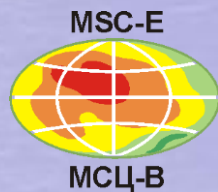


# Heavy metal and POP pollution: Dissemination of output information

Oleg Travnikov on behalf  
of MSC-E and CCC

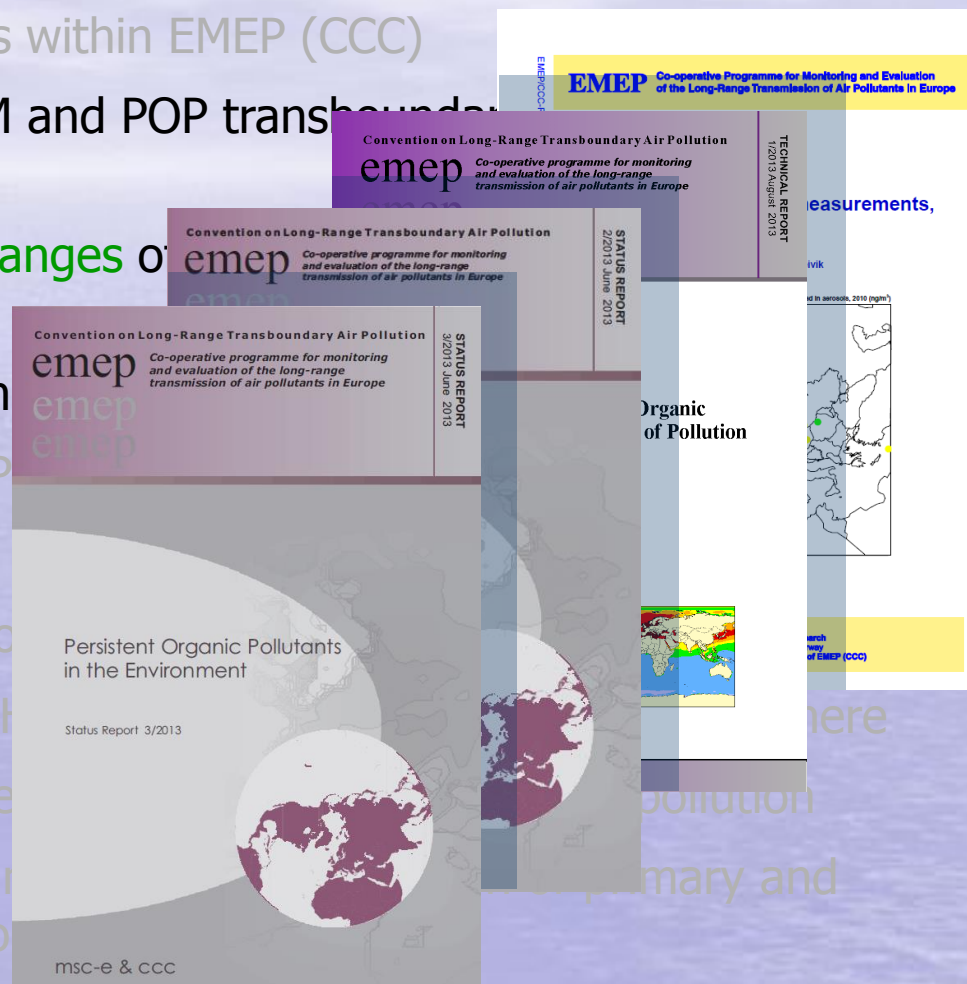


# EMEP activities on HMs and POPs in 2013

- **Monitoring** of HMs and POPs within EMEP (CCC)
- **Operational modelling** of HM and POP transboundary pollution within EMEP region
- Assessment of **long-term changes** of POPs transboundary pollution (1990-2011)
- National/local scale pollution assessment – **Case studies**
- **Quality analysis** of HM and POP assessment results
- Research and development:
  - ❖ Further development of **GLEMOS** multi-scale modelling system
  - ❖ Model study of major **Hg oxidation processes** in the atmosphere
  - ❖ Assessment of the role **secondary emissions** in POP pollution
  - ❖ Application of **inverse modelling** for evaluation of primary and secondary emission sources
- **Co-operation** with national experts, international organizations and programmes

# EMEP activities on HMs and POPs in 2013

- Monitoring of HMs and POPs within EMEP (CCC)
- **Operational modelling** of HM and POP transboundary in EMEP region
- Assessment of **long-term changes** of HMs and POPs (1990-2011)
- National/local scale pollution
- Quality analysis of HM and POPs
- Research and development:
  - ❖ Further development of monitoring networks
  - ❖ Model study of major HMs and POPs
  - ❖ Assessment of the role of HMs and POPs in climate change
  - ❖ Application of inverse modelling to estimate primary and secondary emission sources
- **Co-operation** with national experts, international organizations and programmes





# MSC-E publications on HMs and POPs

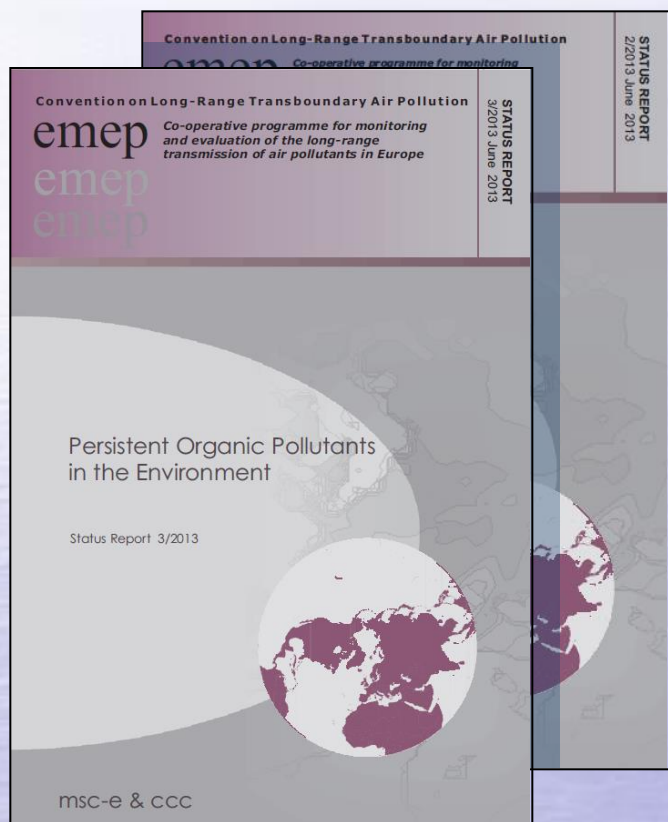
## Peer-reviewed publications:

- Gusev A., MacLeod M., Bartlett P. (2012) Intercontinental transport of persistent organic pollutants: a review of key findings and recommendations of the task force on hemispheric transport of air pollutants and directions for future research. *Atmospheric Pollution Research* 3, 463-465
- Shatalov V., Johansson J.H., Wiberg K., Cousins I.T. (2012) Tracing the origin of dioxins in Baltic air using an atmospheric modeling approach. *Atmospheric Pollution Research* 3, 408-416
- Goodsite M.E., Outridge P.M., Christensen J.H., Dastoor A., Muir D., Travnikov O., Wilson S. (2013) How well do environmental archives of atmospheric mercury deposition in the Arctic reproduce rates and trends depicted by atmospheric models and measurements? *Science of The Total Environment* 452–453, 196–207
- Batrakova N., Travnikov O., Rozovskaya O., Sprovieri F. (2013) Chemical and physical transformations of mercury in the ocean: a review. *Ocean Science*, submitted

# New format of Status Report

*In accordance with recommendations of EMEP Bureau*

## MSC-E Status Reports 2013



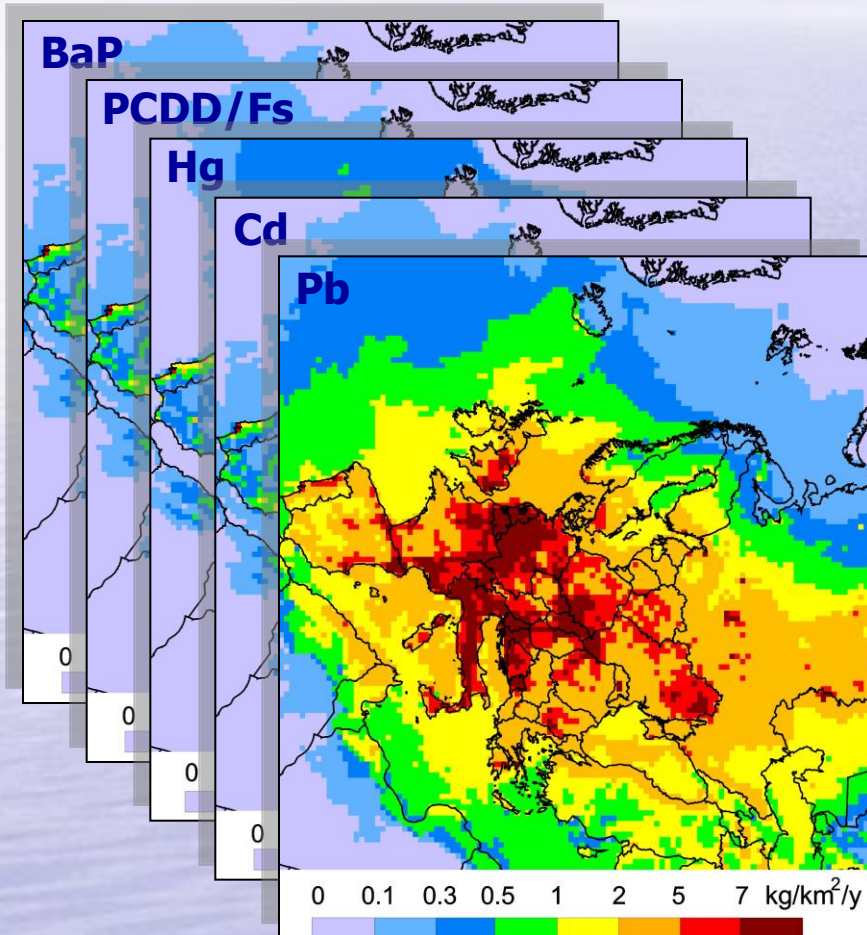
### Main topics:

1. EMEP contribution to HM and POP Protocols
2. Pollution assessment in the EECCA countries
3. Country-specific information
4. Dissemination of information

