



UNECE Road Transport Statistics withinthe SDGs

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Overview

- SDGs monitoring mechanism
- What to measure?
- Glossary for Transport Statistics
- Infrastructure
- Vehicle fleet
- Road Traffic
 - Vehicle km
 - Goods tonnage and tonne-km
 - Passenger-km
 - E-Road Census
 - Bus and coach statistics
- How to collect the data?





Development of SDG indicators

- UN General Assembly adopted the 17 goals 169 targets in September 2015
- United Nations Statistical Commission (UNSC) established Interagency and Expert Group on SDG Indicators (IAEG-SDG). Country led process to develop a list of indicators for SDG monitoring, and provide support for the implementation of the indicator framework to 2030, review capacity building, report on progress towards SDGs





Development of SDG indicators (2)

- Indicator list approved by UNSC in March 2016, refined in 2017
- IAEG-SDG has met 5 times, discussing work stream on disaggregation, and drafting group on guidelines on data flows
- Global list of over 230 indicators for global review and follow-up https://unstats.un.org/unsd/statcom/48th-session/documents/2017-2-IAEG-SDGs-E.pdf (Annex III)
- Tier system to assess availability of the indicators
 - Tier 1 internationally agreed methods and data widely available
 - Tier 2 agreed methods exist but data are not widely available
 - Tier 3 no agreed methods, no data



IAEG-SDG further steps on SDG indicators []



- Work plan for developing methodologies for Tier III indicators available (https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/files/meetings/iaeg-sdgs-meeting-05/TierIII Work Plans 03 03 2017.pdf)
- Considering data flows a drafting group set up (current recommendation: NSOs to coordinate all SDG data)
- Role of custodian agencies
- Continuous adjustment of indicators will be necessary annual refinements; two **comprehensive reviews in 2020 and 2025**
- Increased capacity building needed
- Information about the work available at IAEG-SDG website:
 - http://unstats.un.org/sdgs/iaeg-sdgs/
 - Next IAEG-SDG meeting in November 2017



SDG targets and indicators related to transport



- 3.6 By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents
- 3.6.1 Death rate due to road traffic injuries
 - Tier 1
 - custodian agency WHO, other agencies involved: UNECE
- 9.1 Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and transborder infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all
- 9.1.1 Proportion of the rural population who live within 2 km of an all-season road
 - Tier 3
 - custodian agency World Bank, other agencies involved: UNEP, UNECE
 - more info: suggested methodology exists but not tested
- 9.1.2 Passenger and freight volumes, by mode of transport
 - Tier 1
 - custodian agencies ICAO, ITF-OECD, other agencies involved: UPU, UNEP, UNECE



SDG targets and indicators related to transport (2)



11.2 By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons

- 11.2.1 Proportion of the population that has convenient access to public transport, by sex, age and persons with disabilities
 - Tier 2
 - custodian agency UN-Habitat, other agencies involved: UNEP, UNECE
 - more information: City Prosperity Initiative, UN-Habitat has developed the methodology to aggregate the information at national, regional and global levels

Transport: what do we want to know?



- How do people get around? What is the road/rail split?
- How are goods transported around my country?
- How many cars/trucks are more than 10 years old?
- Can I measure road safety performance against number of cars, or km driven?
- How does our motorway network compare to our neighbours'?
- Can we visualize traffic volumes and highlight hotspots?



Bad Transport Statistics!



BuzzFeed

"9 Delightfully Geeky Stats About NYC Bridges And Tunnels"

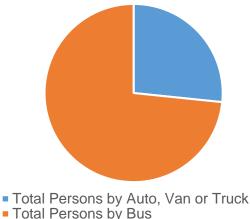
It's almost all cars.

Automobile traffic consistently makes up around 91% of the total vehicles going over and through the bridges and tunnels in a month. Trucks make up between 6 and 7 percent, and

buses account for the final 2 to 3 percent.

