Background

In its May 2019 meeting, the Regional UN System agreed to consider an Issue-based Coalition (IBC) on Environment. Terms of reference were presented to the Regional UN System meeting in December 2019 by the co-leads: UNEP, UNESCO and UNECE. The meeting agreed that the IBC would be active as of January 2020 and would provide a regional platform for UN agencies to: promote coordinated support to all Member States in Europe and Central Asia in their implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and support the UN Country Teams on environmental issues. The meeting further decided that climate change be included as a main thematic pillar of the IBC, as reflected below.

Objectives

The inter-agency IBC on Environment and Climate Change under the Regional UN System Meetings will provide a regional platform for UN agencies to: (i) promote coordinated support to all Member States in Europe and Central Asia in their implementation of the 2030 Agenda, the Paris Agreement on climate change and the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015–2030; and (ii) support UN Country Teams (UNCTs) in the Europe and Central Asia region on environmental and climate change issues.

The IBC will address activities dedicated to strengthening environmental and climate change governance, improving environmental management and climate change mitigation and adaptation, promoting sustainable management of natural resources and so contributing to the achievement of Sustainable Development Goals. The activities will advance human rights, gender equality and leaving no-one behind, using a people-centred approach that will not perpetuate inequalities.

The IBC’s work will be based around three pillars:

- **Strengthening environmental and climate change governance and implementing the SDGs and the 2030 Agenda:** To build political momentum and advocate for enhanced and accelerated policy action to implement the environmental and climate change dimension of the SDGs and the 2030 Agenda. In addition to advocating for environmental and climate change issues at the regional level, particularly through the Environment for Europe Process and the Regional Forum on Sustainable Development, and with regional institutions such as the European Commission and the Commonwealth of Independent States, the IBC will focus on working with UNCTs to strengthen national institutions working on environmental and climate change policy and governance, as well as to strengthen country capacities to accede to, implement and report on multilateral environmental agreements. In particular, the IBC on Environment and Climate Change will:
  - Using existing environmental and climate change processes, and in collaboration with regional institutions, advocate at the regional level for strengthened and accelerated policy action and transition pathways to address regional priorities, such as climate change mitigation and adaptation, nature-based solutions, circular economy, just transitions, decarbonization, sustainable consumption and
production, sustainable infrastructure and both sectoral and cross-sectoral approaches.

- Identify key institutional and governance challenges for the environment and climate change within the programme countries, such as inter-institutional cooperation, stakeholder engagement and human rights, and exchange good practice principles and approaches with the UNCTs. Also, link with intergovernmental processes, such as the Generation Equality Action Coalitions (“Feminist action for climate justice”) and the UNFCCC Gender Reports, which can serve as accountability tools.
- Strengthen country capacities to accede to, implement and report on global and regional multilateral environmental and climate change agreements.

- **Supporting countries in the environmental and climate change dimension of UN Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework (UNSDCF) and Common Country Analysis (CCA) processes**: To discuss and engage in the UNSDCFs in a coordinated and coherent manner, for strengthening the environmental and climate change dimension and science-policy-practice interface for the delivery of the SDGs and the 2030 Agenda. The IBC will build on many other parallel supporting processes, such as UN custodian agencies for environment-, weather-, water- and climate change-related global indicator reporting to UN Statistical Division, the SG’s annual report, the Global Sustainable Development Report, Sendai Framework reporting, UNEP’s Global Environment Outlook, the work of the human rights treaty-bodies, the Universal Periodic Review and the special procedures mechanisms of the Human Rights Council, the Shared Environmental Information System, other issue-based coalitions, Mainstreaming, Acceleration and Policy Support (MAPS), environmental performance reviews and state-of-the-environment reports.
  - Create a roadmap and schedule of various events and critical dates in country-led UNSDCF processes to enable the pro-active involvement of the IBC to support UNCTs in programme countries.
  - Ensure a systematic approach is applied to engage and inform the development and content of the CCAs, using the CCA companion to the UNSDCF Guidance,\(^1\) while also ensuring that CCAs and UNSDCFs recognize the specific positions and roles of men and women and do not perpetuate gender inequalities, but are based on circularity, equality and inter-generational solidarity.
  - Ensure environmental and climate change priorities are properly identified and presented in the CCAs for the 18 programme countries in the region, with an initial focus on the countries implementing UNSDCF processes in 2020.
  - Develop a menu of services related to the environmental and climate change dimension of SDGs, across the UN system, that can be provided to UNCTs.

