

Federal Office for the Environment FOEN
Air Pollution Control and Chemicals Division

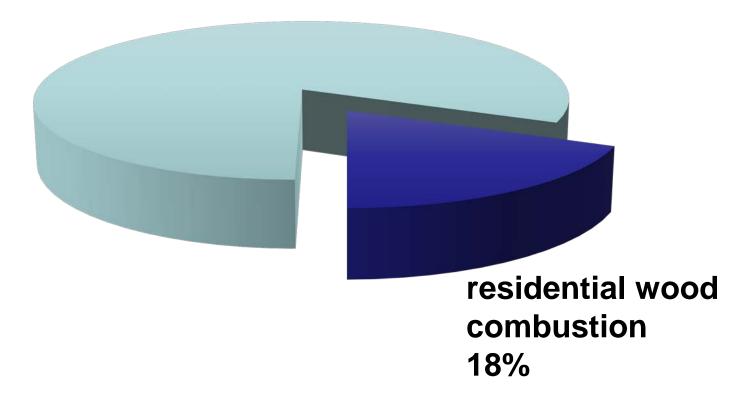
# Swiss regulations to control emissions from residential wood burning

Working Group on Strategies and Review (CLRTAP)
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### **PM2.5** emissions (2015)

Total: ~7300 t





### Revision of Swiss regulations for wood combustion installations up to 70 kW

#### Context

- Catch up with technological progress
- harmonization with EU construction products regulation and ecodesign directive
- importance of periodic inspections and monitoring under operating conditions in addition to type approval



### Revision of Swiss regulations for wood combustion installations up to 70 kW

#### **Topics**

- compatibility of regulations for placing on the market with ecodesign regulations:
  - EU 2015/1185 solid fuel local space heaters <50 kW</li>
  - EU 2015/1189 solid fuel boilers <500 kW</li>
- tightening of Swiss ELVs for CO and introduction of ELVs for dust under operating conditions
- obligation for periodic inspections and monitoring
- obligation for equipment of boilers with heat accumulators



## Emission limit values for wood combustion installations up to 70 kW under operating conditions

category	CO (mg/m³)	dust* (mg/m³)
cooking stoves	4'000	100
single room heaters	2'500	100
boilers, hand stoked	2'500	100
boilers, autom. stoked	1'000	50

O<sub>2</sub> ref: 13%

\* in force after 1.6.2019



### Putting into service, inspection and monitoring

	putting into service	periodic check
cooking stoves	declaration of performance or acceptance measurement CO & dust or ESP	periodic inspection every 2 years + informative guidance
single room heaters		
boilers, hand stoked	acceptance measurement CO & dust	periodic monitoring CO every 4 years
boilers, autom. stoked		



### Periodic inspection & measures in case of non-compliance

#### Visual inspection and «soft» measures

- fuel wood quality (moisture, size, naturalness, no waste)
- residues in combustion chamber (ash, soot)
- operating conditions (ignition from top, air supply)
- technical condition of heating device (air flow, tightness)

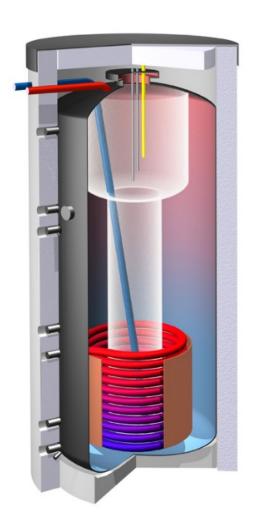
#### «hard» measures

- retrofit with electrostatic precipitator
- replacement of heating device



### Heat accumulators for wood boilers up to 500 kW

- heat accumulators → emission reduction by avoiding operation at partial load
- definition of minimum accumulator volumes for hand stoked and automatic boilers depending on nominal heat output
- exception for pellet boilers < 70 kW (low emissions under modulated partial load)



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#### **Cost & benefits**

expected reduction of dust emissions from small combustion installations: ~ 30% (time horizon: 10 years)

- → reduction of external costs from health impacts and material damage: 50 – 250 mio CHF per year
- → costs for periodic monitoring & inspections, retrofitting and replacement: 150 – 260 mio CHF, cumulated over next 10 years



### Thank you for your attention!