3 July 2012

#### **Agreement**

Concerning the adoption of uniform technical prescriptions for wheeled vehicles, equipment and parts which can be fitted and/or be used on wheeled vehicles and the conditions for reciprocal recognition of approvals granted on the basis of these prescriptions\*

(Revision 2, including the amendments which entered into force on 16 October 1995)

#### Addendum 36: Regulation No. 37

#### **Revision 7**

Incorporating all valid text up to:

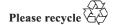
Supplement 37 to the 03 series of amendments - Date of entry into force: 28 October 2011 Corrigendum 1 to Revision 6 of the Regulation - Date of entry into force: 14 March 2012

Uniform provisions concerning the approval of filament lamps for use in approved lamp units of power-driven vehicles and of their trailers



UNITED NATIONS

<sup>\*</sup> Former title of the Agreement: Agreement concerning the adoption of uniform conditions of approval and reciprocal recognition of approval for motor vehicle equipment and parts, done at Geneva on 20 March 1958.



### Regulation No. 37

# Uniform provisions concerning the approval of filament lamps for use in approved lamp units of power-driven vehicles and of their trailers

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#### 1. Scope

This Regulation applies to filament lamps shown in Annex 1 and intended for use in approved lamp units of power-driven vehicles and of their trailers.

#### 2. Administrative provisions

- 2.1. Definitions
- 2.1.1. Definition of "category"

The term "category" is used in this Regulation to describe different basic design of standardised filament lamps. Each category has a specific designation, as for example: "H4", "P21W", "T4W", "PY21W"or "RR10W".

2.1.2. Definition of "*type*"

Filament lamps of different<sup>1</sup> "types" are filament lamps within the same category which differ in such essential respects as:

- 2.1.2.1. Trade name or mark (Filament lamps bearing the same trade name or mark but produced by different manufacturers are considered as being of different types. Filament lamps produced by the same manufacturer differing only by the trade name or mark may be considered to be of the same type);
- 2.1.2.2. Bulb design and/or cap design, in so far as these differences affect the optical results;
- 2.1.2.3. Rated voltage;
- 2.1.2.4. Halogen.
- 2.2. Application for approval
- 2.2.1. Application for approval shall be submitted by the owner of the trade name or mark, or by his duly accredited representative.
- 2.2.2. Every application for approval shall be accompanied (see also paragraph 2.4.2.) by:
- 2.2.2.1. Drawings in triplicate, sufficiently detailed to permit identification of the type;
- 2.2.2.2. A brief technical description;
- 2.2.2.3. Five samples of each colour which has been applied for;
- 2.2.3. In the case of a type of filament lamp differing only by the trade name or mark from a type that has already been approved it shall be sufficient to submit:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A selective-yellow bulb or an additional selective-yellow outer bulb, solely intended to change the colour but not the other characteristics of a filament lamp emitting white light, does not constitute a change of type of the filament lamp.

- 2.2.3.1. A declaration by the manufacturer that the type submitted is identical (except in the trade name or mark) with and has been produced by the same manufacturer as, the type already approved, the latter being identified by its approval code;
- 2.2.3.2. Two samples bearing the new trade name or mark.
- 2.2.4. The competent authority shall verify the existence of satisfactory arrangements for ensuring effective control of the conformity of production before type approval is granted.
- 2.3. Inscriptions
- 2.3.1. Filament lamps submitted for approval shall bear on the cap or bulb<sup>2</sup>:
- 2.3.1.1. The trade name or mark of the applicant;
- 2.3.1.2. The rated voltage. However, for filament lamps for which only a 12 V type is standardised and the maximum allowed bulb diameter of which does not exceed 7.5 mm, the rated voltage need not be marked;
- 2.3.1.3. The international designation of the relevant category. The wattage character "W" of this designation need not be marked when the maximum allowed bulb diameter of the filament lamp type does not exceed 7.5 mm;
- 2.3.1.4. The rated wattage (in the sequence, high wattage/low wattage filament for dual-filament lamps); this need not be indicated separately if it is part of the international designation of the relevant filament lamp category;
- 2.3.1.5. A space of sufficient size to accommodate the approval mark.
- 2.3.2. The space mentioned in paragraph 2.3.1.5. above shall be indicated in the drawings accompanying the application for approval.
- 2.3.3. Halogen filament lamps meeting the requirements of paragraph 3.7. below shall be marked with a "U".
- 2.3.4. Inscriptions other than those covered by paragraphs 2.3.1. and 2.4.3. may be affixed, on the condition that they do not adversely affect the luminous characteristics.
- 2.4. Approval
- 2.4.1. If all samples of a type of filament lamp which are submitted in pursuance of paragraphs 2.2.2.3. or 2.2.3.2. above meet the requirements of this Regulation, approval shall be granted.
- 2.4.2. An approval code shall be assigned to each type approved. Its first character (at present 2, corresponding to the 02 series of amendments which entered into force on 27 October 1983 and to the 03 series of amendments (not requiring changes in the approval number), which entered into force on 1 June 1984) shall indicate the series of amendments incorporating the most recent major technical amendments made to the Regulation at the time of issue of the approval. This will be followed by an identification code comprising not more than two characters. Only the Arabic numerals and capital letters listed in footnote<sup>3</sup> shall be used. The same Contracting Party

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  In the latter case, the luminous characteristics shall not be adversely affected.

 $<sup>^{3}</sup>$  0123456789

may not assign the same code to another type of filament lamp. Notice of approval or of extension or refusal or withdrawal of approval or production definitively discontinued of a type of filament lamp pursuant to this Regulation shall be communicated to the Parties of the Agreement which apply this Regulation by means of a form conforming to the model in Annex 2 to this Regulation and of a drawing, supplied by the applicant for approval in a format not exceeding A4 (210 x 297 mm) and on a scale of at least 2: 1. If the applicant so desires, the same approval code may be assigned to the filament lamp emitting white light and to the filament lamp emitting selective-yellow light (see para. 2.1.2.3.).

- 2.4.3. To every filament lamp conforming to a type approved under this Regulation there shall be affixed in the space referred to in paragraph 2.3.1.5., in addition to the inscriptions required under paragraph 2.3.1., an international approval mark consisting of:
- 2.4.3.1. A truncated circle surrounding the letter "E" followed by the distinguishing number of the country which has granted approval<sup>4</sup>;
- 2.4.3.2. The approval code, placed close to the truncated circle.
- 2.4.4. If the applicant has obtained the same approval code for several trade names or marks, one or more of them will suffice to meet the requirements of paragraph 2.3.1.1.
- 2.4.5. The marks and inscriptions specified in paragraphs 2.3.1. and 2.4.3. shall be clearly legible and be indelible.
- 2.4.6. Annex 3 to this Regulation gives an example of arrangement of the approval mark.

#### 3. Technical requirements

- 3.1. Definitions
- 3.1.1. Rated voltage: voltage (in volts) marked on the filament lamp;
- 3.1.2. Rated wattage: wattage (in watts) marked on the filament lamp which may be incorporated into the international designation of the relevant category;
- 3.1.3. Test voltage: voltage, at the filament lamp terminals for which the electrical and photometric characteristics of the filament lamp are intended and are to be tested.
- 3.1.4. Objective values: values to be achieved, within the specified tolerances, when the filament lamp is supplied with current at its test voltage;
- 3.1.5. Standard (étalon) filament lamp: a filament lamp emitting white or amber or red light with reduced dimensional tolerances, used for the photometric testing of lighting and light-signalling devices. Standard filament lamps are specified in only one voltage rating for each category;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The distinguish numbers of the Contracting Parties to the 1958 Agreement are reproduced in Annex 3 to Consolidated Resolution on the Construction of Vehicles (R.E.3), document TRANS/WP.29/78/Rev.2/Amend.1.

- 3.1.6. Reference luminous flux: specified luminous flux of a standard filament lamp to which the optical characteristics of a lighting device shall be referred;
- 3.1.7. Measuring luminous flux: specified value of the luminous flux for testing a filament lamp in a standard headlamp as specified in paragraph 3.8.;
- 3.1.8. Reference axis: an axis defined with reference to the cap and to which certain dimensions of the filament lamp are referred;
- 3.1.9. Reference plane: a plane defined with reference to the cap and to which certain dimensions of the filament lamp are referred.
- 3.1.10. Filament light source (filament lamp): a light source where the element for visible radiation is one or more heated filaments producing thermal radiation.
- 3.2. General specifications
- 3.2.1. Each sample submitted shall conform to the relevant specifications of this Regulation.
- 3.2.2. Filament lamps shall be so designed as to be and to remain in good working order when in normal use. They shall moreover exhibit no fault in design or manufacture.
- 3.2.3. The filament(s) as specified in the data sheet of the relevant category in Annex 1 shall be the only element(s) of the filament lamp that generate and emit light when energised.
- 3.3. Manufacture
- 3.3.1. Filament lamp bulbs shall exhibit no scores or spots which might impair their efficiency and their optical performance.
- 3.3.2. Filament lamps shall be equipped with standard caps complying with the cap data sheets of IEC Publication 60061, third edition, as specified on the individual data sheets of Annex 1.
- 3.3.3. The cap shall be strong and firmly secured to the bulb.
- 3.3.4. To ascertain whether filament lamps conform to the requirements of paragraphs 3.3.1. to 3.3.3. above, a visual inspection, a dimension check and, where necessary, a trial fitting shall be carried out.
- 3.4. Tests
- 3.4.1. Filament lamps shall first be aged at their test voltage for approximately one hour. For dual-filament lamps, each filament shall be aged separately. In the case of filament lamps, for which more than one test voltage is specified, the highest test voltage value shall be used for ageing.
- 3.4.2. In the case of a filament lamp having a coated bulb, after the ageing period corresponding to paragraph 3.4.1., the surface of the bulb shall be lightly wiped with a cotton cloth soaked in a mixture of 70 vol. per cent of n-heptane and 30 vol. per cent of toluol. After about five minutes, the surface shall be inspected visually. It shall not show any apparent changes.
- 3.4.3. The position and dimensions of the filament shall be measured with the filament lamps being supplied with current at from 90 per cent to 100 per cent of the test voltage. In the case of filament lamps, for which more than one test voltage is specified, the highest test voltage value shall be used for measurement of the position and dimensions of the filament.

- 3.4.4. Unless otherwise specified, electrical and photometric measurements shall be carried out at the test voltage(s).
- 3.4.5. Electrical measurements shall be carried out with instruments of at least class 0.2.
- 3.4.6. The luminous flux (in lumen) specified on the filament lamp data sheets of Annex 1 is valid for filament lamps emitting white light unless a special colour is stated there.

In the case where the selective-yellow colour is allowed, the luminous flux of the filament lamp with the selective-yellow outer bulb shall be at least 85 per cent of the specified luminous flux of the relevant filament lamp emitting white light.

- 3.5. Filament position and dimensions
- 3.5.1. The geometric shapes of the filament shall in principle be as specified on the filament lamp data sheets of Annex 1.
- 3.5.2. For line filaments the correct position and shape shall be checked as specified in the relevant data sheets.
- 3.5.3. If the filament is shown on the filament lamp data sheet in at least one view as a point, the position of the luminous centre shall be determined in conformity with Annex 4.
- 3.5.4. The length of a line filament shall be determined by its ends, defined unless otherwise specified on the relevant data sheet as the apices of the first and the last filament turn as seen in projection perpendicular to the reference axis of the filament lamp. Such an apex shall comply with the requirement that the angle formed by the legs shall not exceed 90°. In the case of coiled-coil filaments the apices of the secondary turns shall be taken into account.
- 3.5.4.1. For axial filaments the extreme position of the apices considered shall be determined by rotating the filament lamp about its reference axis. The length shall then be measured in a direction parallel to the reference axis.
- 3.5.4.2. For transverse filaments the filament axis shall be placed perpendicular to the direction of projection. The length shall be measured in a direction perpendicular to the reference axis.
- 3.6. Colour
- 3.6.1. The colour of the light emitted by the filament lamp shall be white unless otherwise specified on the relevant data sheet.
- 3.6.2. The definitions of the colour of the light emitted, given in Regulation No. 48 and its series of amendments in force at the time of application for type approval, shall apply to this Regulation.
- 3.6.3. The colour of the light emitted shall be measured by the method specified in Annex 5. Each measured value shall lie within the required tolerance area<sup>5</sup>. Moreover, in the case of filament lamps emitting white light, the measured values shall not deviate more than 0.020 unit in the x and/or y direction from

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> For Conformity of Production purposes of amber and red colour only, at least 80 per cent of the measuring results shall lie within the required tolerance area.

a point of choice on the Planckian locus (IEC Publication 15.2 Colorimetry, 1986). Filament lamps for use in light signalling devices shall meet the requirements as specified in paragraph 2.4.2. of IEC Publication 60809, Amendment 5 to Edition 2.

#### 3.7. UV radiation

The UV radiation of a halogen lamp shall be such that:

$$k1 = \frac{400 \text{ nm}}{\int \text{Ee}(\lambda) \cdot d\lambda}$$

$$\lambda = 315 \text{ nm}$$

$$k_{m} \cdot \int \text{Ee}(\lambda) \cdot V(\lambda) \cdot d\lambda$$

$$\lambda = 380 \text{ nm}$$

$$315 \text{ nm}$$

$$\int \text{Ee}(\lambda) \cdot d\lambda$$

$$\lambda = 250 \text{ nm}$$

$$k_{m} \cdot \int \text{Ee}(\lambda) \cdot V(\lambda) \cdot d\lambda$$

$$\lambda = 380 \text{ nm}$$

$$k_{m} \cdot \int \text{Ee}(\lambda) \cdot V(\lambda) \cdot d\lambda$$

$$\lambda = 380 \text{ nm}$$

where:

Ee  $(\lambda)$  (W/nm) is the spectral distribution of the radiant flux;

 $V(\lambda)$  (1) is the spectral luminous efficiency;

 $k_m = 683$  (lm/W) is the photometric radiation equivalent;

 $\lambda$  (nm) is the wave length.

This value shall be calculated using intervals of five nanometres.

#### 3.8. Observation concerning selective-yellow colour

An approval of a filament lamp type under this Regulation may be granted, pursuant to paragraph 3.6. above, for a filament lamp emitting white light as well as selective-yellow light; Article 3 of the Agreement to which this Regulation is annexed shall not prevent the Contracting Parties from prohibiting, on vehicles registered by them, filament lamps emitting either white or selective-yellow light.

3.9. Check on optical quality

(Applies only to filament lamps of categories R2, H4 and HS1).

- 3.9.1. This check on optical quality shall be carried out at a voltage such that the measuring luminous flux is obtained; the specifications of paragraph 3.4.6. are to be observed accordingly.
- 3.9.2. For 12-Volt filament lamps emitting white light:

The sample which most nearly conforms to the requirements laid down for the standard filament lamp shall be tested in a standard headlamp as specified in paragraph 3.9.5. and it shall be verified whether the assembly comprising the aforesaid headlamp and the filament lamp being tested meets the light-distribution requirements laid down for the passing beam in the relevant Regulation.

3.9.3. For 6-Volt and 24-Volt filament lamps emitting white light:

The sample which most nearly conforms to the nominal dimension values shall be tested in a standard headlamp as specified in paragraph 3.9.5. and it shall be verified whether the assembly comprising the aforesaid headlamp and the filament lamp being tested meets the light-distribution requirements laid down for the passing beam in the relevant Regulation. Deviations not exceeding 10 per cent of the minimum values will be acceptable.

3.9.4. Filament lamps emitting selective-yellow light shall be tested in the same manner as described in paragraphs 3.9.2. and 3.9.3. in a standard headlamp as specified in paragraph 3.9.5. to ensure that the illumination complies with at least 85 per cent for 12-Volt filament lamps, and at least 77 per cent for 6-Volt and 24-Volt filament lamps, with the minimum values of the light-distribution requirements laid down for the passing beam in the relevant Regulation. The maximum illumination limits remain unchanged.

In the case of a filament lamp having a selective-yellow bulb, this test shall be left out if the approval is also given to the same type of filament lamp emitting white light.

- 3.9.5. A headlamp shall be deemed to be a standard headlamp if:
- 3.9.5.1. It satisfies the pertinent conditions of approval;
- 3.9.5.2. It has an effective diameter of not less than 160 mm;
- 3.9.5.3. With a standard filament lamp it produces at the various points and in the various zones specified for the headlamp type concerned, illumination equal to:
- 3.9.5.3.1. Not more than 90 per cent of the maximum limits;
- 3.9.5.3.2. Not less than 120 per cent of the minimum limits prescribed for the headlamp type concerned.
- 3.10. Standard filament lamps

Additional requirements for standard (étalon) filament lamps are given on the relevant data sheets of Annex 1.

Bulbs of standard (étalon) filament lamps emitting white light shall not alter the CIE trichromatic coordinates of a luminous source having a colour temperature of 2,856 K by more than 0.010 units in the x and/or y direction.

For standard (étalon) filament lamps emitting amber or red light, changes of the bulb temperature shall not affect the luminous flux which might impair photometric measurements of signalling devices.

### 4. Conformity of production

- 4.1. Filament lamps approved to this Regulation shall be so manufactured as to conform to the type approved by meeting the inscriptions and technical requirements set forth in paragraph 3. above and Annexes 1, 3 and 4 to this Regulation.
- 4.2. In order to verify that the requirements of paragraph 4.1. are met, suitable controls of the production shall be carried out.

- 4.3. The holder of the approval shall in particular:
- 4.3.1. Ensure existence of procedures for the effective control of the quality of products,
- 4.3.2. Have access to the control equipment necessary for checking the conformity to each approved type,
- 4.3.3. Ensure that data of test results are recorded and that related documents shall remain available for a period to be determined in accordance with the administrative service.
- 4.3.4. Analyse the results of each type of test, applying criteria of Annex 7, in order to verify and ensure the stability of the product characteristics making allowance for variation of an industrial production,
- 4.3.5. Ensure that for each type of filament lamp, at least the tests prescribed in Annex 6 to this Regulation are carried out,
- 4.3.6. Ensure that any collecting of samples giving evidence of non-conformity with the type of test considered shall give rise to another sampling and another test. All the necessary steps shall be taken to re-establish the conformity of the corresponding production.
- 4.4. The competent authority which has granted type-approval may at any time verify the conformity control methods applicable to each production unit.
- 4.4.1. In every inspection, the test books and production survey records shall be presented to the visiting inspector.
- 4.4.2. The inspector may take samples at random which will be tested in the manufacturer's laboratory. The minimum number of samples may be determined according to the results of the manufacturer's own verification.
- 4.4.3. When the quality level appears unsatisfactory or when it seems necessary to verify the validity of the tests carried out in application of paragraph 4.4.2. above, the inspector shall select samples, to be sent to the Technical Service which has conducted the type approval tests.
- 4.4.4. The competent authority may carry out any tests prescribed in this Regulation. Where the competent authority decides to carry out spot checks, criteria of Annexes 8 and 9 to this Regulation shall be applied.
- 4.4.5. The normal frequency of inspection authorised by the competent authority shall be one every two years. In the case where negative results are recorded during one of these visits, the competent authority shall ensure that all necessary steps are taken to re-establish the conformity of production as rapidly as possible.

#### 5. Penalties for non-conformity of production

- 5.1. The approval granted in respect of a filament lamp pursuant to this Regulation may be withdrawn if the requirements are not met or if a filament lamp bearing the approval mark does not conform to the type approved.
- 5.2. If a Contracting Party to the Agreement applying this Regulation withdraws an approval it has previously granted, it shall forthwith so notify the other Contracting Parties applying this Regulation, by means of a communication form conforming to the model in Annex 2 to this Regulation.

#### 6. Production definitively discontinued

If the holder of the approval completely ceases to manufacture a type of filament lamp approved in accordance with this Regulation, he shall so inform the Type Approval Authority which has granted the approval. Upon receiving the relevant communication, that Type Approval Authority shall inform thereof the other Parties to the 1958 Agreement applying this Regulation by means of a communication form conforming to the model in Annex 2 to this Regulation.

# 7. Names and addresses of the Technical Services responsible for conducting approval tests, and of Type Approval Authorities

The Parties to the 1958 Agreement which apply this Regulation shall communicate to the United Nations secretariat the names and addresses of the Technical Services responsible for conducting approval tests and of the Type Approval Authorities which grant approval and to which forms certifying approval or extension or refusal or withdrawal of approval, or production definitively discontinued issued in other countries, are to be sent.

#### 8. Transitional provisions

- 8.1. Approvals granted under the preceding series of amendments shall remain valid, except that for conformity of production, current production filament lamps shall comply with the requirements of the latest series of amendments starting 12 months from the date of application of this amendment<sup>6</sup>.
- 8.2 The correspondence between the former designations and the new ones is indicated in the following table:

Old designations	New designations in the 03 series of amendments
P25-1	P21W
P25-2	P21/5W
R19/5	R5W
R19/10	R10W
C11	C5W
C15	C21W
T8/4	T4W
W10/5	W5W
W10/3	W3W

The amended text of this paragraph was introduced by Supplement 14 to the 03 series of amendments. This supplement entered into force on 3 September 1997 and it also introduced in the text of the Regulation new paragraphs 2.3.3. and 3.7. and in Annex 1 new sheets HIR1 and PY27/7W.