Comparing passengers versus vehicles tells a very different story

Lincoln Tunnel



- 1. Buzzfeed article: https://www.buzzfeed.com/johntemplon/9-delightfully-geeky-stats-nyc-bridges-tunnels?utm_term=.rc3RAVyxxy#.xrjBRqz66z
- 2. Pie chart based on data from New York Metropolitan Transportation Council, via http://nyc.streetsblog.org/2014/07/25/what-buzzfeed-missed-about-how-people-get-around-new-york/

TRANSPORT



Road Infrastructure

Simple total length of roads, broken down by type

- Motorways
- State roads
- Provincial roads
- Communal roads
- E-Roads
- Roads inside built-up areas
- Roads outside built-up areas

Useful base indicator for other analyses, and network assessment



Road Infrastructure - Definitions Inland Transport Committee



Motorway/freeway

- Road, specially designed and built for motor traffic, which does not serve properties bordering on it, and which:
 - is provided with separate carriageways for traffic in two directions, separated from each other
 - Has no crossings at the same level with any road, railway or tramway track, or footpath
 - Is especially sign-posted as a motorway and is reserved for specific categories of road motor vehicles. Urban motorways are also included.







Road Infrastructure - Collection

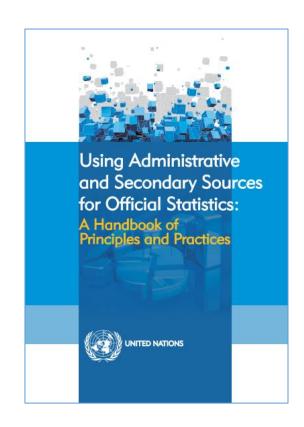
- Data from infrastructure managers, highway agencies, ministries of transport....
- These data don't come from surveys; network length is inelastic, thus administrative data should capture this.
- Be pragmatic on estimation







- "Data collected by sources external to statistical offices" (Conference of European Statisticians, 2000)
- Data might be collected for:
 - Personal tax/social security
 - Import/export duties
 - Business taxes



http://www.unece.org/index.php?id=28898 (English and Russian)





Transport Statistics Glossary

B.V-10 Road passenger trip

The combination between the place of embarkation and the place of disembarkation of passengers conveyed by a road vehicle.

A passenger transfer from one vehicle directly to another one of the same kind, regardless of the undertaking, shall not be regarded as disembarkation / embarkation. Whenever during the transfer another mode of transport is used, this is to be regarded as disembarkation from a vehicle followed by a subsequent embarkation on another vehicle.

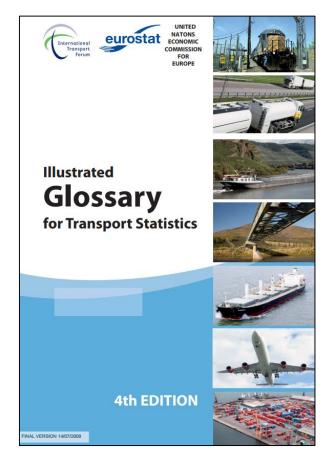
B.V-11 Public road transport

Public road transport covers passenger transport by bus or tram in scheduled service, whether operated by a public or private enterprise.

B.V-12 Road passenger trip on public road transport

The combination between the place of embarkation and the place of disembarkation of passengers conveyed by bus or tram.

A passenger transfer from one vehicle directly to another one of the same kind, regardless of the undertaking, shall not be regarded as disembarkation / embarkation. Whenever during the transfer another mode of transport is used, this is to be regarded as disembarkation from a vehicle followed by a subsequent embarkation on another vehicle.







Vehicle Fleet

- Number of passenger and goods vehicles, broken down by type of vehicle:
 - Passenger cars
 - Motor coaches, buses and trolleybuses
 - Lorries
 - Road tractors
- Further breakdowns: age of vehicle, weight (for goods vehicles), fuel type.
- In parallel to this: number of **new** vehicle registrations, by type

Useful to understand number of vehicles per person, age of vehicle fleet, fuels used, road safety, emissions calculations



Vehicle Fleet – Passenger Car



Road motor vehicle, other than a moped or a motor cycle, for the carriage of passengers and designed to seat no more than nine persons (incl. the driver). Included are:

- a) Passenger cars
- b) Vans designed and used primarily for transport of passengers
- c) Taxis
- d) Hire cars
- e) Ambulances
- f) Motor homes.

Excluded are light goods vehicles, motor-coaches and buses, and mini-buses/mini-coaches







Vehicle Fleet – How to Collect?

- Administrative data sources
 - vehicle register
 - insurance information
 - car sales/scrappages
 - cars imported?
 - Can be supplemented or cross-checked by household or business survey/census data ("how many vehicles does your household have?")





