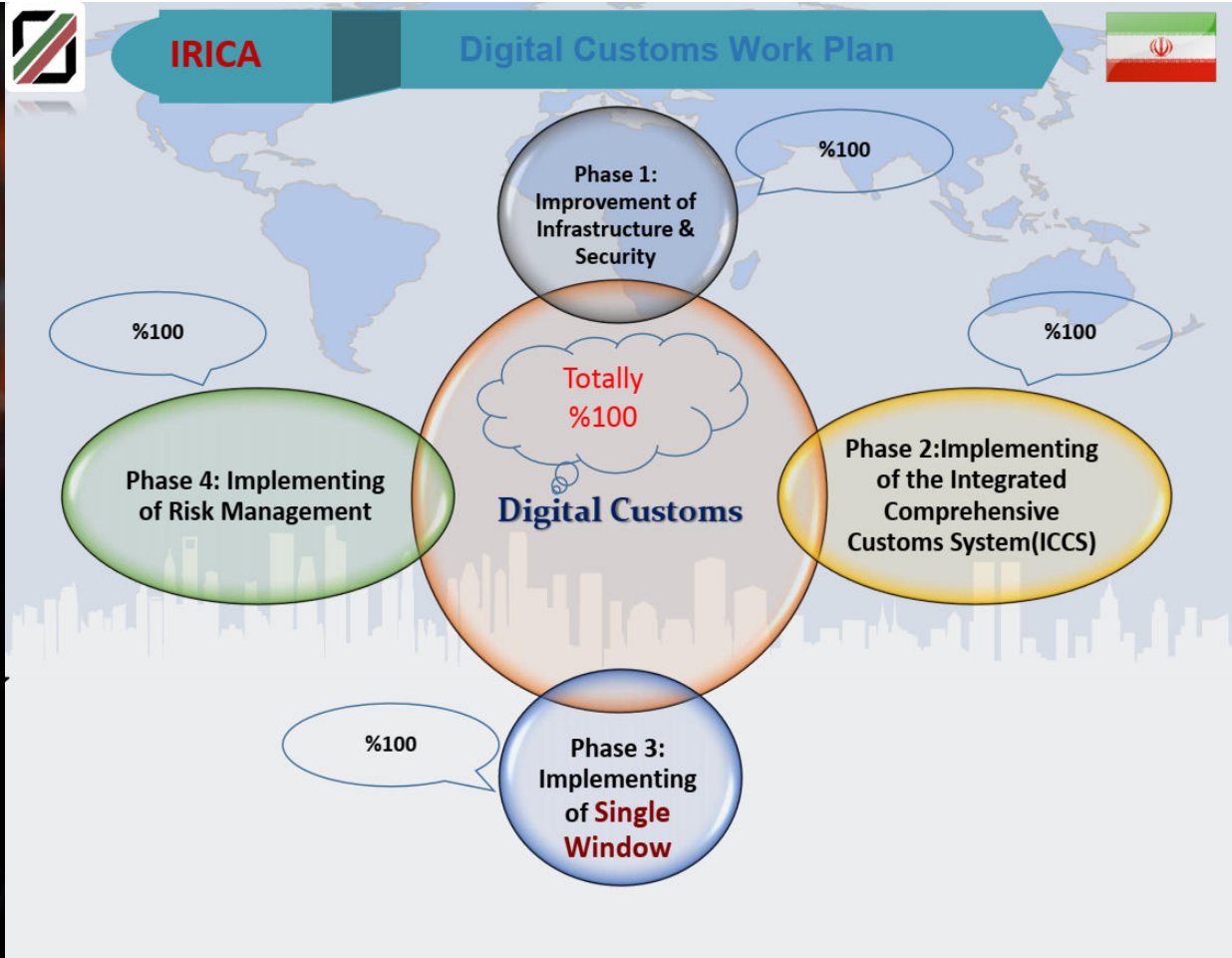