8.3. No filament lamps of the categories listed below shall be used in lamps submitted for type approval after the period following the entry into force of Supplements to 03 series of amendments, as indicated for each category in the table below:

Category	Supplement	Period
C21W	28	12 months
P19W	37	60 months
PC16W	37	60 months
PCR16W	37	12 months
PCY16W	37	60 months
PR19W	37	12 months
PR24W	37	12 months
PSR19W	37	12 months
PSR24W	37	12 months
PY19W	37	60 months
R2	28	12 months
S1	28	12 months

8.4. However, Contracting Parties applying this Regulation may continue to grant approvals for lamps in which filament lamps of categories listed below are used, provided that these lamps are intended as replacement parts for installation on vehicles in use for the period after entry into force of the Supplements to the 03 series of amendments as indicated below:

Category	Supplement	Period
C21W	28	unlimited
P19W	37	unlimited
PC16W	37	unlimited
PCR16W	37	unlimited
PCY16W	37	unlimited
PR19W	37	unlimited
PR24W	37	unlimited
PSR19W	37	unlimited
PSR24W	37	unlimited
PY19W	37	unlimited
R2	28	unlimited
S1	28	unlimited

#### Annex 1

## **Sheets\* for filament lamps**

List of categories of filament lamps, grouped and their sheet numbers:

Group 1		
Without general rest	rictions:	
Category		Sheet number(s)
H1		H1/1 to 3
Н3		H3/1 to 4
H4		H4/1 to 5
H7		H7/1 to 4
Н8		H8/1 to 4
H8B		H8/1 to 4
Н9	***	H9/1 to 4
Н9В	***	H9/1 to 4
H10		H10/1 to 3
H11		H11/1 to 4
H11B		H11/1 to 4
H12		H12/1 to 3
H13		H13/1 to 4
H13A		H13/1 to 4
H14		H14/1 to 4
H15		H15/1 to 5
H16		H16/1 to 4
H16B		H16/1 to 4
H21W	**	H21W/1 to 2
H27W/1		H27W/1 to 3
H27W/2		H27W/1 to 3
HB3		HB3/1 to 4
HB3A		HB3/1 to 4
HB4		HB4/1 to 4
HB4A		HB4/1 to 4
HIR1	***	HIR1/1 to 3
HIR2		HIR2/1 to 3
HS1		HS1/1 to 5
HS2		HS2/1 to 3
HS5		HS5/1 to 4
HS5A	****	HS5A/1 to 3
HS6	****	HS6/1 to 4
PSX24W	**	P24W/1 to 3
PSX26W	**	PSX26W1 to 3
PX24W	**	P24W/1 to 3
S2		S1/S2/1 to 2
<b>S</b> 3		S3/1

Group 2		
Only for use in signalling lam	ps, cornering lamps, reversing la	mps and rear registration plate lamps:
Category	Sheet number(s)	
C5W	C5W/1	
H6W	H6W/1	
H10W/1	H10W/1 to 2	
HY6W	H6W/1	
HY10W	H10W/1 to 2	
HY21W	H21W/1 to 2	
P13W	P13W/1 to 3	
P21W	P21W/1 to 2	
P21/4W	P21/4W/1	(P21/5W/2 to 3)
P21/5W	P21/5W/1 to 3	
P24W	P24W/1 to 3	
P27W	P27W/1 to 2	
P27/7W	P27/7W/1 to 3	
PR21W	PR21W/1	(P21W/2)
PR21/4W	PR21/4W/1	(P21/5W/2 to 3)
PR21/5W	PR21/5W/1	(P21/5W/2 to 3)
PR27/7W	PR27/7W/1	(P27/7W/2 to 3)
PS19W	P19W/1 to 3	
PS24W	P24W/1 to 3	
PSY19W	P19W/1 to 3	
PSY24W	P24W/1 to 3	
PW13W	P13W/1 to 3	
PW16W	PC16W/1 to 3	
PWR16W	PC16W/1 to 3	
PWY16W	PC16W/1 to 3	
PW19W	P19W/1 to 3	
PWR19W	P19W/1 to 3	
PWY19W	P19W/1 to 3	
PW24W	P24W/1 to 3	
PWR24W	P24W/1 to 3	
PWY24W	P24W/1 to 3	
PY21W	PY21W/1	(P21W/2)
PY24W	P24W/1 to 3	
PY27/7W	PY27/7W/1	(P27/7W/2 to 3)
R5W	R5W/1	
R10W	R10W/1	
RR5W	R5W/1	
RR10W	R10W/1	

Category	Sheet number(s)	
RY10W	R10W/1	
T1.4W	T1.4W/1	
T4W	T4W/1	
W2.3W	W2.3W/1	
W3W	W3W/1	
W5W	W5W/1	
W10W	W10W/1	
W15/5W	W15/5W/1 to 3	
W16W	W16W/1	
W21W	W21W/1 to 2	
W21/5W	W21/5W/1 to 3	
WP21W	WP21W/1 to 2	
WPY21W	WP21W/1 to 2	
WR5W	W5W/1	
WR21/5W	WR21/5W/1	(W21/5W/2 to 3)
WY2.3W	WY2.3W/1	
WY5W	W5W/1	
WY10W	W10W/1	
WY16W	W16W/1	
WY21W	WY21W/1 to 2	

Group 3		
For replacement purposes or	nly (see transitional provisions of paragraphs 8.3. and 8.4.):	
Category	Sheet number(s)	
C21W	C21W/1 to 2	
P19W	P19W/1 to 3	
PC16W	PC16W/1 to 3	
PCR16W	PC16W/1 to 3	
PCY16W	PC16W/1 to 3	
PR19W	P19W/1 to 3	
PR24W	P24W/1 to 3	
PSR19W	P19W/1 to 3	
PSR24W	P24W/1 to 3	
PY19W	P19W/1 to 3	
R2	R2/1 to 3	
S1	S1/S2/1 to 2	

\* Tables, Electrical and Photometric characteristics:

Voltage is expressed in V;

Wattage is expressed in W;

Luminous flux is expressed in lm.

In a case that for a category of filament lamp more than one value of reference luminous flux is specified, the value at approximately 12 V for approval of a lighting device and 13.5 V for approval of a light-signalling device shall be applied unless otherwise specified by the regulation used for the approval of the device.

\*\* Not for use in passing beam headlamps.

\*\*\* Not for use in front fog lamps marked "B" as defined in Regulation No. 19.

\*\*\*\* Not for use in Regulation No. 112 headlamps.

\*\*\*\*\* Not for use in headlamps other than Regulation No.113 class C headlamps.

List of sheets for filament lamps and their sequence in this annex:

Sheet	number	(s

C5W/1

C21W/1 to 2

H1/1 to 3

H3/1 to 4

H4/1 to 5

H7/1 to 4

H8/1 to 4

H9/1 to 4

H10/1 to 3

\_\_\_\_\_

H11/1 to 4

H12/1 to 3

H13/1 to 4

H14/1 to 4

H15/1 to 5

H16/1 to 4

H6W/1

H10W/1 to 2

H21W/1 to 2

H27W/1 to 3

HB3/1 to 4

HB4/1 to 4

HIR1/1 to 3

HIR2/1 to 3

HS1/1 to 5

HS2/1 to 3

HS5/1 to 4

HS5A/1 to 3

HS6/1 to 4

P13W/1 to 3

P19W/1 to 3

P21W/1 to 2

P21/4W/1

P21/5W/1 to 3

P24W/1 to 3

P27W/1 to 2

P27/7W/1 to 3

PC16W/1 to 3

PR21W/1

#### Sheet number(s)

PR21/4W/1

PR21/5W/1

PR27/7W/1

PSX26W/1 to 3

PY21W/1

PY27/7W/1

R2/1 to 3

R5W/1

R10W/1

S1/S2/1 to 2

S3/1

T1.4W/1

T4W/1

W2.3W/1

W3W/1

W5W/1

W10W/1

W15/5W/1 to 3

W16W/1

W21W/1 to 2

W21/5W/1 to 3

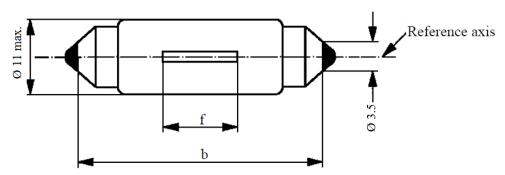
WP21W/1 to 2

WR21/5W/1

WY2.3W/1

WY21W/1 to 2

The drawings are intended only to illustrate the essential dimensions (in mm) of the filament lamp



			Filament la	mps of normal	Standard filament lamp	
Dimensions in	mm		min.	nom.	max.	
b 1/			34.0	35.0	36.0	$35.0 \pm 0.5$
f <sup>2/,3/</sup>			7.5 4/		15 5/	9 ± 1.5
Cap SV8.5	in accor	dance wit	h IEC Publica	ation 60061	(sheet 7004-	-81-4)
Electrical an	nd photo	metric ch	aracteristics			
Volts			6	12	24	12
Rated values Watts		5		5		
Test voltage Volts 6.75 13.5 28.0 13.5						13.5
Objective Watts		5.5 max. 7.7 max.		5.5 max.		
values	Lumin	ous flux	45 ± 20 %		ı	
Reference 1	uminous	flux: 45	lm at approxi	mately 13.5	5 V	

This dimension corresponds to a distance between two apertures of 3.5 mm diameter each bearing against one of the caps.

The filament shall be housed in a cylinder 19 mm long co-axial with the filament lamp and placed symmetrically about the filament lamp centre.

The diameter of the cylinder is for 6 V and 12 V filament lamps: d + 4 mm (for standard filament lamps: d + 2 mm) and for 24 V filament lamps: d + 5 mm, "d" being the nominal diameter of the filament as stated by the manufacturer.

The deviation of the filament centre from the centre of the filament lamp shall not be more than  $\pm 2.0$  mm (for standard filament lamps:  $\pm 0.5$  mm) measured in the direction of the reference axis.

<sup>4.5</sup> mm for 6 V filament lamps.

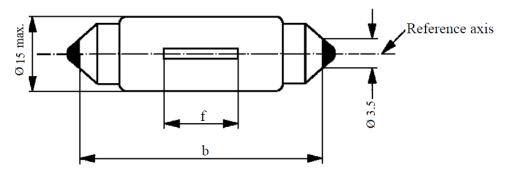
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>/ 16.5 mm for 24 V filament lamps.

#### Category C21W

Sheet C21W/1

The drawings are intended only to illustrate the essential dimensions (in mm) of the filament lamp

Filament lamp for reversing lamp only



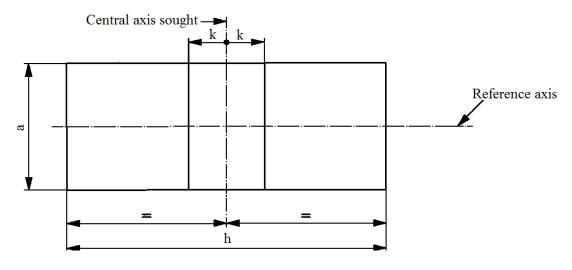
			Filament lamps of normal production			Standard filament lamp
Dimensions i	n mm		min.	nom.	max.	
b 1/			40.0	41.0	42.0	$41.0 \pm 0.5$
f <sup>2/</sup>			7.5		10.5	8 ± 1.0
Cap SV8.5	in accor	dance with	h IEC Public	ation 60061	(sheet 7004-	81-4)
Electrical a	and photo	ometric ch	aracteristics			
Rated valu	Volts		12		12	
Kated valu	es	Watts	21		21	
Test voltag	Test voltage Volts		13.5		13.5	
Objective	Objective Watts		26.5 max.		26.5 max.	
values	values Luminous flux		460 ± 15 %			
Reference luminous flux: 460 lm at approximately 13.5 V						

This dimension corresponds to a distance between two apertures of 3.5 mm diameter.

The position of the filament is checked by means of a "Box-System"; sheet C21W/2.

#### Screen projection requirements

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and to the centre of the filament lamp's length, whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements.



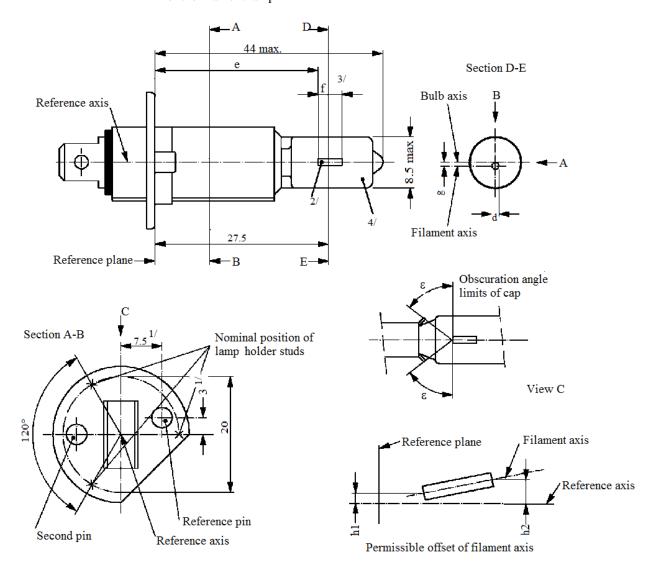
12 V	а	h	k
Filament lamps of normal production	4.0 + d	14.5	2.0
Standard filament lamp	2.0 + d	14.5	0.5

d = nominal filament diameter as stated by the manufacturer.

#### Test procedure and requirements

- 1. The filament lamp is placed in a holder (socket) capable of being so rotated through 360° about the reference axis that the front elevation is seen on the screen on to which the image of the filament is projected. The reference plane on the screen shall coincide with the centre of the filament lamp. The central axis sought on the screen shall coincide with the centre of the filament lamp length.
- 2. Front elevation
- 2.1. The projection of the filament shall lie entirely within the rectangle when the filament lamp is rotated through  $360^{\circ}$ .
- 2.2. The centre of the filament shall not be offset by more than distance "k" from the central axis sought.

The drawings are intended only to illustrate the essential dimensions (in mm) of the filament lamp



- The reference axis is perpendicular to the reference plane and passes through the point defined by the dimensions marked with 1.
- <sup>2/</sup> Both current lead-in electrodes shall be positioned in the bulb, the longer electrode above the filament (the filament lamp being viewed as shown in the figure). The internal design should be then such that stray light images and reflections are reduced to the minimum, e.g. by fitting cooling jackets over the non-coiled parts of the filament.
- <sup>3/</sup> The cylindrical portion of the bulb over length "f" shall be such as not to deform the projected image of the filament to such an extent as appreciably to affect the optical results.
  - The colour of the light emitted shall be white or selective-yellow.

#### Category H1

Sheet H1/2

		Filamen	Standard filament lamp					
Dimensions in mm		6 V	12	V	24 V	12 V		
e <sup>6/,10/</sup>	25.0 <sup>9/</sup>			$25.0 \pm 0.15$				
f <sup>6/,10/</sup>		$4.5 \pm 1.0$	5.0 ±	$5.0 \pm 0.5$ $5.5 \pm 1.0$		5.0 + 0.50 / -0.00		
g <sup>7/,8/</sup>		0.5 d ± 0.5 d			$0.5 d \pm 0.25 d$			
h1			9.	/		$0 \pm 0.20^{5/}$		
h2			9.	/		$0 \pm 0.25$ 5/		
ε		45° ± 12°			45° ± 3°			
Cap P14.5s in accordance with IEC Publication 60061 (sheet 7004-46-2)								
Electrical and p	photometric characte	eristics						
Rated values	Volts	6	12		24	12		
Rated values	Watts	55		70		55		
Test Voltage	Volts	6.3	13.2		28.0	13.2		
	Watts	63 max.	68 max.		68 max.		84 max.	68 max.
Objective values	Luminous flux	1,350	1,550		1,900			
	± %	15						
D.C 1		12 V		1,150				
Keference lum	inous flux at approxi	imately		13.2 V		1,550		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5/</sup> The eccentricity is measured only in the horizontal and vertical directions of the filament lamp as shown in the figure. The points to be measured are those where the projections of the outside of the end turns nearest to or furthest from the reference plane crosses the filament axis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The viewing direction is the perpendicular to the reference axis contained in the plane defined by the reference axis and the centre of the second pin of the cap.

Offset of filament in relation to bulb axis measured at 27.5 mm from the reference plane.

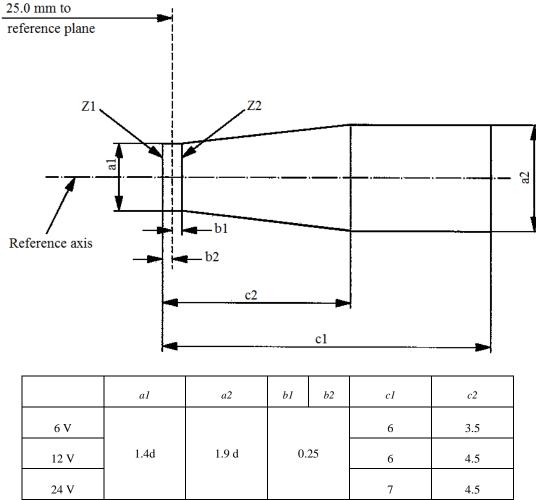
d: diameter of filament.

To be checked by means of a "Box System", sheet H1/3.

The ends of the filament are defined as the points where, when the viewing direction is as defined in footnote 6/ above, the projection of the outside of the end turns nearest to or furthest from the reference plane crosses the reference axis.(special instructions for coiled-coil filaments are under consideration).

#### Screen projection requirements

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane, whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements.



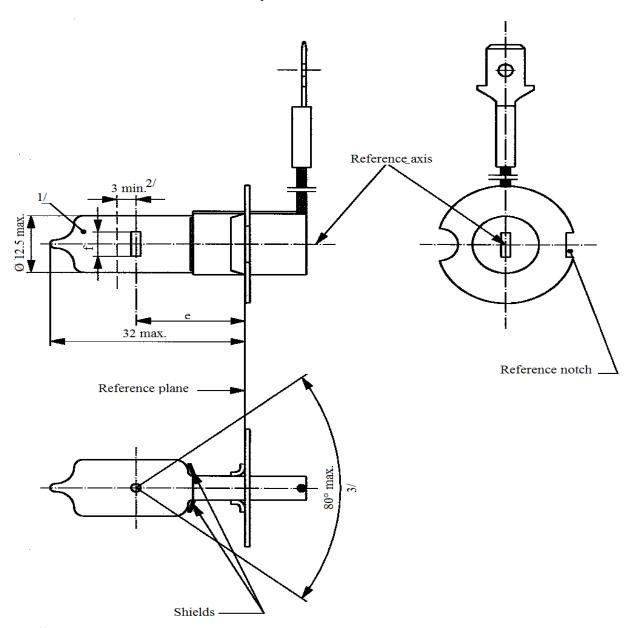
d = diameter of filament.

The filament position is checked solely in directions A and B as shown on sheet H1/1.

The filament shall lie entirely within the limits shown.

The beginning of the filament as defined on sheet H1/2, footnote 10/, shall lie between lines Z1 and Z2.

The drawings are intended only to illustrate the essential dimensions (in mm) of the filament lamp

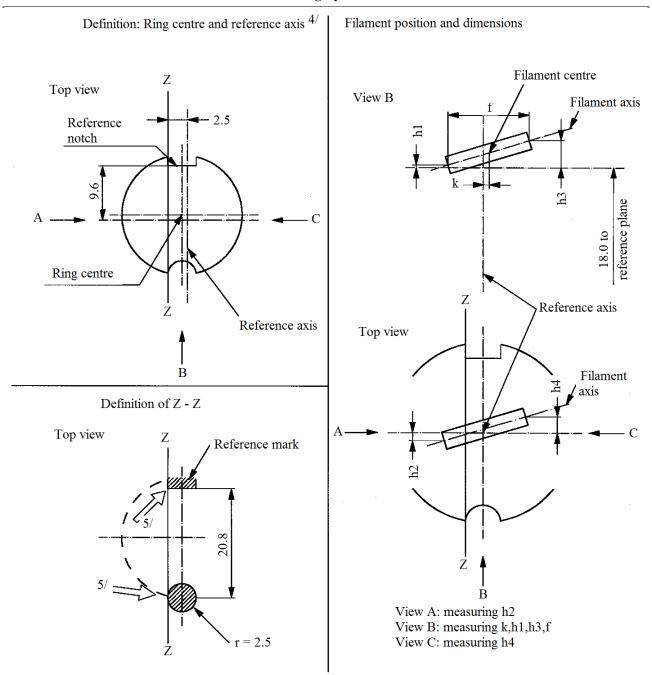


- 1/ The colour of the light emitted shall be white or selective-yellow.
- Minimum length above the height of the light emitting centre ("e") over which the bulb shall be cylindrical.

 $<sup>^{3/}</sup>$  The distortion of the base-end portion of the bulb shall not be visible from any direction outside the obscuration angle of  $80^{\circ}$  max. The shields shall produce no inconvenient reflections. The angle between the reference axis and the plane of each shield, measured on the bulb side, shall not exceed  $90^{\circ}$ .

Category H3

Sheet H3/2



The permissible deviation of the ring centre from the reference axis is 0.5 mm in the direction perpendicular to the Z-Z line and 0.05 mm in the direction parallel to the Z-Z line.

5/ The cap shall b

The cap shall be pressed in these directions.

Category H3 Sheet H3/3

		Filaments	Standard filament lamp				
Dimensions in mn	ı	6 V	12 V		24 V	12 V	
e		18.0 6/				18.0	
f <sup>8/</sup>		3.0 min.	4.0 min.		$5.0 \pm 0.50$		
k		0 6/				$0 \pm 0.20$	
h1, h3			0 6/			$0 \pm 0.15^{7/}$	
h2, h4		0 6/				0 ± 0.25 <sup>7/</sup>	
Cap PK22s in	accordance with IEC	C Publication 600	061 (sheet 7	7004-4	7-4)		
Electrical and	photometric characte	eristics					
D . 1 1	Volts	6	12		24	12	
Rated values	Watts	55			70	55	
Test voltage	Volts	6.3	13.2		28.0	13.2	
	Watts	63 max.	68 ma	х.	84 max.	68 max.	
Objective values	Luminous flux	1,050	1,450	)	1,750		
	± %	15					
					12 V	1,100	
Keference lum	inous flux at approx	imately		13.2 V		1,450	

To be checked by means of a "Box-System"; sheet H3/4.

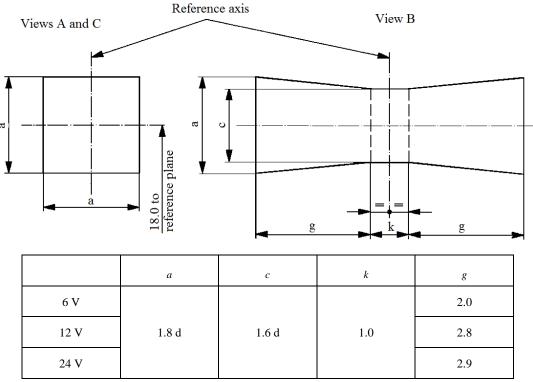
For standard filament lamps the points to be measured are those where the projection of the outside of the end turns crosses the filament axis.

The positions of the first and the last turn of the filament axis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8/</sup> The positions of the first and the last turn of the filament are defined by the intersections of the outside of the first and of the last light emitting turn, respectively, with the plane parallel to and 18 mm distant from the reference plane. (Additional instructions for coiled-coil filament are under consideration).

#### Screen projection requirements

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane, whether a filament complies with the requirements.



d = diameter of filament

The filament shall lie entirely within the limits shown.

The centre of the filament shall lie within the limits of dimension k.

The drawings are intended only to illustrate the essential dimensions (in mm) of the filament lamp

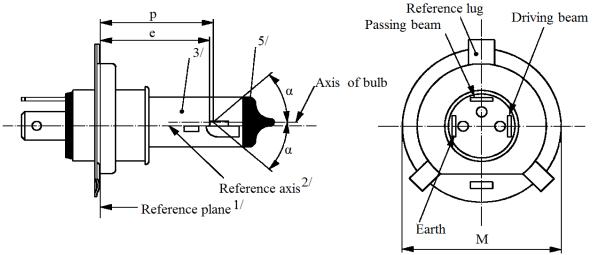
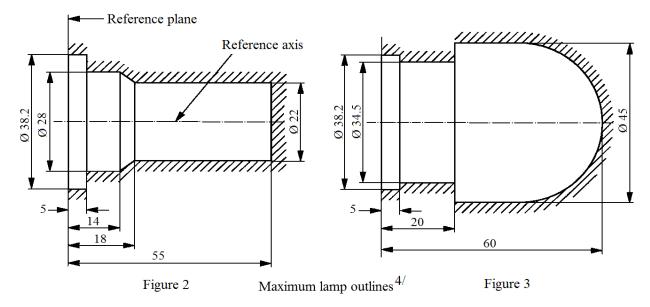


Figure 1 - Main drawing



- The reference plane is the plane formed by the seating points of the three lugs of the cap ring.
- The reference axis is perpendicular to the reference plane and passes through the centre of the circle of diameter "M".
- The colour of the light emitted shall be white or selective-yellow.
- The bulb and supports shall not exceed the envelope as in Figure 2. However, where a selective-yellow outer bulb is used the bulb and supports shall not exceed the envelope as in Figure 3.
- The obscuration shall extend at least as far as the cylindrical part of the bulb. It shall also overlap the internal shield when the latter is viewed in a direction perpendicular to the reference axis.

