulation No.49 or Regulation No.96, as appropriate.
- 3. An endurance run is performed in accordance with the requirements of Section <u>9</u> of this Regulation.

The gaseous emissions must be measured during at least each fifth test cycle during the endurance run.

- The reduction level is determined by performance of an emissions test procedure on the engine system in accordance with the requirements of <u>Annex 7 or Annex 8 of Section 8</u>?] this Regulation, as appropriate.
- 5. A separate test of the NO_x reduction system is carried out for each family or application range defined in the type-approval procedure for the engine with which the REC is intended to be used. That is, one system test takes place for each application area.
- 6. If the applicant can prove that a NO_x reduction system that has been tested for vehicles of Category M < 3.5 t or Category N, is designed for use in the same manner [and will work effectively] on C.I. engines for use in non-road mobile machinery, and the family of test engines used in accordance with the requirements of paragraph [5A] is representative for such applications and meets the compliance criteria of [paragraph 11], then the application range for which the system is approved may be extended to C.I. engines for use in non-road mobile machinery.

Extending the range of a NO_x reduction system that has been approved for use with C.I. engines in non-road mobile machinery to cover on-road applications in the way described in this paragraph is not permitted.

7. Regulated pollutants

In the case of an engine type-approved in accordance with the requirements of Regulation No. 49 or Regulation No. 96, the emissions of each of the regulated pollutants (CO, HC, NO_x, and PM) in the initial condition and in the retrofitted condition shall be within the limit values for the emissions stage or standard for which the engine was originally type-approved. The NO₂ to NO_x ratio for the initial condition and the retrofitted condition is to be recorded and shown in the test report.

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8.

In the case of an engine not type-approved in accordance with the requirements of either Regulation No. 49 or Regulation No. 96, the emissions of each of the regulated pollutants (CO, HC, NO_x , and PM) in the initial condition and in the retrofitted condition shall be either,

a) within the limit values for the emissions stage or standard immediately below that for which certification of the REC is sought, or,

b) where certification of the REC is being sought for the lowest emissions stage or standard, within the limit values for that emissions stage or standard.

Determination of emissions of the regulated pollutants and of NO₂.

In order to determine the emissions of the regulated pollutants and NO_2 , three successive test cycles as defined in this paragraph shall be conducted. The emissions shall be determined over all three cycles and averaged. The standard deviation shall not exceed 15%.

In the case of a REC intended for an on-road application, calculation of the regulated pollutants and NO_2 emissions shall be determined for the urban part of the ETC or for one of the additional test cycles identified in paragraph 18.3 of this Regulation.

For C.I. engines used in non-road mobile machinery having an installed net power higher than 18 kW, but not more than 560 kW the calculation of the regulated pollutant and NO₂ emissions shall be determined over the complete NRTC cycle.

- 9. Test cycles.
- 9.1. In cases where the approval of the engine with which the REC is to be used is an on-road approval (performed in accordance with Regulation No.49) the test cycles to be used for approval of the REC must be the test cycle associated with the emissions stage in Regulation No.49 for which approval of the REC is being sought. The REC must, in addition, be shown to achieve the reduction level and the emission limit value associated with the emissions stage in Regulation No.49 for which approval of the REC is being sought when it is tested on either,
 - a) the WHSC or
 - b) the WHDC or
 - c) a test cycle consisting of [5] urban elements of the ETC.
- 9.2. Where the engine is being used in an on-road application and has an approval issued in accordance with the requirements of Regulation No.49, the test cycle to be used for the establishment of the base emissions of the engine must be the test cycle associated with the emissions stage in Regulation No.49 for which the engine has an approval.
- 9.3. Where the engine is being used in an on-road application but does not have an approval issued in accordance with the requirements of Regulation No.49, the test cycle to be used for the establishment of the base emissions of the engine must meet one of the following requirements;

a) It is the test cycle associated with the emissions stage in Regulation No.49 for which approval of the REC is being sought, or with a later emissions stage;

b) It is the WHSC

c) It is the WHDC.

d) It is a test cycle consisting of [5] urban elements of the ETC.

- 9.5. In cases where the approval of the engine with which the REC is to be used is a non-road approval (performed in accordance with Regulation No.96) the test cycle to be used for approval of the REC must be the test cycle associated with the emissions stage in Regulation No.96 for which approval of the REC is being sought.
- 9.6. Where the engine is being used in a non-road application and has an approval issued in accordance with the requirements of Regulation No.96, the test cycle to be used for the establishment of the base emissions of the engine must be the test cycle associated with the emissions stage in Regulation No.96 for which the engine has an approval.
- 9.7. Where the engine is being used in a non-road application but does not have an approval issued in accordance with the requirements of Regulation No.96, the test cycle to be used for the establishment of the base emissions of the engine must be the test cycle associated with the emissions stage in Regulation No.96 for which approval of the REC is being sought, or with a later emissions stage;

Comment [JMY26]: To be reworded after completion of Annexes 5 & 6

Tests of a PM and NO_x reduction REC

- 1. Tests of a PM and NOx reduction REC shall meet the requirements for testing for each of the pollutants set out in [section 15 and section 15A] above.
- 2. Regulated pollutants