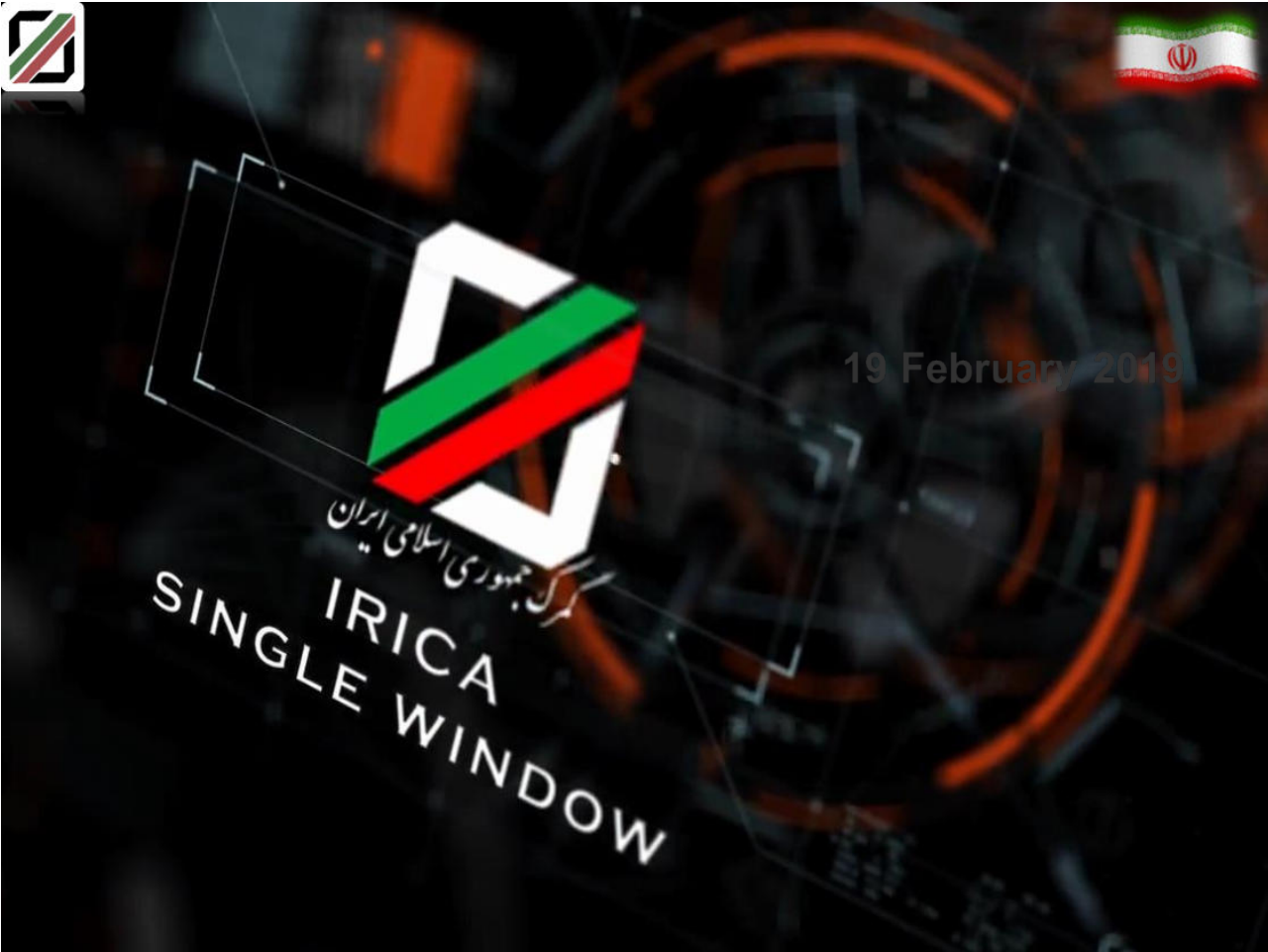