#### **Category H4**

#### Sheet H4/2

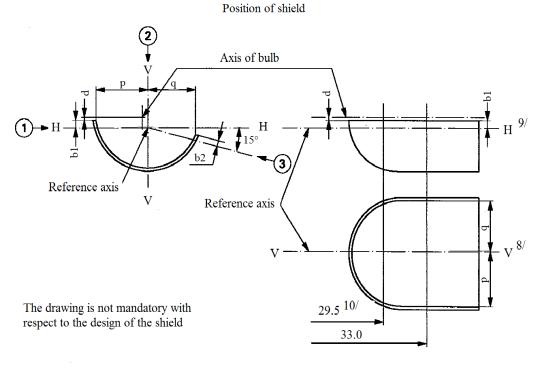
			Filament lamps of normal production					Standard filament lamp	
Dimensions in	mm		12 V		24 V		12 V		
e			28.5 +0.35/-0.25		$29.0 \pm 0.35$		28.5 + 0.20 / -0.00		
p			28.95			29.25		28.95	
α			max. 40° max. 40					40°	
Cap P43t in	accord	dance with I	EC Publicat	ion 60061 (s	heet 700	04-39	9-6)		
Electrical ar	nd pho	tometric cha	aracteristics						
Rated values Volts Watts		12 6/			24 6/		12 6/		
		Watts	60	55	75 70		60	55	
Test voltage Volts			13	3.2	28.0		13.2		
Objective	Watt	S	75 max.	68 max.	85 max. 8		80 max.	75 max.	68 max.
values	Lum	inous flux	1,650	1,000	1,900		1,200	•	
	± %		15						
Measuring flux <sup>7/</sup> lm			-	750	-		800		
Defense as luminous flux at annuvimentaly						12 V		1,250	750
Reference luminous flux at approximately						13.2 V	1,650	1,000	

The value indicated in the left hand column relate to the driving beam filament. Those indicated in the righthand column relate to the passing beam filament.

Measuring luminous flux for measuring as

Measuring luminous flux for measuring according to paragraph 3.9. of this Regulation.

Category H4



# Position of filaments -H <sup>9/</sup> Reference axis v 8/ Axis of driving beam filament 23.5 26.0 29.5 33.0 Axis of passing beam filament

**Category H4** 

Sheet H4/4

Table of the dimensions (in mm) referred to in the drawings on sheet H4/3

		Tolera			ınce	
Reference*		Dimer	Filaments normal pr		Standard filament lamp	
12 V	24 V	12 V	24 V	12 V 24 V		12 V
a/	26	C	±0.35		±0.20	
a/2	23.5	C	±0.60		±0.20	
b1/29.5	30.0		0	±0.30	±0.35	±0.20
b1/	33	b1/29.5 mv	b1/30.0 mv	±0.30	±0.35	±0.15
b2/29.5	30.0		0	±0.30	±0.35	±0.20
b2/	33	b2/29.5 mv	b2/30.0 mv	±0.30	±0.35	±0.15
c/29.5	30.0	0.6	0.75	±0.	35	±0.20
c/3	33	c/29.5 mv	c/30.0 mv	±0.35		±0.15
	d	min	-		-	
e	13/	28.5	29.0	+0.35 -0.25 ±0.35		+0.20 -0.00
f <sup>11/,</sup>	12/,13/	1.7	2.0	+0.50 -0.30 ±0.40		+0.30 -0.10
g/	26		0	±0.50		±0.30
g/2	23.5		±0.70		±0.30	
h/29.5	30.0		0	±0.50		±0.30
h/33		h/29.5 mv	h/30.0 mv	±0.35		±0.20
$I_R^{\ 11/,14/}$		4.5	5.25	±0.80		±0.40
I <sub>C</sub> <sup>11/,14/</sup>		5.5	5.25	±0.50 ±0.80		±0.35
p/	/33	Depends on the s	Depends on the shape of the shield			-
q/	/33	(p+	-q)/2	±0.	60	±0.30

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;../26" means dimension to be measured at the distance from the reference plane indicated in mm after the stroke.

 $<sup>^{**}</sup>$   $\,$  "29.5 mv" or "30.0 mv" means the value measured at a distance of 29.5 or 30.0 mm from the reference plane.

Category H4 Sheet H4/5

- <sup>8/</sup> Plane V-V is the plane perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the reference axis and through the intersection of the circle of diameter "M" with the axis of the reference lug.
- <sup>9</sup> Plane H-H is the plane perpendicular to both the reference plane and plane V-V and passing through the reference axis.
  - <sup>10</sup> 30.0 mm for the 24-Volt type.
- The end turns of the filament are defined as being the first luminous turn and the last luminous turn that are at substantially the correct helix angle. For coiled-coil filaments, the turns are defined by the envelope of the primary coil.
- For the passing beam filament, the points to be measured are the intersections, seen in direction 1, of the lateral edge of the shield with the outside of the end turns defined under footnote 11/.
- "e" denotes the distance from the reference plane to the beginning of the passing beam filament as defined above.
- For the driving beam filament the points to be measured are the intersections, seen in direction 1, of a plane, parallel to plane H-H and situated at a distance of 0.8 mm below it, with the end turns defined under footnote 11/.

#### Additional explanations to sheet H4/3

The dimensions below are measured in three directions:

- 1 For dimensions a, b1, c, d, e, f,  $I_R$  and  $I_C$ ;
- 2 For dimensions g, h, p and q;
- 3 For dimension b2.

Dimensions p and q are measured in planes parallel to and 33 mm away from the reference plane.

Dimensions b1, b2, c and h are measured in planes parallel to and 29.5 mm (30.0 mm for 24 V filament lamps) and 33 mm away from the reference plane.

Dimensions a and g are measured in planes parallel to and 26.0 mm and 23.5 mm away from the reference plane.

*Note:* For the method of measurement, see Appendix E of IEC Publication 60809.

Category H7

Sheet H7/1

The drawings are intended only to illustrate the essential dimensions (in mm) of the filament lamp

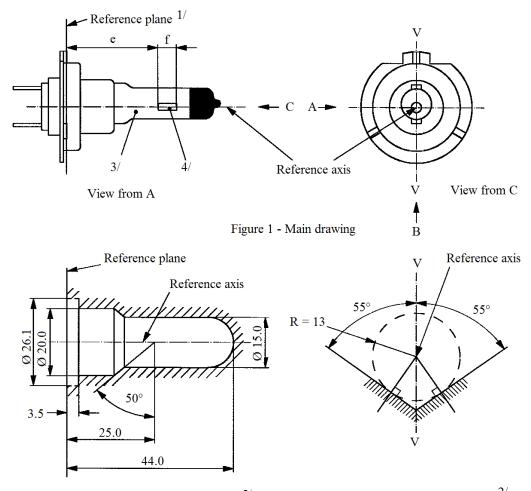


Figure 2 - Maximum lamp outline 5/

Figure 3 - Definition of reference axis <sup>2/</sup>

- The reference plane is defined by the points on the surfaces of the holder on which the three supporting bosses of the cap ring will rest.
- The reference axis is perpendicular to the reference plane and crosses the intersection of the two perpendiculars as indicated in Figure 3.
  - The colour of the light emitted shall be white or selective-yellow.
  - Notes concerning the filament diameter.
    - (a) No actual diameter restrictions apply but the objective for future developments is to have d max. = 1.3 mm for 12 V and d max. = 1.7 for 24V filament lamps.
    - (b) For the same manufacturer, the design diameter of standard (étalon) filament lamp and filament lamp of normal production shall be the same.
- <sup>5</sup>/ Glass bulb and supports shall not exceed the envelope as indicated in Figure 2. The envelope is concentric to the reference axis.

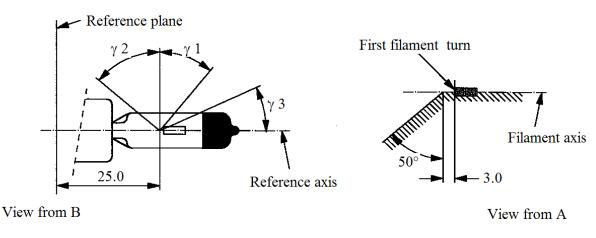


Figure 4 - Distorsion free area and black top 6/, 7/

Figure 5 - Metal free zone 8/

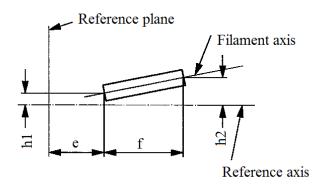


Figure 6 - Permissible offset of filament axis (for standard filament lamps only)

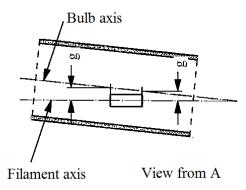


Figure 7 - Bulb eccentricity

No metal parts other than filament turns shall be located in the shaded area as seen in Figure 5.

Glass bulb shall be optically distortion free within the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$ . This requirement applies to the whole bulb circumference within the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$ .

The obscuration shall extend at least to the cylindrical part of the bulb on the whole bulb top circumference. It shall moreover extend at least to a plane parallel to the reference plane where  $\gamma 3$  crosses the outer bulb surface (view B as indicated on sheet H7/1).

The internal design of the lamp shall be such that stray light images and reflections are only located above the filament itself seen from the horizontal direction. (View A as indicated in Figure 1 on sheet H7/1).

#### Sheet H7/3

		Filaments lamps of	normal	production	Standard filament lamp	
Dimensions in	mm	12 V		24 V	12 V	
e <sup>9/</sup>		25.	0 10/		$25.0 \pm 0.1$	
f <sup>9/</sup>		4.1 10/		4.9 10/	4.1 ± 0.1	
g <sup>12/</sup>		0.5	min.		u.c.	
h1 <sup>11/</sup>		0	10/		0 ± 0.10	
h2 11/		0	10/		$0 \pm 0.15$	
γ1		40°	min.		40° min.	
γ2		50°		50° min.		
γ3		30° min.			30° min.	
Cap PX26d	in accordance	with IEC Publication 60061 (sheet 7004-5-6)				
Electrical a	nd photometric	characteristics				
Rated	Volts	12		24	12	
values	Watts	55		70	55	
Test voltage	Volts	13.2		28.0	13.2	
Objective	Watts	58 max.		75 max.	58 max.	
Objective values	Luminous flux	1,500 ± 10 %	1.	,750 ± 10 %		
Deference 1	uminous flue of	annravimataly	ī	12 V	1,100	
Kelelelice I	ummous mux at	арргохипацегу	approximately		1,500	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9/</sup> The ends of the filament are defined as the points where, when the viewing direction is direction A as shown in Figure 1 on sheet H7/1, the projection of the outside of the end turns crosses the filament axis. (Special instructions for coiled-coil filaments are under consideration).

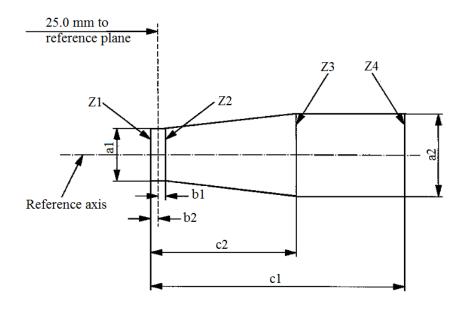
To be checked by means of a "Box System", sheet H7/4.

The offset of the filament with respect to the reference axis is measured only in viewing directions A and B as shown in Figure 1 in sheet H7/1. The points to be measured are those where the projection of the outside of the end turns nearest to or furthest from the reference plane crosses the filament axis.

Offset of filament in relation to bulb axis measured in two planes parallel to the reference plane where the projection of the outside of the end turns nearest to or furthest from the reference plane crosses the filament axis.

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane, whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements.

# Dimensions in mm



	a1	a2	<i>b1</i>	<i>b</i> 2	c1	c2
12 V	d + 0.30	d + 0.50	0	.2	4.6	4.0
24V	d + 0.60	d + 1.00	0.25		5.9	4.4

d = diameter of filament

The filament position is checked solely in directions A and B as shown on sheet H7/1, Figure 1.

The filament shall lie entirely within the limits shown.

The ends of the filament as defined on sheet H7/3, footnote 9/, shall lie between lines Z1 and Z2 and between Z3 and Z4.

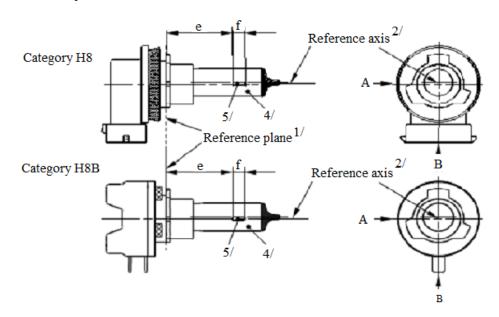


Figure 1 - Main drawings

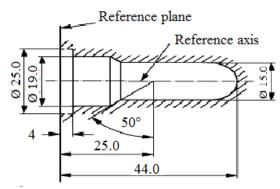
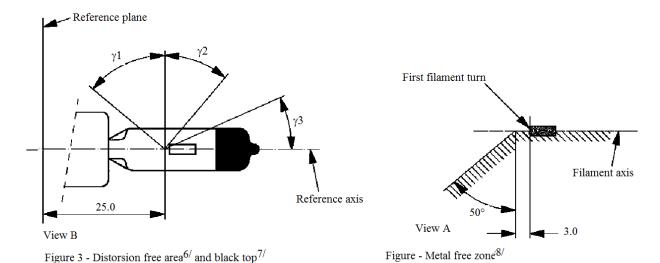


Figure 2 - Maximum lamp outline 3/

- The reference plane is the plane formed by the underside of the bevelled lead-in flange of the cap.
- The reference axis is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the centre of the 19 mm cap diameter.
- $^{3/}$  Glass bulb and supports shall not exceed the envelope as indicated in Figure 2. The envelope is concentric to the reference axis.
  - The colour of the light emitted shall be white or selective-yellow.
  - Notes concerning the filament diameter.
    - (a) No actual diameter restrictions apply but the objective for future developments is to have d max. = 1.2 mm.
    - (b) For the same manufacturer, the design diameter of standard (étalon) filament lamp and filament lamp of normal production shall be the same.



Reference plane

Filament axis

e

f

Reference axis

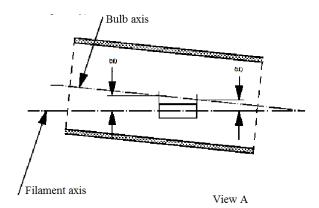


Figure 5 - Permissible offset of filament axis <sup>9/</sup> (for standard filament lamps only)

Figure 6 - Bulb eccentricity 10/

- $^{6'}$  Glass bulb shall be optically distortion free within the angles γ1 and γ2. This requirement applies to the whole bulb circumference within the angles γ1 and γ2.
- The obscuration shall extend at least to the cylindrical part of the bulb on the whole bulb top circumference. It shall moreover extend at least to a plane parallel to the reference plane where  $\gamma 3$  crosses the outer bulb surface (view B as indicated on sheet H8/1).
- <sup>8/</sup> The internal design of the lamp shall be such that stray light images and reflections are only located above the filament itself seen from the horizontal direction. (View A as indicated in Figure 1 on sheet H8/1). No metal parts other than filament turns shall be located in the shaded area as seen in Figure 4.
- <sup>9/</sup> The offset of the filament with respect to the reference axis is measured only in viewing directions A and B as shown in Figure 1 in sheet H8/1. The points to be measured are those where the projection of the outside of the end turns nearest to or furthest from the reference plane crosses the filament axis.
- Offset of filament in relation to bulb axis measured in two planes parallel to the reference plane where the projection of the outside of the end turns nearest to or furthest from the reference plane crosses the filament axis.

# Categories H8 and H8B

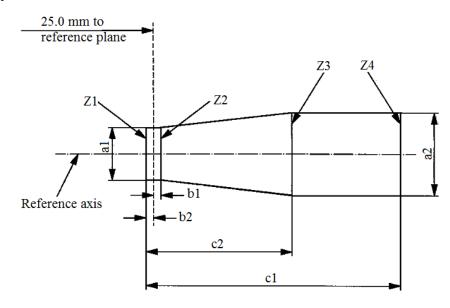
# Sheet H8/3

Dimensions in mm		Filaments lamp.	s of normal production 12 V	Standard filament lamp 12 V
e 11/		2	25.0 <sup>12/</sup>	$25.0 \pm 0.1$
f <sup>11/</sup>			3.7 12/	$3.7 \pm 0.1$
g		0	.5 min.	u.c.
h1			0 12/	$0 \pm 0.1$
h2			0 12/	$0 \pm 0.15$
γ1		50	0° min.	50° min.
γ2		40	0° min.	40° min.
γ3		30	30° min.	
Cap: H8B:1		in accordance with	n IEC Publication 60061 n IEC Publication 60061	
Detail of the	Volts		12	
Rated values	Watts		35 33	
Test voltage	Volts		13.2	13.2
Objective	Watts	4	3 max.	43 max.
values	Luminous flux	800 ± 15 %		
Dafaranaa lum	inous flux at ann	aravimataly.	12 V	600
Reference luminous flux at app		13.2 V		800

The ends of the filament are defined as the points where, when the viewing direction is direction A as shown in Figure 1 on sheet H8/1, the projection of the outside of the end turns crosses the filament axis.

To be checked by means of a "Box System"; sheet H8/4.

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane, whether a filament complies with the requirements.



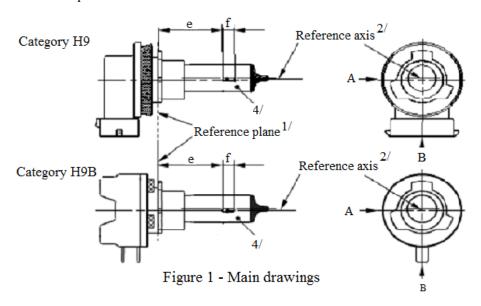
	a1	a2	<i>b1</i>	<i>b</i> 2	c1	c2
d+	- 0.50	d + 0.70	0.2	25	4.6	3.5

d = diameter of filament

The filament position is checked solely in directions A and B as shown on sheet H8/1, Figure 1.

The filament shall lie entirely within the limits shown.

The ends of the filament as defined on sheet H8/3, footnote 11/, shall lie between lines Z1 and Z2 and between Z3 and Z4.



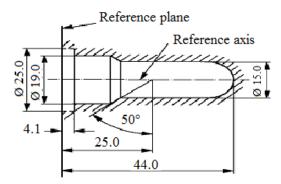


Figure 2 - Maximum lamp outline 3/

- 1/ The reference plane is the plane formed by the underside of the bevelled lead-in flange of the cap.
- The reference axis is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the centre of the 19 mm cap diameter.
- <sup>3/</sup> Glass bulb and supports shall not exceed the envelope as indicated in Figure 2. The envelope is concentric to the reference axis.
  - Notes concerning the filament diameter.
    - (a) No actual diameter restrictions apply but the objective for future developments is to have d max. = 1.4 mm.
    - (b) For the same manufacturer, the design diameter of standard (étalon) filament lamp and filament lamp of normal production shall be the same.

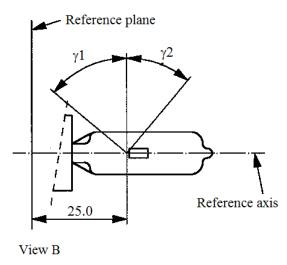


Figure 3 - Distorsion free area<sup>5/</sup>

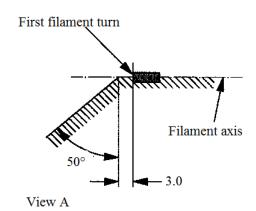


Figure 4 - Metal free zone<sup>6/</sup>

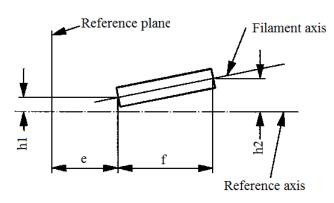


Figure 5 - Permissible offset of filament axis<sup>7/</sup> (for standard filament lamps only)

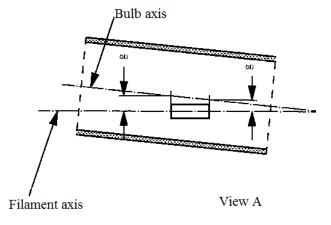


Figure 6 - Bulb eccentricity<sup>8/</sup>

- $^{5/}$  Glass bulb shall be optically distortion free within the angles γ1 and γ2. This requirement applies to the whole bulb circumference within the angles γ1 and γ2.
- The internal design of the lamp shall be such that stray light images and reflections are only located above the filament itself seen from the horizontal direction. (View A as indicated in Figure 1, sheet H9/1). No metal parts other than filament turns shall be located in the shaded area as seen in Figure 4.
- The offset of the filament with respect to the reference axis is measured only in viewing directions A and B as shown in Figure 1 on sheet H9/1. The points to be measured are those where the projection of the outside of the end turns nearest to or furthest from the reference plane crosses the filament axis.
- Offset of filament in relation to bulb axis measured in two planes parallel to the reference plane where the projection of the outside of the end turns nearest to or furthest from the reference plane crosses the filament axis.

# Categories H9 and H9B

Sheet H9/3

					Tolerances				
				Filaments lamp	Standard filament lamp				
	Dimensions in n	nm		12 V	7	12 V			
e <sup>9/,10/</sup>		25		11/		±0.10			
f <sup>9/,10/</sup>		4.8		11/		±0.10			
g <sup>9/</sup>		0.7		±0.:	5	±0.30			
h1		0		11/		±0.10 <sup>12/</sup>			
h2		0		11/		±0.15 <sup>12/</sup>			
γ1		50° min.		-		-			
γ2		40° min.		-		-			
H9: P	GJ19-5	in accordance	ce with IEC Publication 60061 (sheet 7004-110-2)						
Cap: H9B:P	GJY19-5	in accordance	e with	rith IEC Publication 60061 (sheet 7004-146-1)					
Electrical and p	hotometric cha	aracteristics							
Rated values	Volts		12		12				
Rated values	Watts		65	i		65			
Test voltage	Volts	13.2		12.2	13.2	12.2			
Ohioatina	Watts	73 max.		65 max.	73 max.	65 max.			
Objective values  Luminous flux  2,1		2,100 ± 10%		1,650 ± 10%					
			•	12 V		1,500			
Reference luminous flux at approximately				12.2V		1,650			
approximatery				13.2 V		2,100			

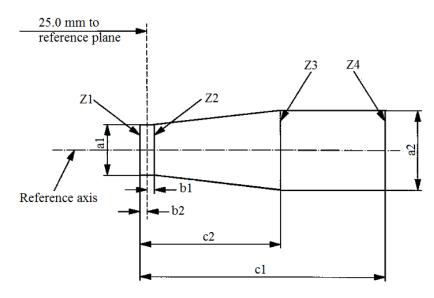
The viewing direction is direction A as shown in Figure 1 on sheet H9/1.

The ends of the filament are defined as the points where, when the viewing direction is as defined in footnote 9/ above, the projection of the outside of the end turns crosses the filament axis.

To be checked by means of a "Box System"; sheet H9/4.

The eccentricity is measured only in viewing directions A and B as shown in Figure 1 on sheet H9/1. The points to be measured are those where the projection of the outside of the end turns nearest or furthest from the reference plane crosses the filament axis.

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane, whether a filament complies with the requirements.



a1	a2	<i>b1</i>	<i>b</i> 2	c1	c2
d + 0.4	d + 0.7	0.:	25	5.7	4.6

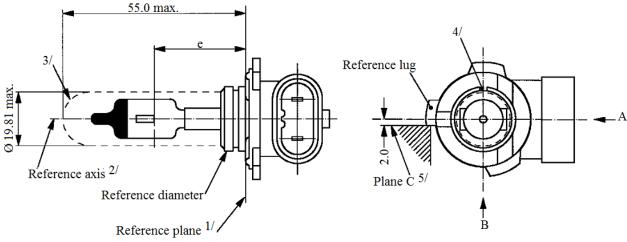
d = diameter of filament

The filament position is checked solely in directions A and B as shown on sheet H9/1, Figure 1.

