



EURASIAN ECONOMIC COMMISSION



Eurasian Economic Commission (EaEC) was established on the basis of EEC Treaty of November 18, 2011. It is a single permanent executive regulatory body of the Customs Union (CU) and Common Economic Area (CEA).



The main task is providing conditions for functioning and developing of CU and CEA, as well as working out of proposals in the sphere of economic integration at CU and CEA level.



The commission operates within the limits of its authority as stipulated by:

- EaEC Treaty;
- international treaties that form international treaty framework of CU and CEA ;
- decisions of the Supreme Eurasian Economic Council (SEEC) in the spheres, defined in clause 3 of the EEC Treaty.



Questions under the supervision of the Commission:

- ✘ customs tariff and non-tariff regulation;
- ✘ customs administration;
- ✘ technical regulation;
- ✘ sanitary, veterinary and phytosanitary measures;
- ✘ crediting and distribution of import customs duties;
- ✘ establishment of trade conditions in regard to the third countries;
- ✘ foreign and mutual trade statistics.



New questions, resulting from the contractual framework adopted on January 1, 2012 and directed to Common Economic Area formation (*17 agreements*):

- ✘ macroeconomic policy;
- ✘ competition policy;
- ✘ industrial and agricultural subsidies;
- ✘ energy policy;
- ✘ natural monopolies;
- ✘ state and/or municipal purchases ;
- ✘ mutual trade in services and investments;



New questions, resulting from the contractual framework adopted on January 1, 2012 and directed to Common Economic Area formation (17 agreements):

- ✗ transport and shipping operations;
- ✗ monetary policy;
- ✗ protection of intellectual activities results and means of individualization of manufactures, works and services;
- ✗ labour migration;
- ✗ financial markets (banking sector, insurance field, currency market, stock market)
- ✗ other fields.



The Commission structure

The Commission consists of Commission Council and Commission Board.

The Commission has a right to form within the scope of its activity:

- ✘ structural units (Commission departments);
- ✘ Commission representation in the Parts;
- ✘ Commission representation in the third countries and their unions, as well as at international organizations (by the decision of the Supreme Eurasian Economic Council on the highest level).

The Commission is a legal entity.



- ✘ The Commission Council exercises general regulation of integration processes in CU and CEA, as well as general management of Commission activities.

- ✘ The Commission Council consists of one representative from each Part who is a deputy Prime-Minister.



Members of Eurasian Economic Commission Council:

The Republic of
Belarus

The Republic of
Kazakhstan

The Russian
Federation

Rumas Sergey

Kelimbetov
Kayrat

Shuvalov Igor



- ✘ The Commission Board is the executive body of the Commission that works out proposals in the sphere of further economic integration at CU and CEA level.
- ✘ The Commission Board consists of 9 members, 3 members from each side, one of whom holds the post of the Commission Board Chairman.



From the Republic of Belarus:

- ✘ The Member of Board (Minister) for industrial and agricultural complex:
Sidorsky Sergey
- ✘ The Member of Board (Minister) for customs cooperation:
Goshin Vladimir
- ✘ The Member of Board (Minister) for technical regulation questions:
Koreshkov Valery



From the Republic of Kazakhstan:

- ✘ The Member of Board (Minister) for energy and infrastructure:
Akhmetov Danial
- ✘ The Member of Board (Minister) for competition and antimonopoly regulation:
Aldabergenov Nurlan
- ✘ The Member of Board (Minister) for financial policy
Suleymenov Timur



From the Russian Federation:

- ✘ The Board Chairman:
Khristenko Victor
- ✘ The Member of Board (Minister) for integration and macroeconomics:
Valovaya Tatjana
- ✘ The Member of Board (Minister) for trade:
Slepnev Andrey



- ✘ The Members of Board work on permanent basis in the Commission . The Members of Board are independent of state bodies and officials of the Parts when fulfilling their official duties, and can't be requested or be advised by state bodies or officials of the Parts.
- ✘ The Members of Board are appointed for 4 years with possible service prolongation by the decision of the Supreme Eurasian Economic Council on the level of Presidents.



Advisory bodies

- ✘ In order to provide effective functioning of CU and CEA the Commission has a right to establish advisory bodies for holding consultations and decision-making within its competence.
- ✘ The Commission Board advisory bodies consists of authorized representatives of the Parts' executive authorities.