Effect of Digitalization & Prospect I.I.IRAN Customs Administration

Mostafa Ayati

Deputy Director General of Transit & Control Department

19 February 2019- Geneva

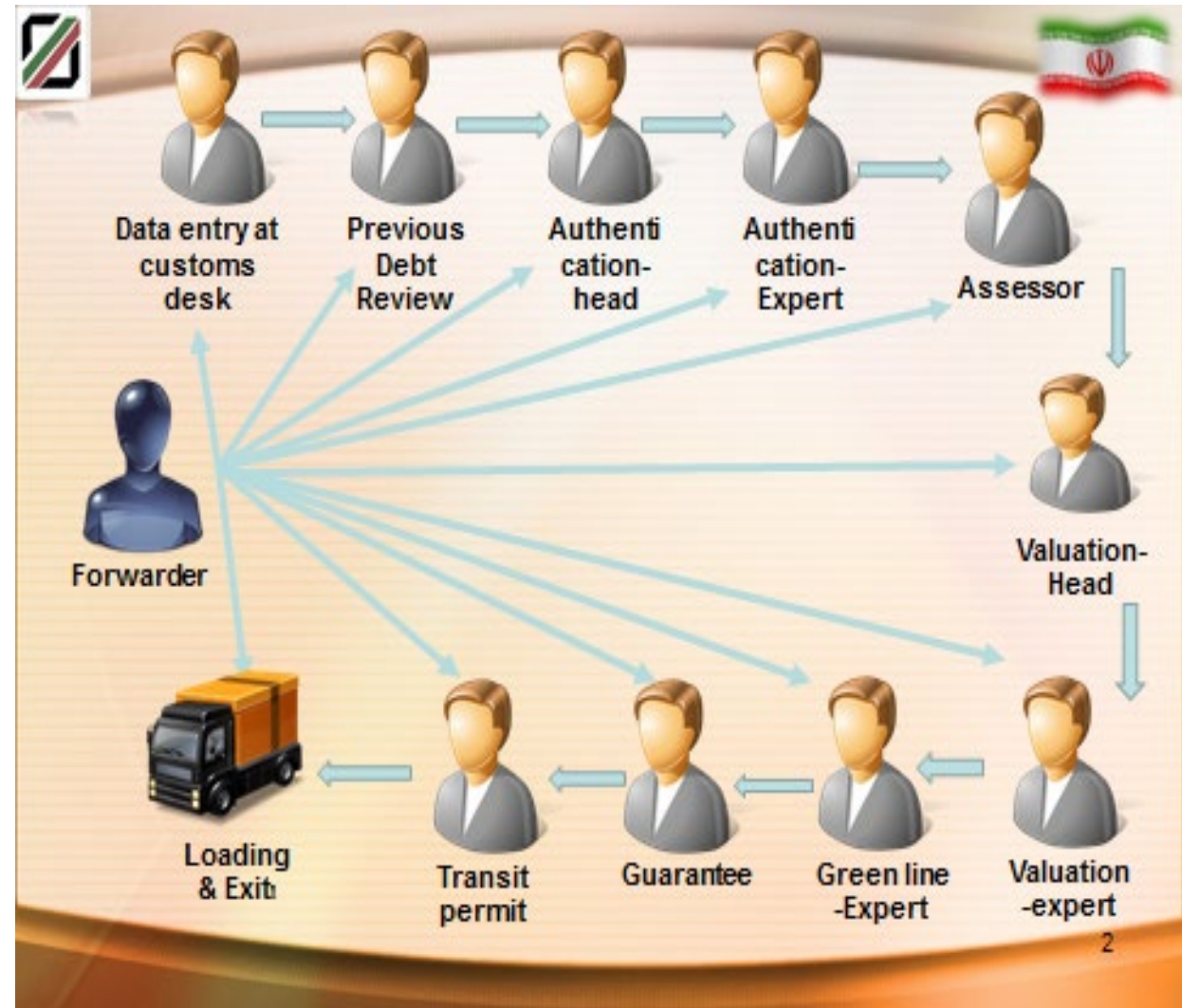


Customs procedures before digitalization in 1997

- ✓ Paper based system with 1,500,000 declaration except TIR carnet in 140 customs offices.
- ✓ Average 30 documents for each declaration including various permits, authentication documents, etc.
- ✓ Some declarations included up to 100 documents
- ✓ Average annual consumption of 45 million papers.
- ✓ According to our national law, documents must be archived for 10.5 years.
- ✓ The high risk of forging permits issued by other organizations.