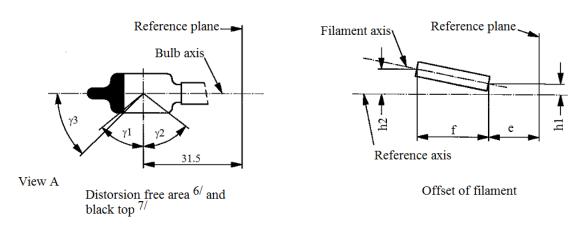
The filament shall lie entirely within the limits shown.

The ends of the filament as defined on sheet H9/3, footnote 10/, shall lie between lines Z1 and Z2 and between Z3 and Z4.

Sheet H10/1



View A



- 1/ The reference plane is the plane defined by the meeting points of cap-holder fit.
- The reference axis is perpendicular to the reference plane and concentric with the reference diameter of the cap.
- <sup>3/</sup> Glass bulb and supports shall not exceed the envelope and shall not interfere with insertion past the lamp key. The envelope is concentric to the reference axis.
  - 4/ The keyway is mandatory.
  - The filament lamp shall be rotated in the measuring holder until the reference lug contacts plane C of the holder.
- <sup>6/</sup> Glass bulb periphery shall be optically distortion-free axially and cylindrically within the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$ . This requirement applies to the whole bulb circumference within the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$  and does not need to be verified in the area covered by the obscuration.
- The obscuration shall extend to at least angle  $\gamma 3$  and shall be at least as far as the undistorted part of the bulb defined by angle  $\gamma 1$ .

Sheet H10/2

			Tolera	nce
Dimensio	ns in mm <sup>8/</sup>	Filament lam produ		Standard filament lamp
e <sup>9/,10/</sup>	28.9	11	/	±0.16
f <sup>9/,10/</sup>	5.2	11	/	±0.16
h1, h2	0	11	/	±0.15 <sup>12/</sup>
γ1	50° min.	-		-
γ2	52° min			-
γ3 45°		±5°		±5°
Cap PY20d in acc	ordance with IEC P	ublication 600	61 (sheet 700	4-31-2)
Electrical and pho	tometric characteris	tics		
D . 1 . 1	Volts	12		12
Rated values	Watts	42		42
Test voltage	Volts	13	.2	13.2
Ohioativa val	Watts	50 n	nax.	50 max.
Objective values  Luminous flux		850 ±	15 %	
Deference luminos	as flare at among	otole:	12 V	600
Reference luminous flux at approxima		13.2 V		850

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8/</sup> Dimensions shall be checked with O-ring removed.

The viewing direction is direction\* B as shown in the figure on sheet H10/1.

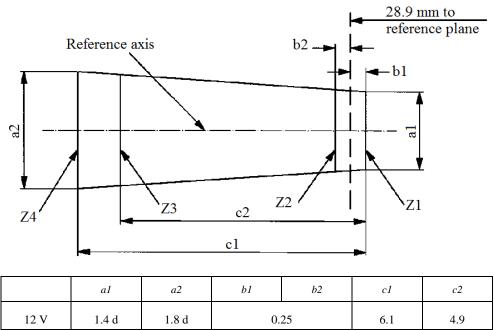
The ends of the filament are defined as the points where, when the viewing direction\* as defined in footnote 9/ above, the projection of the outside of the end turns crosses the filament axis.

To be checked by means of a "Box-System", sheet H10/3\*.

The eccentricity is measured only in viewing directions\* A and B as shown in the figure on sheet H10/1. The points to be measured are those where the projection of the outside of the end turns nearest to or furthest from the reference plane crosses the filament axis.

<sup>\*</sup> Manufacturers may choose another set of perpendicular viewing directions. The viewing directions specified by the manufacturer are to be used by the testing laboratory when checking filament dimensions and position.

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane, whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements.



d = diameter of filament

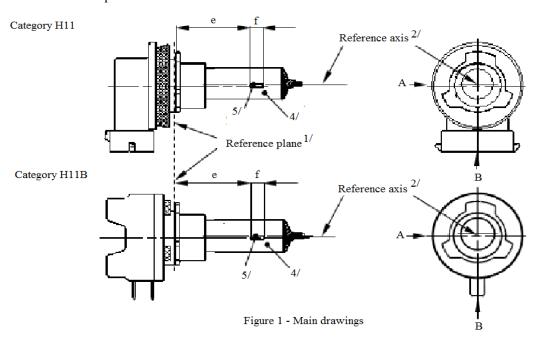
The filament position is checked solely in directions A and B as shown on sheet H10/1.

The filament shall lie entirely within the limits shown.

The ends of the filament as defined on sheet H10/2 footnote 10/ shall lie between lines Z1 and Z2 and between lines Z3 and Z4.

#### Categories H11 and H11B

Sheet H11/1



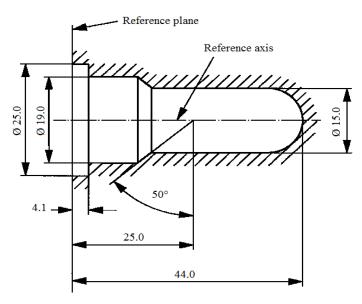


Figure 2 - Maximum lamp outline  $^{3/}$ 

- The reference plane is the plane formed by the underside of the bevelled lead-in flange of the cap.
- The reference axis is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the centre of the 19 mm cap diameter.
- Glass bulb and supports shall not exceed the envelope as indicated in Figure 2. The envelope is concentric to the reference axis.
  - The colour of the light emitted shall be white or selective-yellow.
- Notes concerning the filament diameter.

  (a) No actual diameter restrictions apply but the objective for future developments is to have d max. = 1.4 mm.

  (b) For the same manufacturer, the design diameter of standard (étalon) filament lamp and filament lamp of normal production shall be the same.

# Categories H11 and H11B

Sheet H11/2

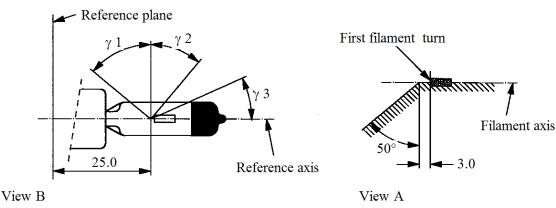


Figure 3 - Distortion free area <sup>6/</sup> and black top <sup>7/</sup>

Figure 4 - Metal free zone 8/

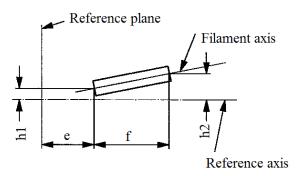


Figure 5 - Permissible offset of filament axis <sup>9/</sup> (for standard filament lamps only)

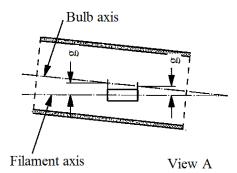


Figure 6 - Bulb eccentricity 10/

- Glass bulb shall be optically distortion free within the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$ . This requirement applies to the whole bulb circumference within the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$ .
- The obscuration shall extend at least to the cylindrical part of the bulb on the whole bulb top circumference. It shall, moreover, extend at least to a plane parallel to the reference plane where  $\gamma 3$  crosses the outer bulb surface (view B as indicated on sheet H11/1).
- The internal design of the lamp shall be such that stray light images and reflections are only located above the filament itself seen from the horizontal direction (view A as indicated in Figure 1 on sheet H11/1). No metal parts other than filament turns shall be located in the shaded area as seen in Figure 4.
- The offset of the filament with respect to the reference axis is measured only in viewing directions A and B as shown in Figure 1 on sheet H11/1. The points to be measured are those where the projection of the outside of the end turns nearest to or furthest from the reference plane crosses the filament axis.
- Eccentricity of bulb axis with respect to filament axis measured in two planes parallel to the reference plane where the projection of the outside of the end turns nearest to or furthest from the reference plane crosses the filament axis.

# Categories H11 and H11B

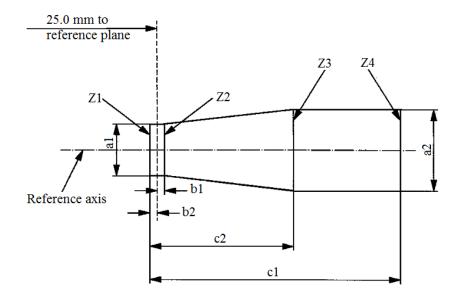
**Sheet H11/3** 

		Filaments lamps of	normal prod	luction	Standard filament lamp	
Dimensions in mn	n	12 V 24 V		24 V	12 V	
e 11/		25.0	0 12/		$25.0 \pm 0.1$	
f 11/		4.5	5.	3 12/	$4.5 \pm 0.1$	
g		0.5	min.		u.c.	
h1		0	12/		$0 \pm 0.1$	
h2		0	12/		$0 \pm 0.15$	
γ1		50°	min.		50° min.	
γ2		40°	min.		40° min.	
γ3		30° min.			30° min.	
	PGJY19-2	in accordance with IEC Publication 60061 (in accordance with IEC Publication 60061 (			•	
Electrical and	photometric	characteristics				
Rated values	Volts	12	24		12	
rated variety	Watts	55	70		55	
Test voltage	Volts	13.2	2	8.0	13.2	
Objective	Watts	62 max.	80	max.	62 max.	
values Luminous flux		1350 ± 10 %	1600	± 10 %		
Dafaranaa luum	sinous flue of	annravimataly		12 V	1,000	
Reference full	iiious iiux at	approximately		13.2 V	1,350	

The ends of the filament are defined as the points where, when the viewing direction is View A as shown in Figure 1 on sheet H11/1, the projection of the outside of the end turns crosses the filament axis.

To be checked by means of a "Box System"; sheet H11/4.

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane, whether a filament complies with the requirements.



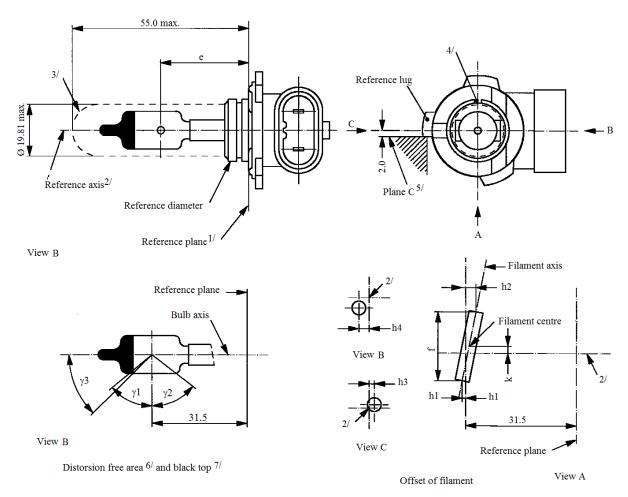
	a1	a2	<i>b1</i>	<i>b</i> 2	c1	c2
12 V	d + 0.3	d + 0.5	0.	.2	5.0	4.0
24 V	d + 0.6	d + 1.0	0.25		6.3	4.6

d = diameter of filament

The filament position is checked solely in directions A and B as shown on sheet H11/1, Figure 1.

The filament shall lie entirely within the limits shown.

The ends of the filament as defined on sheet H11/3, footnote 11/, shall lie between lines Z1 and Z2 and between Z3 and Z4.



- 1/ The reference plane is the plane defined by the meeting points of cap-holder fit.
- The reference axis is perpendicular to the reference plane and concentric with the reference diameter of the cap.
- Glass bulb and supports shall not exceed the envelope and shall not interfere with insertion past the lamp key. The envelope is concentric to the reference axis.
  - 4/ The keyway is mandatory.
  - The filament shall be rotated in the measuring holder until the reference lug contacts plane C of the holder.
- Glass bulb periphery shall be optically distortion-free axially and cylindrically within the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$ . This requirement applies to the whole bulb circumference within the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$  and does not need to be verified in the area covered by the obscuration.
- The obscuration shall extend to at least angle  $\gamma 3$  and shall be at least as far as the undistorted part of the bulb defined by angle  $\gamma 1$ .

#### **Sheet H12/2**

			Tolerance	
Dimensio	ns in mm <sup>&amp;</sup>	Filament lamps o productio		Standard filament lamp
e <sup>9/,10/</sup>	31.5	11/		±0.16
f <sup>9/,10/</sup>	5.5	4.8 min	n	±0.16
h1, h2, h3, h4	0	11/		±0.15 <sup>12/</sup>
k	0	11/		±0.15 <sup>13/</sup>
γ1	50° min.	-	-	
γ2	52° min		-	
γ3	45°	±5°		±5°
Cap PZ20d in acco	ordance with IEC Pu	blication 60061 (sl	heet 7004-31	-2)
Electrical and pho	tometric characterist	ics		
D . 1 1	Volts	12		12
Rated values	Watts	53		53
Test voltage	Volts	13.2		13.2
Obj	Watts	61 max.		61 max.
Objective values Luminous flux		$1,050 \pm 1$	5 %	
D.C. 1	CI .	. 1	12 V	775
Reference luminous flux at approxima		tery	13.2 V	1,050

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8/</sup> Dimensions shall be checked with O-ring removed.

The viewing direction is direction A as shown in the figure on sheet H12/1.

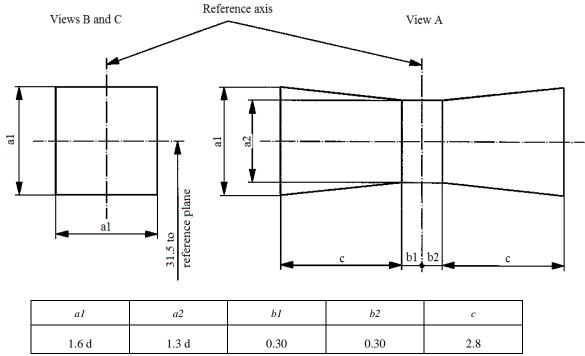
The ends of the filament are defined as the points where, when the viewing direction as defined in footnote 9/ above, the projection of the outside of the end turns crosses the filament axis.

To be checked by means of a "Box-System"; sheet H12/3.

Dimensions h1 and h2 are measured in viewing direction A, dimension h3 in direction C and dimension h4 in direction B as shown in the figure on sheet H12/1. The points to be measured are those where the projection of the outside of the end turns nearest to or furthest from the reference plane crosses the filament axis.

Dimension k is measured only in viewing direction A.

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane, whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements.



d = diameter of filament

For the directions of view A, B and C, see sheet H12/1.

The filament shall lie entirely within the limits shown.

The centre the filament shall lie between the limits of dimensions b1 and b2.

#### Categories H13 and H13A

**Sheet H13/1** 

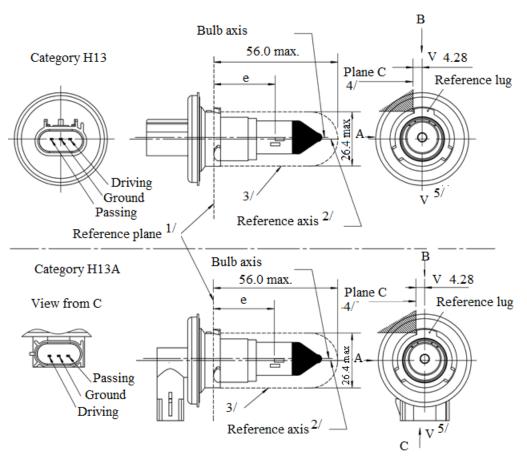
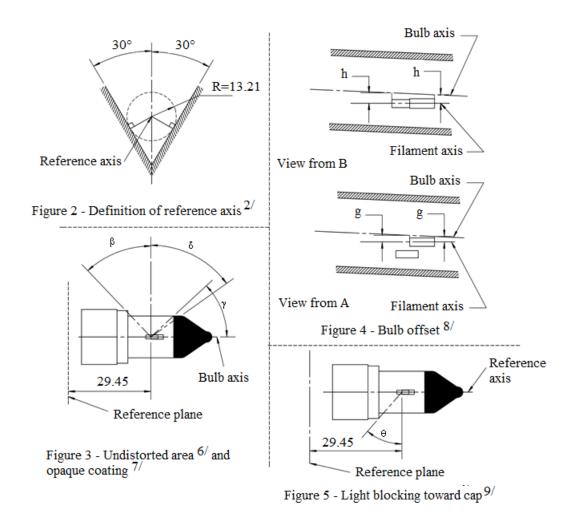


Figure 1 - Main drawing

- The reference plane is the plane formed by the underside of the three radiused tabs of the cap.
- The reference axis is perpendicular to the reference plane and crosses the intersection of the two perpendiculars as indicated in Figure 2 on sheet H13/2.
- Glass bulb and supports shall not exceed the envelope as indicated. The envelope is concentric to the reference axis.
- The filament lamp shall be rotated in the measuring holder until the reference lug contacts plane C of the holder.
- Plane V-V is the plane perpendicular to the reference plane passing through the reference axis and parallel to plane C.



- Glass bulb shall be optically distortion-free axially and cylindrically within the angles  $\beta$  and  $\delta$ . This requirement applies to the whole bulb circumference within the angles  $\beta$  and  $\delta$  and does not need to be verified in the area covered by the opaque coating.
- The opaque coating shall extend at least to the cylindrical part of the bulb on the whole bulb top circumference. It shall moreover extend at least to a plane parallel to the reference plane where  $\gamma$  crosses the outer bulb surface (view B as indicated on sheet H13/1).
- Offset of passing beam filament in relation to the bulb axis is measured in two planes parallel to the reference plane where the projection of the outside end turns nearest to and farthest from the reference plane crosses the passing beam filament axis.
- Light shall be blocked over the cap end of the bulb extending to angle  $\theta$ . This requirement applies in all directions around the reference axis.

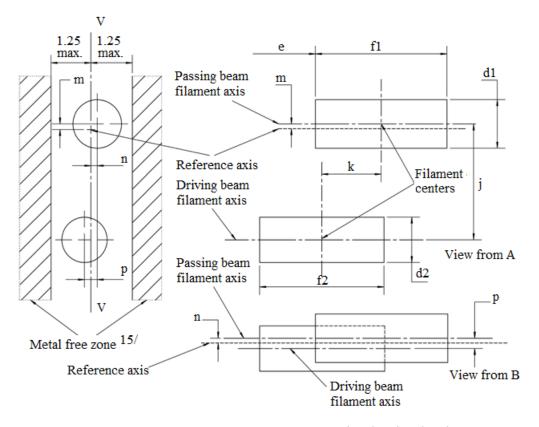


Figure 6 - Position and dimensions of filaments  $^{10}$ ,  $^{11}$ ,  $^{12}$ ,  $^{13}$ ,  $^{14}$ 

- <sup>10/</sup> Dimensions j, k and p are measured from the centre of the passing beam filament to the centre of the driving beam filament.
  - $^{11/}$  Dimensions m and n are measured from the reference axis to the centre of the passing beam filament.
- Both filaments axis are to be held within a 2° tilt with respect to the reference axis about the centre of the respective filament.
  - <sup>13</sup>/ Note concerning the filament diameters.
- (a) For the same manufacturer, the design filament diameter of standard (étalon) filament lamp and filament lamp of normal production shall be the same.
- For both the driving beam and the passing beam filament distortion shall not exceed  $\pm 5$  per cent of filament diameter from a cylinder.
- <sup>15/</sup> The metal free zone limits the location of lead wires within the optical path. No metal parts shall be located in the shaded area as seen in Figure 6.

# Categories H13 and H13A

Sheet H13/4

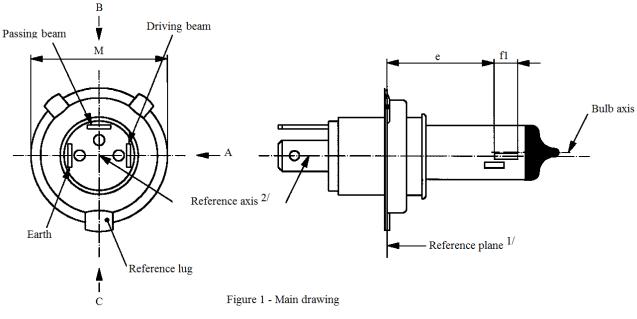
				Tolerance				
Dimensions in	mm	Filaments lamps of	no	ormal production	Standard fil	ament lamp		
d1 <sup>13/, 17/</sup>	1.8 max.		-		_			
d2 <sup>13/, 17/</sup>	1.8 max.		-	-				
e <sup>16/</sup>	29.45	±0	.20	)	±0.	.10		
f 1 <sup>16/</sup>	4.6	±0	.50	)	±0.	.25		
f 2 <sup>16/</sup>	4.6	±0	.50	)	±0.	.25		
g <sup>8/, 17/</sup>	0.5 d1	±0	.40	)	±0.	.20		
h <sup>8/</sup>	0	±0	.30	)	±0.	.15		
j <sup>10/</sup>	2.5	±0	.20	)	±0.	.10		
k <sup>10/</sup>	2.0	±0	.20	0	±0	.10		
m <sup>10/</sup>	0	±0	.20	0	±0.13			
n <sup>10/</sup>	0	±0.20			±0.13			
p <sup>10/</sup>	0	±0.08			±0.08			
β	42° min.	-			-	-		
δ	52° min.		-		-			
γ	43°	+0°	/ -	5°	+0° / -5°			
$\theta^{9/}$	41°	±4	4°		±4°			
Cap: H13: P26.4 H13A: PJ26	in accordan	ace with IEC Publ	lic	ation 60061 (sh	eet 7004-12	8-3)		
Electrical and photometr	ric characteristics	18/						
Rated values	Volts	1	2		1	2		
Rated values	Watts	55		60	55	60		
Test voltage	Volts	13.2		,	13	.2		
Objective values	Watts	68 max.		75 max.	68 max.	75 max.		
Objective values	Luminous flux	$1,100 \pm 15\%$		$1,700 \pm 15\%$				
Reference luminous flux	at annrovimatals			12 V	800	1,200		
Kererence funnitions flux	at approximatery			13.2 V	1,100	1,700		

The ends of the filament are defined as the points where, when the viewing direction is direction A as shown on sheet H13/1, the projection of the outside of the end turns crosses the filament axis.

17/ d1 is the actual diameter of the proging have C1

d1 is the actual diameter of the passing beam filament. d2 is the actual diameter of the driving beam filament.

The values indicated in the left-hand columns relate to the passing beam filament and those indicated in the right-hand columns to the driving beam filament.



Reference plane

55.0

26.15

Reference axis

Figure 2 - Maximum lamp outline 3/

- 1/ The reference plane is defined by the points on the surface of the holder on which the three lugs of the cap ring will rest.
- The reference axis is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the centre of the cap ring diameter "M"
- Glass bulb and supports shall not exceed the envelope as indicated in Figure 2. The envelope is concentric to the reference axis.



