How to integrate a gender perspective in the national monitoring of the Sustainable Development Goals?

Vincent Willi (FSO), UNECE Work Session on Gender Statistics, Neuchâtel, 2019.05.16
The 2030 Agenda in the Swiss Context

The Swiss Federal Council decided on 18 December 2015 to implement the 2030 Agenda development and to regularly report at international level for sustainable development:

- 2030 Agenda became an important political framework for Switzerland.
- The existing indicator system for sustainable development (MONET) has to be used as a tool for the monitoring of the implementation of the 2030 Agenda in Switzerland.
2030 Agenda: national vs international dimension

National Dimension

- Implementation in Switzerland → SDGs contextualisation
- Indicators selection for the translated targets
- Monitoring with MONET 2030 (= MONET extension)

International Dimension

- Global implementation by High-Level Political Forum (HLPF)
- 232 global Indikators (IAEG Indikatoren)
- Yearly Monitoring by UNSD
Collaboration between the statisticians and the policy-makers

• Culture of dialogue, cooperation and co-construction
• Pre-defined rules of the game
• Clearly defined processes and well documented decisions
• Respect of the specific role of each actor (in our case the independency and the neutrality of official statistics)
• Shared knowledge and skills
• Large and robust statistical basis (surveys, data, accounting frameworks, methods)

→ the Toolbox
Selection Criteria

- Relevance
- Availability
- Compliance with quality requirements

Scientific soundness
Parsimony and complementarity
Communication

→ Ensure quality, transparency and independence of official statistics while working with policy-makers
Indicator typology

Satisfaction of needs, well-being

Distribution

Input/Output

Efficiency

Response

Capital stocks

Social

Human

Economic

Natural
Example of the use of the indicator typology

Responsible consumption and production

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<th>I/O</th>
<th>Efficiency</th>
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Total municipal waste generation

Material footprint per person

Environmental behaviour in everyday life / by sex
Results: Indicators measuring the gender perspective in MONET 2030

- Teaching staff at higher education institutions, share of women
- Wage gap between women and men
- Domestic violence
- Time spent on professional activity and on domestic work
- Women in National Council and in cantonal parliaments
- Professional position by sex
- Wage gap between women and men
- Women’s employment rate
Results: Indicators disaggregated by sex

- Poverty rate
- Fruit and vegetable consumption
- Years of potential life lost
- Suicide rate
- Heavy alcohol consumption
- Smoking rate
- Participation in continuing education
- Young people neither in employment nor in training
- Youth unemployment
- Risk of poverty by immigration status
- Environmental behaviour in everyday life
- Assessment of dangers associated with climate change
- Violent offences
- Victims of discrimination
Dissemination

• Online at www.monet2030.admin.ch

• In Switzerland’s 2018 voluntary national review for HLPF

• In a booklet presenting 23 key indicators
Thank you for your attention!