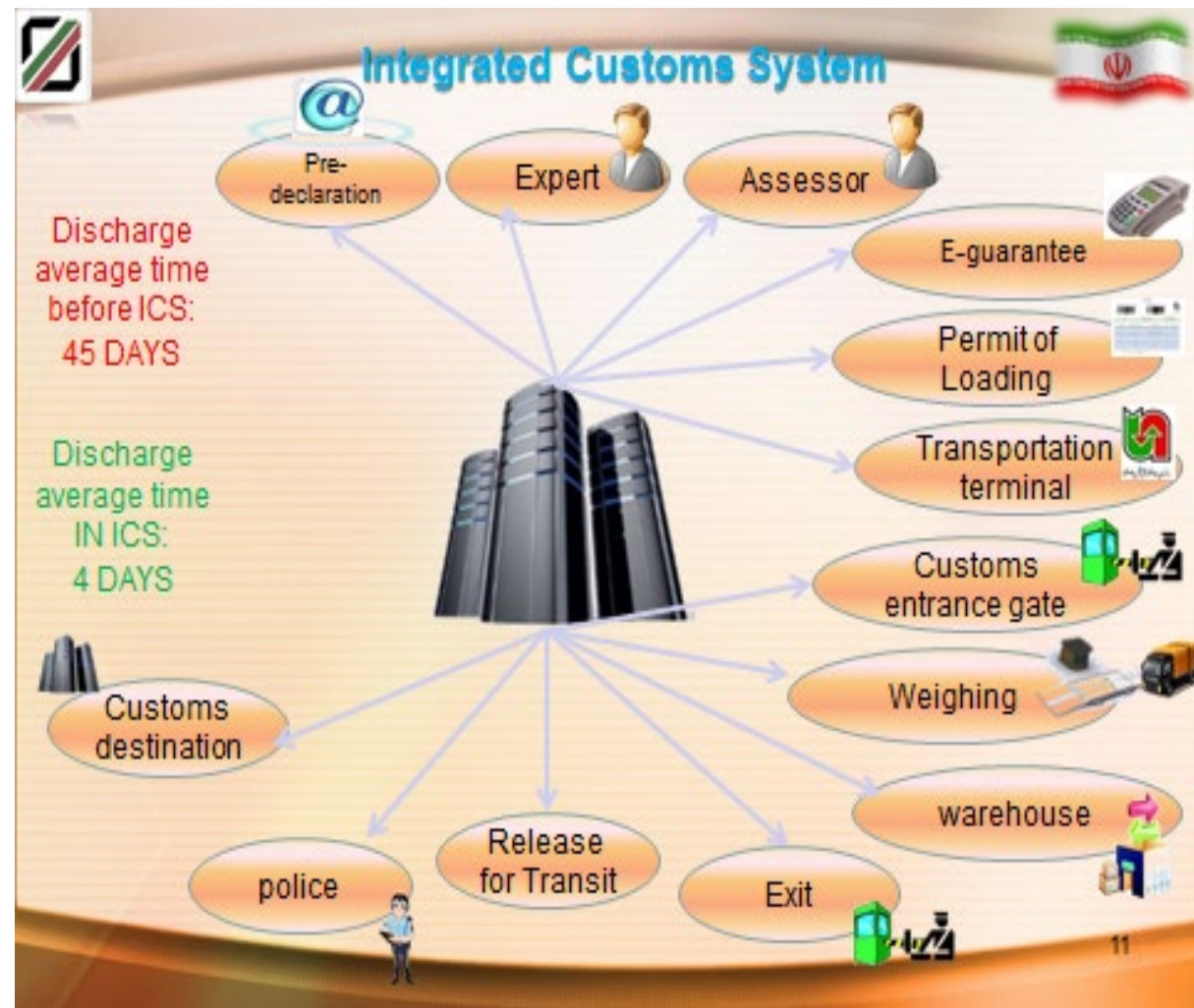
Implementation of ASYCUDA in 1997

- ✓ since 1997 IRICA started the implementation of ASYCUDA system.
- ✓ ASYCUDA only covered export & import procedures and ASYCUDA WORLD added Transit in 10 customs.
- ✓ Due to some limitations in ASYCUDA, IRICA decided to implement its own national system (Integrated Customs System) since 2013
- ✓ by implementing ICS, data entry via pre-declaration is possible at any time.



The benefits of ICS


- ✓ By running a single window, ICS has linked customs to 29 issuing organizations electronically, so there is no risk of forging anymore.
- ✓ Fully paperless system has led to reduction of charges, forging etc.
- ✓ In transit the electronic data exchange between departure and destination has expedited the discharge process.



e-TIR Project

- ✓ Since only the TIR system was not paperless, IRICA initiated e-TIR project with Turkey in 2014
- ✓ The eTIR Project aimed at bringing the TIR procedure to a computerized environment, further enhancing the security and efficiency of the TIR system
- ✓ The first phase was successfully implemented in 2015.
- ✓ Currently, implementing full digital in TIR with Turkey is underway

