ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR EUROPE

INLAND TRANSPORT COMMITTEE

World Forum for Harmonization of Vehicle Regulations (WP.29)

Working Party on General Safety Provisions (GRSG)
(Ninetieth session, 24-28 April 2006, 
agenda item 3.2.)

PROPOSAL FOR A NEW DRAFT GLOBAL TECHNICAL REGULATION CONCERNING 
HAND CONTROLS, TELL-TALES AND INDICATORS PRESENT 
ON CATEGORY 1 AND 2 VEHICLES

Transmitted by the expert from Canada

Note: The text reproduced below was prepared by the expert from Canada. The proposal is 
based on a document without an official symbol (informal document No. GRSG-89-19), 
distributed at the eighty-ninth session of GRSG (TRANS/WP.29/GRSG/68, para. 50), and takes 
into consideration the discussion of previous GRSG sessions.

Note: This document is distributed to the Experts on General Safety Provisions only.
A. STATEMENT OF TECHNICAL RATIONALE AND JUSTIFICATION

I. INTRODUCTION

This proposed global technical regulation (GTR) concerning hand controls, tell-tales and indicators establishes criteria for the accessibility, visibility and recognition of vehicle controls and indicators determined to be critical for safety by GRSG Working Party. The objective of the proposal is to reduce the safety hazards caused by driver distraction. Specifically, the proposal is intended to reduce distractions resulting from an error in control selection or inconsistency in graphical representations of commands from one vehicle to another.

One of the main purposes of this proposal is to standardize and harmonize symbols identifying controls, tell-tales and indicators. It is expected that with standardization, symbol awareness and recognition would become straightforward for the travelling public. A clear advantage of symbols, or pictograms, over wording is that symbols overcome language barriers. Travellers must be able to operate cars safely, even if they cannot understand the language of the country they are visiting. Recognition that is independent of language is necessary in a global automotive market.

For example, the word brake is translated into French by the term frein and into German by the word bremse.

Depending on the cultural and geographical circumstances, the use of the word brake, frein or bremse by manufacturers or Contracting Parties (countries), to warn drivers of a brake shortcoming, could result in different interpretations of the same warning.

Furthermore, some Contracting Parties are jurisdictions where there is more than one official language. In many of those jurisdictions, vehicle safety information must be presented in all official languages. This could result in a requirement to provide a language selection function to drivers or a means to display wording in all official languages, which would be difficult on space-limited dash panels.

Symbols are an efficient way of communicating information to drivers. The consistent use of a selected symbol in all new motor vehicles would increase its recognition. Symbols have the potential to reduce driver confusion and simplify vehicle design. The symbol approach is also likely to be beneficial to those whose vision is poor, as symbols are easier to read than equivalent text.

The symbols set chosen in this global technical regulation is based on the ISO 2575 standard of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO). This set of symbols was selected because it is currently used internationally and is accepted by most manufacturers and Contracting Parties.
II. PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

During the seventy-sixth session of GRSG in June 1999, Canada and the United States of America proposed the development of ECE Regulations regarding hand controls, tell-tales and indicators. The scope of the proposed work included an addendum to the 1958 Agreement Concerning the Adoption of Uniform Technical Prescriptions for Wheeled Vehicles, Equipment and Parts Which Can Be Fitted and/or Be Used on Wheeled Vehicles and the Conditions for Reciprocal Recognition of Approvals Granted on the Basis of These Prescriptions as well as global technical regulations under the 1998 Agreement Concerning the Establishing of Global Technical Regulations for Wheeled Vehicles, Equipment and Parts Which Can Be Fitted and/or Be Used on Wheeled Vehicles.

Work on the global technical regulation was postponed until the one-hundred-and-twenty-sixth session of WP.29 in March 2002, at which the Executive Committee of the 1998 Agreement (AC.3) established the priorities for developing future global technical regulations and WP.29 adopted the Programme of Work for the 1998 Agreement. This Programme of Work included development of a global technical regulation regarding uniform provisions for hand controls, tell-tales and indicators present on category 1 and 2 vehicles.