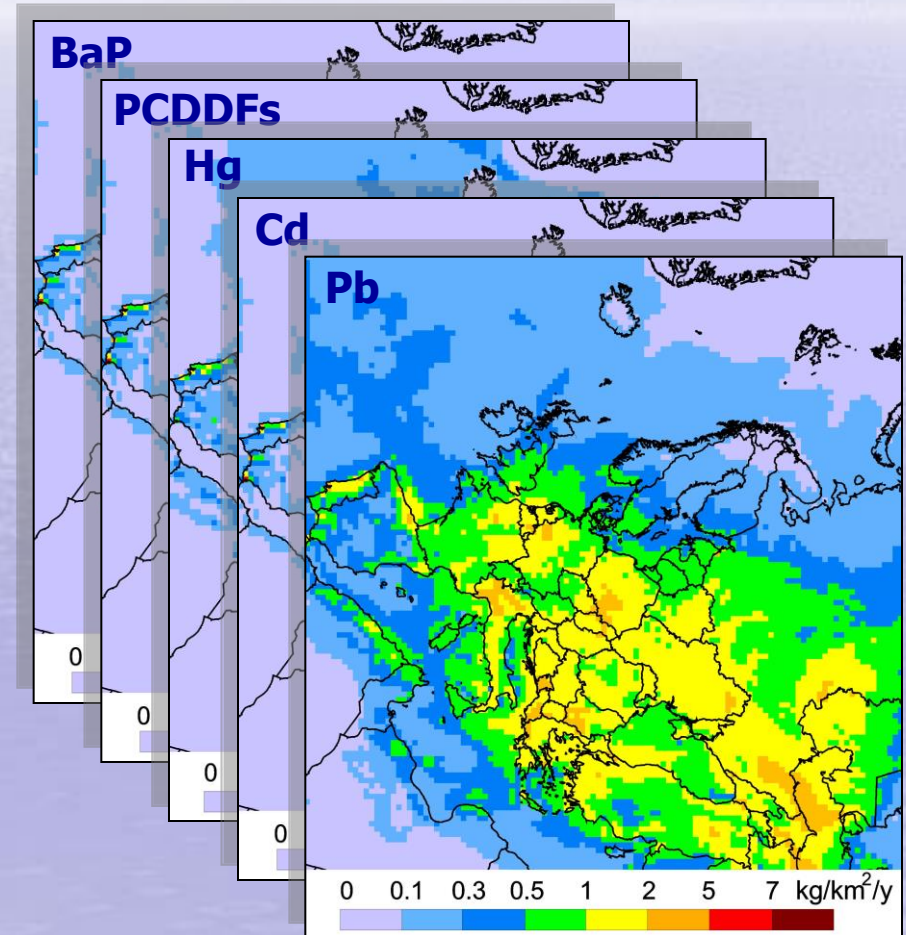
# EMEP contribution to HM and POP Protocols

Spatial distribution of heavy metal and POP pollution levels (1990-2011)

1990



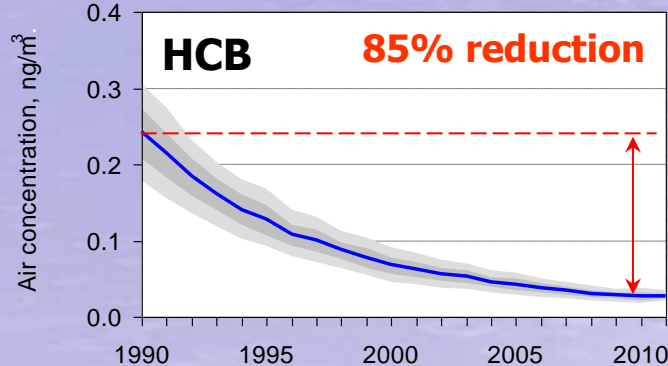
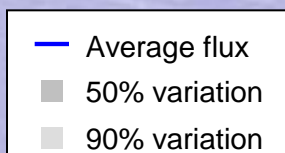
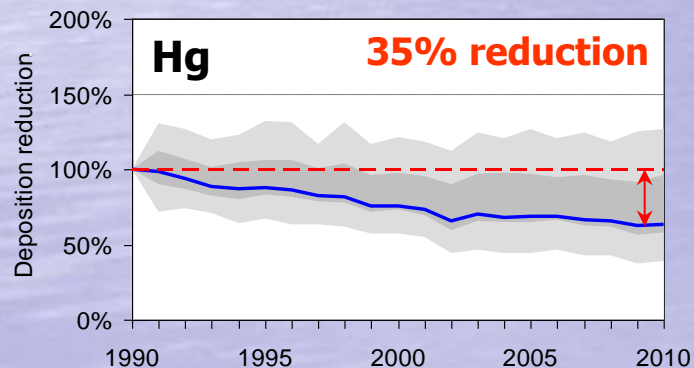
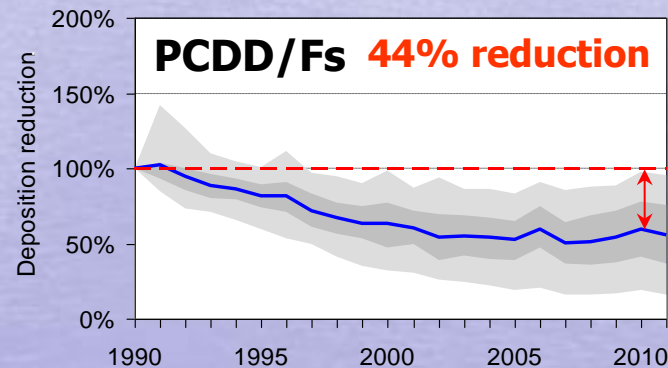
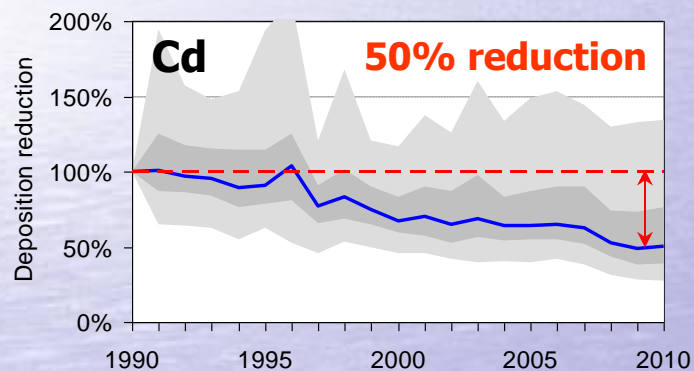
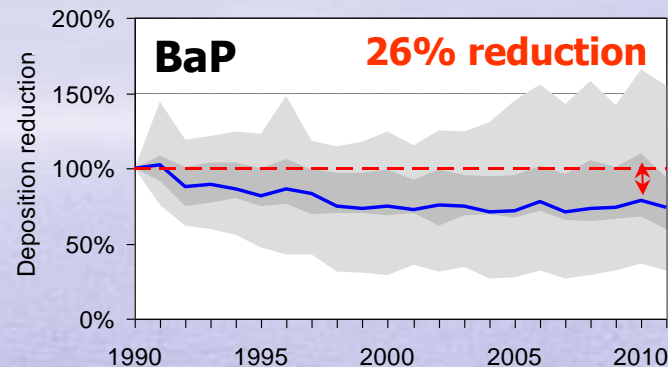
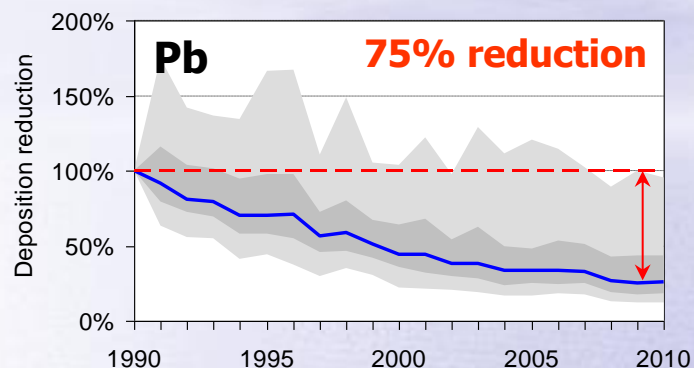
2011





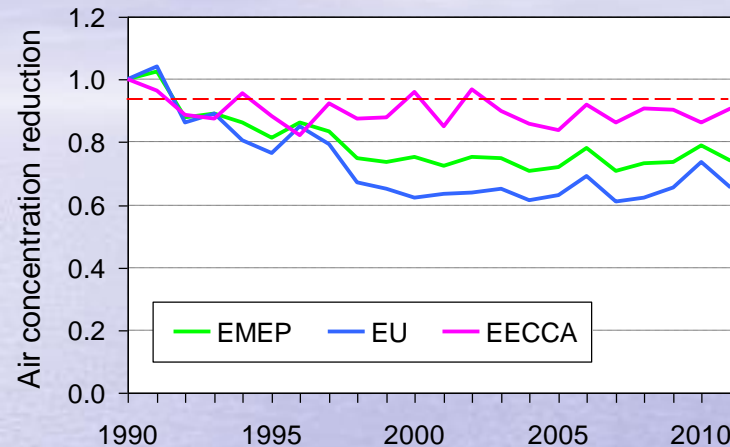
# Long-term trends of HM and POP pollution

Reduction of heavy metal and POP deposition in EMEP countries (1990-2011)



# Long-term trends of HM and POP pollution

Reduction of B[a]P air concentration in different groups of countries



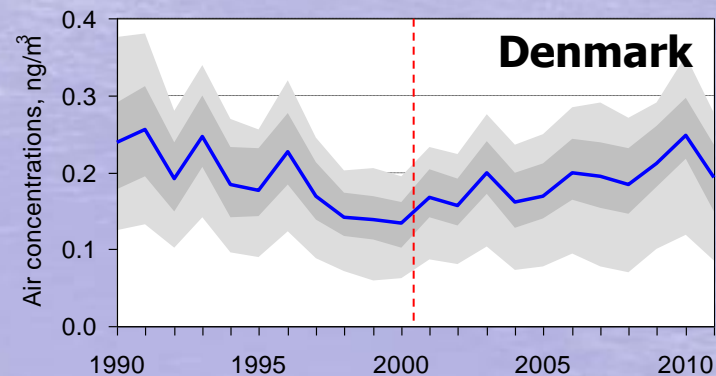
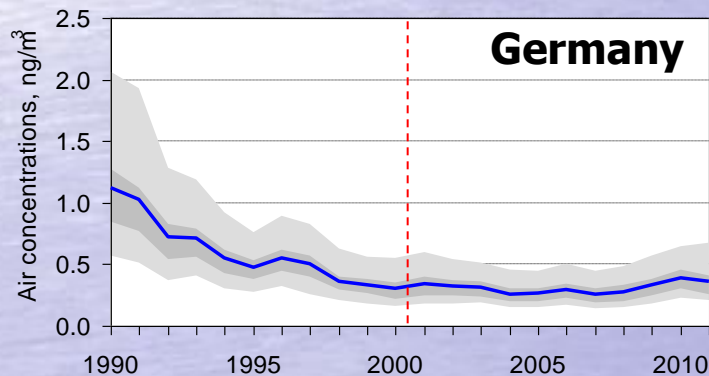
**Reduction:**

