

Coal Mines Hydrogen

- What is its origin in coal mines
- Links between hydrogen and methane emissions
- Some hydrogen properties
- Hydrogen in atmosphere and GHG effect
- Safety needs with respect of mining works and greenhouse effect

Hydrogen emission from air-oxidized coal fines

(Reports published in 1991-2005)

The coals studied:

Carboniferous from Germany, Poland & USA

Permian from Australia & S. Africa

Tertiary from Colombia

Majority of the coals generate hydrogen during low-temperature oxidation

**One t of coal fines can generate
At least few dozens litres of hydrogen
During 2-3 initial days of sample/air contact**

Our experiments in 2000-2004:

31 coal samples from 12 mines were studied

Series 1:

- ***Desorption of gases occurring in coals 50° C; 48 h***
and
- ***GC analysis of gas phase***

Series 2:

- ***Coal oxidation Air; 50° C; 48 h***
and
- ***GC analysis of gas phase over oxidized coals***

Links

Between hydrogen and methane emissions

Sample /air contact enhances methane desorption from coal fines

	Methane % vol			
Examples:	Sample	A	B	C
Before air contact		0.7	1.8	1.2
After air contact		2.4	3.1	7.1

Some hydrogen properties

- Hydrogen is
14-fold lighter than nitrogen
16-fold " " oxygen
8-fold " " methane
- The gas tends to accumulate in upper parts
due to fast upward diffusion
- Fire/expl. limit of hydrogen: 4 % in air
"/ " " methane: 5 " " "

Hydrogen in ventilation air streams

enters atmosphere and contributes to:

- Ozon layer depletion
- Water vapour (GHG !) concentration increase
- Complex interaction with some other GHG

It results in climate warming

Hydrogen potential impact on climate
cannot be assessed as yet
Amounts of releases from all coal mines
have been unknown

Conclusions-Safety means-Questions

- **Continuous removal of coal fines from mine galleries**
- **What about mine goafs?**
- **Studies on utilization of methane & hydrogen occurring in ventilation air streams ?**
- **Studies on utilization of hydrogen & methane generated in piles of coal fines during their surface storage ?**