It has been agreed that there is a need to harmonize the way in which motor vehicle hand controls, tell-tales and indicators are installed and identified, and that the subject is of sufficient importance to warrant the development of a global technical regulation.

III. DISCUSSION OF ISSUES ADDRESSED BY THE GTR (SYMBOLS)

It has been argued that the meaning of some symbols is not immediately clear and that drivers would have to consult the owner's manual to discover their meaning.

However, it is recognized that driving skills need to be learned. Safety symbol recognition should be part of that learning process. By standardizing symbols around the world, the GRSG Working Party will provide driving schools and evaluation organizations with a standard from which it will be possible to educate and test new drivers. The driving population would be informed of the meaning of new symbols as they are added. In fact, it is expected that the global technical regulation itself could improve the communication of safety symbols to the driving public. Contracting Parties have a responsibility to inform their populations of the set requirements.

GRSG Working Party has successfully obtained agreement on most of the criteria for the location, illumination and position of the controls and display. One issue regarding the use of certain symbols remains. To address this issue, the global technical regulation proposal calls for inclusion of a table that will identify 48 functions determined to be essential for safety. Each of these functions will be associated with a symbol. The current global technical regulation defines 21 mandatory symbols based on the ISO standard. This was determined appropriate as all these symbols are already accepted by most Contracting Parties. The remaining 27 safety symbols will need to be selected by the Contracting Parties. Contracting Parties may prescribe the symbols or leave the choice of these 27 symbols to the motor vehicle manufacturers. As
agreements are reached, amendments to the table will be introduced. Until complete agreement on all symbols is achieved, a symbol could mean a pictogram, a word or a group of words.

IV. EXISTING REGULATIONS, DIRECTIVES AND INTERNATIONAL VOLUNTARY STANDARDS

GRSG followed the recommendations of paragraph 4. of TRANS/WP29/2002/882. In the absence of a UNECE Regulation under the 1958 Agreement or a global technical regulation in the compendium of candidate global technical regulations, GRSG has considered the documents listed below:


- U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 49: Transportation; Part 571.101: Controls and displays; and

- Canada Motor Vehicle Safety Regulation No. 101 – Location and identification of controls and displays.

GRSG has also considered the draft UNECE Regulation being developed in the framework of the 1958 Agreement as well as the known voluntary standards on the subject listed in the proposal, specifically:

- ISO 2575-2004/amd.1:2005 – Road vehicles: Symbols for control indicators and tell-tales; and


All known regulations and voluntary standards on the subject of the installation and identification of controls, tell-tales and indicators were considered during development of the draft UNECE Regulation. GRSG has decided to use the documents and standards listed above as the basis for development of the new global technical regulation.

V. REGULATORY IMPACT AND ECONOMIC EFFECTIVENESS

Although this proposal does not specify any measurable threat to vehicle safety, GRSG has agreed that there is a need to harmonize motor vehicle controls, tell-tales and indicators.

Additionally, driver distraction is a significant contributor to incidents involving motor vehicles. Standardizing symbols and controls could reduce driver distraction, resulting in improved safety for all motorists.

Since all 21 symbols prescribed in the global technical regulation are currently accepted by most of the Contracting Parties, the cost is minimal. The global technical regulation would ensure better understanding of safety symbols by drivers around the world.
Defining the installation and identification of controls and displays is of sufficient importance to warrant this global technical regulation. This proposed global technical regulation is a first step. As other symbols are agreed upon, Table 1 will be updated from time to time to prescribe more symbols and to further increase global harmonization.
B. TEXT OF THE REGULATION

1. SCOPE AND PURPOSE

This global technical regulation specifies requirements for the location, identification, colour, and illumination of power driven vehicle hand controls, tell-tales and indicators. The purpose of this global technical regulation is to ensure the accessibility, visibility, and recognition of vehicle controls, tell-tales, and indicators and to facilitate the proper selection of controls under daylight and night-time conditions. The global technical regulation intention is also to reduce the safety hazards that would otherwise be caused by the diversion of the driver's attention from the driving task by mistakes in selecting controls.