EMEP – 26%

EU27 – 34%

EECCA – 10%

Reduction of B[a]P air concentrations in EU countries

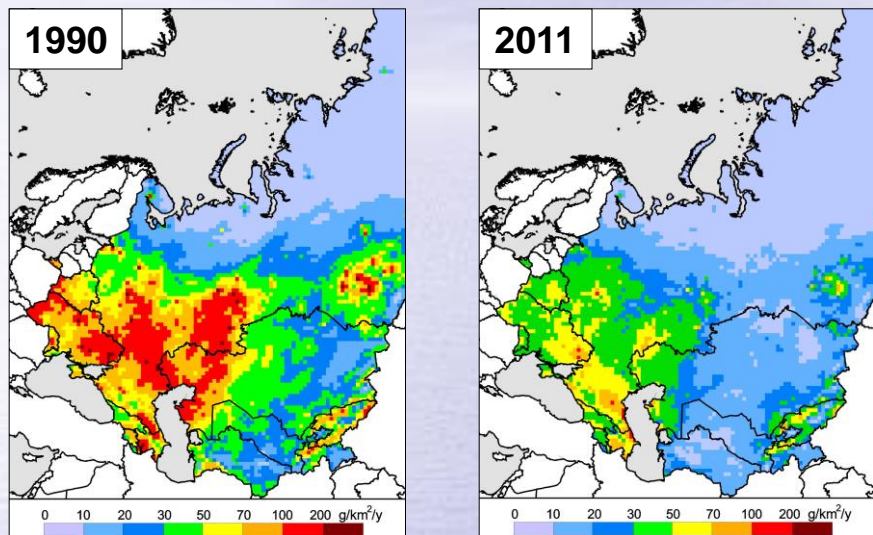


**Note:** Increase of B[a]P concentration in the most of EU countries after 2000



# HM and POP pollution in EECCA countries

Deposition of **Cd** in the EECCA countries



## Data reporting in the EECCA countries:

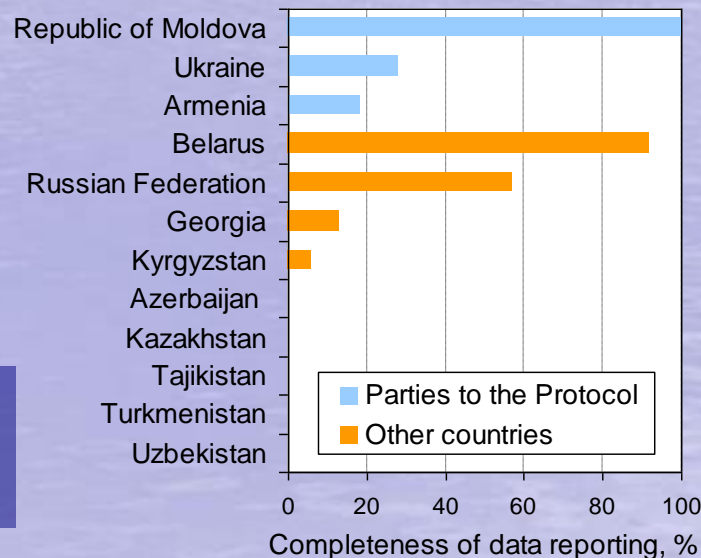
- Low completeness of **emissions reporting**
- **Few monitoring data** are reported so far

More efforts are needed to involve EECCA countries in the Convention activities

## Pollution levels:

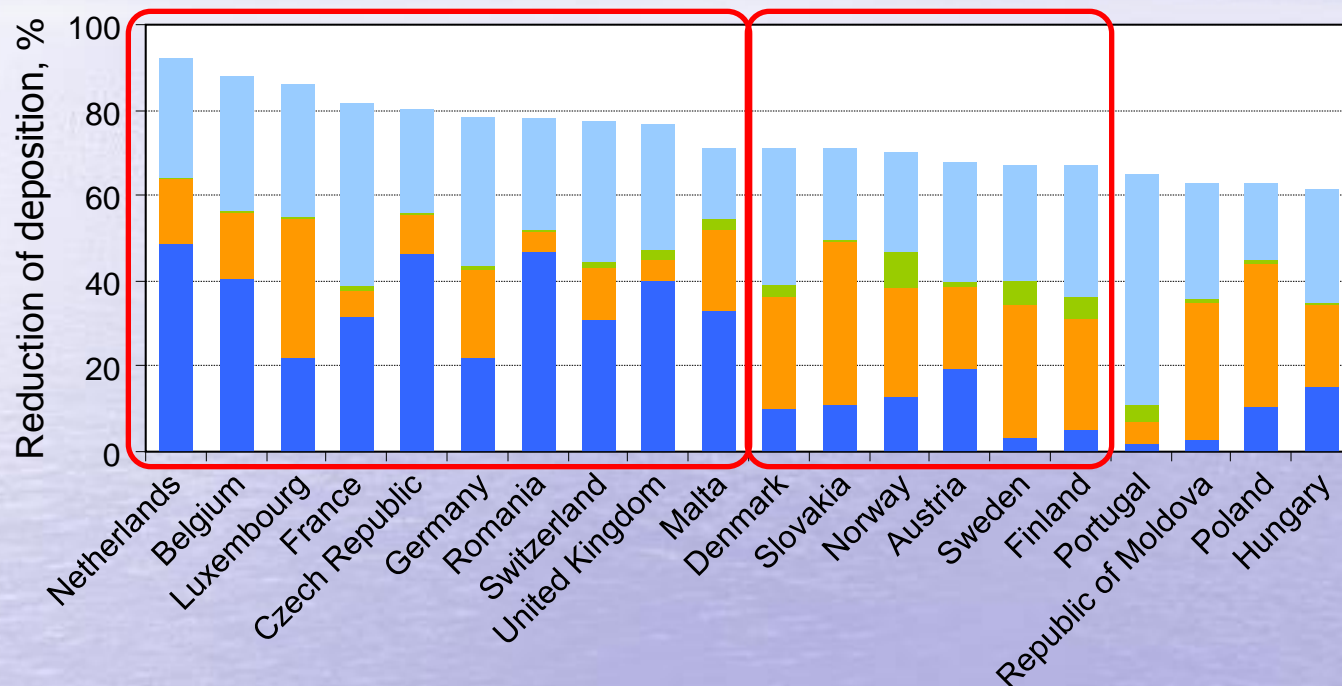
- Relatively **low reduction** of HM and POP deposition in EECCA countries
- The largest decrease in the **western part** of the region

## HM and POP emission reporting



# Long-term trends of HM and POP pollution

Contributors to reduction of **PCDD/F** deposition (1990-2011)

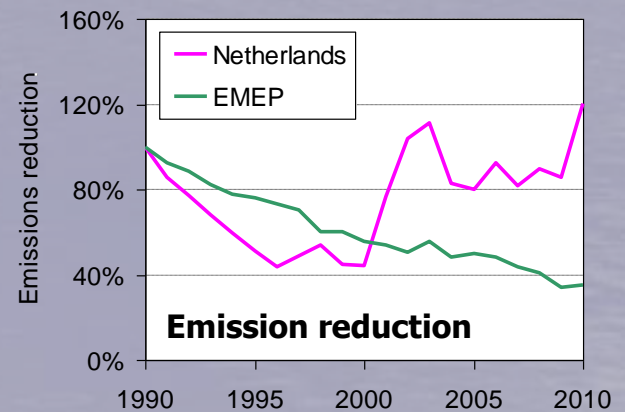
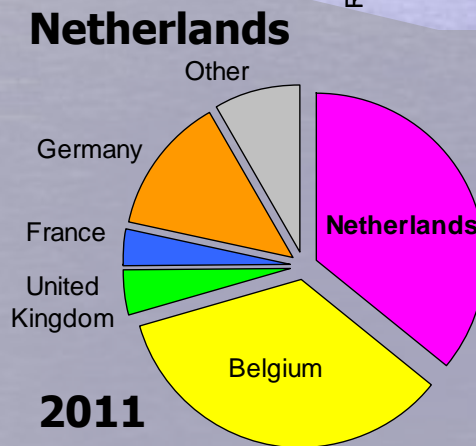
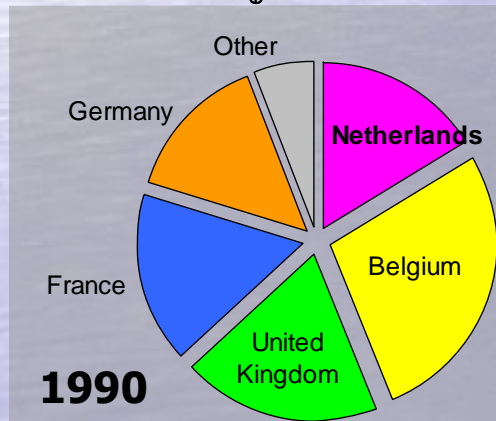
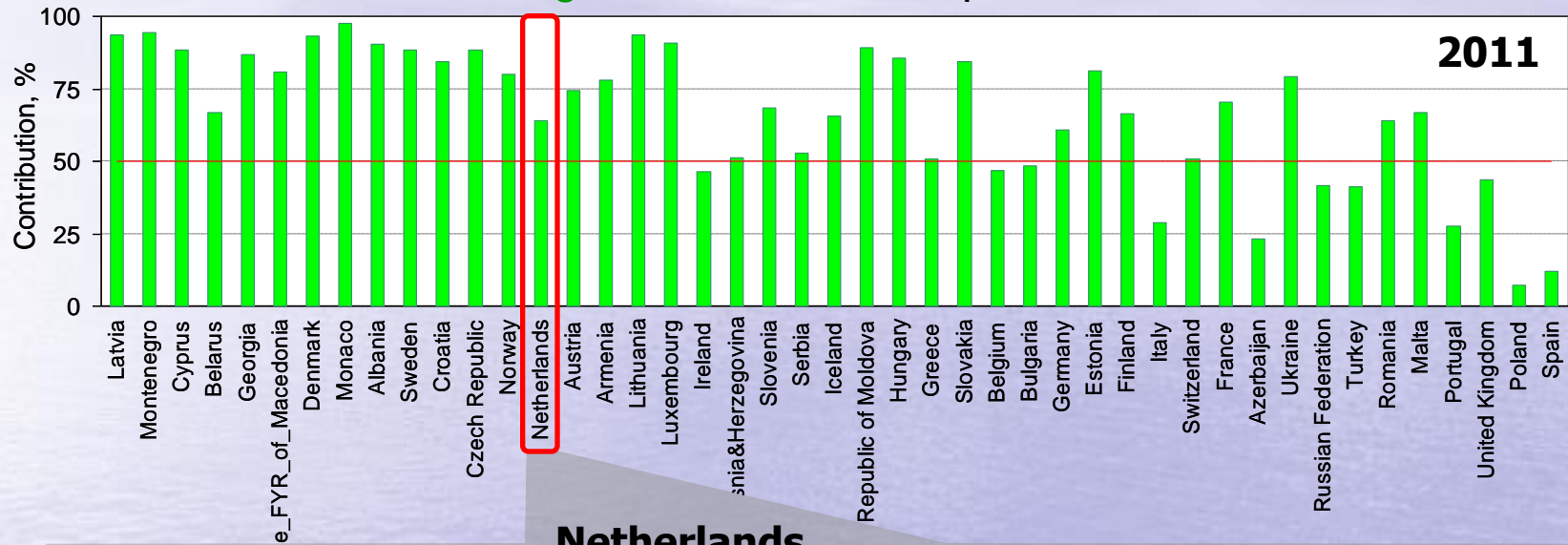


Deposition reduction due to changes in:

- National emissions
- Transboundary transport
- Non-EMEP sources
- Re-emission

# Transboundary pollution

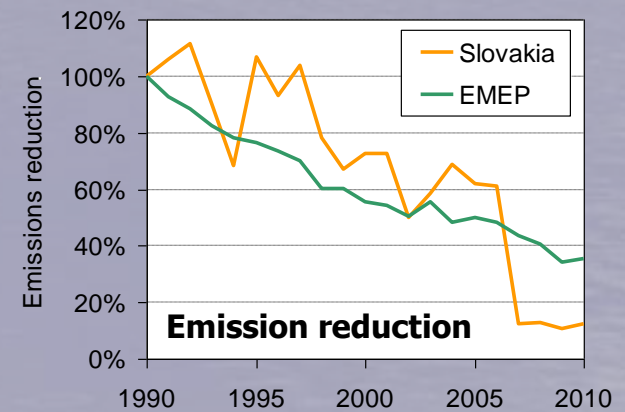
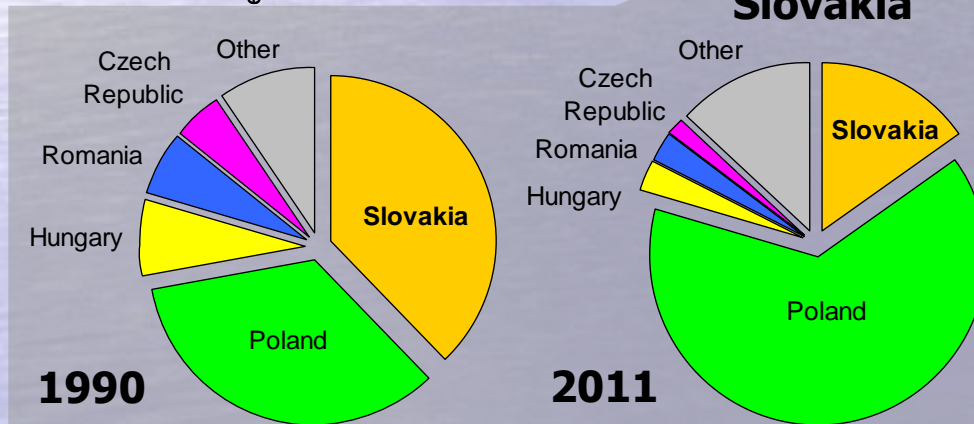
Contribution of **foreign sources** to Cd deposition in EMEP countries





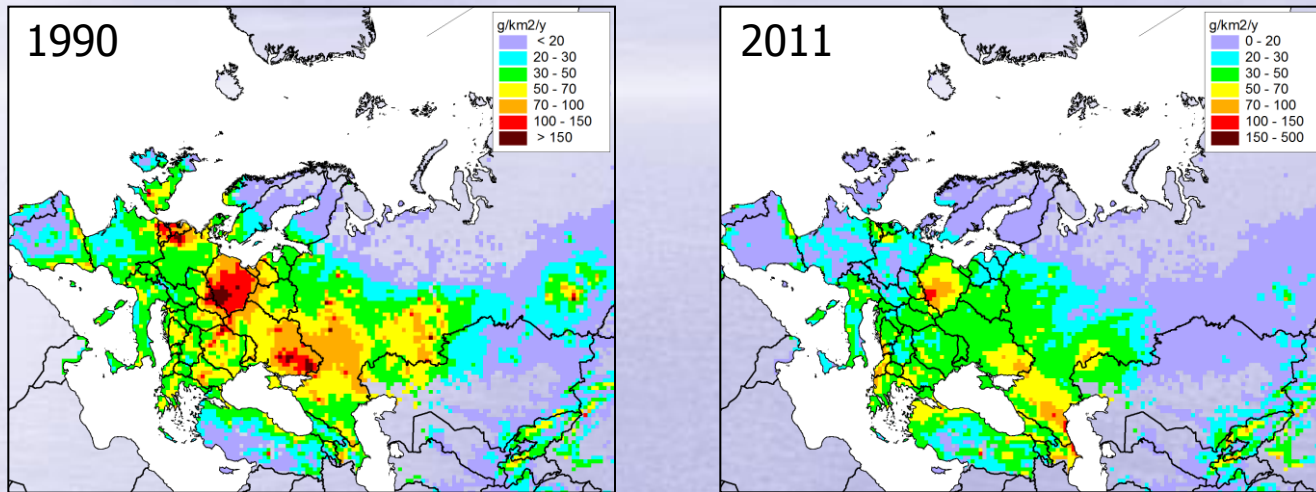
# Transboundary pollution

Contribution of **foreign sources** to Cd deposition in EMEP countries

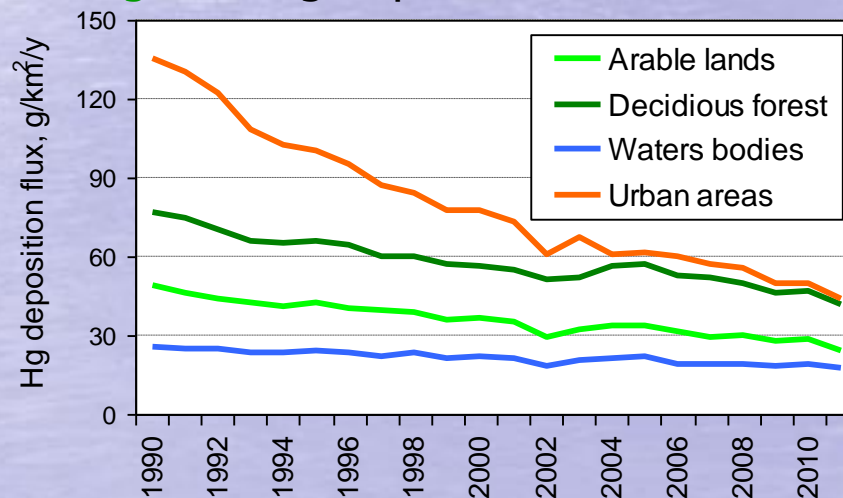


# Ecosystem-specific deposition

Spatial distribution of Pb deposition to **arable land**



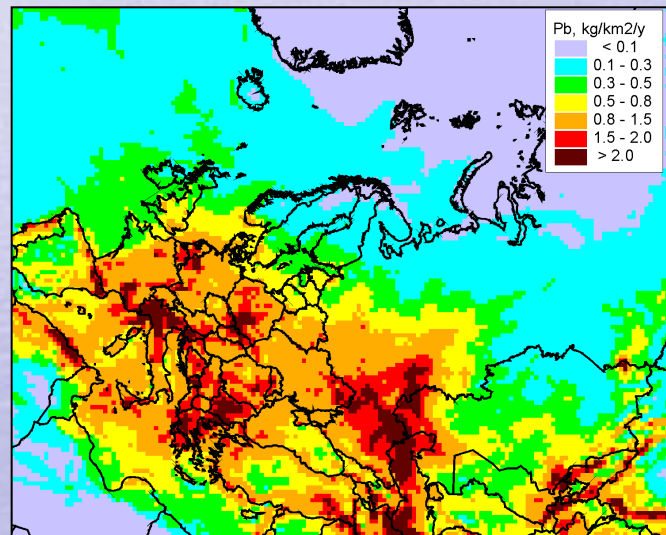
Long-term changes of Hg deposition to different land use categories



# 'Near-real time' assessment

**Aim:** Preliminary assessment of pollution levels in the EMEP countries with **minimum time delay** (2 months)

Pb deposition in 2013  
(available in ~~May 2015~~ **Feb 2014**)



**Limitation:** Use of emissions data for previous years

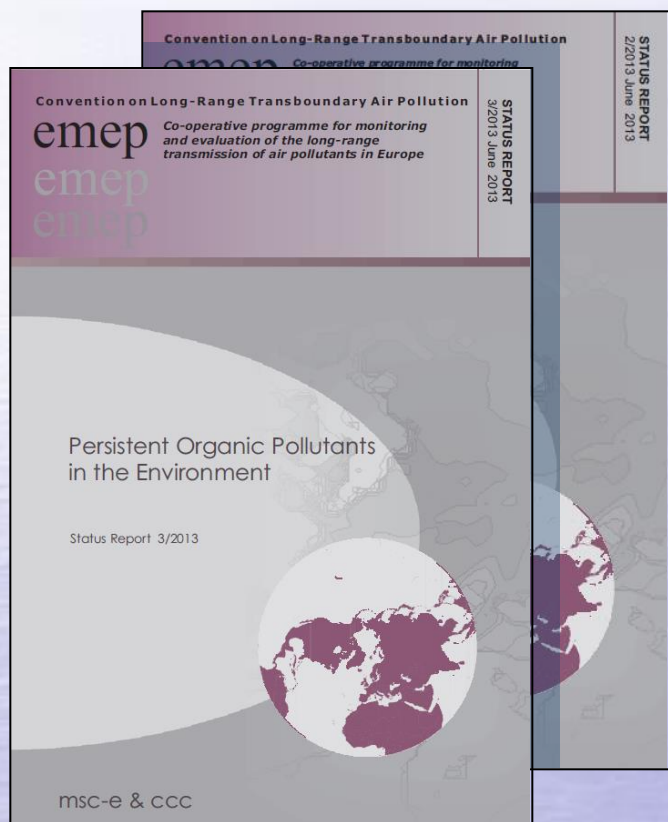
**Question:** Is this information useful for the countries?



# New format of Status Report

*In accordance with recommendations of EMEP Bureau*

## MSC-E Status Reports 2013



### Main topics:

1. EMEP contribution to HM and POP Protocols
2. Pollution assessment in the EECCA countries
3. Country-specific information
4. Dissemination of information

# Brief information on a country pollution

Exemplified by the United Kingdom

## BRIEF INFORMATION ON POP POLLUTION LEVELS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM FOR 1990 AND 2011

This short summary characterizes current pollution levels, transboundary transport and their changes in the country since 1990. More detailed information on POP pollution in the country can be found in Annex A and on the MSC-E website: [www.msceast.org](http://www.msceast.org).

