

TRANS-EUROPEAN NORTH – SOUTH MOTORWAY (TEM) PROJECT



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BRIEF HISTORY

- TEM Project is the oldest regional transport infrastructure project in Europe
- Initiated by Governments of Poland and Hungary who asked the United Nations for assistance in preparation, design and construction of motorways
- TEM Project started in September 1977 by opening the Project Central Office in Warsaw, Poland
- At the beginning 10 countries participated in the TEM Project : Austria, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, Greece, Hungary, Italy, Poland, Romania, Turkey and Yugoslavia
- Its total length was 10 400km



BRIEF HISTORY

• Main aim of TEM Project was construction and management of modern system of motorways connecting Baltic, Adriatic, Aegean and

Black Seas





TEM PROJECT OBJECTIVES

- To assist participating countries in accelerating the construction of the TEM network
- To assist in maintaining, operating and managing the TEM network
- To pay special attention to the upgrading of existing roads

- To promote and improve cooperation in all matters concerning road transport between TEM countries
- To disseminate the TEM knowledge, expertise and know-how to other regions of the world

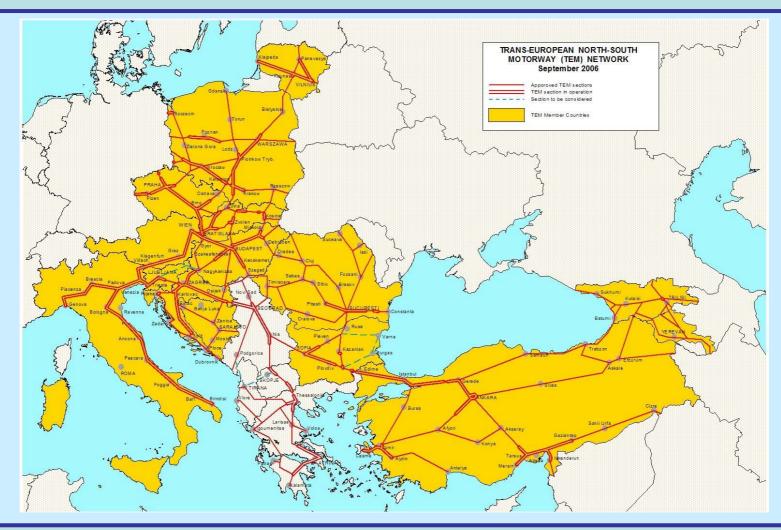


FURTHER MILESTONES

- Political and economic changes in Europe after 1989 lead to decision to expand the system by adding east – west connections in 1991
- Since 1992 independent and self sustaining funding of the Project activities by participating countries only
- 14 TEM member countries in 2006: Armenia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, Czech Republic, Georgia, Hungary, Italy, Lithuania, Poland, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia and Turkey.
- Associated member: Austria
- Observers: Serbia, Sweden and Ukraine



PRESENT TEM STATUS





MAIN ACHIEVEMENTS

- The TEM Network Identification
- TEM Standards and Recommended Practice
- Data collection and TEMSTAT Maps
- Dissemination of know-how and expertise
- Harmonization of signing, introduction of ITS, rich international cooperation with organizations dealing with road transport infrastructure
- TEM Master Plan: A realistic investment strategy for developing motorways and expressways network in 21 countries