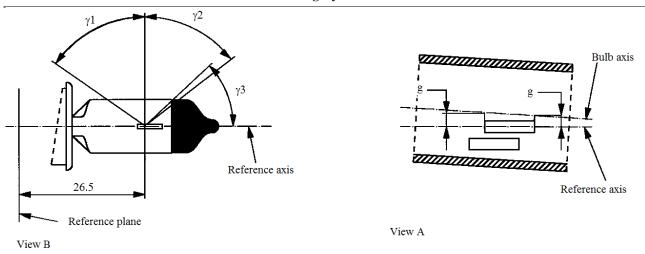
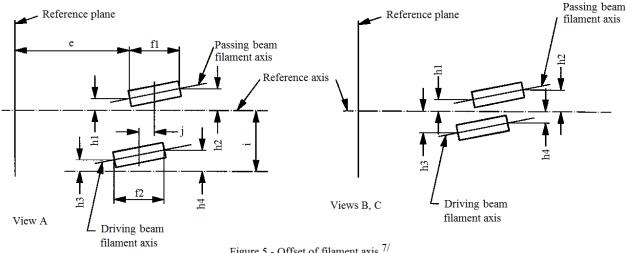


Figure 3 - Distorsion free area 4/ and black top 5/

Figure 4 - Bulb eccentricity <sup>6/</sup>



- Figure 5 Offset of filament axis <sup>7/</sup> (for standard filament lamps only)
- Glass bulb shall be optically distortion free within the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$ . This requirement applies to the whole bulb circumference within the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$  and does not need to be verified in the area covered by the obscuration.
- $^{5/}$  The obscuration shall extend at least to the cylindrical part of the bulb on the whole bulb top circumference. It shall, moreover, extend at least to a plane parallel to the reference plane where  $\gamma 3$  crosses the outer bulb surface (view B as indicated on sheet H14/1).
- <sup>6/</sup> Eccentricity of bulb with respect to passing beam filament axis is measured in two planes parallel to the reference plane where the projection of the outside of the end turns nearest to or furthest from the reference plane crosses the passing beam filament axis.
- <sup>7/</sup> The offset of the filaments with respect to the reference axis is measured only in viewing direction A, B and C as shown in Figure 1 on sheet H14/1. The points to be measured are those where the projection of the outside of the end turns nearest to or furthest from the reference plane crosses the filaments axis.

# **Sheet H14/3**

	sions in mm	Filament lamp o	f norm	al production	Standard file	ament lamps		
e <sup>8/</sup>	26.15		10/		±0	0.1		
f1 <sup>8/,9/</sup>	5.3		10/		±(	0.1		
f2 <sup>8/,9/</sup>	5.0		10/		±0.1			
g	0.3 min.							
h1	0		10/		±0	).1		
h2	0		10/		±0	.15		
h3	0		10/		±0	.15		
h4	0		10/		±0	.15		
i	2.7				-	-		
j	2.5		10/			).1		
γ1	55° min.		-			-		
γ2	52° min.		-			-		
γ3	43°	(	0/-5°			0/-5°		
Cap P38t in ac	cordance with I	EC Publication 60	061 (	sheet 7004-1	33-1)			
Electrical and	photometric cha	racteristics						
D. ( . 1 1	Volts	1	2		12			
Rated values	Watts	55		60	55	60		
Test voltage	Volts	13	13.2		13	.2		
Objective	Watts 68 max.		,	75 max.	68 max.	75 max.		
values	Luminous		750 ± 15%					
Deference l	inous flow at an	provimately.	•	12 V	860	1,300		
Reference lum	proximatery		13.2 V	1,150	1,750			

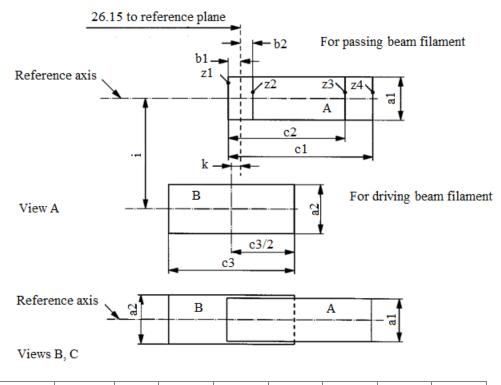
The ends of the filaments are defined as the points where, when the viewing direction is direction A as shown in Figure 1 on sheet H14/1, the projection of the outside of the end turns crosses the filaments axis.

"f1" represents the length of the passing beam filament and "f2" represents the length of the

 $<sup>^{9/}</sup>$  "f1" represents the length of the passing beam filament and "f2" represents the length of the driving beam filament.

To be checked by means of a "Box system"; sheet H14/4.

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filaments are correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and the reference plane, whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements.



a1	a2	<i>b1</i>	<i>b</i> 2	c1	c2	<i>c3</i>	i	k
d1 +0.5	1.6 * d2	(	0.2	5.8	5.1	5.75	2.7	0.15

d1 is diameter of the passing beam filament and d2 that of the driving beam filament.

Notes concerning the filaments diameter:

- (a) No actual diameter restrictions apply but the objective for future developments is to have d1 max. = 1.6 mm and d2 max. = 1.6 mm.
- (b) For the same manufacture, the design diameter of standard filament lamps and filament lamps of normal production shall be the same.

The positions of the filaments are checked solely in directions A, B and C as shown in Figure 1 on sheet H14/1.

The passing beam filament shall lie entirely in the rectangle A and the driving beam filament entirely in rectangle B.

The ends of the passing beam filament as defined on sheet H14/3, footnote 8/ shall lie between lines Z1 and Z2 and between lines Z3 and Z4.

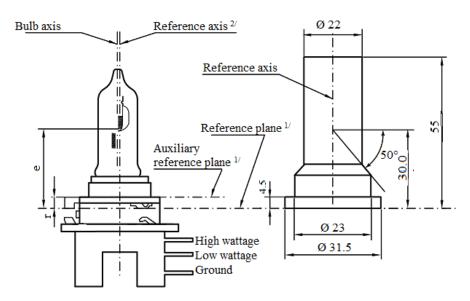


Figure 1 - Main drawing

Figure 3 - Maximum lamp outlines 3/

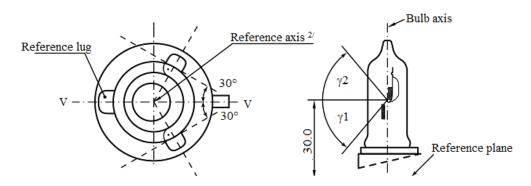


Figure 2 - Definition of reference axis 2/

Figure 4 -. Distortion free area 4/

<sup>1/</sup> The reference plane is defined by the points at which the holder touches the three lugs of the cap ring from the plug side. It is intended for use as an internal reference plane.

The auxiliary reference plane is defined by the points on the surface of the holder on which the three supporting bosses of the cap ring will rest. It is intended for use as an external reference plane.

The Cap is designed for use of the (internal) reference plane, but for certain applications the (external) auxiliary reference plane may be used instead.

<sup>2</sup> The reference axis is perpendicular to the reference plane and crosses the intersection of the two perpendiculars as indicated in figure 2 on sheet H15/1.

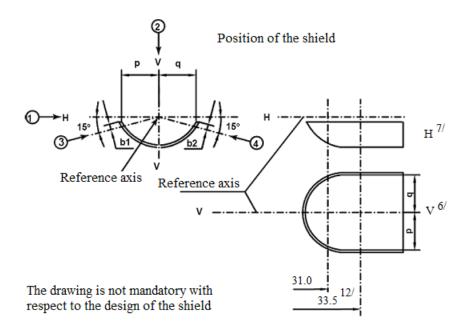
<sup>3/</sup> Glass bulb and supports shall not exceed the envelope as indicated in figure 3. The envelope is concentric to the reference axis.

Glass bulb shall be optically distortion free within the angles  $\gamma_1$  and  $\gamma_2$  as indicated in figure 4. This requirement applies to the whole bulb circumference within the angles  $\gamma_1$  and  $\gamma_2$ .

**Sheet H15/2** 

Dimensions in mr	n	Fila	ment lamps of	Standard filament lamp				
		12	V	24 V		12V		
e		30.0 + 0.35 / -0.25		30.0 + 0.35 / -0.25		30.0 + 0.20 / -0.15		
γ <sub>1</sub>		50°min		50°min		50°min		
γ <sub>2</sub>		50°min		50°min		50°min		
r	For deta	ails see cap s	sheet		<u>'</u>			
<del>-</del>								
Cap PGJ23t-1	in accordance	e with IEC	Publication	60061 (shee	et 7004-155-1	1)		
Electrical and	photometric	characteristi	ics					
Rated values	Volts	12 5/		24 5/		12 5/		
Rated values	Watts	15	55	20	60	15	55	
Test voltage	Volts	13	.2	28	3.0	13.2	13.2	
Objective	Watts	19 max.	64 max.	24 max.	73 max.	19 max.	64 max.	
values	Luminous flux	260	1,350	300	1,500			
			±1	0%				
Reference luminous flux at approximately 12 V							1,000	
Reference luminous flux at approximately 13.2 V 1,350						1,350		
Reference luminous flux at approximately 13.5 V 290								

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5/</sup> The values indicated in the left-hand columns relate to the low wattage filament. Those indicated in the right-hand columns relate to the high wattage filament.



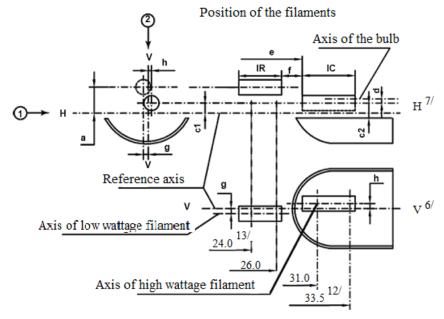


Table of the dimensions (in mm) referred to in the drawings on sheet H15/3

				Tolerance				
Reference*		Dimension**		Filament lamps of normal production		Standard filament lamp		
12 V	24 V	12 V	24 V	12 V	24 V	12 V	24 V	
a/24.0	a/24.5	1	.8	±0.35		±0.20		
a/2	6.0	1	1.8		±0.35		±0.20	
b1/3	31.0	0		±0.30		±0.15		
b1/33.5	b1/34.0	b1/31	.0 mv	±0.30		±0.15		
b2/3	31.0	(	)	±0	.30	±0.15		
b2/33.5	b2/34.0	b2/31	.0 mv	±0.30		±0.15		
c1/3	31.0	(	)	±0.30	±0.50	±0.15	±0.25	
c1/33.5	c1/34.0	c1/31	.0 mv	±0.30	±0.50	±0.15	±0.25	
c2/33.5	c2/34.0	1.1		±0.30	±0.50	±0.15	±0.25	
C	d		min. 0.1		-		-	
f <sup>8/, 9</sup>	f <sup>8/, 9/, 10/</sup>		2.7		±0.40	+0.20 -0.10	+0.25 -0.15	
g/24.0	g/24.5	0		±0.50	±0.70	±0.25	±0.35	
g/26.0		(	)	±0.50	±0.70	±0.25	±0.35	
h/31.0		(	)	±0.50	±0.60	±0.25	±0.30	
h/33.5	3.5 h/34.0 h/31.0 mv		±0.30	±0.40	±0.15	±0.20		
IR <sup>8/, 11/</sup>		4.2	4.6	±0.40	±0.60	±0.20	±0.30	
IC <sup>3</sup>	IC <sup>8/, 9/</sup>		5.4	±0.40	±0.60	±0.20	±0.30	
p/33.5	p/34.0		Depends on the shape of the shield		-		-	
q/33.5	3.5 q/34.0 p/33.5 p/34.0		p/34.0	±1.20		±0.60		

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;.../26.0" means dimension to be measured at the distance from the reference plane indicated in mm after the stroke.

<sup>\*\* &</sup>quot;31.0 mv" means the value measured at a distance of 31.0 mm from the reference plane.

**Sheet H15/5** 

Category H15

- <sup>6</sup> Plane V-V is the plane perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the reference axis and through the axis of the reference lug.
- $^{7/}$  Plane H-H is the plane perpendicular to both the reference plane and plane V-V and passing through the reference axis.
- When the end turns of the filament are defined as being the first luminous turn and the last luminous turn that are at substantially the correct helix angle.
- <sup>9/</sup> For the high wattage filament, the points to be measured are the intersections, seen in direction 1, of the lateral edge of the shield with the outside of the end turns defined under footnote 8/.
- "e" denotes the distance from the reference plane to the beginning of the driving beam filament as defined above.
- For the low wattage filament the points to be measured are the intersections, seen in direction 1, of a plane, parallel to plane H-H and situated at a distance of 1.8 mm above it, with the end turns defined under footnote 8/.
  - <sup>12/</sup> 34.0 for the 24 V type.
  - <sup>13/</sup> 24.5 for the 24 V type.

#### Additional explanations to sheet H15/3

The dimensions below are measured in four directions:

- 1) For dimensions a, c1, c2, d, e, f, lR and lC;
- 2) For dimensions g, h, p and q;
- 3) For dimension b1;
- 4) For dimension b2.

Dimensions b1, b2, c1 and h are measured in planes parallel to the reference plane at distances of 31.0 mm and 33.5 mm (34.0 mm for 24 V types).

Dimensions c2, p and q are measured in a plane parallel to the reference plane at a distance of 33.5 mm (34.0 mm for 24 V types).

Dimensions a and g are measured in planes parallel to the reference plane at distances of 24.0 mm (24.5 mm for 24 V types) and 26.0 mm.

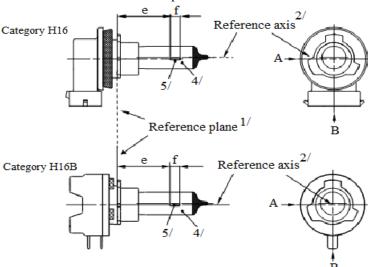


Figure 1 - Main drawing

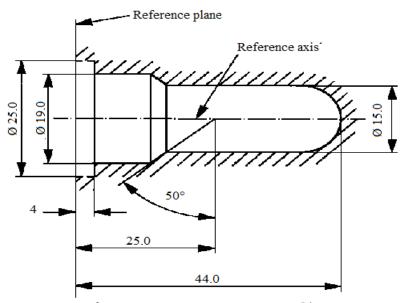


Figure 2 - Maximum lamp outline  $^{3/}$ 

- 1/ The reference plane is the plane formed by the underside of the bevelled lead-in flange of the cap.
- The reference axis is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the centre of the 19 mm cap diameter.
- <sup>3/</sup> Glass bulb and supports shall not exceed the envelope as indicated in Figure 2. The envelope is concentric to the reference axis.
  - The light emitted shall be white or selective yellow.
  - Notes concerning the filament diameter.
    - (a) No actual diameter restrictions apply but the objective for future developments is to have d max. = 1.1 mm.
    - (b) For the same manufacturer, the design diameter of standard (étalon) filament lamp and filament lamp of normal production shall be the same.

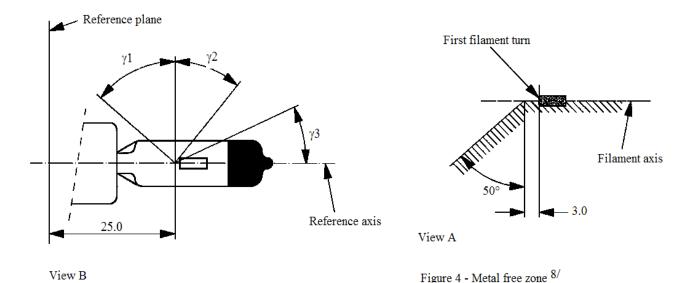


Figure 3 - Distortion free area <sup>6/</sup> and black top <sup>7/</sup>

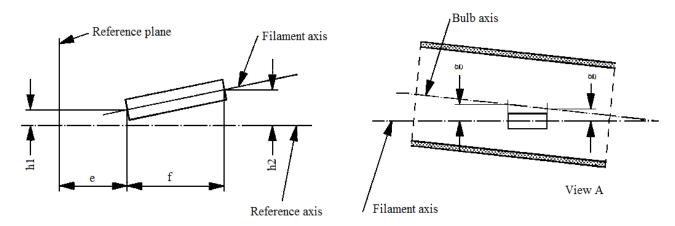


Figure 5 - Permissible offset of filament axis <sup>9/</sup> (for standard filament lamps only)

Figure 6 - Bulb eccentricity 10/

- Glass bulb shall be optically distortion free within the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$ . This requirement applies to the whole bulb circumference within the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$ .
- The obscuration shall extend at least to angle  $\gamma 3$  and shall extend at least to the cylindrical part of the bulb on the whole bulb top circumference.
- The internal design of the lamp shall be such that stray light images and reflections are only located above the filament itself seen from the horizontal direction. (View A as indicated in Figure 1 on sheet H16/1). No metal parts other than filament turns shall be located in the shaded area as seen in Figure 4.
- <sup>9/</sup> The offset of the filament with respect to the reference axis is measured only in viewing directions A and B as shown in Figure 1 in sheet H16/1. The points to be measured are those where the projection of the outside of the end turns nearest to or furthest from the reference plane crosses the filament axis.
- Offset of filament in relation to bulb axis measured in two planes parallel to the reference plane where the projection of the outside of the end turns nearest to or furthest from the reference plane crosses the filament axis.

# Categories H16 and H16B

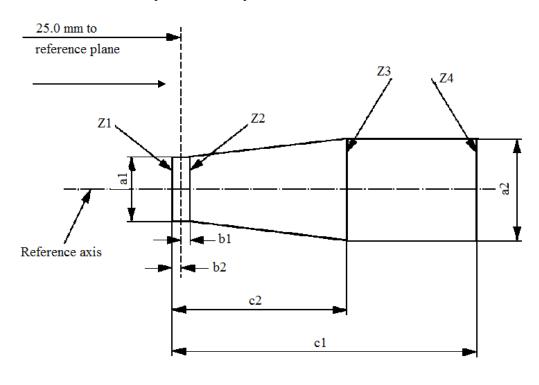
**Sheet H16/3** 

		Filaments lamps of normal production	Standard filament lamp				
Dimensions in mr	n	12 V	12 V				
e 11/		25.0 <sup>12/</sup>	$25.0 \pm 0.1$				
f <sup>11/</sup>		3.2 12/	$3.2 \pm 0.1$				
g		0.5 min.	u.c.				
h1		0 12/	$0 \pm 0.1$				
h2		0 12/	$0 \pm 0.15$				
γ1		50° min.	50° min.				
γ2		40° min.	40° min.				
γ3		30° min.	30° min.				
Cap: H16B:	Cap: H16: PGJ19-3 in accordance with IEC Publication 60061 (sheet 7004-110-2) H16B: PGJY19-3 in accordance with IEC Publication 60061 (sheet 7004-146-1)  Electrical and photometric characteristics						
Rated	Volts	12	12				
values	Watts	19	19				
Test voltage	Volts	13.2	13.2				
Ohioativa	Watts	26 max.	26 max.				
Objective values	Luminous flux	500 +10% / -15 %					
Reference lum	ninous flux: 3	70 lm at approximately 12 V	370 lm				
Reference lum	ninous flux: 5	500 lm at approximately 13.2 V	500 lm				
Reference lum	ninous flux: 5	50 lm at approximately 13.5 V	550 lm				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11/</sup> The ends of the filament are defined as the points where, when the viewing direction is direction A as shown in Figure 1 on sheet H16/1, the projection of the outside of the end turns crosses the filament axis.

12/
To be checked by means of a "Box System"; sheet H16/4.

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane, whether a filament complies with the requirements.



a1	a2	<i>b1</i>	<i>b</i> 2	c1	c2
d + 0.50	d + 0.70	0.3	25	3.6	2.6

#### d = diameter of filament

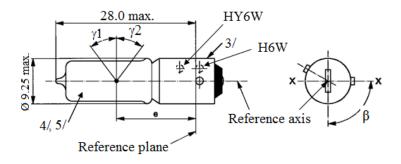
The filament position is checked solely in directions A and B as shown on sheet H16/1, Figure 1.

The filament shall lie entirely within the limits shown.

The ends of the filament as defined on sheet H16/3, footnote 11/, shall lie between lines Z1 and Z2 and between Z3 and Z4.

#### Categories H6W and HY6W

Sheet H6W/1



			Filament	lamps of normal	production	Standard filament lamp
Dimensions in	mm		min.	nom.	max.	
e			14.25	15.0	15.75	$15.0 \pm 0.25$
Lateral devi	ation 1/				0.75	0.4 max
β			82.5°	90°	97.5°	90° ± 5°
$\gamma 1$ , $\gamma 2^{2/}$			30°			30° min.
Cap:		AX9s AZ9s characteris	in accordan			61 (sheet 7004-8-1) 61 (sheet 7004-150-1)
Rated	Volts			12		12
values	Watts			6		6
Test	Volts			13.5		13.5
Objective	Watts		7.35 max.			7.35 max.
values	Luminous	H6W	125 ± 12 %			
	flux HY6W		75 ± 17 %			
Reference luminous flux at approxima			ntely 13 5 V			White:125 lm
			y 13.5 ¥			Amber:75 lm

Maximum lateral deviation of filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing axis X-X.

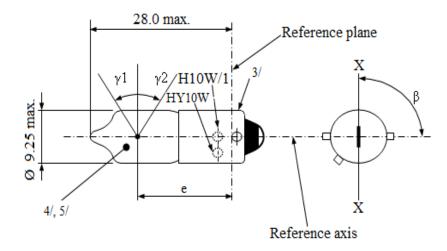
In the area between the outer loss of the greateral and 2 of the containing the containing axis X-X.

In the area between the outer legs of the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$ , the bulb shall have no optically distorting areas and the curvature of the bulb shall have a radius not less than 50 per cent of the actual bulb diameter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3/</sup> Over the entire length of the cap there shall be no projections or soldering exceeding the permissible maximum diameter of the cap.

The light emitted from filament lamps of normal production shall be white for category H6W and amber for category HY6W.

The light emitted from standard filament lamps shall be white for category H6W and amber or white for category HY6W.



			Filament lamps of normal production			Standard filament lamp	
Dimensions in mm			min.	nom.	max.		
e			14.25	15.0	15.75	$15.0 \pm 0.25$	
Lateral dev	viation 1/				0.75	0.4 max	
β			82.5°	90°	97.5°	90° ± 5°	
$\gamma 1$ , $\gamma 2^{-2/}$			30°			30° min.	
Cap: H	Y10W B.	AUZ9s	in accordar			50061 (sheet 7004-150A-1) 50061 (sheet 7004-150B-1)	
Electrical	and photome	etric chara	icteristics				
Rated	Volts			12		12	
values	Watts		10			10	
Test voltage	Volts	olts		13.5		13.5	
01: ::	Watts			12 max.		12 max.	
Objective values	Luminous	H10W/1		200 ± 12 %	, )		
	flux	HY10W		120 ± 17 %	Ď		
Reference	luminous flu	ıv at annr	ovimately	13.5 V		White: 200 lm	
Reference	iummous m	at appi		13.3 ¥		Amber: 120 lm	

#### Categories H10W and HY10W

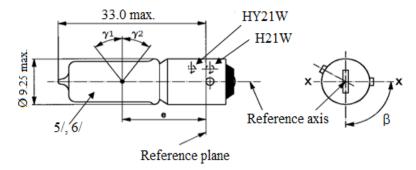
Sheet H10W/2

- Maximum lateral deviation of filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing axis X-X.
- In the area between the outer legs of the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$ , the bulb shall have no optically distorting areas and the curvature of the bulb shall have a radius not less than 50 per cent of the actual bulb diameter.
- Over the entire length of the cap there shall be no projections or soldering exceeding the permissible maximum diameter of the cap.

  The light emitted from filement length of permissible with the cap.
- The light emitted from filament lamps of normal production shall be white for category H10W/1 and amber for category HY10W.
- The light emitted from standard filament lamps shall be white for category H10W/1 and amber or white for category HY10W.