Table 1. POP emissions and pollution levels in 1990 and 2011

|  | B[a]P             |        | PCDD/Fs               |        | HCB               |        |
|--|-------------------|--------|-----------------------|--------|-------------------|--------|
|  | 1990              | 2011   | 1990                  | 2011   | 1990              | 2011   |
| Emissions  | t                 |        | g TEO <sup>a</sup>    |        | kg                |        |
|  | 61                | 3.4    | 1038                  | 178    | 3156              | 24     |
| Deposition to the country                                    | kg                |        | g TEO                 |        | kg                |        |
| Total deposition to the country                              | 17399.7           | 1628.9 | 5035.6                | 1189.4 | 5912.1            | 635.35 |
| - Anthropogenic deposition from national sources             | 14171.0           | 818.63 | 2455.9                | 452.80 | 649.64            | 4.97   |
| - Anthropogenic deposition from other countries              | 1391.5            | 623.23 | 304.45                | 51.92  | 16.41             | 0.80   |
| - Intercontinental transport (non-EMEP sources) <sup>b</sup> | -                 | -      | 224.43                | 103.64 | 2513.4            | 337.53 |
| - Secondary sources (re-volatilization) <sup>c</sup>         | 1837.3            | 187.07 | 2050.9                | 581.02 | 2732.6            | 292.07 |
| Deposition from the country anthropogenic sources            | kg                |        | g TEO                 |        | kg                |        |
| Deposition to other countries (EMEP region)                  | 6237.0            | 379.59 | 1272.7                | 193.28 | 789.17            | 6.20   |
| Deposition to the regional seas                              | kg                |        | g TEO                 |        | kg                |        |
| - Baltic Sea   | 368.74            | 22.94  | 37.45                 | 5.85   | 13.54             | 0.13   |
| - Black Sea  | 24.56             | 0.98   | 5.48                  | 0.79   | 2.54              | 0.02   |
| - Caspian Sea  | 5.35              | 0.23   | 1.66                  | 0.24   | 0.98              | 0.01   |
| - Mediterranean Sea  | 47.80             | 3.38   | 18.62                 | 3.46   | 11.05             | 0.11   |
| - North Sea  | 3590.5            | 180.28 | 352.29                | 55.14  | 107.27            | 0.85   |
| Mean annual air concentrations                               | ng/m <sup>3</sup> |        | fg TEO/m <sup>3</sup> |        | pg/m <sup>3</sup> |        |
|  | 0.42              | 0.04   | 37.25                 | 8.97   | 235.97            | 25.37  |

Figure 1. Maps of total POP deposition and air concentrations in the country in 2011

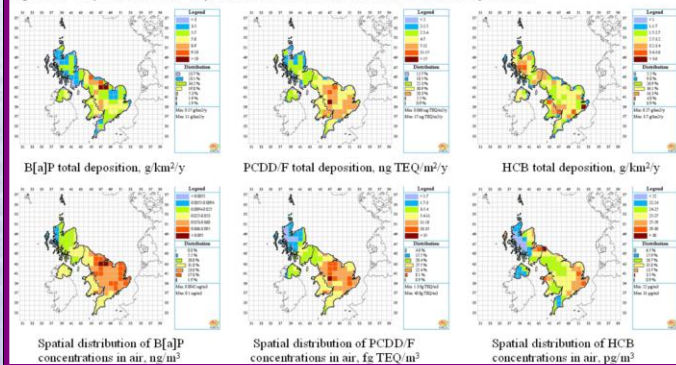
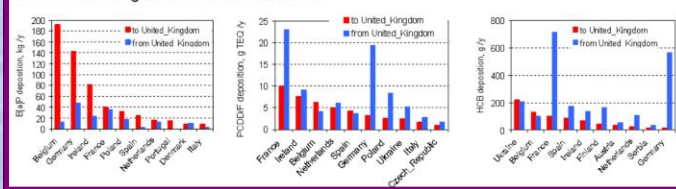


Figure 2. Anthropogenic deposition from 10 main contributors to the country and anthropogenic deposition from the United Kingdom to these countries in 2011



Emissions and pollution levels for 1990 and 2011

Spatial distribution of pollution levels in 2011

Transboundary transport in 2011

# Country-specific information

## **Detailed information for a country:**

- Pollution levels and their long-term changes
- Transboundary fluxes
- Effects oriented information

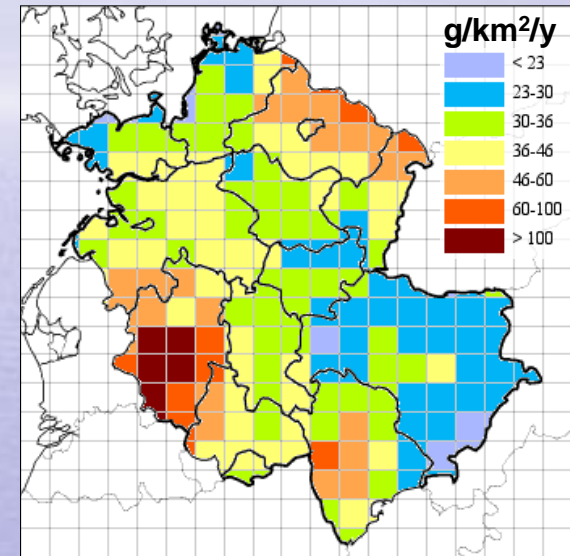


# Country-specific information

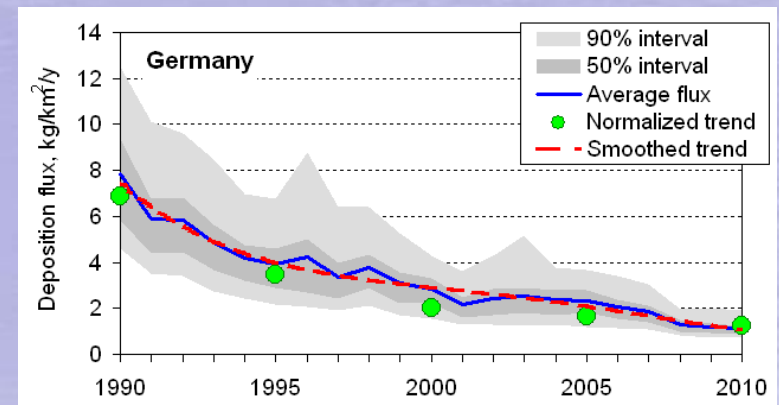
## Detailed information for a country:

- Pollution levels and their long-term changes
  - Pollution distribution over a country territory
  - Long-term trends of pollution levels
  - Model evaluation vs. measurements
- Transboundary fluxes
- Effects oriented information

## Cd deposition in Germany (2010)



## Changes of Cd deposition in Germany

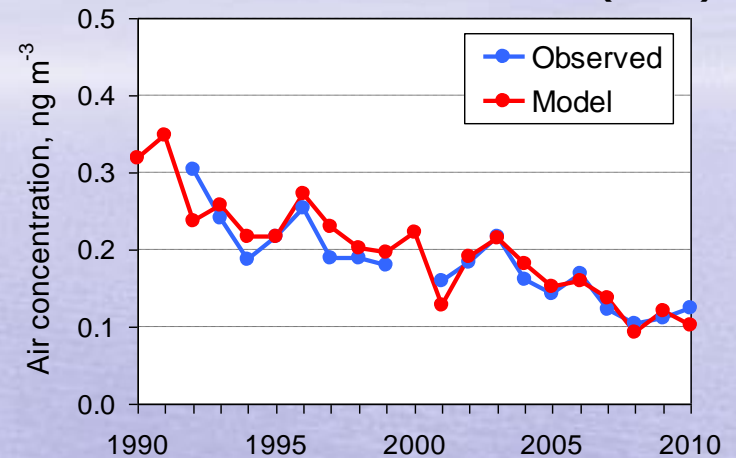


# Country-specific information

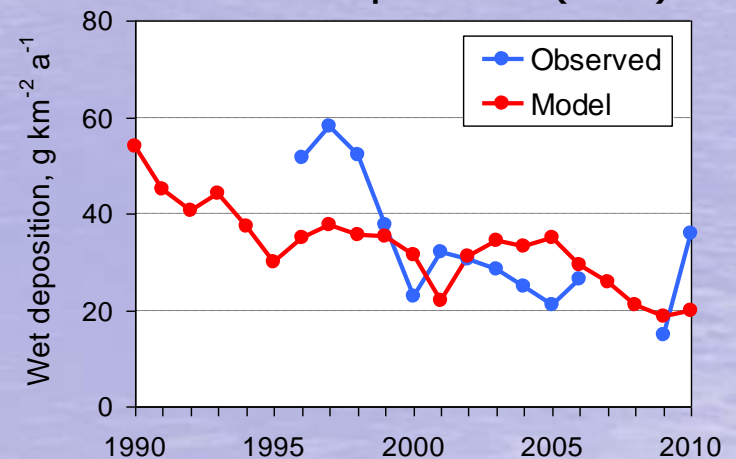
## Detailed information for a country:

- Pollution levels and their long-term changes
  - Pollution distribution over a country territory
  - Long-term trends of pollution levels
  - Model evaluation vs. measurements
- Transboundary fluxes
- Effects oriented information

Cd concentration in air (DE9)



Cd wet deposition (DE9)

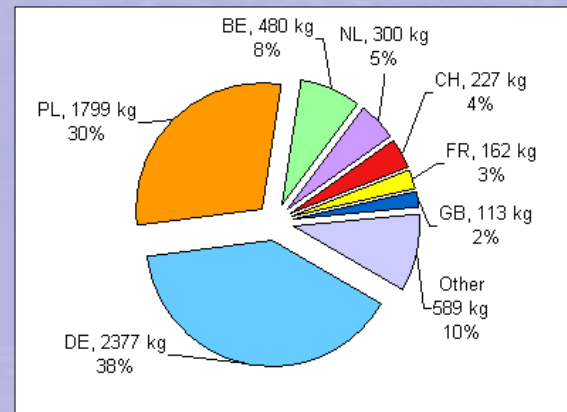
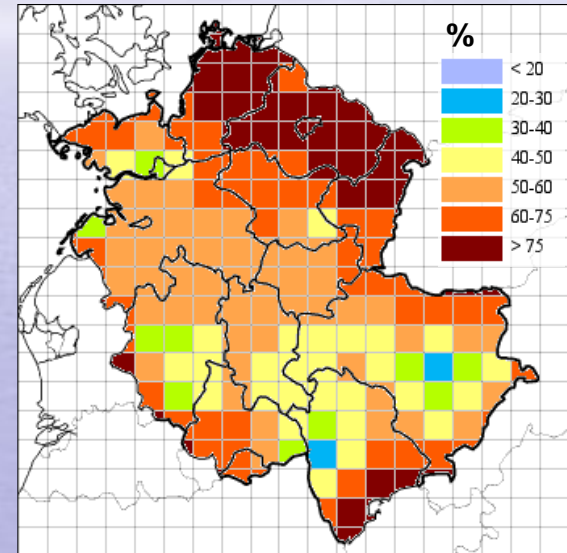


# Country-specific information

## Detailed information for a country:

- Pollution levels and their long-term changes
- Transboundary fluxes
  - Pollution of a country by foreign sources
  - Contribution of national sources to transboundary transport
- Effects oriented information

## Contribution of foreign sources to Cd deposition in Germany



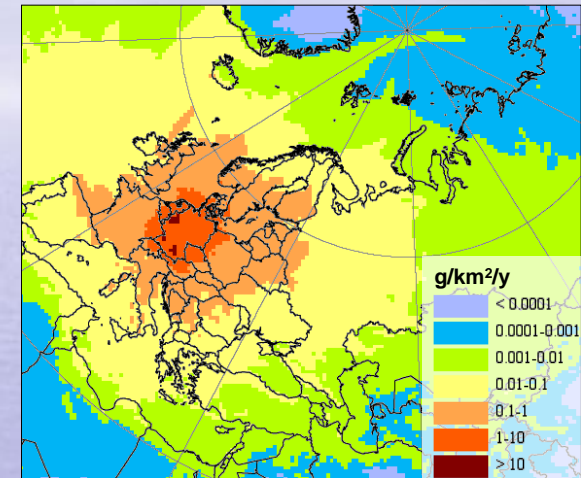


# Country-specific information

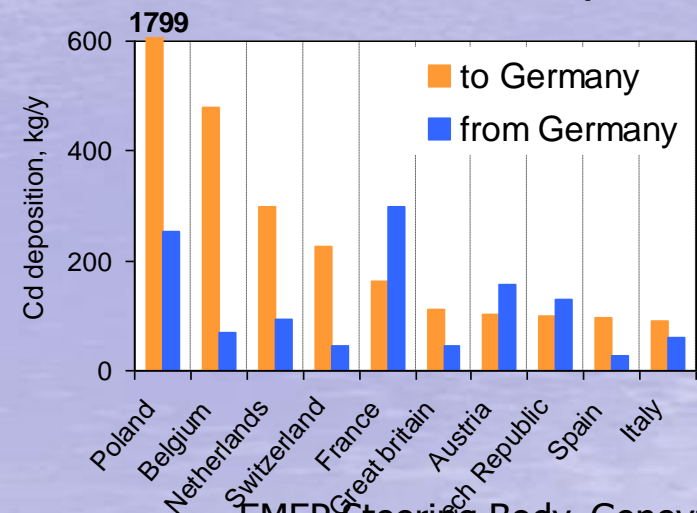
## Detailed information for a country:

- Pollution levels and their long-term changes
- Transboundary fluxes
  - Pollution of a country by foreign sources
  - Contribution of national sources to transboundary transport
- Effects oriented information

## Cd deposition from German sources



## Mutual Cd transboundary fluxes

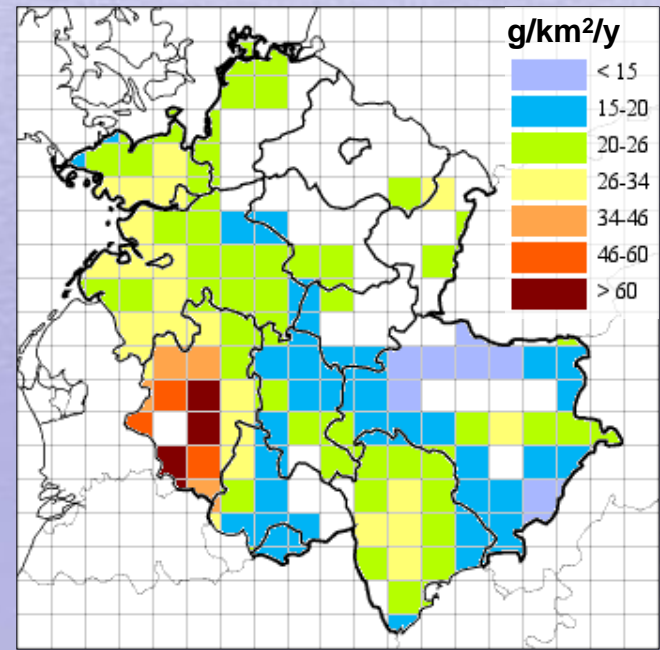


# Country-specific information

## Detailed information for a country:

- Pollution levels and their long-term changes
- Transboundary fluxes
- Effects oriented information
  - Ecosystem-specific deposition and critical load exceedances
  - Concentration in different media (air, soils, vegetation and water bodies)

Cd deposition to **root crops** in Germany (2011)



# Additional information for countries

## Assessment of HM pollution in selected countries (Case studies)

### Approach:

Evaluation of pollution levels in a country with fine spatial resolution involving variety of national data

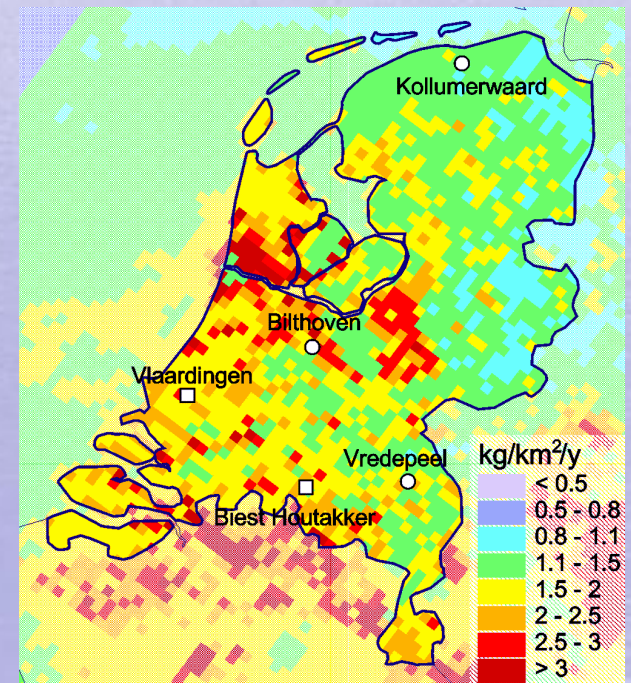
### Requirements:

- Detailed **emissions data** (fine resolution, source categories, LPS)
- Additional measurements from national **monitoring networks**
- Participation of **national experts** in joint analysis of the results

### Countries involved:

The Czech Republic, Croatia, the Netherlands

Pb deposition in the Netherlands  
(5×5 km<sup>2</sup>)

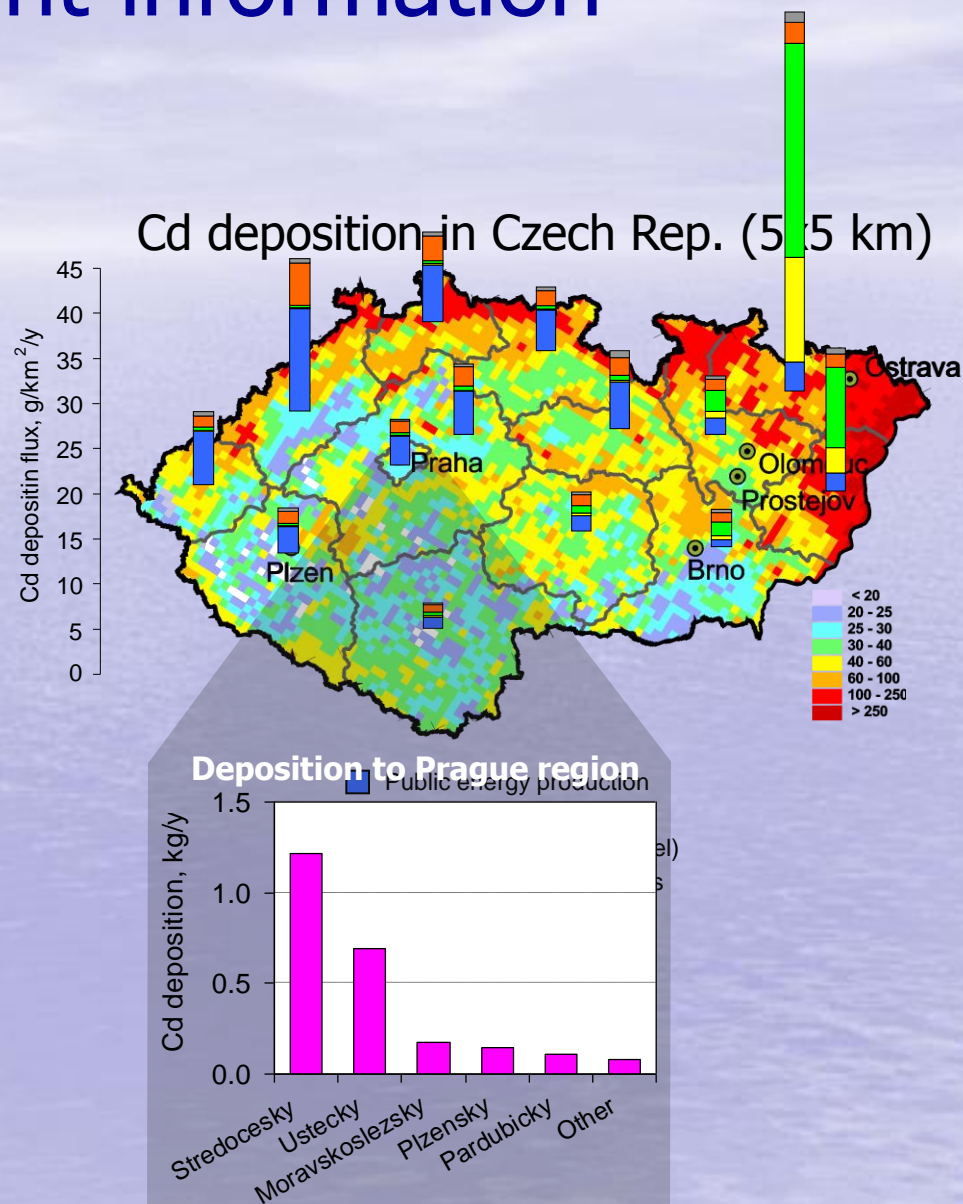




# Policy-relevant information

## Additional information on country scale:


- Pollution levels with fine spatial resolution (down to  $5 \times 5 \text{ km}^2$ )
- Contamination of a country provinces
- Contribution of different emission source categories
- Transboundary transport between country's provinces



# Policy-relevant information

Add




- 
- 
- 
- 
- 




Co-operative programme for monitoring and evaluation of the long-range transmission of air pollutants in Europe

## Pollution Assessment on a Country Scale

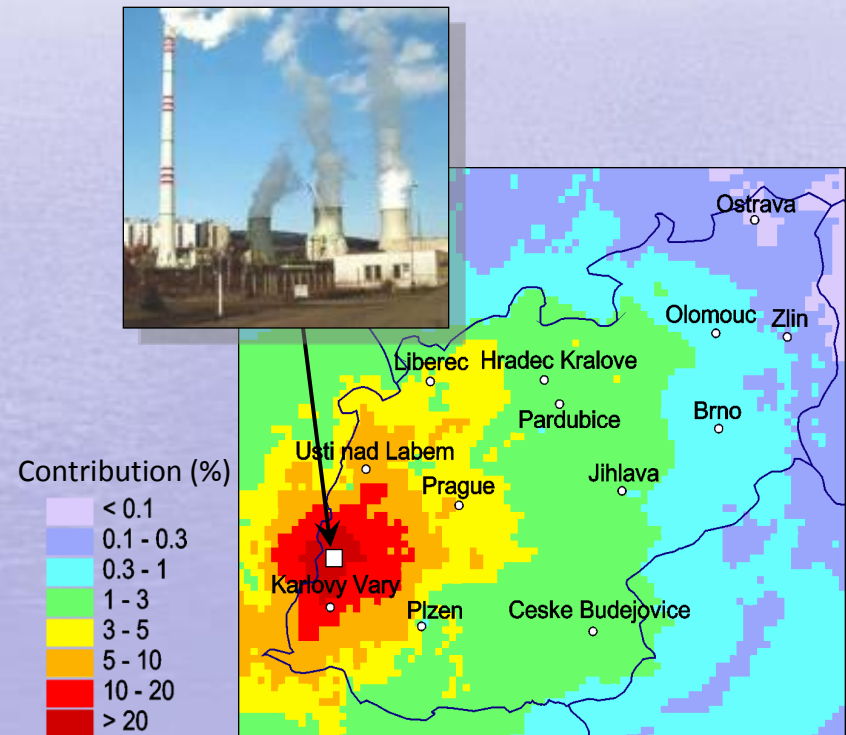
EMEP case studies on heavy metal pollution assessment with fine spatial resolution





Meteorological Synthesizing Centre – East, 2013

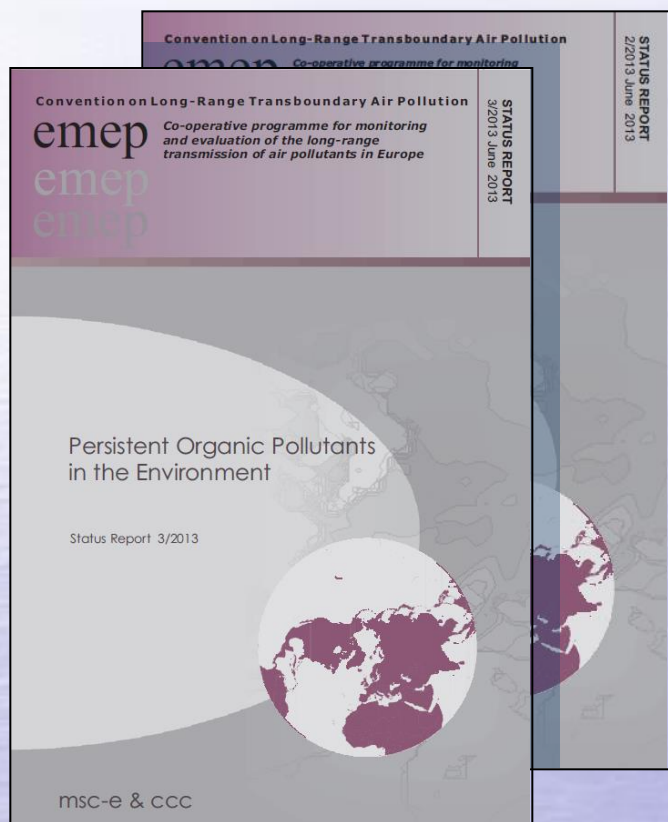
## Contribution of LPS to Cd deposition (Prunéřov II Power Station, Czech Rep.)