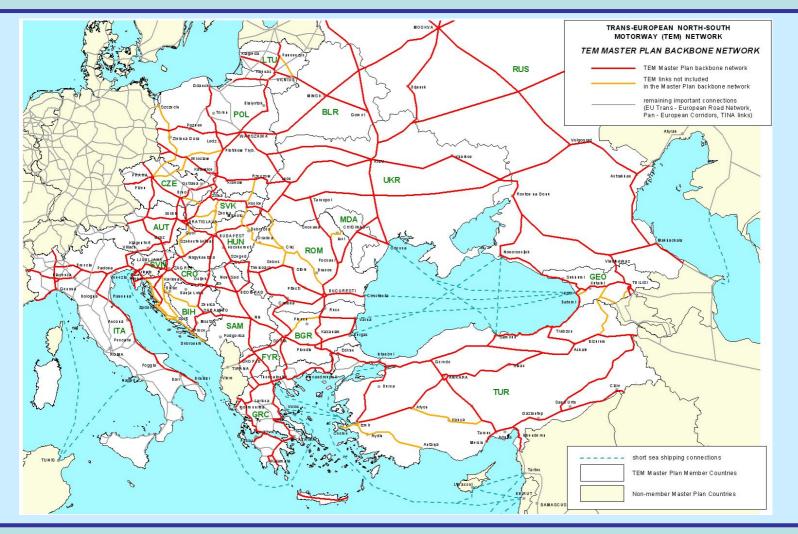


TEM MASTER PLAN

- A commonly agreed methodology
 - Two scenarios of growth: moderate and optimistic
 - Demography, GDP growth, Trends in foreign trade
 - Forecast of transport demand up to 2020
- 319 motorway projects Evaluated and Prioritized
 - Total value : €49,5 billion
 - Of which $\in 15.1$ billion is secured (31%)
- Additional and Missing Links and TEM Extentions
- Identification of the TEM Backbone network and TEM Bottlenecks
- Inventory of border-crossing problems and recommendations for alleviating them



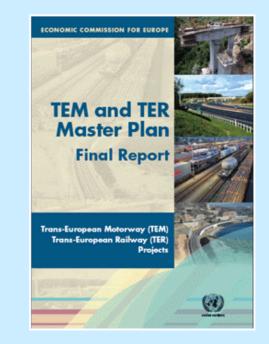
TEM MASTER PLAN BACKBONE NETWORK





MASTER PLAN FOLLOW UP

- Countries to implement
- Monitoring implementation
- Revision scheduled for 2008
 - Add new projects
 - Complete data
 - Include other countries
 - Further study funding aspects of priority projects



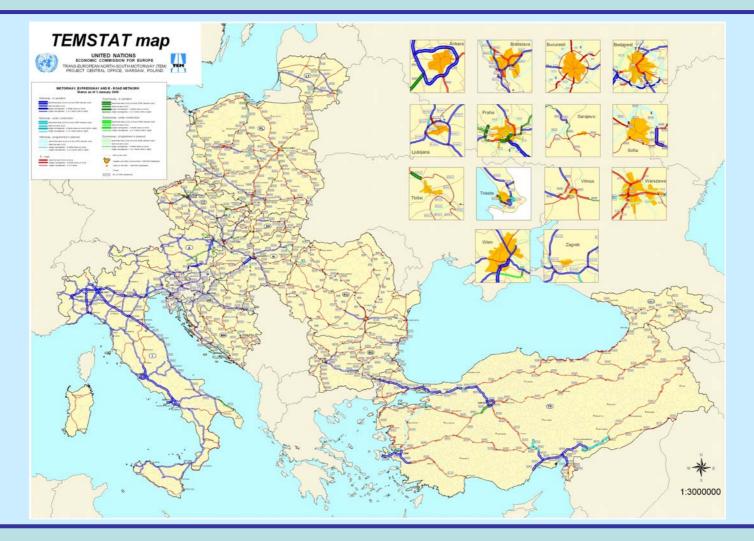


TEM PROJECT - NEXT STEPS

- Continue the work on the Master Plan
- Extend TEM Project further to East and South
- Continue addressing border crossing facilitation
- Further develop and update TEM database
- Strengthen cooperation with EC and other international institutions
- Contribute to the development of Euro-Asian transport links



TEMSTAT MAP 2006





CONCLUSIONS

- TEM Project is an efficient cooperation mechanism for coordinated development of motorway network
- TEM has produced tangible results (studies, maps, standards)
- Implementation of TEM objectives requires long-term political commitment of governments involved and close cooperation and coordination among them
- International institutions and all countries from the region not member till now are invited to benefit from the TEM Project work



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