Road traffic: three main areas

- Motor vehicle movements on national territory (vehicle km), by vehicle type
- Goods transport on national territory by road (tonnes carried and tonne-kms)
- Passenger transport on national territory by road (passenger km)





Motor Vehicle-Km

- Motor vehicle movements on national territory (vehicle km), by vehicle type:
 - Motorcycles
 - Passenger cars
 - Coaches/buses
 - Lorries
- This is **all** motorized vehicles, goods and passengers Gives local and national insights...AADT, total use of road network.



Vehicle Movements: How to Collect?

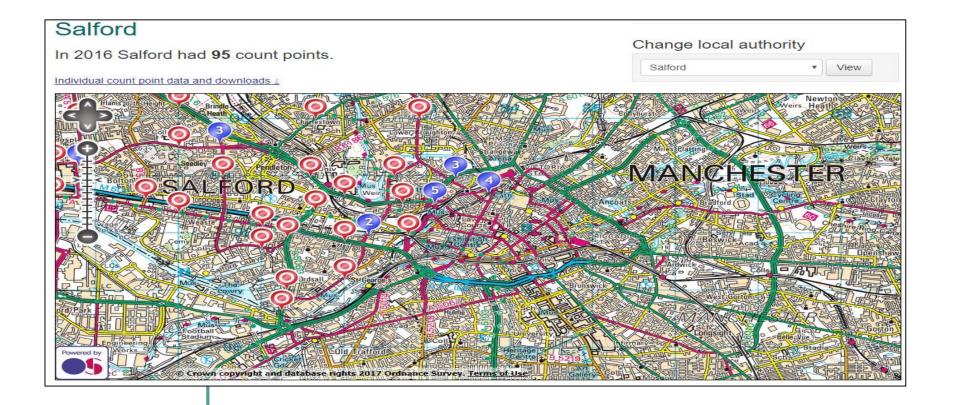


- Traffic counts
 - Manual or automatic, constant or seasonal
- Odometer readings
- Additional: fuel consumption data, big data (phone GPS, satellite images)

Vehicle Movements: What to Publish



- UK vehicle counter interactive map: https://www.dft.gov.uk/traffic-counts/
- Allows user to know AADT for every measured segment



Goods transport: tonnes, tonne-km



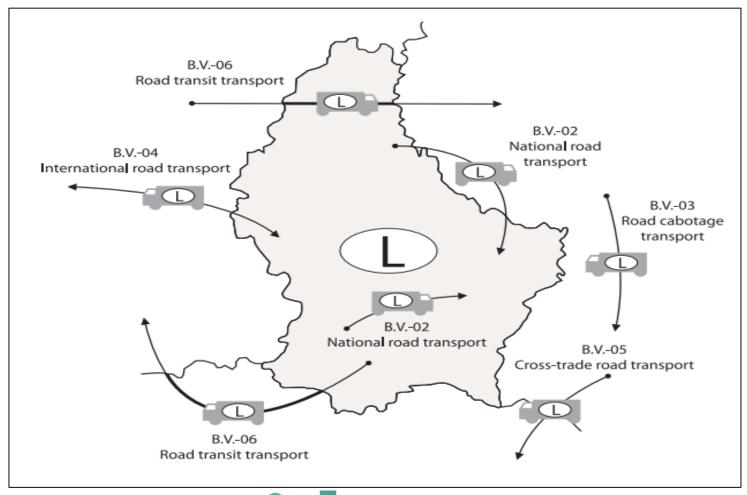
- Goods transport on national territory by road (tonnes carried, AND tonne-kms)
 - National transport within the country
 - International transport (loaded+unloaded in the territory)
 - Cross-trade transport
 - Road cabotage
 - > Of which: operated for hire and reward
 - > Of which: operated for own account

Provides understanding of transport sector (and security of e.g. food and energy supply), can be compared with rail and waterway quantities to see how goods moved



International transport can be complicated...







Goods transport: how to collect?



- Surveys necessary, sent to HGV operators
 - Stratified sample, ask the weight of goods and distance travelled
 - A few hundred vehicles monitored each week
- For international transport, use surveys in combination with customs data
- Additional data: Customs, industrial production, cargo unloaded from trains or ships?