#### Categories H21W and HY21W

Sheet H21W/1



ilament lamp			<b>.</b>			1		
			Filament	lamps of nor	mal production	Standard filament lamp		
Dimensions in mm	!		min.	nom.	max.			
e				20.0	/	$20.0 \pm 0.25$		
f	12	V			3.8	3.8 + 0 / -1		
1	24	V			4.5			
Lateral deviati	on <sup>2/</sup>				1/	$0.0 \pm 0.15$ 3/		
β			82.5°	90°	97.5°	90° ± 5°		
$\gamma 1$ , $\gamma 2^{4/}$			45°			45° min.		
Cap: H21	W: BAY	9s	in accordanc	in accordance with IEC Publication 60061 (sheet 7004-9-1				
	21W: BAW	79s	in accordanc	in accordance with IEC Publication 60061 (sheet 7004-				
Electrical and	photometric cl	naracteristics	3					
Rated values	Volts		12		24	12		
Rated varies	Watts	Watts		21		21		
Test voltage	Volts		13.5		28.0	13.5		
Objective	Watts		26.25 m	ax.	29.4 max.	26.25 max.		
values	Luminous	H21W	$600 \pm 12$	2 %	600 ± 15 %			
	flux	HY21W	300 ± 17	7 %	$300 \pm 20 \%$			
					12 V	White: 415 lm		
Reference luminous flux at approximately			v		13.2 V	White: 560 lm		
Turn	30 110.1 41 4	r r - 0	<i>3</i>		13.5 V	White: 600 lm		
						Amber: 300 lm		

<sup>1/</sup> To be checked by means of a "Box system", sheet H21W/2.

Maximum lateral deviation of filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing axis X-X.

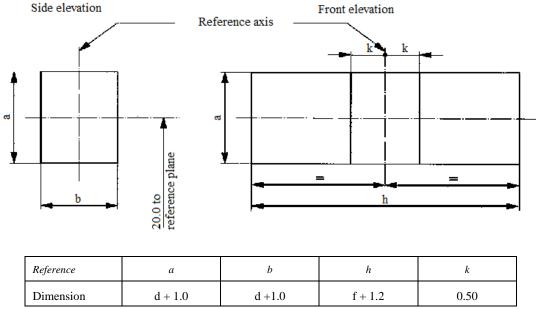
The lateral deviation with respect to the plane perpendicular to axis X-X is measured in the position described in paragraph 1. of the test procedure specified on sheet H21W/2.

In the area between the outer legs of the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$ , the bulb shall have no optical distorting areas and the curvature of the bulb shall have a radius not less than 50 per cent of the actual bulb diameter.

The light emitted from filament lamps of normal production shall be white for category H21W and amber for category HY21W.

The light emitted from standard filament lamps shall be white for category H21W and amber or white for category HY21W.

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane and has an axis perpendicular, within  $\pm 7.5^{\circ}$ , to the plane through the centre line of the reference pin and the reference axis, whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements



d = actual filament diameter

f = actual filament length

#### Test procedures and requirements

1. The filament lamp is placed in a holder capable of being rotated about its axis and having either a calibrated scale or fixed stops corresponding to the angular displacement tolerance limits. The holder is then so rotated that an end view of the filament is seen on the screen on to which the image of the filament is projected. The end view of the filament shall be obtained within the angular displacements tolerance limits.

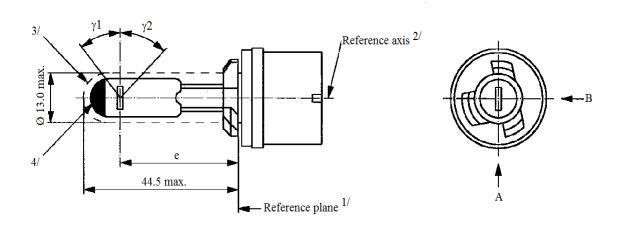
#### 2. Side elevation

The filament lamp placed with the cap down, the reference axis vertical and the filament seen end-on, the projection of the filament shall lie entirely within a rectangle of height "a" and width "b", having its centre at the theoretical position of the centre of the filament.

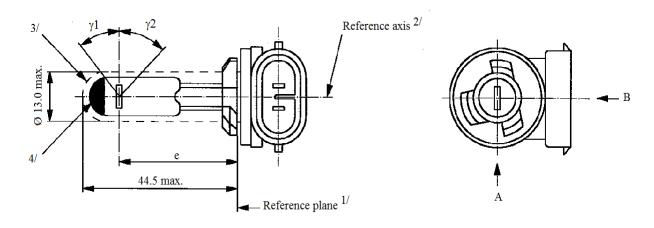
#### 3. Front elevation

The filament lamp placed with the cap down and the reference axis vertical, the filament lamp being viewed in a direction at right angles to the filament axis:

- 3.1. The projection of the filament shall lie entirely within a rectangle of height "a" and width "h", having its centre at the theoretical position of the centre of the filament;
- 3.2. The centre of the filament shall not be offset by more than distance "k" from the reference axis.



Category H27W/1

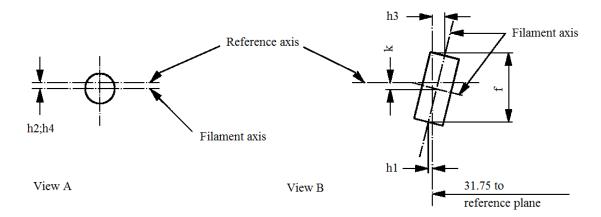


Category H27W/2

- <sup>1/</sup> The reference plane is defined by the plane formed by the underside of the bevelled lead-in flange of the cap.
- The reference axis is perpendicular to the reference plane and passes through the centre of the 13.10 mm cap diameter.
- <sup>3/</sup> Glass bulb and supports shall not exceed the size of a theoretical cylinder centred on the reference axis.
- The obscuration shall extend over the whole bulb top including the bulb cylindrical portion up to the intersection with  $\gamma 1$ .

# Categories H27W/1 and H27W/2

Sheet H27W/2



Filament dimensions and position

(Dimensions f for all filament lamps)

(Dimensions h1, h2, h3, h4 and k for standard filament lamps only)

Dimensions in mm		Filament lamp of	normal production	Standard filament lamp		
e		31.7	75 <sup>6/</sup>	$31.75 \pm 0.25$		
f <sup>8/</sup>		4.8 1	nax.	$4.2 \pm 0.20$		
k		0	6/	$0.0 \pm 0.25$		
h1, h2, h3, h4 7	/	0	6/	$0.0 \pm 0.25$		
γ1 <sup>5/</sup>		38° 1	nom.	38° nom.		
γ2 <sup>5/</sup>		44° 1	nom.	44° nom.		
Con	V/1: PG13 V/2: PGJ13	in accordance with IEC Publication 60061 (sheet 7004-107-4)				
Electrical and p	hotometric charact	eristics				
Rated values	Volts	1	2	12		
Rated values	Watts	27		27		
Test voltage	Volts	13	3.5	13.5		
Objective	Watts	31 1	nax.	31 max.		
values	Luminous flux	477 ±	: 15 %			
		12 V		350 lm		
Reference lumi	nous flux at approx	imately	13.2 V	450 lm		
			13.5 V	477 lm		

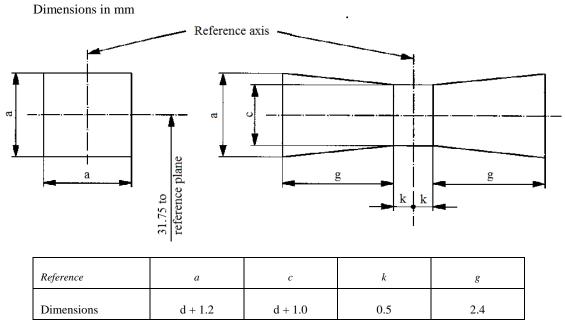
 $<sup>^{5/}</sup>$  Glass bulb shall be optically distortion free within the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$ . This requirement applies to the whole bulb circumference within the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$ .

To be checked by means of a "Box System", sheet H27W/3.

For standard filament lamps, the points to be measured are those where the projection of the outside of the end turns crosses the filament axis.

The ends of the filament are defined by the intersections of the outside of the first and of the last light emitting turn, respectively, with the plane parallel to and 31.75 mm from the reference plane.

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane, whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements.



d = actual diameter of filament

The filament shall lie entirely within the limits shown.

The centre of the filament shall lie within the limits of dimension k.

# Category HB3 View A 55.0 max. В 3 Reference lug Ø19.68 max Reference axis 2 Plane C 5/ Reference diameter Category HB3A Reference plane 1/ View A 55.0 max. B e 3/ Reference lug Ø19.68 max Reference axis 2

The reference plane is the plane defined by the meeting points of cap-holder fit.

Reference diameter

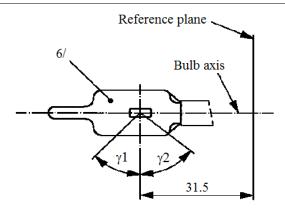
The reference axis is perpendicular to the reference plane and concentric with the reference diameter of the cap.

Plane C 5/

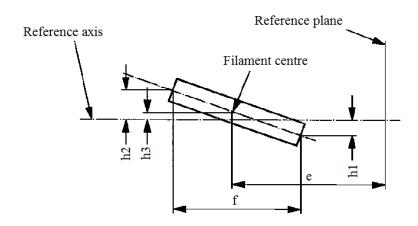
- 3/ Glass bulb and supports shall not exceed the envelope and shall not interfere with insertion past the lamp key.
  - The keyway is mandatory for category HB3A and optional for category HB3.
- <sup>5/</sup> The filament lamp shall be rotated in the measuring holder until the reference lug contacts plane C of the holder.

# Categories HB3 and HB3A

Sheet HB3/2



Distorsion free area  $^{7/}$ 



Filament position and dimensions

- The colour of the light emitted shall be white or selective-yellow.
- Glass bulb periphery shall be optically distortion-free axially within the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$ . This requirement applies to the whole bulb circumference within the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$ .

#### Categories HB3 and HB3A

Sheet HB3/3

		Tole	rances
Dimensio	ons in mm <sup>12/</sup>	Filament lamps of normal production	Standard filament lamp
e <sup>9/, 11/</sup>	31.5	10/	± 0.16
f <sup>9/, 11/</sup>	5.1	10/	± 0.16
h1, h2	0	10/	± 0.15 <sup>8/</sup>
h3	0	10/	± 0.08 <sup>8/</sup>
γ1	45° min.	-	-
γ2	52° min.	-	-
Cap P20d in accorda	ance with IEC Publication	n 60061 (sheet 7004-31-2) 13/	
Electrical and photo	ometric characteristics		
D . 1 . 1	Volts	12	12
Rated values	Watts	60	60
Test voltage	Volts	13.2	13.2
Watts		73 max.	73 max.
Objective values	Luminous flux	1,860 ± 12 %	
Deference luminos	flux at ammonimat-1	12 V	1,300
Reference luminous	flux at approximately	13.2 V	1,860

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8/</sup> The eccentricity is measured only in viewing directions\* A and B as shown in the figure on sheet HB3/1. The points to be measured are those where the projection of the outside of the end turns nearest to or furthest from the reference plane crosses the filament axis.

The viewing direction is direction\* B as shown in the figure on sheet HB3/1.

To be checked by means of a "Box-System"; sheet HB3/4\*.

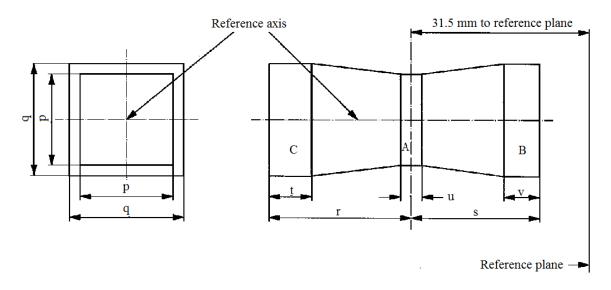
The ends of the filament are defined as the points where, when the viewing direction\* as defined in footnote 9/ above, the projection of the outside of the end turns crosses the filament axis.

Dimensions shall be checked with O-ring removed.

Filament lamp HB3 shall be equipped with the right-angle cap and filament lamp HB3A with the straight cap.

<sup>\*</sup> Manufacturers may choose another set of perpendicular viewing directions. The viewing directions specified by the manufacturer are to be used by the testing laboratory when checking filament dimensions and position.

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane, whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements.



	p	q	r	s	t	и	v
12 V	1.3 d	1.6 d	3.0	2.9	0.9	0.4	0.7

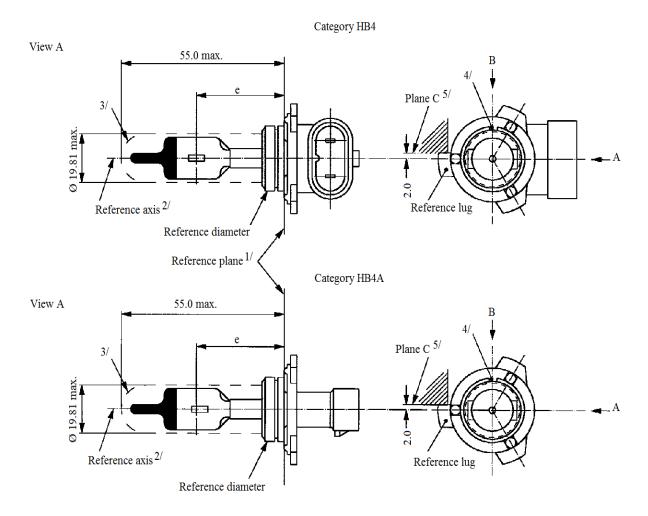
d = diameter of filament

The filament position is checked solely in directions A and B as shown on sheet HB3/1.

The filament shall lie entirely within the limits shown.

The beginning of the filament, as defined on sheet HB3/3, footnote 11/, shall lie in volume "B" and the end of the filament in volume "C".

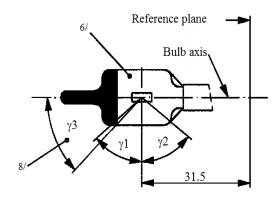
Volume "A" does not involve any filament centre requirement.

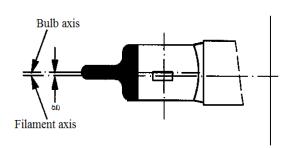


- The reference plane is the plane defined by the meeting points of cap-holder fit.
- The reference axis is perpendicular to the reference plane and concentric with the reference diameter of the cap.
- Glass bulb and supports shall not exceed the envelope and shall not interfere with insertion past the lamp key. The envelope is concentric to the reference axis.
  - The keyway is mandatory for category HB4A and optional for category HB4.
- The filament shall be rotated in the measuring holder until the reference lug contacts plane C of the holder.

# Categories HB4 and HB4A

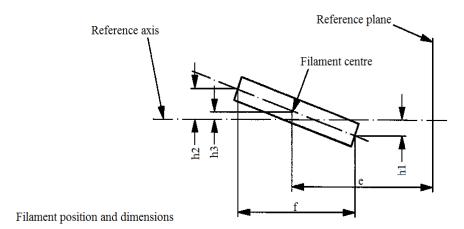
Sheet HB4/2





Distortion free area 7/ and black top 8/

Bulb eccentricity



- The colour of the light emitted shall be white or selective-yellow.
- Glass bulb periphery shall be optically distortion-free axially and cylindrically within the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$ . This requirement applies to the whole bulb circumference within the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$  and does not need to be verified in the area covered by the obscuration
- The obscuration shall extend to at least angle  $\gamma 3$  and shall be at least as far as the undistorted part of the bulb defined by angle  $\gamma 1$ .

# Categories HB4 and HB4A

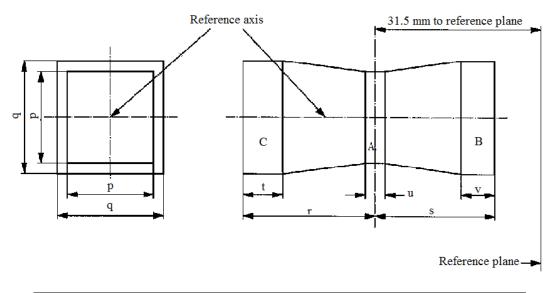
Sheet HB4/3

		Tole	erances
Dimensi	ons in mm <sup>13/</sup>	Filament lamps of normal production	Standard filament lamp
e <sup>10/, 12/</sup>	31.5	11/	±0.16
f <sup>10/, 12/</sup>	5.1	11/	±0.16
h1, h2	0	11/	±0.15 9/
h3	0	11/	±0.08 <sup>9/</sup>
g <sup>10/</sup>	0.75	±0.5	±0.3
γ1	50° min.	-	-
γ2	52° min.	-	-
γ3	45°	±5°	±5°
Cap P22d in accord	ance with IEC Publicati	on 60061 (sheet 7004-32-2) 14	//
Electrical and photo	metric characteristics		
Rated values	Volts	12	12
Rated values	Watts	51	51
Test voltage	Volts	13.2	13.2
Objective velues	Watts	62 max.	62 max.
Objective values	Luminous flux	1,095 ± 15 %	
Deference luminos	flux at annuarimental	12 V	825
Reference fulfillhous	flux at approximately	13.2 V	1,095

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9/</sup> The eccentricity is measured only in viewing directions\* A and B as shown in the figure on sheet HB4/1. The points to be measured are those where the projection of the outside of the end turns nearest to or furthest from the reference plane crosses the filament axis.

- The viewing direction is direction\* B as shown in the figure on sheet HB4/1.
- To be checked by means of a "Box-System"; sheet HB4/4\*.
- The ends of the filament are defined as the points where, when the viewing direction\* as defined in footnote 10/ above, the projection of the outside of the end turns crosses the filament axis.
  - Dimensions shall be checked with O-ring removed.
  - Filament lamp HB4 shall be equipped with the right-angle cap and filament lamp HB4A with the straight cap.
- \* Manufacturers may choose another set of perpendicular viewing directions. The viewing directions specified by the manufacturer are to be used by the testing laboratory when checking filament dimensions and position.

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane, whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements.



	p	q	r	S	t	и	v
12 V	1.3 d	1.6 d	3.0	2.9	0.9	0.4	0.7

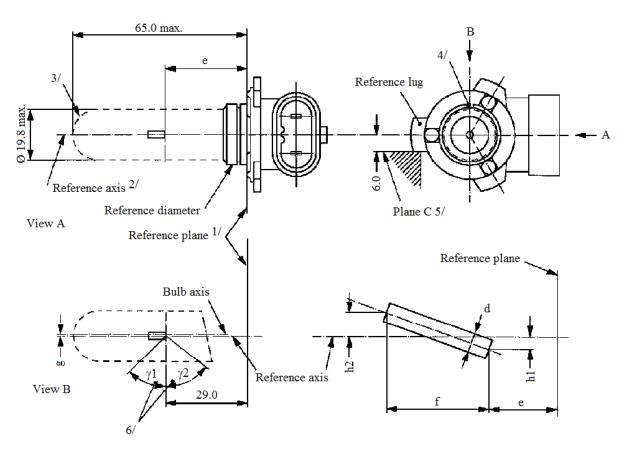
d = diameter of filament

The filament position is checked solely in directions A and B as shown on sheet HB4/1.

The filament shall lie entirely within the limits shown.

The beginning of the filament as defined on sheet HB4/3 footnote 12/ shall lie in volume "B" and the end of the filament in volume "C".

Volume "A" does not involve any filament centre requirement.



- The reference plane is the plane defined by the three supporting bosses on the cap flange.
- The reference axis is perpendicular to the reference plane and concentric with the reference diameter of the cap.
- Glass bulb and supports shall not exceed the envelope. The envelop is concentric to the reference axis.
- The keyway is mandatory.
- The filament shall be rotated in the measuring holder until the reference lug contacts plane C of the holder.
- Glass bulb periphery shall be optically distortion-free axially within the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$ . This requirement applies to the whole bulb circumference within the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$ .

#### **Category HIR1**

#### Sheet HIR1/2

			Tolerances	
	ons in mm <sup>11/</sup>	Filament lamps of	normal production	Standard filament lamp
e <sup>8/, 10/</sup>	29	9	9/	±0.16
f <sup>8/, 10/</sup>	5.1	Ģ	9/	±0.16
g <sup>8/</sup>	0	+0.7	/ -0.0	+0.4 / -0.0
h1, h2	0	Č	9/	±0.15 <sup>7/</sup>
d	1.6 max.			
γ1	50° min.	-		-
γ2	50° min.	-		-
Cap PX20d in accor	dance with IEC Publica	tion 60061 (sheet	7004-31-2)	
Electrical and photo	metric characteristics			
Date 1 alone	Volts	1	2	12
Rated values	Watts	6	55	65
Test voltage	Volts	13	3.2	13.2
Objective values	Watts	73 r	nax.	73 max.
Objective values	Luminous flux	2,500 ± 15 %		
Deference luminous	flux at approximately	I	12 V	1,840
Reference luminous	flux at approximately		13.2 V	2,500

The eccentricity is measured only in viewing directions A and B as shown in the figure on sheet HIR1/1. The points to be measured are those where the projection of the outside of the end turns nearest to or furthest from the reference plane crosses the filament axis.

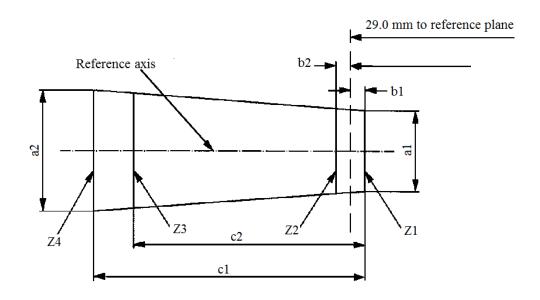
The viewing direction is direction B as shown in the figure on sheet HIR1/1.

To be checked by means of a "Box-System"; sheet HIR1/3.

The ends of the filament are defined as the points where, when the viewing direction as defined in footnote 8/ above, the projection of the outside of the end turns crosses the filament axis.

Dimensions shall be checked with O-ring mounted.

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane, whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements.



	al	a2	<i>b1</i>	<i>b</i> 2	c1	c2
12 V	d + 0.4	d + 0.8	0.	35	6.1	5.2

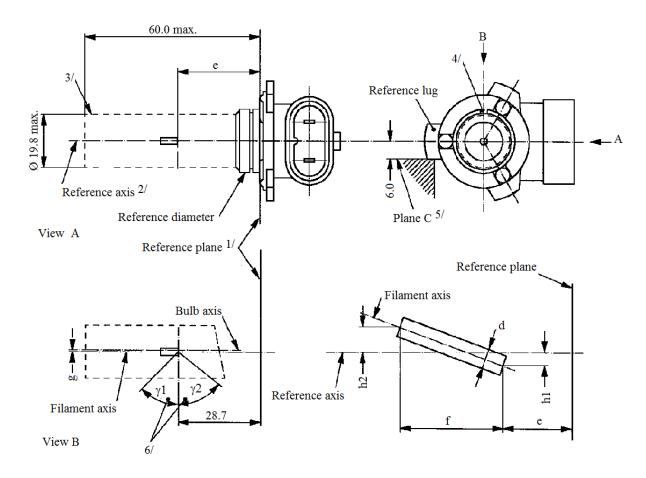
d = diameter of filament

The filament position is checked solely in directions A and B as shown on sheet HIR1/1.