# New format of Status Report

*In accordance with recommendations of EMEP Bureau*

## MSC-E Status Reports 2013



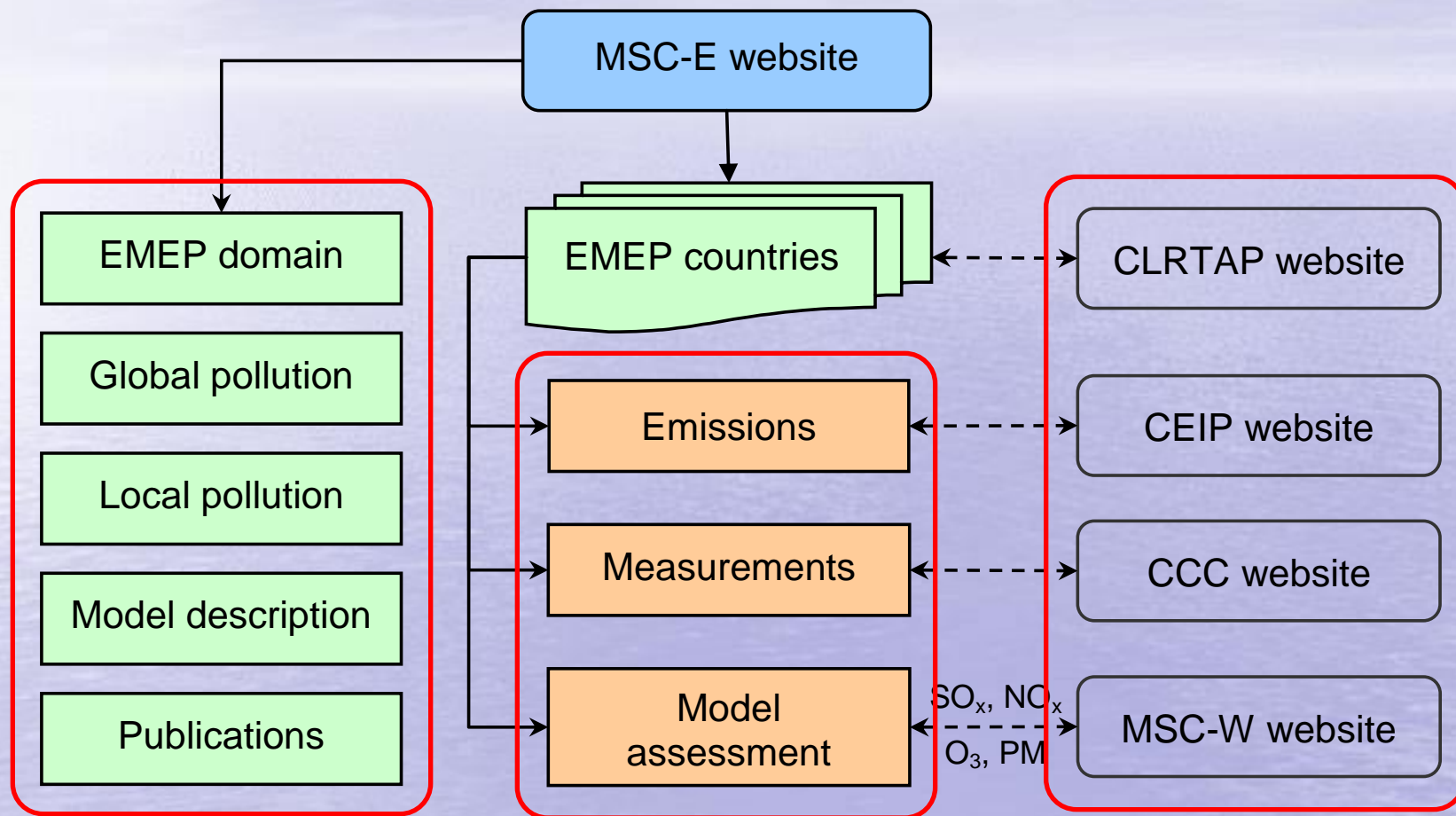
### Main topics:

1. EMEP contribution to HM and POP Protocols
2. Pollution assessment in the EECCA countries
3. Country-specific information
4. Dissemination of information



# Dissemination of EMEP information

## Information on the web



**MSC-E web site: [www.msceast.org](http://www.msceast.org)**

# Dissemination of EMEP information

Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution

**emep**

**MSC-E**  
Meteorological Synthesizing Centre-East

**General information**

- About
- MSC-E staff
- EMEP centres
- Co-operation

**Publications**

- Peer-reviewed papers
- Reports
- Presentations

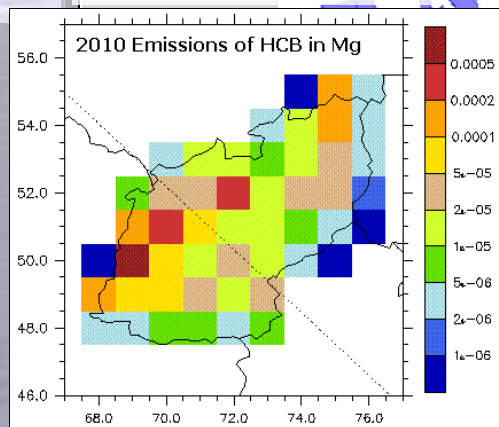
**Pollution assessment**

- Pollutants
- EMEP domain

**Pollution assessment of EMEP countries**

This section presents updated information on pollutants for each country - a Party to the Convention - official data and expert estimates of emission concentrations, their spatial distribution, deposition and of other European countries are demonstrated precipitation measured at monitoring stations of a modelling results.

## Emissions data



## Country-specific report for 2010 (example for the Czech Republic)

Country-specific report "Transboundary Pollution of the Czech Republic by Heavy Metals and Persistent Organic Pollutants in 2010" EMEP/MSC-E Technical Report 5/2012 (pdf)

Country-specific report "Transboundary data by main pollutants to MSC-E PM" MSC-W Data Note 1/2012 (pdf)

## Modelling results

### Status within the Convention

### Emission data

- Emission trends
- Spatial distribution of emissions
- Emission source categories (NFR official data)
- Emission source categories (SNAP as used in EMEP models)

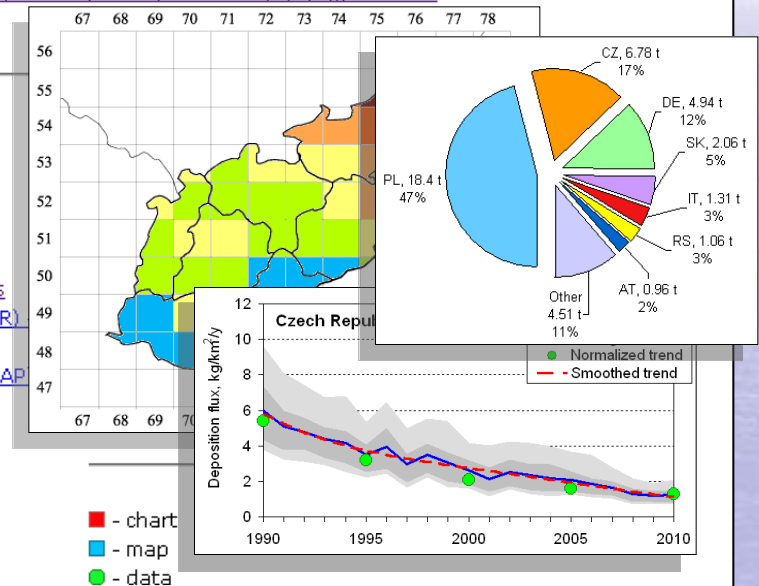
### Measurements

### Model assessment

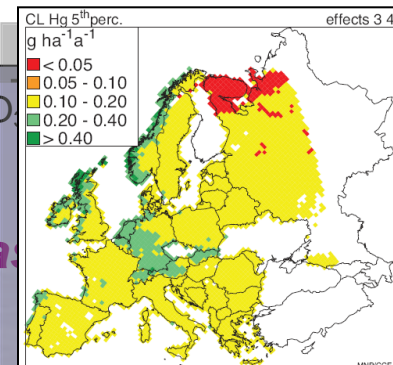
- Concentration in media
- Deposition

## Measurement data

| mm     | Cd        | Pb        |
|--------|-----------|-----------|
| precip | precip    | precip    |
| 5.400  | 0.087     | 2.270     |
| 0.000  | -9999.990 | -9999.990 |
| 2.900  | 0.270     | 5.900     |
| 2.900  | 0.460     | 12.700    |
| 2.700  | 0.170     | 7.500     |
| 12.400 | 0.050     | 1.400     |
| 12.100 | 0.130     | 4.600     |
| 21.400 | 0.040     | 1.200     |
| 9.300  | 0.050     | 1.500     |
| 18.100 | 0.040     | 0.700     |
| 19.300 | 0.010     | 0.900     |
| 28.400 | 0.010     | 0.250     |
| 23.200 | 0.010     | 0.250     |



## Assessment of effects



website

MSC-E

Geneva, 2013

# Information for EECCA countries in Russian (under development)

 English

главная контакты ссылки поиск

Конвенция о трансграничном загрязнении воздуха на большие расстояния

емеП

Совместная программа наблюдений и оценки переноса на большие расстояния загрязняющих веществ в Европе

 **МСЦ-В**  
Метеорологический Синтезирующий Центр - Восток

Информация

■ Конвенция

■ Документы

■ ЕМЕП

■ Центры ЕМЕП

■ МСЦ-В

■ Сотрудники МСЦ-В

■ Сотрудничество

Оценка загрязнения

■ Загрязнители

■ Регион ЕМЕП

■ Страны ЕМЕП

■ Страны ВЕКЦА

■ Локальные оценки

■ Загрязнение морей

■ Глобальные оценки

Модели

■ Входные данные

■ MSCE-POP

■ MSCE-NM

■ GLEMOS

■ Сравнение моделей

Публикации

■ Научные статьи

## Оценка уровней загрязнения страны в 2010 г. (на примере республики Беларусь)

На этой странице, на примере республики Беларусь, представлен проект годового отчета по стране, в котором собрана информация, подготовленная научными центрами и международными программами, работающими в рамках Конвенции о трансграничном загрязнении воздуха на большие расстояния. В дальнейшем планируется готовить такие отчеты для всех стран ВЕКЦА.