2. APPLICATION

This global technical regulation applies to power-driven vehicles of categories 1 and 2 intended for use on the road, with or without bodywork and a maximum design speed exceeding 25 km/h. Contracting Parties may apply this global technical regulation to other categories of vehicles.

3. DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of this global technical regulation

3.1. "Adjacent", with respect to a symbol identifying a control, tell-tale or indicator, means that the symbol is in close proximity to the control, telltale or indicator and no other control, tell-tale, indicator, identification symbol or source of illumination appears between an identification symbol and the control, tell-tale, or indicator which that symbol identifies.

3.2. "Common space" means an area on which more than one tell-tale, indicator, identification symbol, or other message may be displayed but not simultaneously.

3.3. "Control" means the hand-operated part of a device that enables the driver to change the state or functioning of a vehicle or vehicle's subsystem.

3.4. "Device" means an element or an assembly of elements used to perform one or more functions.

3.5. "Indicator" means a device that shows the magnitude of the physical characteristics that the device is designed to sense.

3.6. "Multi-function control" means a control through which the driver may select, and affect the operation of, more than one vehicle function.

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1/ As defined in the Special Resolution No. 1 concerning the common definitions of vehicle categories, masses and dimensions (TRANS/WP.29/1045).
3.7. "Multi-task display" means a display area on which more than one message may be displayed simultaneously.

3.8. "Tell-tale" means an optical signal that, when illuminated, indicates the actuation of a device, a correct or improper functioning or condition, or a failure to function.

4. REQUIREMENTS

A vehicle, if fitted with a control, tell-tale or indicator identified in Table 1, shall meet the prescribed requirements of this global technical regulation respecting the location, identification, illumination, and colour of that control, tell-tale or indicator.

4.1. Location

4.1.1. The controls, listed in Table 1, shall be located so that they are operable by the driver under the conditions set out in paragraph 4.6.2.

4.1.2. The tell-tales and indicators listed in Table 1, and their identification symbols shall be located so that they are visible to a driver under the conditions set out in paragraphs 4.6.1. and 4.6.2., during daylight and nighttime driving. Tell-tales, indicators and their identification symbols need not be visible when not activated.

4.1.3. Except as provided in paragraph 4.1.4., the identification symbols for controls, tell-tales, and indicators shall be placed on or adjacent to the controls, tell-tales or indicators that they identify.

4.1.4. Paragraph 4.1.3. does not apply to multi-function controls, if:

4.1.4.1. the control is associated with a multi-task display, and

4.1.4.2. the associated multi-task display is visible to the driver under the conditions of paragraphs 4.6.1. and 4.6.2., and

4.1.4.3. identifies the control with which it is associated, either graphically or in words, and

4.1.4.4. all of the vehicle systems for which control is possible from the multi-function control are identified on a multi-task display. Sub-functions of those systems need not be shown on the top-most layer of the multi-task display, and

4.1.4.5. does not display telltales listed in Table 1.

[U.S. final rule]
Controls for hazard warning lamps, passing and driving beam headlamps, direction indicators, windscreen demisting/defrosting/washing and for engine off must be always accessible to the driver as primary function of the corresponding control.

Despite paragraphs 4.1.1. to 4.1.4., the tell-tale for the passenger air bag off must be located within the interior of the vehicle and forward of and above the design H-point of the driver's and the front passengers' seats in their forward most seating positions. The tell-tale must be located so as to be visible to the driver and front passengers under daylight and night time driving conditions and must not be located on or adjacent to a surface that may be used for temporary or permanent storage if use of the storage space could obscure the tell-tale from either the driver's or right front passengers' view.