The ends of the filament as defined on sheet HIR1/2 footnote 10/ shall lie between lines Z1 and Z2 and between lines Z3 and Z4.

#### **Category HIR2**

Sheet HIR2/1



- The reference plane is the plane defined by the three meeting points of the cap holder fit.
- The reference axis is perpendicular to the reference plane and passes through the centre of the reference diameter of the cap.
  - Glass bulb and supports shall not exceed the envelope. The envelop is concentric to the reference axis.
  - The keyway is mandatory.
  - The filament lamp shall be rotated in the measuring holder until the reference lug contacts plane C of the holder.
- Glass bulb periphery shall be optically distortion-free axially within the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$ . This requirement applies to the whole bulb circumference within the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$ .

#### **Category HIR2**

**Sheet HIR2/2** 

		Tolerance	s
Dimensi	ons in mm <sup>11/</sup>	Filament lamps of normal production	Standard filament lamp
e <sup>8/, 10/</sup>	28.7	9/	±0.16
f <sup>8/, 10/</sup>	5.3	9/	±0.16
g <sup>8/</sup>	0	+0.7 / -0.0	+0.4 / -0.0
h1, h2	0	9/	±0.15 <sup>7/</sup>
d	1.6 max.	-	-
γ1	50° min.	-	-
γ2	50° min.	-	-
Cap PX22d in accor	dance with IEC Publica	ation 60061 (sheet 7004-32-2)	-1
Electrical and photo	metric characteristics		
D. c. L. d	Volts	12	12
Rated values	Watts	55	55
Test voltage	Volts	13.2	13.2
Watts		63 max.	63 max.
Objective values	Luminous flux	1,875 ± 15 %	
Defense a long's	floor at a non-residue of 1	12 V	1,355
Keierence iuminous	flux at approximately	13.2 V	1,875

The eccentricity is measured only in viewing directions A and B as shown in the figure on sheet HIR2/1. The points to be measured are those where the projection of the outside of the end turns nearest to or furthest from the reference plane crosses the filament axis.

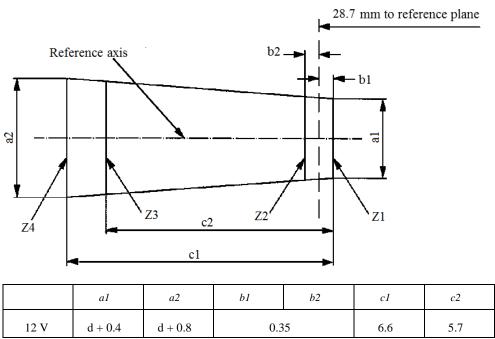
The viewing direction is direction B as shown in the figure on sheet HIR2/1.

To be checked by means of a "Box-System"; sheet HIR2/3.

The ends of the filament are defined as the points where, when the viewing direction as defined in footnote 8/ above, the projection of the outside of the end turns crosses the filament axis.

Dimensions shall be checked with O-ring removed.

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane, whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements.



d = diameter of filament

The filament position is checked solely in directions A and B as shown on sheet HIR2/1.

The ends of the filament as defined on sheet HIR2/2 footnote 10/ shall lie between lines Z1 and Z2 and between lines Z3 and Z4.

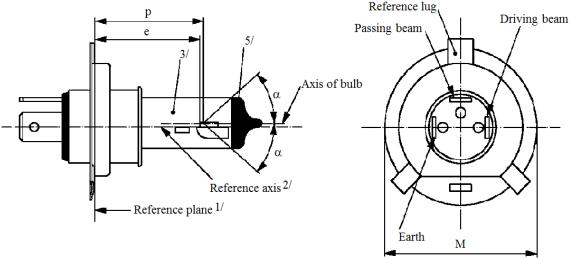
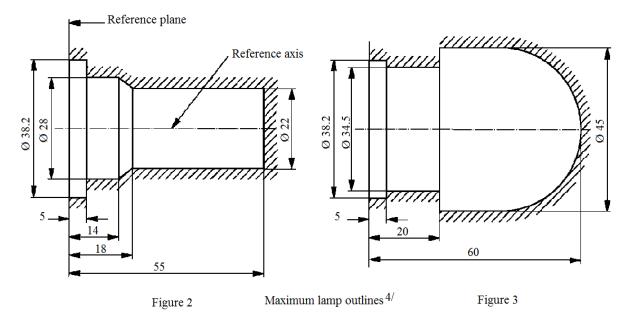


Figure 1 - Main drawing



- 1/ The reference plane is the plane formed by the seating points of the three lugs of the cap ring.
- The reference axis is perpendicular to the reference plane and passes through the centre of the circle of diameter "M".
- The colour of the light emitted shall be white or selective-yellow.
- The bulb and supports shall not exceed the envelope as in Figure 2. However, where a selective-yellow outer bulb is used the bulb and supports shall not exceed the envelope as in Figure 3.
- <sup>5</sup>/ The obscuration shall extend at least as far as the cylindrical part of the bulb. It shall also overlap the internal shield when the latter is viewed in a direction perpendicular to the reference axis.

# **Category HS1**

#### Sheet HS1/2

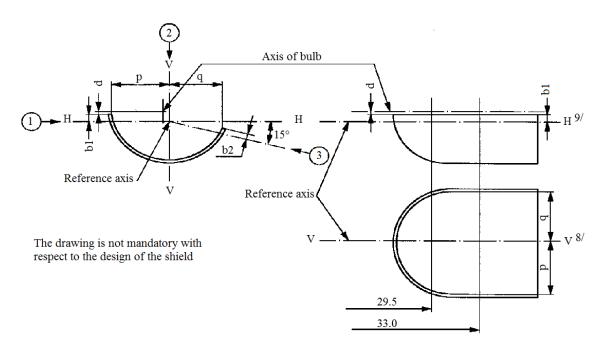
			Filament lamps of normal production					Standard filament lamp	
Dimensions in mm			6	V		12 V		12 V	
e			28.5 + 0.45 / -0.25			28.5 + 0.20 / -0.00			
p			28.95			28.95			
α				max	. 40°			max. 40°	
Cap PX43t	in acco	ordance wit	h IEC Public	ation 60061	(sheet	7004	-34-2)		
Electrical and	nd pho	tometric ch	aracteristics						
Datad value		Volts	6	6/	12 6/		12 6/		
Rated value	Rated values Watts		35	35	35	i	35	35	35
Test voltage	e	Volts	6.3			13.2		13.2	
	Watts		35	35	35	i	35	35	35
Objective	±%		5				5		
values Luminous flux		700	440	82:	5	525			
±%		15							
Measuring flux <sup>7/</sup> lm			-		-		450		
Reference luminous flux at ap			nrovimatoly				12 V	700	450
Kelefelice I	ummo	is mux at af	эргохинасту				13.2 V 825 5		

The values indicated in the left hand column relate to the driving beam. Those indicated in the right-hand column relate to the passing beam.

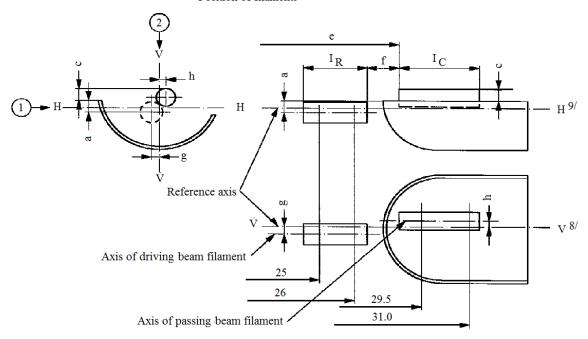
Measuring luminous flux ag

Measuring luminous flux according to paragraph 3.9. of this Regulation.

#### Position of shield



#### Position of filaments



**Category HS1** 

Sheet HS1/4

Table of the dimensions (in mm) referred to in the drawings on sheet HS1/3

					Toler	ance	
Reference*		Dimensions**		Filaments lamps of normal production		Standard filament lamp	
6 V	12 V	6 V	12 V	6 V 12 V		12 V	
a/	26	0.	8	±0.	.35	±0.20	
a/	25	0.	8	±0.	.55	±0.20	
b1/	29.5	(	)	±0.	.35	±0.20	
b1	/33	b1/29	.5 mv	±0.	.35	±0.15	
b2/	29.5	(	)	±0.	.35	±0.20	
b2	/33	b2/29	.5 mv	±0.35		±0.15	
c/2	29.5	0.	6	±0.35		±0.20	
c/31		c/29.	5 mv	±0.	.30	±0.15	
d		min. 0.1 / max. 1.5		-		-	
e <sup>13/</sup>		28	1.5	+0.45	/ -0.25	+0.20 / -0.00	
f <sup>11/, 12/, 13/</sup>		1.7		+0.50	/ -0.30	+0.30 / -0.10	
g/26		(	)	±0.	.50	±0.30	
g/	25	(	)	±0.70		±0.30	
h/29.5		0		±0.50		±0.30	
h/31		h/29.	5 mv	±0.30		±0.20	
l <sub>R</sub> 11/, 14/		3.5	4.0	±0.80		±0.40	
$l_{\rm C}^{-1}$	l <sub>C</sub> <sup>11/, 12/</sup> 3.3 4.		4.5	±0.80		±0.35	
p/33 Depe		Depends on the		-		-	
q/33 (p+q)/2		q)/2	±0.60		±0.30		

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;../26" means dimension to be measured at the distance from the reference plane indicated in mm after the stroke.

<sup>\*\* &</sup>quot;29.5 mv" means the value measured at a distance of 29.5 mm from the reference plane.

- Plane V-V is the plane perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the reference axis and through the intersection of the circle of diameter "M" with the axis of the reference lug.
- <sup>9/</sup> Plane H-H is the plane perpendicular to both the reference plane and plane V-V and passing through the reference axis.
  - 10/ (Blank).
- The end turns of the filament are defined as being the first luminous turn and the last luminous turn that are at substantially the correct helix angle. For coiled-coil filaments, the turns are defined by the envelope of the primary coil.
- For the passing beam filament, the points to be measured are the intersections, seen in direction 1, of the lateral edge of the shield with the outside of the end turns defined under footnote 11/.
- <sup>13/</sup> "e" denotes the distance from the reference plane to the beginning of the passing beam filament as defined above.
- <sup>14/</sup> For the driving beam filament the points to be measured are the intersections, seen in direction 1, of a plane, parallel to plane H-H and situated at a distance of 0.8 mm below it, with the end turns defined under footnote 11/.

Additional explanations to sheet HS1/3

The dimensions below are measured in three directions:

- For dimensions a, b1, c, d, e, f,  $I_R$  and  $I_C$ ;
- 2 For dimensions g, h, p and q;
- 3 For dimension b2.

Dimensions p and q are measured in planes parallel to and 33 mm away from the reference plane.

Dimensions b1 and b2 are measured in planes parallel to and 29.5 mm and 33 mm away from the reference plane.

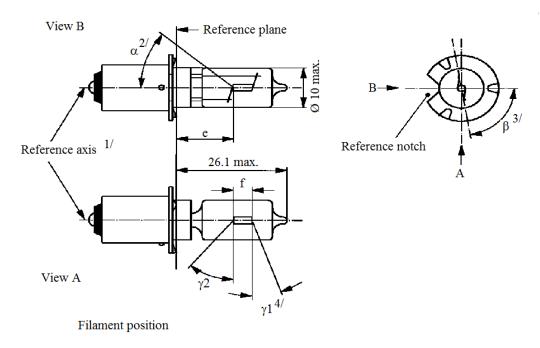
Dimensions a and g are measured in planes parallel to and 25.0 mm and 26.0 mm away from the reference plane.

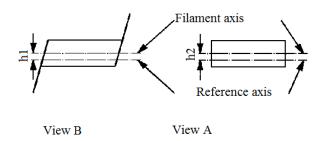
Dimensions c and h are measured in planes parallel to and 29.5 mm and 31 mm away from the reference plane.

Note: For the method of measurement, see Appendix E of IEC Publication 60809.

#### **Category HS2**

Sheet HS2/1





- The reference axis is perpendicular to the reference plane and passes through the intersection of this plane with the axis of the cap ring.
  - All parts which may obscure the light or may influence the light beam shall lie within angle  $\alpha$ .
- Angle  $\beta$  denotes the position of the plane through the inner leads with reference to the reference notch.
- In the area between the outer legs of the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$ , the bulb shall have no optically distorting areas and the curvature of the bulb shall have a radius not less than 50 per cent of the actual bulb diameter.

# **Category HS2**

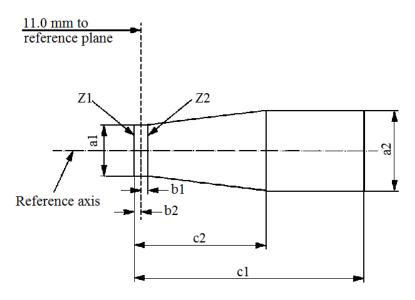
Sheet HS2/2

		Filament l	amps of normal	Standard filament lamp	
Dimensions in mr	n	min.	nom.	max.	
e			11.0 5/		$11.0 \pm 0.15$
f <sup>6/</sup>	6 V	6 V 1.5 2		3.0	$2.5 \pm 0.15$
1 "	12 V	2.0	3.0	4.0	
h1, h2			5/		$0 \pm 0.15$
$\alpha^{2/}$				40°	
β 3/		75°	90°	105°	90° ± 5°
$\gamma 1^{-4/}$		15°			15° min.
γ2 <sup>4/</sup>		40°			40° min.
Cap PX13.5s	in accordance with I	EC Publication	n 60061 (shee	et 7004-35-2)	
Electrical and	photometric charact	eristics			
D . 1 . 1	Volts	6	12		6
Rated values	Watts				15
Test voltage	Volts	6.75		13.5	6.75
Objective	Watts		15 ± 6 %		15 ± 6 %
Objective		320 ± 15 %			

To be checked by means of the "box system", sheet HS2/3.

 $<sup>^{6\</sup>prime}$  In order to avoid rapid filament failure, the supply voltage shall not exceed 8.5 V for  $^{6}$  V filament lamps and 15 V for 12 V types.

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament lamp complies with the requirements by checking whether the filament lamp is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane.



Re	ference	a1	a2	<i>b1</i>	<i>b</i> 2	c1 (6 V)	c1 (12V)	c2
Di	imension	d + 1.0	d + 1.4	0.25	0.25	4.0	4.5	1.75

d= actual filament diameter

The filament shall lie entirely within the limits shown.

The beginning of the filament shall lie between the lines Z1 and Z2.

#### Filament lamp for motorcycles

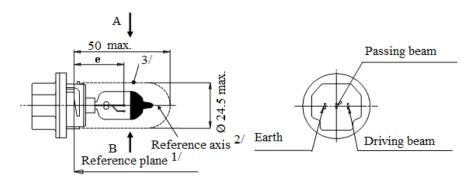


Figure 1 - Main drawing

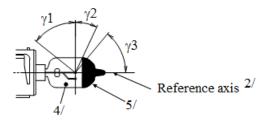


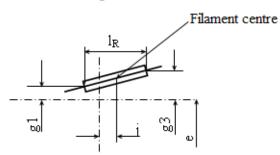
Figure 2 - Distortion free area 4/ and black top 5/

- The reference plane is defined by the three ramp inside surface.
- The reference axis is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the centre of the 23 mm cap diameter.
- <sup>3/</sup> Glass bulb and supports shall not exceed the envelope as indicated in Figure 1. The envelope is concentric to the reference axis.
- Glass bulb shall be optically distortion free within the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$ . This requirement applies to the whole bulb circumference within the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$ .
- The obscuration shall extend at least to angle  $\gamma$ 3 and shall extend at least to the cylindrical part of the bulb on the whole top circumference.

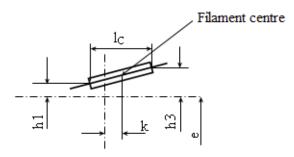
# **Category HS5**

Sheet HS5/2

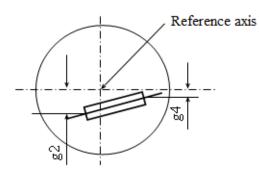
# View B of driving beam filament



View A of passing beam filament



# Top view of driving beam filament



Top view of passing beam filament

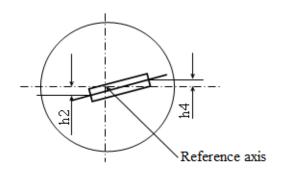


Figure 3 - Filament position and dimensions

			Filament lamps of normal production		Standard filament lamp			
Dimensions in mm			12V			12V		
e		2	6				±0.15	
1 <sub>C</sub> <sup>7/</sup>		4.	.6				±0	0.3
k		(	)				±0.2	
h1, h3		(	)				±0.	15
h2, h4		(	)	,	5/		±0.	20
1 <sub>R</sub> <sup>7/</sup>		4.	4.6 ±0.3		0.3			
j		(	)				±0.2	
g1, g3		(	)				±0.30	
g2, g4		2.	.5			±0.40		
γ1	γ1		min.	-		-		
γ2	γ2		min.	-		-		
γ3		50°	min.		-		-	
Cap P23t in a	ccordanc	e with II	EC Publi	cation 60061 (shee	t 7004	-138-2)	I	
Electrical and	l photom	etric cha	racteristo	es				
Rated	Rated Voltage		V	12		12		
values	Wattag	e	W	35	30		35	30
Test voltage			V	13.2			13.2	
Wattag		e	W	40 max.	37 max.		40 max.	37 max.
Objective Values			lm	620	515			
	Lumino	Luminous flux		15		15		
D. C	D.C. 1.1					12 V	460	380
Keierence lur	Reference luminous at approximately					13.2 V	620	515

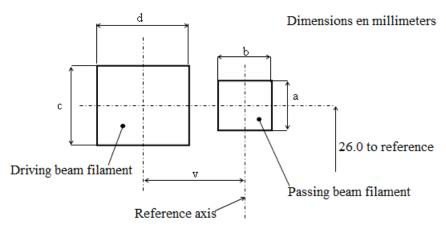
To be checked by means of a "Box-System". Sheet HS5/4.

The positions of the first and the last turn of the filament are defined by the intersections of the outside of the first and the outside of the last light-emitting turn, respectively, with the plane parallel to and 26 mm distant from the reference plane.

This test is used to determine whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements by checking whether:

- The passing beam filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and (a) the reference plane; and whether
- (b) The driving beam filament is correctly positioned relative to the passing beam filament.

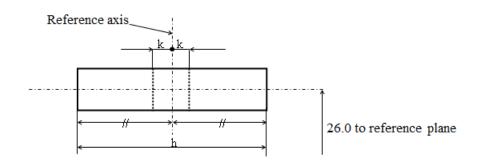
#### Side elevation



Reference	а	b	с	d	v
Dimensions	d1+0.6	d1+0.8	d2+1.2	d2+1.6	2.5

d1 : Diameter of the passing beam filament d2 : Diameter of the driving beam filament

#### Front elevation



Reference	h	k
Dimensions	6.0	0.5

The filaments shall lie entirely within the limits shown.

The centre of the filament shall lie within the limits of dimension k.

Filament lamp for motorcycles

# Passing beam Passing beam Passing beam Driving beam

Figure 1 - Main drawing

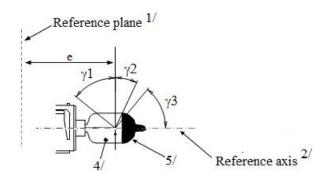


Figure 2 - Distortion free area  $^{4/}$  and black top  $^{5/}$ 

1/ The reference plane is defined by three ramps inside surface.

Reference plane 1/

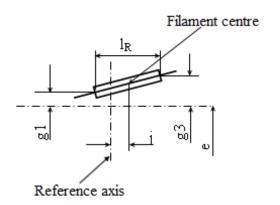
- The reference axis is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the centre of the 23 mm cap diameter.
- Glass bulb and supports shall not exceed the envelope as indicated in Figure 1. The envelope is concentric to the reference axis.

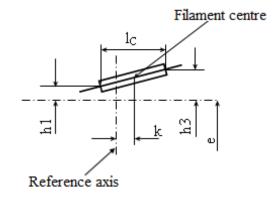
  Glass bulb shall be optically distortion free within the applicant at 1.2 Figure 1.
- Glass bulb shall be optically distortion free within the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$ . This requirement applies to the whole bulb circumference within the angles  $\gamma 1$  and  $\gamma 2$ .

  The obscuration shall extend at least to angle  $\gamma 3$  and shall extend at least to the standard or least to the standard o
- <sup>5/</sup> The obscuration shall extend at least to angle  $\gamma$ 3 and shall extend at least to the cylindrical part of the bulb on the whole top circumference.

Category HS5A

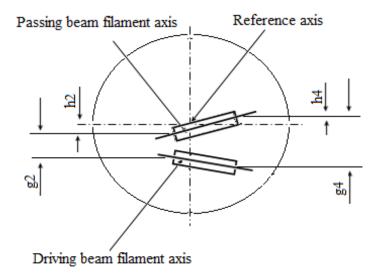
Sheet HS5A/2





View B - Driving beam filament

View A - Passing beam filament



Top view of driving beam and passing beam filament

Figure 3 - Filament position and dimensions

# Category HS5A

					lamps of roduction	Standard fil	ament lamp
Dimen.			12	! V	12	! V	
e	26		-		-		
1 <sub>C</sub> <sup>6/</sup>	4.6			±(	).5	±(	).3
k	0			±(	).4	±(	).2
h1, h3	0			±(	).3	±0	.15
h2, h4	0			±(	).4	±(	).2
1 <sub>R</sub> <sup>6/</sup>	4.6			±(	).5	±(	).3
j	0			±(	).6	±(	).3
g1, g3	0			±(	).6	±(	).3
g2, g4	2.5			±0.4		±0.2	
γ1	50° min.			-		-	
γ2	23° min.			-		-	
γ3	50° min.		-		-		
Cap PX23t in accor	dance with IEC P	ublicat	ion 60	0061 (	sheet 7004-	138A-1)	
Electrical and photo	ometric characteri	stics					
D	Voltage	V		12	2 7/	12	2 7/
Rated values	Wattage	W	4	-5	40	45	40
Test voltage	1	V		13	3.2	13	3.2
	Wattage	W	50 r	nax.	45 max.	50 max.	45 max.
Objective Values	Luminous	us lm		50	640		
	flux	±%	1	5	15		
D. Communitari		•	-		12 V	550 lm	470 lm
keterence luminous	Reference luminous at approximately				13.2 V	750 lm	640 lm

The positions of the first and the last turn of the filament are defined by the intersections of the outside of the first and the outside of the last light-emitting turn, respectively, with the plane parallel to and 26 mm distant from the reference plane.

The values indicated in the left-hand columns relate to the driving beam filament and those indicated in the right-hand columns to the passing beam filament.

Category HS6

Sheet HS6/1

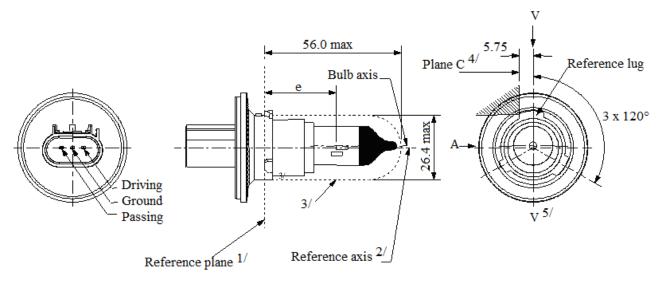


Figure 1 - Main drawings

- The reference plane is the plane formed by the underside of the three radiused tabs of the cap.
- The reference axis is perpendicular to the reference plane and crosses the intersection of the two perpendiculars as indicated in Figure 2 on sheet HS6/2.
  - Glass bulb and supports shall not exceed the envelope as indicated. The envelope is concentric to the reference axis.
  - The filament lamp shall be rotated in the measuring holder until the reference lug contacts plane C of the holder.
  - <sup>5/</sup> Plane V-V is the plane perpendicular to the reference plane passing through the reference axis and parallel to plane C.