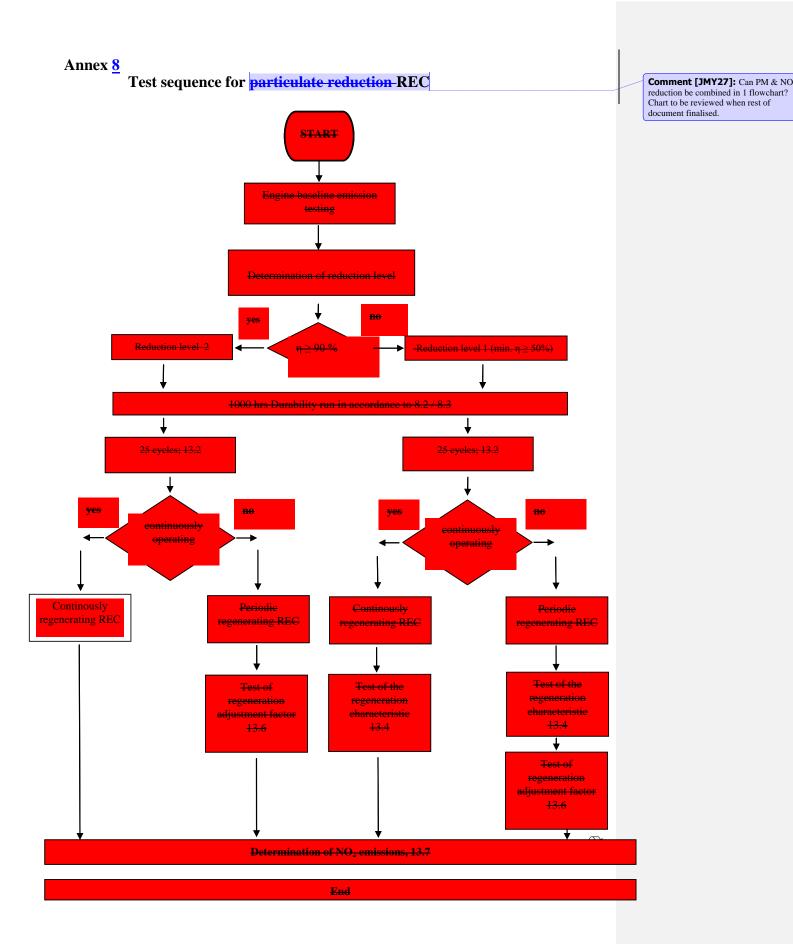
In the case of an engine type-approved in accordance with the requirements of Regulation No. 49 or Regulation No. 96, the emissions of each of the regulated pollutants (CO, HC, NOx, and PM) in the initial condition and in the retrofitted condition shall be within the limit values for the emissions stage or standard for which the engine was originally type-approved. The NO₂ to NOx ratio for the initial condition and the retrofitted condition is to be recorded and shown in the test report.

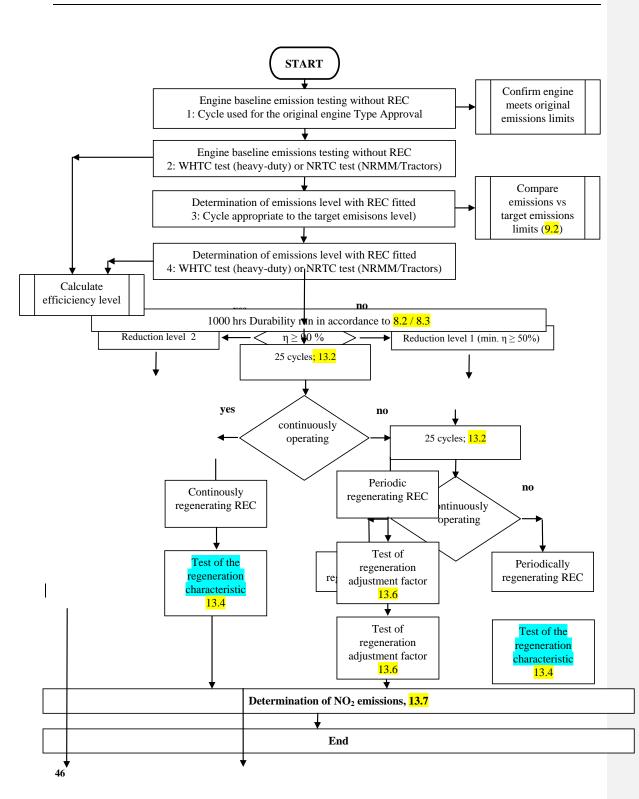
In the case of an engine not type-approved in accordance with the requirements of either Regulation No. 49 or Regulation No. 96, the emissions of each of the regulated pollutants (CO, HC, NOx, and PM) in the initial condition and in the retrofitted condition shall be either,

a) within the limit values for the emissions stage or standard immediately below that for which certification of the REC is sought, or,

b) where certification of the REC is being sought for the lowest emissions stage or standard, within the limit values for that emissions stage or standard.

- 3. Test cycles.
- 3.1. <u>Tests of PM and NO_x reduction REC must be undertaken using test cycles</u> that meet all of the requirements of Annex 5 and Annex 6 of this Regulation.





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[Annex 13 Measurement of secondary emissions]

Moved to paragraph 9.6