Road traffic: Passenger Km



- Passenger transport on national territory by road (passenger km)
 - By motorcycles
 - Passenger cars
 - Motor coaches
- Private drivers included, taxi drivers excluded

Data important, used for modal split calculations, commuting trends, analysis of travel patterns, access to jobs and education, carbon intensity of total travel





Road traffic passenger-km: How to Collect?

- Countings (manual and automatic, constant and seasonal)
- Odometer readings (during road worthiness tests)
- Household surveys
- Modelling (employment figures, energy consumption)
- New sources (big data, satellite information)

Guesstimation: vehicle km * 1.6?





Bus and Coach Statistics

- UNECE/Eurostat pilot questionnaire
- Covers
 - Coach movements (vehicle-km)
 - Journeys offered (number of journeys)
 - Seat km offered (seat-km offered)
 - Passenger transport (number of passengers)
- This is for **long-distance bus journeys**, i.e. Intercity routes, not local bus trips. (How to define "long-distance"?)









E-Road Census

- Conducted every 5 years on E-Road network, defined European Agreement on Main Traffic Arteries (AGR)
- Collects basic E-Road infrastructure data, and detailed traffic numbers

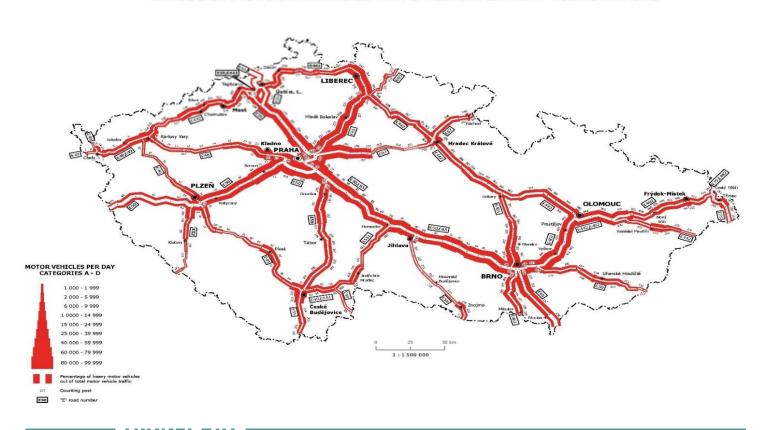




Road Traffic: E-Road Census



CENSUS OF MOTOR TRAFFIC ON THE CZECH REPUBLIC E-ROADS IN 2016



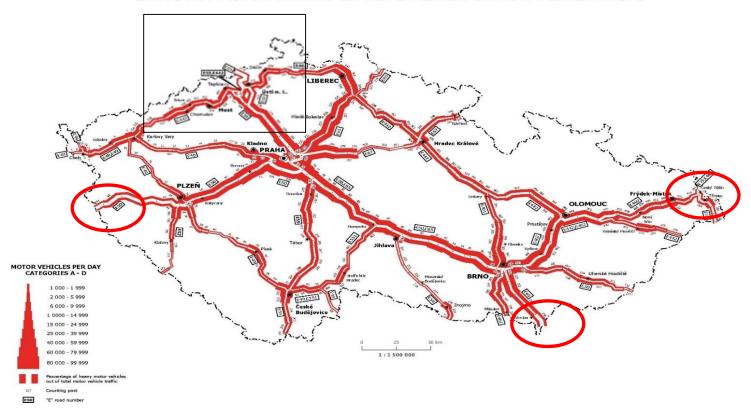
Road Traffic: E-Road Census



White thickness indicates HGV %. Shows the crucial goods border crossings

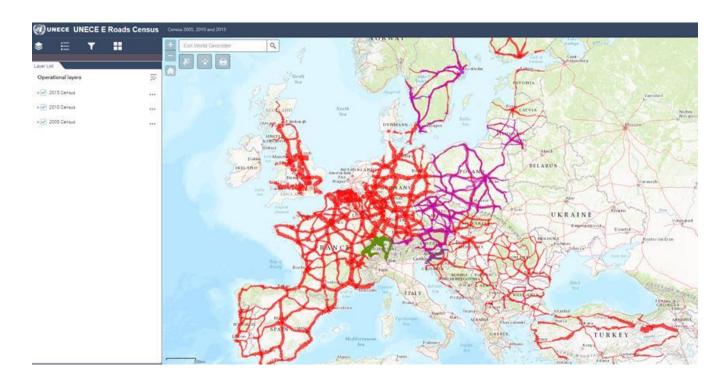


CENSUS OF MOTOR TRAFFIC ON THE CZECH REPUBLIC E-ROADS IN 2016



Road Traffic: E-Road Census





https://www.unece.org/trans/areas-of-work/transport-statistics/statistics-and-data-online/e-roads/traffic-census-map.html