eTIR pilot: MoU signed with UNECE on 24 March 2015



IRU

eTIR PILOT

Ankara ○

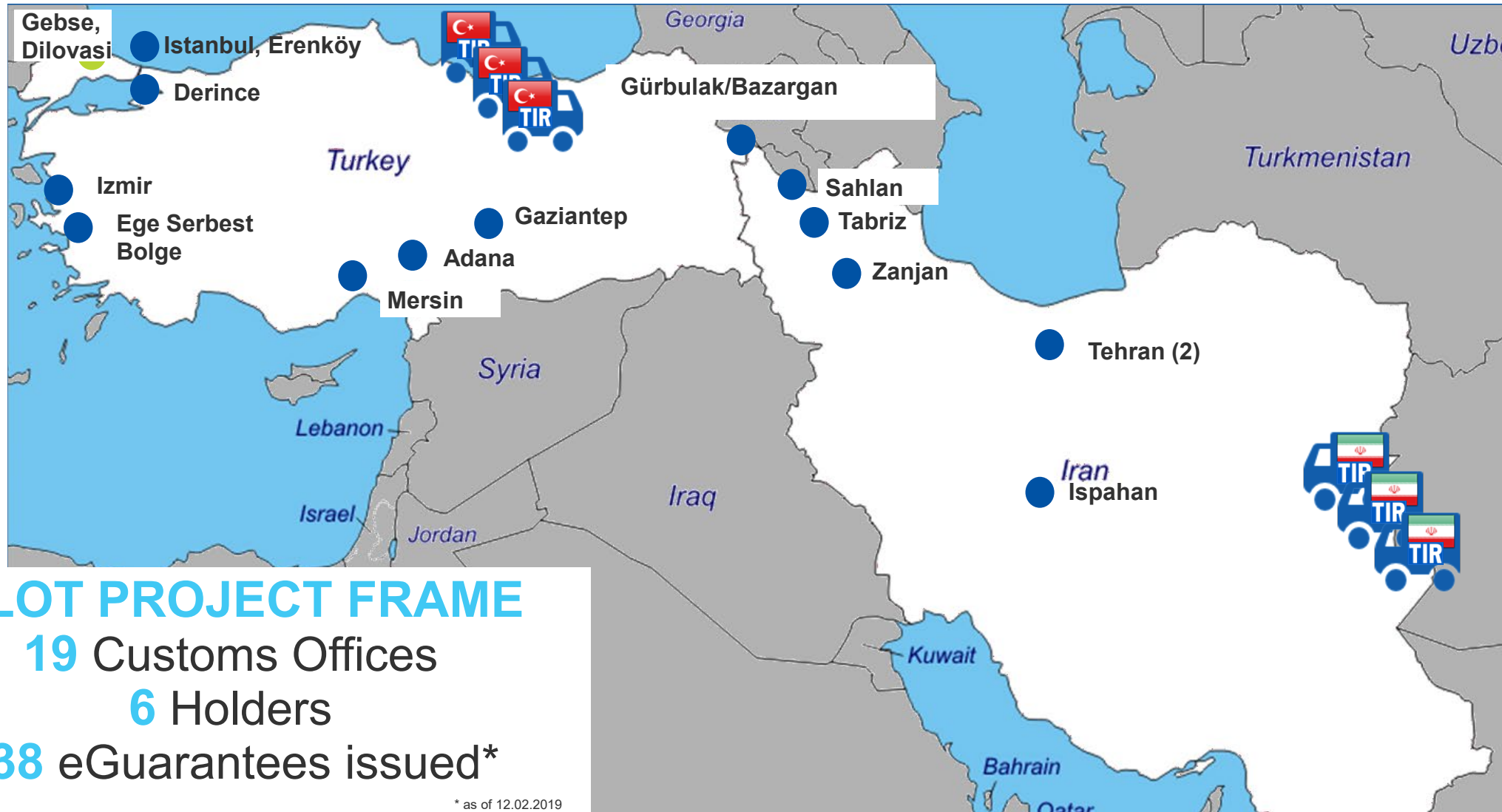
TURKEY

○ Teheran

IRAN

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eTIR pilot projects Iran-Turkey-UNECE-IRU



Feedback by pilot project stakeholders

Faster, safer	Less bureaucracy	Less workload
Less paper management	More effective risk analysis	Higher accuracy
Online monitoring of the transport	Allowed enhancements (electronic payment project)	Cheaper procedure, no TIR Carnets stock