Each control, tell-tale and indicator that is listed in column 1 of Table 1, shall be identified by the symbol specified for it in column 2 of Table 1. No identification symbol is required for any horn (an audible warning signal) control that is activated by a lanyard.

If a symbol is used for identification of a control, tell-tale or indicator not listed in Table 1, it is recommended to use a symbol designated for the purpose in International Standard ISO 2575:2004/Amd.1:2005 Road vehicles – Symbols for controls, indicators and tell-tales.

Supplementary symbols (for example words) may be used in conjunction with any symbol.

Each additional or supplementary symbol used by the manufacturer must not cause confusion with any symbol specified in this global technical regulation.

If the control, indicator or tell-tale for the same function are combined, one symbol may be used to identify that combination.

Except as provided in paragraph 4.2.7., all identification symbols for the tell-tales, indicators and controls must be positioned so as to appear to the driver to be perceptually upright. For rotating controls that have an "off" position, this requirement applies to the control in the "off" position.

The identification symbols for the following need not be positioned so as to appear to the driver to be perceptually upright:

1. a horn control,
4.2.7.2. any control, tell-tale or indicator located on the steering wheel, when the steering wheel is positioned for the power driven vehicle to travel in other than a straight forward direction, and

4.2.7.3. any rotating control that does not have an "off" position.

4.2.8. Identification symbols shall be provided for the control of each function of the automatic vehicle speed system (cruise control) and the heating and air conditioning systems.

4.2.9. When fitted, each control that regulates a system function over a continuous range shall have identification provided for the limits of the adjustment range.

4.2.10. If colour coding is used to identify the limits of the adjustment range of a temperature function or temperature status, the hot limit or status must be identified by the colour red and the cold limit or status by the colour blue. If the limit of a function is shown by a display not adjacent to the control for that function, both the control and the display must be independently identified as to the function of the control, in compliance with paragraph 4.2.1., on or adjacent to the control and on or adjacent to the display.

4.3. **Illumination**

4.3.1. **Timing of illumination**

4.3.1.1. Except as provided in paragraph 4.3.1.3., wherever the word "Yes" is indicated in column 4 of Table 1, the corresponding identification symbol for a control listed in column 1 in Table 1 shall be capable of being illuminated whenever the headlamps are activated. This does not apply to controls located on the floor, floor console, steering wheel, steering column, in the area of the windscreen header, or to those controls for a heating or air-conditioning system that does not direct air directly upon the windscreen.

4.3.1.2. Except as provided in paragraph 4.3.1.3., wherever the word "Yes" is indicated in column 4 of Table 1, the corresponding indicator and its identification symbol shall be illuminated whenever the vehicle’s propulsion system and the headlamps are activated.

4.3.1.3. The indicators, their identifications and the identifications of controls need not be illuminated when the headlamps are being flashed or operated as daytime running lamps.

4.3.1.4. At the manufacturer's option, any control, indicator and their respective identification symbols may be capable of being illuminated at any time.

[In ECE and U.S. final rule]
4.3.1.5. A tell-tale shall emit light when the malfunction or vehicle condition it is designed to indicate occurs. It shall not emit light at any other time, except during a bulb check.

4.3.2. Brightness of illumination regarding controls and indicators

4.3.2.1. Means shall be provided for illuminating the indicators and identification symbols for indicators and controls listed in Table 1, for which the word "Yes" is indicated in column 4 of Table 1, to make them visible to the driver under daylight and night time driving conditions.

4.3.2.2. The means of illumination required by paragraph 4.3.2.1.:  

4.3.2.2.1. shall be adjustable to provide at least two levels of brightness, at the lower of which the indicators and identification symbols for controls and indicators are barely discernible to the driver who has adapted to dark ambient roadway condition; and

4.3.2.2.2. may be operable manually or automatically; and

4.3.2.2.3. may have level of brightness at which those items and identification are not visible.

[U.S. final rule]

4.3.3. Brightness of illumination regarding tell-tales

Means shall be provided for illuminating tell-tales and their identification symbols to make them visible to the driver under daylight and night time driving conditions.