The main Commission functions

- ✘ The Commission has a right to request information that is necessary for exercising its duties, from the Part's authorities, legal persons and individuals (*clause 6 of the EaEC Treaty*)
- ✘ provides execution of the international agreements, forming the international treaty framework of CU and CEA, monitors and controls their fulfillment;
- ✘ arranges work for improving of CU and CEA normative legal base;
- ✘ exercises drafting of integration proposals within the frame of CU and CEA, including working out and executing of main integration trends;
- ✘ makes decisions and gives recommendations;



The main Commission functions

- ✘ monitors and controls the Parts' execution of Commission decisions;
- ✘ sends the Parts mandatory notifications concerning elimination of breaches in international treaties and Commission decisions execution;
- ✘ works out recommendations concerning the questions of CU and CEA formation, functioning and development;



The main Commission functions

- ✘ assists the Parts in disputes settlement within the frame of CU and CEA before addressing the Court of the Eurasian Economic Community;
- ✘ ensures the representation of Commission interests at judicial instances, including the Court of the Eurasian Economic Community;
- ✘ performs within its authority the cooperation with state bodies;
- ✘ works out draft treaties and other documents necessary for fulfillment of Commission authorities.



Commission decisions

- ✘ Commission within its authority makes decisions, which are binding for the Parts and gives recommendations of non-binding nature.
- ✘ Commission decisions and recommendations are made by the Commission Council and Board.
- ✘ Delimitation of authorities and functions of the Commission Council and Board are defined by the EEC Treaty and CEA Rules of procedure (*approved by the Supreme Eurasian Economic Council Decision of November 18, 2011 No. 1*).



- ✘ Commission decision-making is carried out upon voting of the members of the Commission Council or Board.
- ✘ Votes are distributed in the following way: one vote of the Commission Council or Board member is considered as one vote.



- ✘ The Commission Council makes decisions by consensus.
- ✘ In case when the consensus isn't reached the question at the suggestion of any Commission Council member is transferred under consideration of the Supreme Eurasian Economic Council.



The Commission Board makes decisions and gives recommendations by consensus voting or by special two-thirds majority of the Commission Board aggregate membership.

Commission decisions constitute CU and CEA international treaty framework and are applied within the Parts' territories.



- ✘ Commission decisions are subject to publishing in the official Commission site in the Internet.
- ✘ The publication date of the Commission decision in the Internet official Commission site is considered to be the official publication date of the decision in question.
- ✘ Commission decisions come into force not earlier than upon the expiry of 30 calendar days from the official publication date.
- ✘ In exceptional cases – the alternate date, but not earlier than within 10 calendar days from the official publication date.



Revocation of Commission decisions

- ✘ Any Part or any Commission Council member has a right to submit proposal of its revocation or alternation of the Commission decision.
- ✘ The proposal of the Commission decision revocation or alternation may be introduced into the Commission by the Part or by a Council member within 10 calendar days from the decision-making date.
- ✘ The proposal is to be submitted in written form with the motivation of the decision revocation or alternation.
- ✘ In case of Board decision revocation the Council makes a decision to revoke a Board decision.



- ✘ The Part not agreed with the Commission Council decision, can send a letter signed by the head of Government to the Commission with the proposal to bring a matter, initiated for revoking or altering, before the Supreme Eurasian Economic Council not later than within 30 calendar days from the official publication date.
- ✘ The Commission Board decision, that the Part initiates for revoking or altering, doesn't come into force till the date when the Supreme Eurasian Economic Council discusses it and makes a consensus decision.



Commission draft decisions

Consideration of questions, decision-making that are in the Commission sphere, can be initiated by:

- ✘ Commission Council or Board members;
- ✘ Authorized government bodies of the Parts.



The agenda of the **Council** meeting includes questions suggested by:

- ✘ any Commission Council member;
- ✘ the Commission Board Chairman in accordance with the Board decision.

Questions into the Board meeting agenda are included if they are proposed by:

- ✘ the Council;
- ✘ a Council member;
- ✘ the Board Chairman or a Board member.



Procedure for the preparation of international contracts or Commission decisions

1. Formation of working groups with the assistance of Parts' experts and department officers.
2. Commission organization and holding of working groups meetings.
3. Commission provision of recording of negotiation process results.
4. Summary of Parts' proposals and remarks following the results of domestic harmonization of Commission draft contracts and draft decisions.
5. Commission preparation of draft decisions necessary for carrying out the Parts' domestic procedures and signing of international treaties, as well as their presenting for the Supreme Eurasian Economic Council consideration.



Thank you for your attention
The Member of Board -
Minister for customs
cooperation
V. Goshin