**Overall score
given to the pilot project***
8.25/10

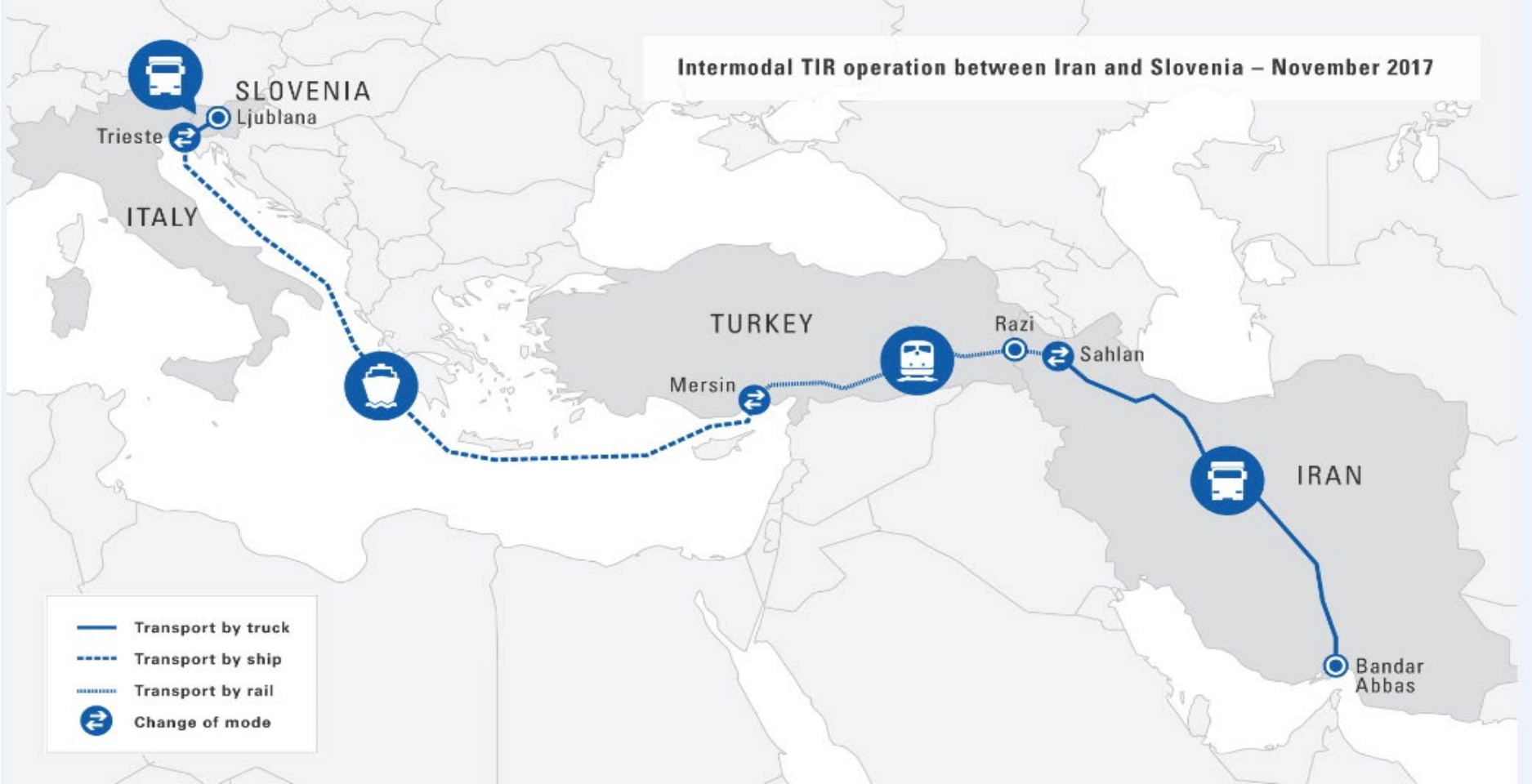
*based on evaluation survey filled by Customs of Turkey and Iran, project's final report by UNECE, GE.1 No.2 (2017)

Digitalisation and regional connectivity

Customs authorities of Iran and Azerbaijan agreed to implement digital TIR between the two countries and to expand digital TIR throughout the International North South Transport Corridor.



Slovenia-Iran: intermodal TIR transport road, maritime and rail legs involved



Experience of Iran in Intermodal TIR; Digital TIR is key



Iran`s vision on transit and transport in the region

Iran is cooperating with all its neighbouring countries to expand TIR system and put all the corridors and transport agreements under digital and intermodal TIR including;

- Ancient Silk Road
- ECO corridors
- INSTC Corridor
- Chabahar Agreement
- Ashgabat Agreement
- Turkey-Iran-Qatar corridor
- Iran-Azerbaijan digital TIR
- Iran-Pakistan digital TIR
- ETC





Thank you for your attention