4.4. Colour

4.4.1. Subject to paragraph 4.5.1.6., the light of each tell-tale shall be of the colour specified in column 5 of Table 1.

4.4.2. The colour of indicators, tell-tales and the identification symbols for indicators and controls not listed in Table 1 shall be selected by the manufacturer in accordance with paragraphs 4.4.3 and 4.4.4. The colour selected must not mask or interfere with the identification of any tell-tale, control or indicator specified in Table 1.

4.4.3. Subject to paragraph 4.2.10., colours must be selected in accordance with the following colour code:

[OICA comment]
4.4.3.1. red: danger to persons or very serious damage to equipment is immediate or imminent;

4.4.3.2. yellow or amber: caution, outside normal operating limits, vehicle system malfunction, damage to vehicle likely, or other condition which may produce hazard in the longer term;

4.4.3.3. green: safe, normal operating condition (except if blue or yellow is required by Table 1.).

4.4.4. Each symbol used for the identification of a tell-tale, control or indicator shall be in a colour that stands out clearly against the background.

4.4.5. The filled-in part of any symbol may be replaced by its outline and the outline of any symbol may be filled in.

4.5. Common space for displaying multiple messages

4.5.1. Except as provided in paragraph 4.5.1.3., a common space may be used to show information from any source, subject to the following requirements:

4.5.1.1. The tell-tales and indicators displayed in the common space shall illuminate at the initiation of the condition they are designed to identify.

4.5.1.2. The tell-tale and indicators that are listed in Table 1 and are shown in the common space must illuminate at the initiation of any underlying condition.

4.5.1.3. Except as provided in paragraph 4.5.1.4., when the condition exists for actuation of two or more tell-tales, the information shall be either

(i) repeated automatically in sequence, or

(ii) indicated by visible means and capable of being selected for viewing by the driver under the conditions of paragraph 4.6.2.

4.5.1.4. The tell-tales for the brake system malfunction, air bag malfunction, side air bag malfunction, passenger air bag off, headlamp driving beam, low tyre pressure, direction indicator and seat belt shall not be shown in the same common space.

4.5.1.5. If condition of activation exists for the following tell-tales: brake system malfunction, air bag malfunction, side air bag malfunction, passenger air bag off, low tyre pressure, headlamp driving beam, direction indicator or seat belt,
and they are displayed on a common space with other tell-tale, they must have priority over anything else in the common space.

4.5.1.6. Information displayed in the common space may be cancellable automatically or by the driver, except for the tell-tales of headlamp driving beam, passenger air bag off, low tyre pressure, a direction indicator and those for which the colour red is required by Table 1 shall not be cancellable if the condition exists for their activation.

4.5.1.7. The colour requirements regarding telltales for and telltales for engine oil pressure and parking brake do not apply when those telltales appear in a common space.

4.6. Conditions

4.6.1. The driver has adapted to the ambient light roadway conditions.

4.6.2. The driver, 50th percentile male, is restrained by the installed crash protection system, adjusted in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
Table 1. Symbols identifying controls, tell-tales and indicators