- **Monitoring and reporting on the environmental and climate change dimension of SDGs**: To share scientific data and information and existing tools within the UN family, with a focus on the implementation of the environmental and climate change dimension of the 2030 Agenda and the SDGs in Europe and Central Asia (while fully acknowledging the integrated nature of environment, social, economic and governance aspects). This work will include reporting and follow-up (of data, statistics, indicators and Voluntary National Reports), which are critical

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\(^1\) This companion guide is currently under development by the UN system and provides guidance on how and what to analyse in the CCAs.
inputs to the HLPF, with the purpose of supporting the regional UN system in building national capacity in countries for delivering on the 2030 Agenda and the SDGs.

- Inform UNCTs preparing the CCAs about relevant environmental and climate change data, statistics, existing tools and assessments, at both the national level and through global, regional and thematic assessments.
- Advise on what environment- and climate change-related knowledge products should be made available on the UN Regional Knowledge Management Hub and ensure close cooperation with the Regional UN Coordination Group on Data and Statistics and the Issue-based Coalition on Gender Equality, among others, in the creation of new knowledge.

The outcome will strengthen the environmental and climate change science-policy-practice interface in Europe and Central Asia and enhance national capacities to deliver on the environmental and climate change dimension of the SDGs and of the 2030 Agenda, whilst recognizing that an integrated approach is essential to achieve the SDGs building on synergies and avoiding trade-offs. The IBC will draw on the various agencies’ specialisms and expertise to deliver “One UN” positions, convene thematic events and deliver capacity building, as appropriate, and to strengthen the science-policy-practice interface in national development processes in countries of Europe and Central Asia. This work will draw on the strong UNCT presence and the new role of the Resident Coordinators. The primary function of the IBC will be to support UNCTs and, only when established, might it provide more direct support to member States. The IBC will seek synergies and complementarities with other processes and mechanisms and collaborate with them.

The IBC will also provide the Regional Coordination Platform (RCP) for Europe and Central Asia with timely and relevant information on inter-agency cooperation and activities carried out in support of a strengthened environmental and climate change science-policy-practice interface and for building capacity of countries in the region to implement and report on the environmental and climate change dimension of the SDGs and the 2030 Agenda. Finally, the IBC would maximize the opportunities presented by the UN Reform even where some agencies are not physically present in the target countries.

**Membership**

The IBC is open to all UN agencies, funds and programmes. Related entities working at the regional level on environment and/or climate change may also be invited.

The membership will be reviewed and confirmed every year based on specific needs or joint activities included in the annual workplan. Observers may be invited as necessary and when relevant.

Each member will designate a focal point and an alternate, ideally a specialist working on SDGs. Any cost of participation will be met by each participating member. (Note: gender and geographical balance need to be considered.)

The focal points represent their organization and are responsible for providing an update on their organization’s environmental and climate change science-policy-practice work and activities supporting the delivery of the environmental and climate change dimension of the SDGs and the 2030 Agenda. The focal point is also responsible for keeping their colleagues in the respective agencies informed on the activities of the IBC.
Meeting modalities

- UNEP, UNESCO and UNECE to co-chair. Taking full advantage of the strength of UNEP, UNESCO and UNECE mandates, portfolios and expertise, and considering opportunities for other UN funds, agencies and programmes.
- Regular calls or video conferencing, at least every two months, as needed.
- A first face-to-face meeting, as soon as conditions allow. This meeting would develop an annual or rolling workplan and agree the modalities for providing the most effective support to UNCTs.
- Ad-hoc calls if needed to prepare for supporting UN missions, CCA preparations, reports and interventions at the national and regional level.
- Yearly review of work, results, progress towards achieving these terms of reference, engagement and attendance of agencies, country feedback and UN Regional Coordination Platform.

Geographical scope

The IBC will focus on countries in Europe and Central Asia.