

K.C.B.

Dutch Official Inspection body for import- and export inspections and internal market of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables (FFV)

Content presentation

- K.C.B. organization
- Systematics of the K.C.B. inspections
- Import inspections
- Education and qualification inspectors

KCB

- Founded in 1924
- Primary task in 1924 → export inspections quality fresh fruits and vegetables
- Appointed by Government
- Independent

Accreditation (since 1997)

- ISO/IEC 17020, type A: certified by Dutch Council for accreditation
- Type A, highest level of independency
- Quality system

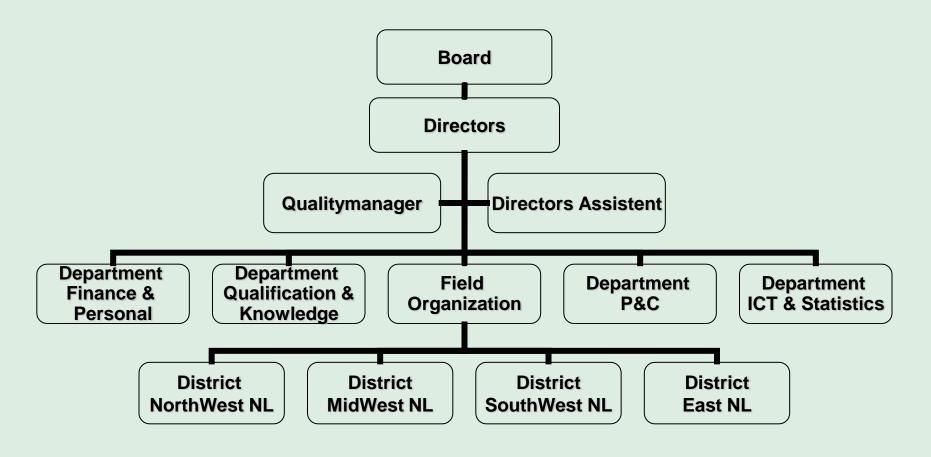
Our aim:

- Guarantees high quality level of inspections
- Independency, integrity and high efficiency level

Current Tasks KCB

- Only public tasks
- Supervision on regulations on quality of fresh fruits and vegetables
 - → Import and export inspections, monitoring and issuing export certificates
- Phytosanitary inspections import and export and issuing Phytosanitary certificates
 - → Mandate by Ministry of Agriculture, Nature and Food quality

Organization chart KCB





Department Qualification and Knowledge

Tasks:

- > education and qualification of the inspectors
- > interpretation of the quality standards
- "monitoring" product quality issues and quality problems (information from traders, markets, growers or information from own inspectors)
- > to order special inspections in case a product shows a poor quality
 - > following developments of the industry

Statistics KCB 2010 Import

- Import shipments (vegetables, fruit, flowers) 186.000
- Import reduced checks (only documentery check) 104.000
- Physical import checks KCB
 82.000



Statistics KCB 2010

Export

- Phytosanitary certificates for export
 120.000
- Physical export shipments inspections (Phytosanitary) 41.000
- Quality documents80.000

Discussed subjects

- Quality regulations
- Supervision
- Quality inspections
- Communication EU-countries



- EU Vo 1234/2007: general law
- EU Vo 1580/2007: performing inspections
- EU Vo 1221/2009: reduction of EU marketing standards
- EU Vo 543/2011: Implanting UNECE standards
- Dutch Agricultural Quality Law 2007



- Marketing standards?
 - directing international trading (language for trade)
- International regulation:
 - > <u>Brussel E.U.:</u>

 10 products EU Specific Marketing Standards other products General Marketing Standard
 - > Geneve UNECE:
 56 UN/ECE standards (not obliged)

- Content SMS:
 - **≻** Definition
 - >Provisions:
 - » Quality (requirements, classification)
 - » Sizing
 - » Tolerances
 - » Presentation
 - » Marking





Peaches/nectarine

Table grapes

- Apples
- · Citrus
 - · Pears



- Kiwi
 - Tomatoes
- Sweet pepper

- Strawberries
- Lettuce/ (curled) endivia

Content GMS:

- Minimum quality requirements
- Minimum maturity requirements
- Tolerances
- Marking of origine of produce

Risk analysis:

- Risk factors: f.e. type company, packing activities?,
 SMS/GMS, size company;
- Classification based on risk factors;
- Subdivision of companies:
 - Traders of SMS and GMS produce
 - Traders of GMS produce only
 - Authorized traders (RIK)



Interpretations of standards

- The department KKB (department Qualifications and the authority for training and proficiency) is responsible for the interpretations based on the EU standards

- The interpretations are giving more details explanation about the standards

- Interpretations always in deliberation with the sector (traders and growers), but after those opinion the KCB will take a final decision about these interpretations.





Interpretations of EU standard tomatoes

KCB-INTERPRETATION ON QUALITY REQUIREMENTS

A. Minimum requirements

Major defects are:

- open damage
- dark green internal fruit flesh;
- damaged by heavy sunburn

For major defects there is a tolerance till 2 %

Interpretations of EU standard tomatoes

B. Dividing in classification

Class | Allowed is:

- 4 calcium spots
- Very slight hollow fruit: ½ cm wide till 2/3 of the outline
- Very slight bruises
- Slight discoloration without great contrast
- Small scarves of the flowers till 2/3 of the diameter
- Slight edge fruit
- Healed small cracks till 1 cm length
- In case of pre packed tomatoes on the vine:
 - > 10 % loose tomatoes

Interpretations of EU standard tomatoes

B. Dividing in classification

Class II

Allowed is:

- 10 calcium spots
- hollow fruit till 1 cm wide about the whole outline



Interpretations of the EU-standard sweet peppers

KCB-INTERPRETATION ON QUALITY REQUIREMENTS

A Minimumrequirements

Major defects are:

- Open damage
- Heavy sunburn
- Broken calyx
- Splitted fruit

For major defects there is a tolerance till 2 %



Interpretations of the EU-standard sweet peppers KCB-INTERPRETATION ON QUALITY REQUIREMENTS

Dividing in classification

Class I Allowed is:

- very slight calcium spot, 3 spots who are not sinking; one sinking spot silver coloration till maximum 50% of the surface of
- the fruit
- very small corked cracks
- slight misshapen for example small ears
- rised calyx, but without (brown) discoloration of the fruit under the calyx
- slight damaged stalk, excluded the calyx

For sweet pointed (oblong) paprika: irregular shape is allowed curved: 20 % of the length

Discussed subjects

- Quality regulations
- Supervision
- Quality inspections
- Communication EU-countries

Supervision



Supervision

- Supervision and inspection of SMS/GMS produce
- Focus SMS: all provisions
- Focus GMS: serious/internal defects, ripeness, marking

(based on KCB risk analyses: 70 products)

- Possibility of disapproval of consignment
- Keeping view on product-flows

Discussed subjects

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Conformity check:

- Check if lot is compliant with EU marketing standards
- Check on Document, Identity/marking:
 - origin, classification, amount, dispatcher
- Physical check on SMS-provisions or GMS
- Sampling procedure

Performing conformity checks at:

- 1. Import
- 2. Internal market (regular system, RIK, surveillance)
- 3. Export
- 4. Re-inspection
- 5. Conformity check after rejections

On retail stage: The Food Safety Authority is responsible

Locations of inspections

- Port of Rotterdam and Vlissingen
- Airports (Amsterdam and Maastricht Aken)
- Auctions
- Pack stations
- Exporters
- Importers
- Wholesalers
- Growers (in case delivering directly to the market)

Import:

- 10 SMS: 100%
- 70 GMS: 5-20%
- Produce approved 3rd countries: 5%
- Produce authorised traders: 5%
- Issue certificate of conformity

Internal market:

- 1. Regular system
 - Classification of companies
 - 6 types of different visit frequencies
 (2-52 visits yearly)
- 2. Exempted traders (RIK)
 - Auditing system
- 3. Surveillance
 - Based on signals, disappointing results

Export:

Issue export certificates

- Authorised traders: 5% physical checks
- Other traders:
 - 100% check mixed consignments SMS/GMS
 - 10% check of only GMS consignment

Re-inspection:

- Company differs in opinion with KCB report
- Basis is difference in interpretation
- Specialist Quality affairs must be informed
- Performing of new inspection (Specialist Quality Affairs) based upon the marked samples of the first inspection





Conformity check after rejection:

- Non conformity products: rejection
- Report of non conformity
- Inform the trader
- Obligation trader to report back to KCB
- KCB verifies every rejected lot (compliance with marketing standard)

Verklaring van niet co EG-verordening 1580	nformiteit, als bedoeld in 3/2007. Versie januari 2	ertikel 20 , lid 3 van de 1006.		IBP nr.	P nr.		Nr.	
	Platinaweg 10			- CONTROLE - E		's-Gravenha	ige	
krachtens het La		sluit zijn gesteld. H	et is verboden dez	e partij te verhandele	rtij groenten of fruit nier n. Het vervoeren of ver	t te voldoen aan plaatsen van de	de eisen, die bij of ze partij is slechts	
toegestaan nada KCB ravonkantor	t hiervoor door het R	(waliteits-Controle-	Bureau toestemmi	ng is gegeven.	Telefoonnr,			
Naam marktdeelnemer		1			KCB nr.			
Adres Postcode en vestigingsplaats Mondeling medegedeeld aan					soort inspectie	import/expor	t/interne markt*	
					RIK bedrijf J/N			
					Handtekening bedrijf			
Partij identificatie	/merk		Product en var	riëtelt			Aangeduide klass	
Aangeduide maat/sortering	Aangeduide inhoud (kg/st)	Aantal colli	olli Land van herkomst		Locatie van de partij		Gewichtscorrectie toegepast J/N	
Normaspect		Gemiddelde afwijking	Monster	Monster	Monster	Monster	Monster	
KU (=Kwaliteit Utwendig) KI (=Kwaliteit Utwendig) KI (=Kwaliteit Inwendig) S (=Sortering) A (=Aanduiding) G (=Gewicht) V (=Verpakking)			1	2	3	4	5	
			6	7	e	9	10	
			11	12	13	14	15	
Reden kwaliteits Bijzonderheden								
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Neam functionaris:		Handtekening bedrijf:						
						z. voor vastlegg	en aanvullende gegevens	
In te vuillen door inspecteur die toe De partij wordt afgeschreven:		colli	om gecorngeerde	restant	Datum:	Gezien Ir	specteur:	
		colli				J/N*		
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De partij gaat (retour) naar:				te	Datum:	Gezien J/N*		
Datum vrijgave gehele partij:			te			Gezien J/N*		
Schriftelijke bevestiging afkeuring:		3				TVM-	\	
Controlecertificaat afgegeven:						J/N"	\ /	
Controlecontino								

Discussed subjects

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Communication EU-countries

- Non conformity of foreign product: KCB reports to EU and relevant EU-country
- Other EU-countries report to KCB about non conformity of Dutch products
- To bring non conformity products into conformity in another EU-country: KCB informs inspection body in that EU-country
- Harmonisation meetings in SK, UK, DE

Qualification inspectors

Education and Qualification of the KCB - inspectors.



General

- The basic education level for inspectors: School for professional agricultural education.
- Knowledge regarding agricultural issues
- Experiences with product quality affairs
- Applicants with an agriculture or horticulture background, enjoy a preferential treatment
- Command of the English language

Start new inspectors

- learning the KCB organization and the several departments at the head office
- information about the history, organization structure etc
- tasks of the KCB
- explanation about the EU legislation
- explanation regarding procedures etc. in the framework of Accreditation
- practical inspections, the first 6 months guided by an experienced inspector



Maintenance qualification for all the inspectors

> Annual, 4- 6 days internal training, each will finish with a theoretical and practical examination

> Annual audits (on products and quality system)
performed by the Specialist for each sphere of work

Inspectors fitting out

- company car
- PDA (hand held computer)
- reference material (e.g. a book with pictures)
- knife and other small equipment
- several equipment for measuring (rings, temp.)
- weight scale (6, 16 or 32 kg)
- refractometer
- penetrometer
- magnifying glass
- box for al the materials
- mobile phone
- industrial clothing
- each own business e-mail address





Thank you for your attention

Questions?

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