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Column 1</th>
<th>Column 2</th>
<th>Column 3</th>
<th>Column 4</th>
<th>Column 5</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ITEM</td>
<td>SYMBOL</td>
<td>FUNCTION</td>
<td>ILLUMINATION</td>
<td>COLOUR</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 1.  | Master lighting switch  
Tell-tale may not act as the tell-tale for the position (side) lamps. | ![Sun Icon](sun_icon.png) 1/ | Control | Tell-tale 10/ | Yes | Green |
<p>| 2.  | Headlamp passing beams | <img src="headlamp_icon.png" alt="Headlamp Icon" /> 14/ | Control 6/ | Tell-tale | Yes | Green |
| 3.  | Headlamp driving beams | <img src="headlamp_icon.png" alt="Headlamp Icon" /> 1/, 2/ | Control | Tell-tale | Yes | Blue |
| 4.  | Headlamp cleaning device (with separate operating control) | <img src="headlamp_icon.png" alt="Headlamp Icon" /> 14/ | Control | | | |
| 5.  | Direction indicator | <img src="direction_indicator_icon.png" alt="Direction Indicator Icon" /> 1/ 3/ | Control | Tell-tale | Yes | Green |
| 6.  | Hazard warning signal | <img src="hazard_warning_icon.png" alt="Hazard Warning Icon" /> 1/ | Control | Tell-tale 4/ | Yes | Red |
| 7.  | Front fog lamps | <img src="headlamp_icon.png" alt="Headlamp Icon" /> 14/ | Control | Tell-tale | Yes | Green |
| 8.  | Rear fog lamp | <img src="headlamp_icon.png" alt="Headlamp Icon" /> 14/ | Control | Tell-tale | Yes | Yellow |
| 9.  | Fuel level | <img src="fuel_level_icon.png" alt="Fuel Level Icon" /> or <img src="fuel_level_icon.png" alt="Fuel Level Icon" /> | Tell-tale | Yes | Indicator | Yes |
| 10. | Engine oil pressure | <img src="engine_oil_pressure_icon.png" alt="Engine Oil Pressure Icon" /> 5/ | Tell-tale | Yes | Indicator | Yes |
| 11. | Engine coolant temperature | <img src="engine_coolant_temperature_icon.png" alt="Engine Coolant Temperature Icon" /> 5/ | Tell-tale | Yes | Indicator | Yes |
| 12. | Electrical charging condition | <img src="battery_icon.png" alt="Battery Icon" /> | Tell-tale | Yes | Indicator | Yes |
| 13. | Windscreen wiping system (continuous) | <img src="windshield_washer_icon.png" alt="Windshield Washer Icon" /> | Control | Yes | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Column 1 ITEM</th>
<th>Column 2 SYMBOL</th>
<th>Column 3 FUNCTION</th>
<th>Column 4 ILLUMINATION</th>
<th>Column 5 COLOUR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>14.</td>
<td>Power window lock</td>
<td>14/</td>
<td>Control</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15.</td>
<td>Windscreen washing system</td>
<td>[icon]</td>
<td>Control</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>16.</td>
<td>Windscreen washing and wiping system</td>
<td>[icon]</td>
<td>Control</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17.</td>
<td>Windscreen defrosting and defogging system</td>
<td>[icon]</td>
<td>Control</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18.</td>
<td>Rear window defrosting and defogging system</td>
<td>[icon]</td>
<td>Control</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19.</td>
<td>Position, side marker, and/or end-outline marker lamps</td>
<td>[icon]</td>
<td>Control</td>
<td>Yes 6/</td>
<td>Green</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20.</td>
<td>Parking lamps</td>
<td>14/</td>
<td>Control</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Green</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.</td>
<td>Airbag malfunction</td>
<td>14/</td>
<td>Tell-tale</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Red or yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23.</td>
<td>Side airbag malfunction</td>
<td>14/</td>
<td>Tell-tale</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Red or yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24.</td>
<td>Passenger Airbag off</td>
<td>14/</td>
<td>Tell-tale</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25.</td>
<td>Brake system malfunction</td>
<td>7/, 14/</td>
<td>Tell-tale</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>see brake Regulation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26.</td>
<td>Antilock brake system malfunction</td>
<td>7/, 14/</td>
<td>Tell-tale</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27.</td>
<td>Regenerative brake system malfunction</td>
<td>7/, 14/</td>
<td>Tell-tale</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28.</td>
<td>Antilock brake system malfunction in tow vehicle</td>
<td>7/, 14/</td>
<td>Tell-tale</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29.</td>
<td>Antilock brake system trailer fault</td>
<td>7/, 14/</td>
<td>Tell-tale</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30.</td>
<td>Low brake air/fluid pressure</td>
<td>7/, 14/</td>
<td>Tell-tale</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31.</td>
<td>Low brake fluid condition</td>
<td>7/, 14/</td>