Комментарии и предложения пожалуйста присылайте по адресу [msce@msceast.org](mailto:msce@msceast.org).

Технический отчет ЕМЕП/МСЦ-В "[Оценка трансграничного загрязнения территории республики Беларусь тяжелыми металлами и стойкими органическими загрязнителями в 2010 г.](#)" (pdf)  
Отчет ЕМЕП/МСЦ-В "[Трансграничное загрязнение воздуха основными загрязняющими веществами \(S,N,O<sub>3</sub>\) и ТЧ в 2010 г.](#)" (pdf)

### Статус в рамках Конвенции

#### Данные по выбросам

- [Тренды выбросов](#)
- [Пространственное распределение выбросов](#)
- [Категории источников выбросов \(NFR\) - официальные данные](#)
- [Категории источников выбросов \(SNAP\) - используемые для моделирования](#)

#### Измерения

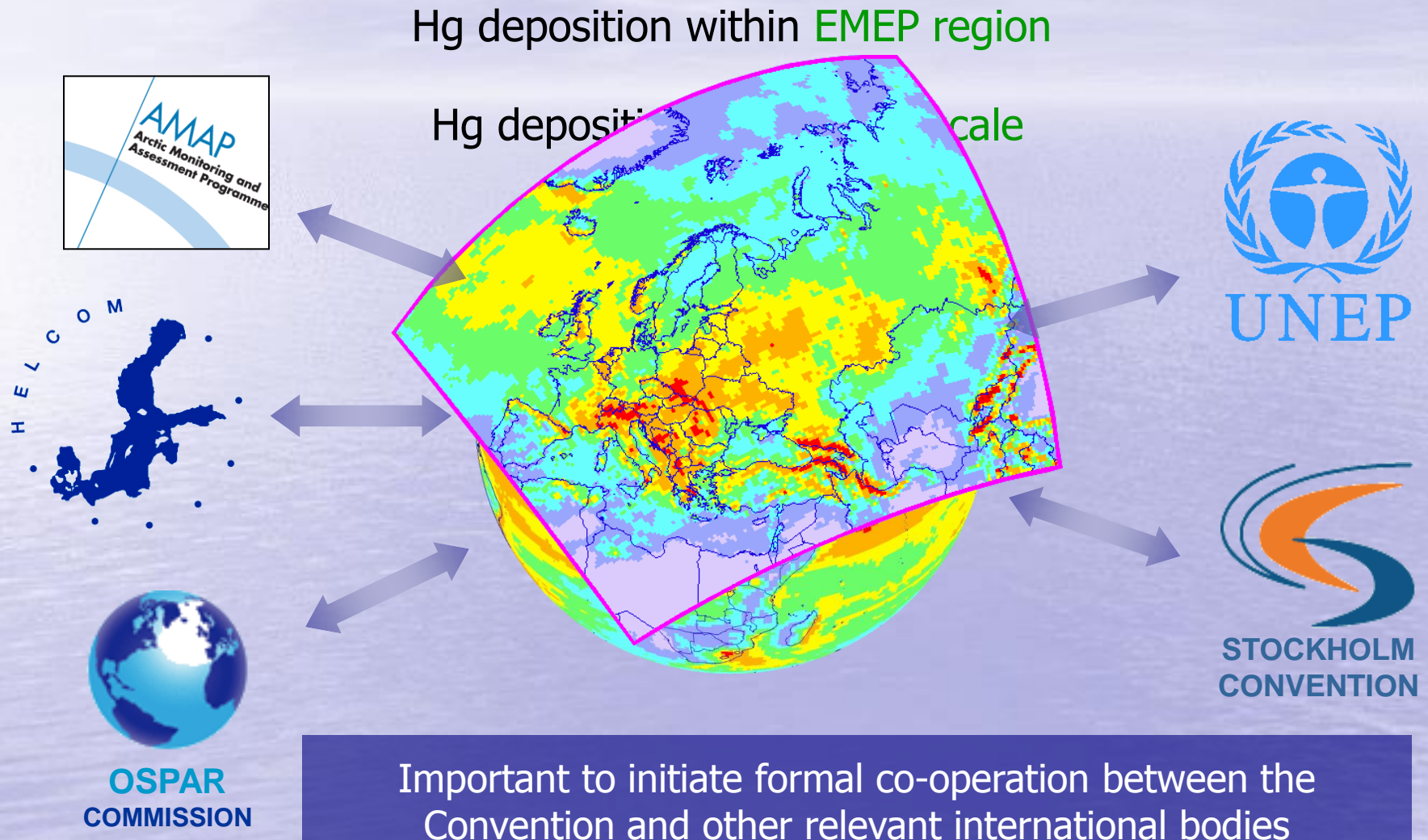
#### Оценки уровней загрязнения на основе модельных расчетов

- [Концентрации в природных средах](#)

### Дополнительная информация

[EBAS](#) - база данных по измерениям  
[AirBase](#) - европейская база данных

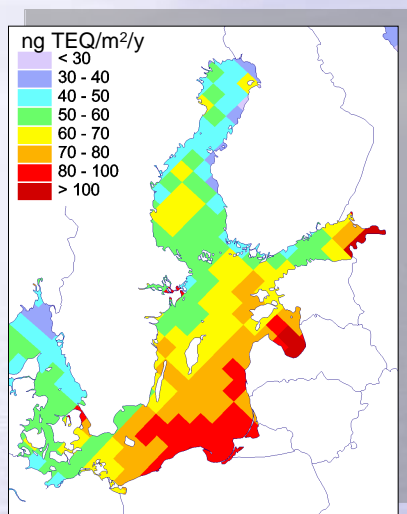
# Dissemination of EMEP information





# Dissemination of EMEP information

## PCDD/F deposition to the *Baltic sea*



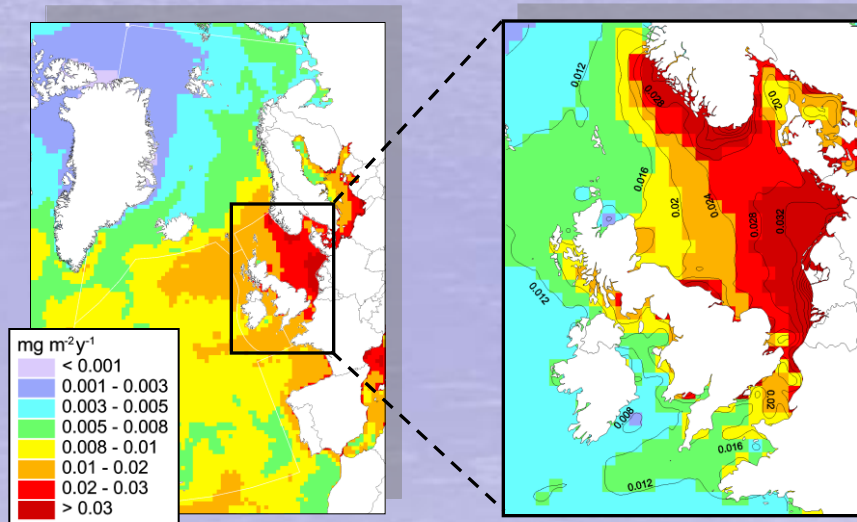
Since 1997 EMEP annually provides **HELCOM/MONAS** with data on atmospheric supply of HMs and POPs to the Baltic Sea (long-term EMEP/HELCOM contract)



OSPAR  
COMMISSION

EMEP took part in several projects on assessment of HMs and POPs deposition to the **OSPAR** maritime area (EMEP/HELCOM contracts)

## Cd deposition to the *Northern Sea*



# Dissemination of EMEP information



## Minamata Convention on Mercury (UNEP)

- Adoption of the global legally binding instrument on Hg (**Minamata Convention**) (Geneva, January 2013)
- Support of the global Hg treaty at the **International Conference on Mercury as a Global Pollutant 2013** (Edinburgh, August 2013)
- **Diplomatic Conference** on the Minamata Convention (Japan, October 2013)

# Dissemination of EMEP information

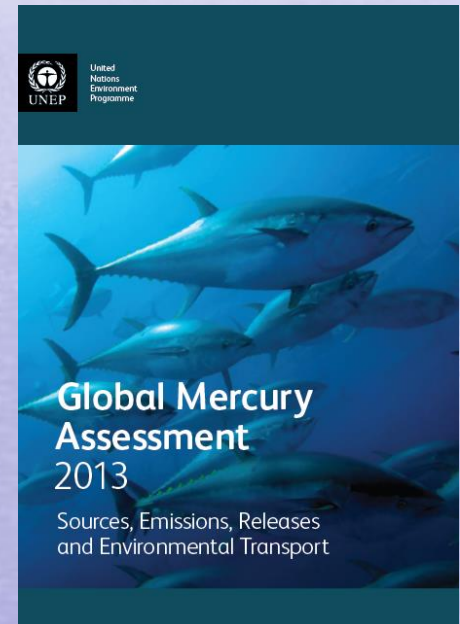


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*EMEP took part in preparation of the Global Mercury Assessment 2013 for the 5<sup>th</sup> session of the Intergovernmental Negotiation Committee (INC5)*

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*EMEP presented new model results and took part in organizing the GMOS Mercury Modelling Task Force*

- **Diplomatic Conference** on the Minamata Convention (Japan, October 2013)





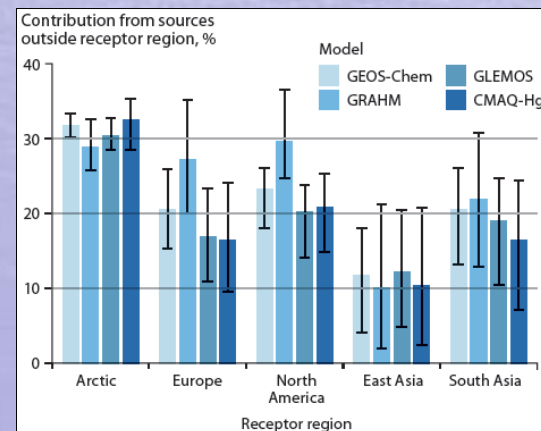
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*EMEP is invited to update results of the Global Mercury Assessment with new model estimates of Hg global pollution*



TF HTAP plays the role of an international platform for collection, discussion and dissemination of the research results

# How to improve data accessibility for countries?

- New format of Status Reports (country-specific information)
- 'Near real-time' simulations
- National scale assessments with fine resolution (case studies)
- Sharing of modelling tools for national assessments
- Development of EMEP website in Russian (for EECCA countries)
- Initiation of formal co-operation between the Convention and other relevant international bodies
- ...