

# Freight forwarders: Terms and statutes



#### **UNECE**

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#### National practices.....

- ➤ In transport most Rules and Regulations are international
  - ✓ Particulary liability regimes
  - ✓ But also DGR, Security, Customs,
- A 'national transport' can be part of an international transport
  - ✓ In which case international Regulations apply
- ➤ Intermodal transport Several International Conventions
  - ✓ CMR (Road), COTIF (Rail), Hague-Visby (Sea) Montreal (Air)



- > Shipper
- > Intermediary
- ➤ Agent of the carrier
- > Contracting carrier
- > Principal



Affects the Forwarders position v. the cargo owner and / or the carrier

➤ Affects the Forwarder 'possibility' to perform contracted transport services



#### Agent

Creates a legal / contractual relationship between the actual carrier and the Cargo owner

#### **Intermediary / Principal**

Creates a legal / contractual relationship between the Forwarder and the actual carrier and between the Forwarder and the Cargo owner



### In Intermodal transport

Does the Forwarder contracts with <u>one</u> carrier for the entire transport (involving multiple modes of transport)?

Or,....

➤ Does the Forwarder contracts with <u>one</u> carrier <u>separately</u> for **each** mode of transport ?

### In Intermodal transport

- ➤ Different modes of transport have different liability regimes
  - ✓ and most importantly, different levels of liability
  - o Road by rail or sea is "road"
  - o Rail by sea is "rail"
  - O Air by road, sea or rail is <u>not</u> air



### In Intermodal transport

Is this the "problem" of the Forwarder?

- Depends on the art and nature of the Forwarder
  - ✓ Agent
  - ✓ Intermediary
  - ✓ Principal

Potential gap in liability of Forwarder towards cargo owner and actual carrier towards Forwarder

✓ The "problem" is then the Forwarders

### In Intermodal transport

Forwarders Standard Trading Terms (Conditions)

- Most often contains a 'network' principle
  - ✓ Liability of 'actual' mode of transport if more than one is contracted for
  - ✓ Difficult for cargo owners or their insurers to estimate recovery of damages

✓ The "problem" is now the cargo owners...

#### In Intermodal transport

Enhanced Uniformed liability

The solution?

- Equal level of liability of Forwarder regardless of mode of transport
  - ✓ Must mean that carrier's liability is uniform as well regardless of mode of transport
  - ✓ Otherwise Forwarder must insure the 'gap'
    - o (may lead to) Increased freight rates
      - ✓ The "problem" is now the Regulators



# The 'wish-list' of the Freight Forwarder

### In Intermodal transport

Uniformed set of Intermodal Rules and Regulations

- ➤ Liability rules and levels "most difficult" to achieve
- ✓ But at the same time may "hold the key"....



# Final words of the Freight Forwarder

In Intermodal transport

#### TRANSPORT IS TRANSPORT

> Regardless of mode of transport

Or at least it should be.....



# Thank you for your attention

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