<td>Tell-tale</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32.</td>
<td>Parking brake applied</td>
<td>7/, 14/</td>
<td>Tell-tale</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Red</td>
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<tr>
<td>33.</td>
<td>Speedometer</td>
<td>km/h and mph (upper or lower case) 11/12/</td>
<td>Indicator</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>34.</td>
<td>Horn</td>
<td>[icon]</td>
<td>Control</td>
<td></td>
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<td>No.</td>
<td>ITEM</td>
<td>SYMBOL</td>
<td>Column 3</td>
<td>Column 4</td>
<td>Column 5</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>35.</td>
<td>Engine on-board diagnostics or engine malfunction</td>
<td>14/</td>
<td>Tell-tale</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36.</td>
<td>Diesel pre-heat</td>
<td>14/</td>
<td>Tell-tale</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37.</td>
<td>Choke (cold starting device)</td>
<td>14/</td>
<td>Control</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Tell-tale</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
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<tr>
<td>38.</td>
<td>Air Conditioning System</td>
<td></td>
<td>Control</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39.</td>
<td>Automatic transmission (park) (reverse)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Indicator</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>control (neutral) (drive)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>40.</td>
<td>Engine Start</td>
<td>9/, 14/</td>
<td>Control</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41.</td>
<td>Engine Stop</td>
<td>9/, 14/</td>
<td>Control</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42.</td>
<td>Brake lining wear-out condition</td>
<td>7/, 14/</td>
<td>Tell-tale</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43.</td>
<td>Heating system</td>
<td>14/</td>
<td>Control</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44.</td>
<td>Heating and/or air conditioning fan</td>
<td></td>
<td>Control</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45.</td>
<td>Headlamp levelling</td>
<td>14/</td>
<td>Control</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46.</td>
<td>Odometer</td>
<td>km, if kilometres are shown or miles, if miles are shown</td>
<td>Indicator</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47.</td>
<td>Tyre malfunction (e.g. low tyre pressure)</td>
<td>14/</td>
<td>Tell-tale</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48.</td>
<td>Automatic vehicle speed (cruise control)</td>
<td>14/</td>
<td>Control</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1/ Framed areas of the symbol may be solid.
2/ The number of parallel lines in the symbol may be 4 or 5.
3/ The pair of arrows is a single symbol. When the controls or tell-tales for left and right turn operate independently, however, the two arrows may be considered separate symbols and be spaced accordingly.
4/ Not required when arrows of turn signal tell-tales that otherwise operate independently flash simultaneously as hazard warning tell-tale.
5/ Combination of the engine oil pressure symbol and the engine coolant temperature symbol in a single tell-tale is permitted.
6/ Separate identification not required if function is combined with master lighting switch.
If a single tell-tale is used to indicate more than one brake system condition, the brake system malfunction symbol must be used.

Letter "D" may be replaced or supplemented by other alphanumeric character(s) or symbol(s) chosen by the manufacturer to indicate additional selection modes. The indicators shall be displayed top to bottom or left to right.

Use when engine control is separate from the key locking system.

Not required if instrument panel lights are lit automatically on activation of the master lighting switch.

Digital speedometers that switch between kilometres per hour and miles per hour are allowed if the unit of measure is identified.

The analogue speedometer scale intervals shall increase in a clockwise direction. Major graduations and numerals shall appear at 10 or 20 kilometre per hour intervals and corresponding minor graduations at 5 or 10 kilometre per hour intervals. In vehicles manufactured for countries where imperial units are used, the speedometer shall be marked in mph (miles per hour). Major graduations and numerals shall appear at 10 mile per hour intervals and corresponding minor graduations at 5 mile per hour intervals.

The required text identification must be displayed in lowercase letters.

The choice of the symbol identifying the control, tell-tale or indicator is based on the determination by each Contracting Party. Contracting Party may leave the choice of the symbol to the motor vehicle manufacturers.