SDG statistics in Voluntary National Reviews: Practical Suggestions for Statistical Annexes 2018

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2030 Agenda for SD – Global mechanism

HLPF

UN General Assembly

Voluntary National Reviews (VNR)

Thematic Reviews
incl. Financing / Means of Impl.

Thematic platforms, processes, agencies, commissions, etc.
e.g. Financing for Dev., CSW, CFS...

Regional Reviews
Vary according to region, e.g. peer reviews, thematic reviews
Aggregation of information and data

National Reports
National strategies for sustainable development
Data collection + monitoring

Presidency: CZECH REPUBLIC

- Strengthening coherence and effectiveness of humanitarian response
- Joint event on the transition from relief to development

ECOSOC / HLPF Timeline / Structure 2017 – 2018 Cycle

General Assembly / HLPF
Every 4 years HLPF under GA. Next Meeting in 2019

High-level Segment
16-19 July 2018

HLPF 3 days
16-18 July 2018

CMM
24-25 July 2018

July 2017 – July 2018 Cycle

CMM
12-14 June 2018

Humanitarian Segment
19–21 June 2018

CMM
2-3 July 2018

June

July

ECOSOC branch, UNDESA
Sustainable Development Division, UNDESA
Financing for Development Office, UNDESA
Humanitarian Division, OCHA

- HLS (mandate 68/1): HLPF Ministerial, HL dialogue with IFIs, thematic discussion + DCF every 2 years
- Outcome: Ministerial Declaration
- Oversight of ECOSOC system
- Residual issues of elections etc. from April meeting, organisation and programme of work for 2017
- Promote youth issues throughout ECOSOC work
- Promote multistakeholder implementation
- System-wide coherence in implementation of operational activities
- QCPR follow-up
- Promote partnership issues in ECOSOC’s work
- Involve partners in ECOSOC issues
- Promote multi-stakeholder implementation
- Follow-up to Monterrey/Doha
- Review of trends in finance, economics and trade

Multi-Stakeholder Forum on Science, Technology and Innovation (AAAA)
5–6 June 2018

Special Meeting on int. cooperation in tax matters
18 May 2018

Integration Segment
1-3 May 2018

May

April

Financing for Development Forum (AAAA)
23-26 April 2018

Partnerships Forum
4 April 2018

May 2018

Operational Activities Segment
27 February – 1 March 2018

Youth Forum
30-31 January 2018

March

Feb

June

- Balanced integration of the 3 dimensions of SD
- Consolidate the inputs of functional, regional commissions / intergovernmental bodies
- bring together the key messages from the Council system on the main theme and develop action-oriented recommendations for follow-up.
47 countries will conduct voluntary national reviews (VNRs), e.g. Albania, Armenia, Australia, Benin, Canada, Colombia, Egypt, Ireland, Laos, Lebanon, Mali, Mexico, Niger, DRC, Romania, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Switzerland, UAE, Vietnam

https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/hlpf/#vnrs
Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all

Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all

Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable

Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns

Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss

Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development
Regional Preparatory Meetings

ECE
1-2 March, Geneva

ESCAP
28-30 March, Bangkok

ECLAC
18-20 April, Santiago

ESCWA
24-26 April, TBC

ECA
TBC
Voluntary common reporting guidelines for VNRs
https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/content/documents/17346_Updated_Voluntary_Guidelines.pdf

- VNRs are an important element of the review process
- VNRs should be rigorous and informed by indicators of high quality and country-led evaluation
- VNRs' guidelines provide a framework for certain common elements within the report and for comparability while allowing for flexibility so countries can adapt their own initiatives
- VNRs are available online and look different
- Implementation is more important than the report
Guidelines / Statistical annex: Countries may include an annex with data, using the global Sustainable Development Goal indicators and adding priority indicators identified at the regional and national levels where appropriate. They may highlight whether statistics were collected from the national statistical system and pinpoint major gaps in official statistics on indicators.
At national level in Switzerland the monitoring of the SDGs is ensured by the “MONET” - system of sustainable development indicators. It has been extended to monitor the Swiss targets of the 2030 Agenda. These indicators, published online and regularly updated, feed into national and international reports on the implementation of the Agenda by Switzerland.
### Example

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SDG-Target: 1.2</th>
<th>By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>national and international</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Objective (national)</td>
<td>Poverty in Switzerland decreases.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basis for the objective</td>
<td>Planning of legislative period 2015–2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relation of the objective to target</td>
<td>Objective does not contain a numeric value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Does the objective cover the target?</td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Indicator Switzerland | Prevalence of level/rate of poverty | Published by NSO (MONET)  
Source: NSO  
Same as IAEG-Indicator |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| SDG IAEG Indicator    | 1.2.1 Proportion of population living below the national poverty line, by sex and age  
1.2.2 Proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions | Remarks:  
1.2.1 und 1.2.2: The indicators are available and relevant for the objective. |
Poverty rate

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>7% of the population lived below poverty level in 2016.</th>
<th>«Definition pf poverty»</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minus 3.4 %points between 2007 and 2013</th>
<th>Target 1.2: Poverty in Switzerland decreases in the long term.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
Statistical annex contains:

- introductory text
- list of 85 indicators selected for the national monitoring

Link to website:

English: not yet complete

French:
Thank you for your attention!

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