E-Road Census: What's needed

- Only covers the E-Road network typically the top-level network (as defined in the AGR)
- AADT figures for each segment (defined by location of counting posts)
- Each post's geolocation. With basic free mapping software (e.g. ArcGIS) this is easily converted to a Shape file
- Using the same posts for future censuses improves longterm comparability



Road Statistics feed into the SDGs



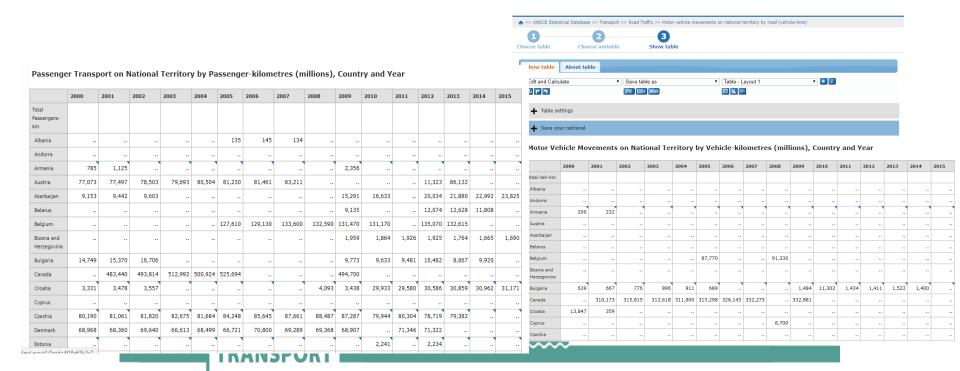
- 9.1.1: Mapping of road network can be combined with population density
- 9.1.2: passenger and freight volumes: passenger km and tonne-km
- 11.2.1: number of bus passengers and seat-km offered relevant for public transport access



UNECE Data



- Motor vehicle numbers sparse
- Data for passenger km much better (more countries collect data through surveys than counters?)
- Goods vehicle data (tonnes and tonne-km) reasonably complete



Summary



- SDGs monitoring mechanism applies to the transportrelated indicators
- Infrastructure and vehicle data come from admin data
- Measurement and surveys needed for traffic volumes
- Consider administrative data sources
- Glossary creates internationally-comparable data
- E-Road Census visualizes traffic volumes across countries
- Report this data through the common questionnaire!





Suggestions? Comments? We are here to help!

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ANNEX 1: Road Map for Statistics for SDGs



- Conference of European Statisticians (CES) road map for statistics for SDGs
 - Steering Group: to guide the CES work on statistics for SDGs what, who, when, with whom needs to be done
 - 1) establishing national mechanisms for collaboration
 - 2) assessing readiness to report on SDG indicators
 - 3) selecting national indicators
 - 4) providing data on global SDG indicators data flows
 - 5) capacity building
 - 6) communication and dissemination
- First Edition endorsed at CES in June 2017
- https://www.unece.org/fileadmin/DAM/stats/documents/ece/ ces/2017/CES_Road_Map_for_SDGs_First_Edition_final.p df



Annex 2: Data Collection Examples



- UK Vehicle count methodology https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment data/file/611304/annual-road-traffic-estimates-2016.pdf
- UK National travel survey https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/633077/national-travel-survey-2016.pdf
- Denmark travel survey http://www.modelcenter.transport.dtu.dk/english/TU
- Finland traffic volumes mapped http://www.liikennevirasto.fi/web/en/maps-charts/traffic- volumes#.WddBz6iCyUk
- USA National household travel survey http://nhts.ornl.gov/
- Travel Survey of Residents of Canada http://www23.statcan.gc.ca/imdb/p2SV.pl?Function=getSurvey&S DS = 3810



Annex 3: UNECE Related Work



- Inland Transport Committee
- Border Crossing and Trade (TIR convention)
- Euro-Asian Links
- Transport and Classification of Dangerous Goods
- Road Transport (SC.1)
- Vehicle Regulations
- Road Safety