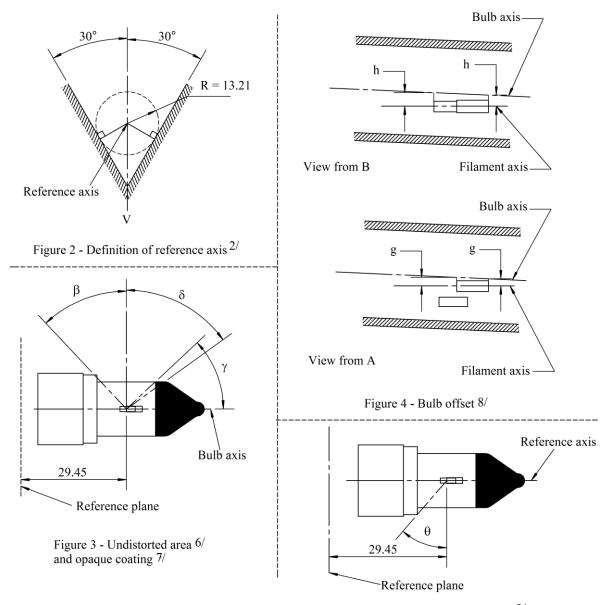


Figure 5 - Light blocking toward cap 9/

- <sup>6/</sup> Glass bulb shall be optically distortion-free axially and cylindrically within the angles  $\beta$  and  $\delta$ . This requirement applies to the whole bulb circumference within the angles  $\beta$  and  $\delta$  and does not need to be verified in the area covered by the opaque coating.
- The opaque coating shall extend at least to the cylindrical part of the bulb on the whole bulb top circumference. It shall moreover extend at least to a plane parallel to the reference plane where  $\gamma$  crosses the outer bulb surface as shown in Figure 3 (view in direction B as indicated on sheet HS6/1).
- <sup>8/</sup> Offset of passing beam filament in relation to the bulb axis is measured in two planes parallel to the reference plane where the projection of the outside end turns nearest to and farthest from the reference plane crosses the passing beam filament axis.
- Light shall be blocked over the cap end of the bulb extending to angle  $\theta$ . This requirement applies in all directions around the reference axis.

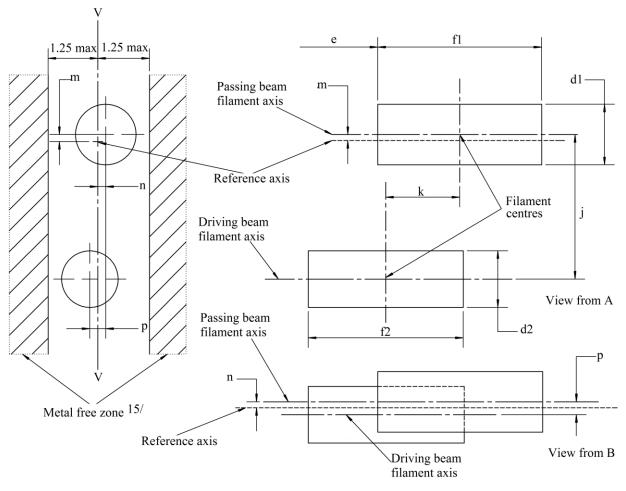


Figure 6 - Position and dimensions of filaments  $^{10/}$ ,  $^{11/}$ ,  $^{12/}$ ,  $^{13/}$ ,  $^{14/}$ 

- Dimensions j, k and p are measured from the centre of the passing beam filament to the centre of the driving beam filament.
- Dimensions m and n are measured from the reference axis to the centre of the passing beam filament.
- Both filaments axis are to be held within a 2° tilt with respect to the reference axis about the centre of the respective filament.
- Note concerning the filament diameters: for the same manufacturer, the design filament diameter of standard (étalon) filament lamp and filament lamp of normal production shall be the same.
- For both the driving beam and the passing beam filament distortion shall not exceed  $\pm 5$  per cent of filament diameter from a cylinder.
- The metal free zone limits the location of lead wires within the optical path. No metal parts shall be located in the shaded area as seen in Figure 6.

# **Category HS6**

					Tolerano	re		
	sions in r	mm	Filan		nps of normal uction	Standard file	Standard filament lamp	
		1.4 max.		-	-	-		
	d2 <sup>13/, 17/</sup> 1.4 max.		-			-		
e <sup>16/</sup>		29.45		±0	.20	±0.	10	
f1 <sup>16/</sup>		4.4		±0	.50	±0.	25	
f2 <sup>16/</sup>		4.4		±0	.50	±0.	25	
g <sup>8/, 17/</sup>		0.5 d1		±0	.50	±0.	30	
h <sup>8/</sup>		0		±0	.40	±0.	20	
j <sup>10/</sup>		2.5		±0	.30	±0.	20	
k <sup>10/</sup>		2.0		±0	.20	±0.	10	
m <sup>11/</sup>		0		±0	.24	±0.20		
n <sup>11/</sup>		0	±0.24		±0.20			
p 10/		0	±0.30		±0.20			
β		42° min.	-			-		
δ		52° min.	-			-		
γ		43°	+0°/-5°			+0° / -5°		
θ 9/		41°	±4°			±4°		
Cap PX26.4t in a	accorda	nce with IEC I	Publicati	on 600	061 (sheet 7004	1-128-3)		
Electrical and ph	otomet	tric characterist	ics 18/					
Rated	Volts			1	2	1	2	
values	Watts	S	40	)	35	40	35	
Test voltage	Volts	1		13	3.2	13	3.2	
Objective	Watts	S	45 m	ax.	40 max.	45 max.	40 max.	
values	Lumi	nous flux	900 ±	15 %	600 ± 15 %			
D.C 1			4.1		12 V	630	/420	
Keierence lumin	Reference luminous flux at approxima				13.2 V	V 900/600		

The ends of the filament are defined as the points where, when the viewing direction is direction A as shown on sheet HS6/1, the projection of the outside of the end turns crosses the filament axis.

d1 is the actual diameter of the passing beam filament.

d2 is the actual diameter of the driving beam filament.

The values indicated in the left-hand columns relate to the driving beam filament and those in the right-hand columns to the passing beam filament.

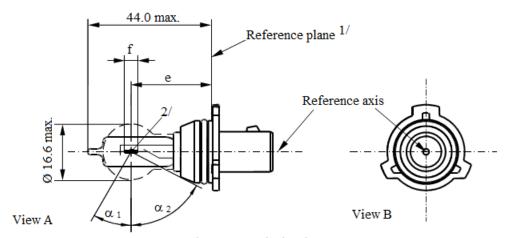


Figure 1 - Main drawing P13W

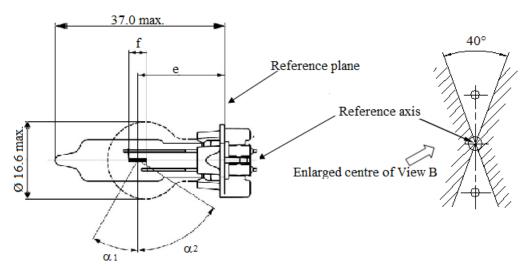


Figure 3 - Main drawing PW13W

Figure 2 – Metal free zone  $^{3/}$ 

- The reference plane is defined by the meeting points of the cap-holder fit.
- No actual filament diameter restrictions apply but the objective is d max. = 1.0 mm.
- No opaque parts other than filament turns shall be located in the shaded area indicated in Figure 2. This applies to the rotational body within the angles  $\alpha_1 + \alpha_2$ .

# Categories P13W and PW13W

Sheet P13W/2

Dimensions in	mm		Filament lamps of normal production	Standard filament lamp			
e <sup>5/</sup>	P13W		25.0 4/	$25.0 \pm 0.25$			
	PW13W		19.25 4/	$19.25 \pm 0.25$			
f <sup>5/</sup>	<b>-</b>		4.3 4/	$4.3 \pm 0.25$			
$\alpha_1^{6/}$			30.0° min.	30.0° min.			
$\alpha_2^{6/}$			58.0° min.	58.0° min.			
P13W	Cap PG18.5c	l-1	in accordance with IEC Publication 60061 (sheet 7004-147-1)				
PW13W	Cap WP3.3x	14.5-7	in accordance with IEC Publication 60061 (sheet 7004-164-1)				
Electrical an	nd photometri	ic chara	acteristics				
Rated	Voltage	V	12	12			
values	Wattage	W	13	13			
Test voltage	2	V	13.5	13.5			
	Wattage	W	19 max.	19 max.			
Objective values	Luminous	lm	250				
	flux ±		+15% / -20%				
Reference 1	uminous flux	at appr	roximately 13.5V	250 lm			

To be checked by means of a "Box-System"; sheet P13W/3.

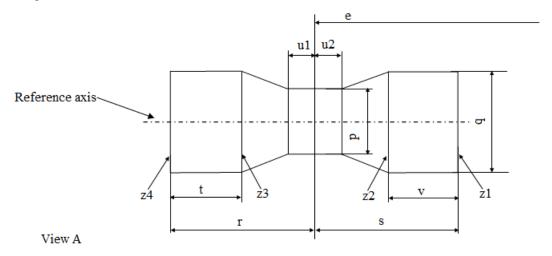
The ends of the filament are defined as the points where, when the viewing direction is perpendicular to the plane through the filament lead-in wires, the projection of the outside of the end turns crosses the filament axis.

No part of the can beyond the reference plane shall interfere with angle or as above.

No part of the cap beyond the reference plane shall interfere with angle  $\alpha_2$  as shown in Figure 1 on sheet P13W/1. The bulb shall be optically distortion free within the angles  $\alpha_1 + \alpha_2$ . These requirements apply to the whole bulb circumference.

Screen projection requirements

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane, whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements.



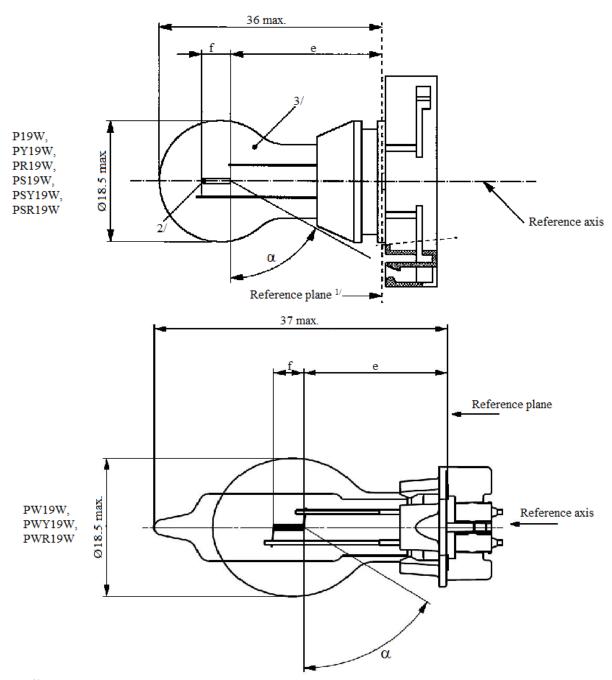
	p	q	и1,и2	r,s	t,v
Filament lamps of normal production	1.7	1.9	0.3	2.6	0.9
Standard filament lamps	1.5	1.7	0.25	2.45	0.6

The filament position is checked in two mutually perpendicular planes, one of them being the plane through the lead-in wires.

The ends of the filament as defined on sheet P13W/2, footnote 4/, shall lie between Z1 and Z2 and between the lines Z3 and Z4.

The filament shall lie entirely within the limits shown.

#### Categories P19W, PY19W, PR19W, PS19W, PSY19W, PSR19W, PW19W, PWY19W and PWR19W



- 1/ The reference plane is defined by the meeting points of the cap-holder fit.
- No actual filament diameter restrictions apply but the objective is d max. = 1.1 mm.
- The light emitted from normal production lamps shall be white for categories P19W, PS19W and PW19W; amber for categories PY19W, PSY19W and PWY19W; red for categories PR19W, PSR19W and PWR19W (see also footnote 8/).

Sheet P19W/2 Categories P19W, PY19W, PR19W, PS19W, PSY19W, PSR19W, PW19W, PWY19W and PWR19W

				Filamen	t lamps of normal pr	roduction	Standard filament lamp
Dimensions in	$mm^{4/}$			min.	nom.	max.	8/
e <sup>5/, 6/</sup>	PY	W, PS19W, 19W, PSY19 19W, PSR19			24.0		24.0
	PW	19W, Y19W, R19W			18.1		18.1
f <sup>5/, 6/</sup>					4.0		$4.0 \pm 0.2$
$\alpha^{7/}$				58°			58° min.
PR19W PS19W PSY19W	Cap Po	G20-2		in accordance	e with IEC Publi	cation 60061 (	sheet 7004-127-2)
PWR19W	Cap W Cap W	/P3.3x14.5-1 /P3.3x14.5-2 /P3.3x14.5-5 tometric char		in accordance	e with IEC Publi	cation 60061 (	sheet 7004-164-1)
		Volts			12		12
Rated value	es	Watts		19			19
Test voltage	<u> </u>	Volts		13.5			13.5
1 cst voltage		Watts			20 max.	20 max.	
		, , acces	P19W PS19W PW19W	350 ± 15 %			20 11.11.11
Objective values Luminous flux PY19W PSY19W PWY19W			215 ± 20 %				
			PR19W PSR19W PWR19W		80 ± 20 %		
Reference luminous flux at approximately 13.				.5 V			White: 350 lm Amber: 215 lm Red: 80 lm

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4/</sup> For categories PS19W, PSY19W and PSR19W, dimensions may be checked with O-ring removed to assure the correct mounting during testing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>/ The filament position is checked by means of a "Box-System"; sheet P19W/3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6'</sup> The ends of the filament are defined as the points where, when the viewing direction is perpendicular to the plane through the filament lead-in wires as showed in the drawing on sheet P19W/1, the projection of the outside of the end turns crosses the filament axis.

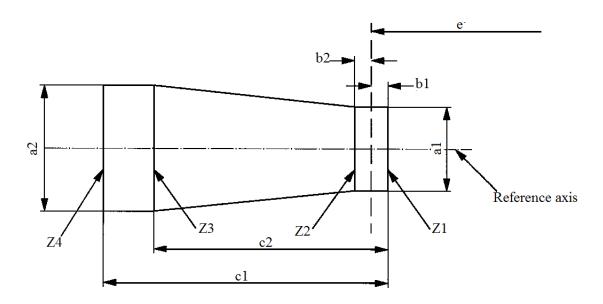
No part of the cap beyond the reference plane shall interfere with angle  $\alpha$ . The bulb shall be optically distortion free within the angle  $2\alpha + 180^{\circ}$ .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8/</sup> The light emitted from standard filament lamps shall be white for categories P19W, PS19W and PW19W; white or amber for categories PY19W, PSY19W and PWY19W; white or red for categories PR19W, PSR19W and PWR19W.

### Categories P19W, PY19W, PR19W, PS19W, PSY19W, PSR19W, PW19W, PWY19W and PWR19W

Screen projection requirements

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane, whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements.



P19W, PY19W, PR19W, PS19W, PSY19W, PSR19W	a1	a2	b1, b2	c1	c2
Filament lamps of normal production	2.9	3.9	0.5	5.2	3.8
Standard filament lamps	1.5	1.7	0.25	4.7	3.8

PW19W, PWY19W and PWR19W	a1	a2	b1, b2	c1	c2
Filament lamps of normal production	2.5	2.5	0.4	5.2	3.8
Standard filament lamps	1.5	1.7	0.25	4.7	3.8

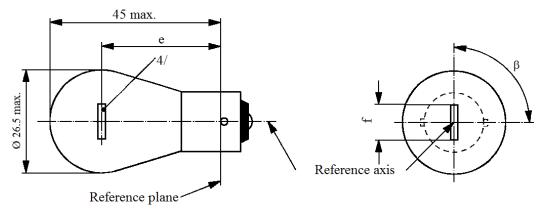
The filament position is checked in two mutually perpendicular planes, one of them being the plane through the lead-in wires.

The ends of the filament as defined on sheet P19W/2, footnote 6/, shall lie between Z1 and Z2 and between the lines Z3 and Z4.

The filament shall lie entirely within the limits shown.

# **Category P21W**

Sheet P21W/1



		Standard filament lamp					
Dimensions in m	n	min.	nom.	max.			
	6, 12 V		31.8 3/		$31.8 \pm 0.3$		
e	24 V	30.8	31.8	32.8			
f	12 V	5.5	6.0	7.0	$6.0 \pm 0.5$		
1	6 V			7.0			
Lateral	6, 12 V			3/	0.3 max.		
deviation 1/	24 V			1.5			
β		75°	90°	105°	90° ± 5°		
Cap BA15s in	accordance with l	EC Publication 6	0061 (sheet 700	04-11A-9) <sup>2/</sup>			
Electrical and	photometric chara	cteristics					
Rated	Volts	6	12	24	12		
values	Watts		21	,	21		
Test voltage	Volts	6.75	13.5	28.0	13.5		
Objective	Watts	27.6 max.	26.5 max.	29.7 max.	26.5 max.		
values	Luminous flux		460 ± 15 %				
Reference lun	ninous flux: 460 ln	n at approximatel	y 13.5 V	L			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1/</sup> Maximum lateral deviation of filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing the axis of the pins.

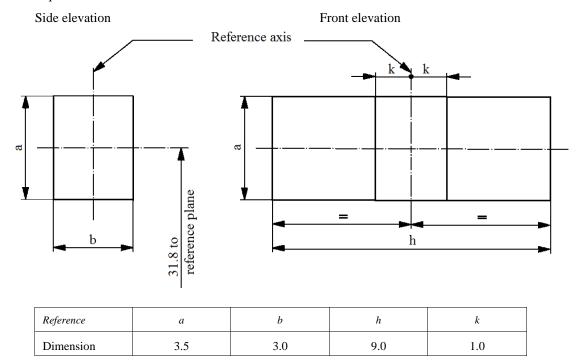
Filament lamps with cap BA15d may be used for special purposes; they have the same dimensions.

To be checked by means of a "Box-System"; sheet P21W/2.

 $<sup>^{4/}</sup>$  In this view the filament of the 24 V type may be straight or V-shaped. This shall be indicated in the application of approval. If it is straight, the screen projection requirements, sheet P21W/2, apply. If it is V-shaped, the filament ends shall be at the same distance within  $\pm 3$  mm from the reference plane.

#### Screen projection requirements

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane and has an axis perpendicular, within  $\pm 15^{\circ}$ , to the plane through the centre line of the pins (P21W) or of the reference pin (PY21W and PR21W) and the reference axis, whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements.



# Test procedures and requirements

- 1. The filament lamp is placed in a holder capable of being rotated about its axis and having either a calibrated scale or fixed stops corresponding to the angular displacement tolerance limits. The holder is then so rotated that an end view of the filament is seen on the screen on to which the image of the filament is projected. The end view of the filament shall be obtained within the angular displacements tolerance limits.
- 2. Side elevation

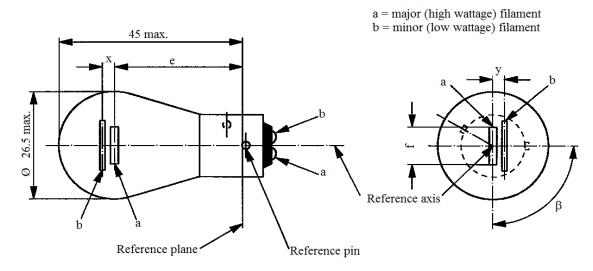
The filament lamp placed with the cap down, the reference axis vertical and the filament seen end-on, the projection of the filament shall lie entirely within a rectangle of height "a" and width "b", having its centre at the theoretical position of the centre of the filament.

- 3. Front elevation
  - The filament lamp placed with the cap down and the reference axis vertical, the filament lamp being viewed in a direction at right angles to the filament axis:
- 3.1. The projection of the filament shall lie entirely within a rectangle of height "a" and width "h", having its centre at the theoretical position of the centre of the filament.
- 3.2. The centre of the filament shall not be offset by more than distance "k" from the reference axis.

## Category P21/4W

**Sheet P21/4W/1** 

The drawings are intended only to illustrate the essential dimensions (in mm) of the filament lamp



	F	Filament lamps of nor	Standard filament lamp	
Dimensions in mm	min.	nom.	max.	
e		31.8 1/		$31.8 \pm 0.3$
f			7.0	7.0 + 0 /- 2
Lateral deviation			1/	0.3 max. <sup>2/</sup>
х,у		1/		$2.8 \pm 0.5$
β	75°1/	90°1/	105°1/	90° ± 5°
Cap BAZ15d in accorda	nce with IEC Pu	blication 60061 (	(sheet 7004-11C-3)	

Electrical and photometric	characteristics
Volta	12

Rated	Volts	12	2	24	1	12
values	Watts	21	4	21	4	21/4
Test voltage	Volts	13.	13.5		.0	13.5
	Watts	26.5 max.	5.5 max.	29.7 max.	8.8 max.	26.5/5.5 max.
Objective values	Luminous flux	440	15	440	20	
	± %	15	20	15	20	

Reference luminous flux: 440 lm and 15 lm at approximately 13.5 V

These dimensions shall be checked by means of a "Box-System" based on the dimensions and tolerances shown above. "x" and "y" refer to the major (high-wattage) filament, not to the reference axis. Means of increasing the positioning accuracy of the filament and of the cap-holder assembly are under consideration.

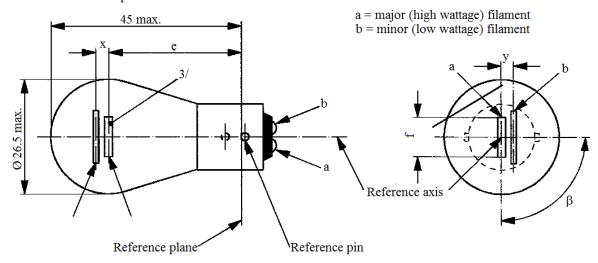
Maximum lateral deviation of the major filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing the axis of the reference pin.

The "Box-System" is the same as for filament lamp P21/5W.

# Category P21/5W

**Sheet P21/5W/1** 

The drawings are intended only to illustrate the essential dimensions (in mm) of the filament lamp



				Filament		Standard filament lamp		
D	imensions in m	m	min.		nom.	n	nax.	
e		6, 12 V			31.8 1/			$31.8 \pm 0.3$
	-	24 V	30.8	;	31.8	3	2.8	
f		6, 12 V				7	7.0	7.0 + 0 /- 2
Lateral devia	ntion 2/	6, 12 V					1/	0.3 max.
Lateral devia	ıtıon	24 V				1	1.5	
x, y	x, y 6, 12 V				1/			$2.8 \pm 0.3$
X	x 24 V 3/		-1.0		0	1.0		
y		24 V <sup>3/</sup>	1.8		2.8	3.8		
β			75°	90°		1	05°	90° ± 5°
Cap BAY15	d in accorda	nce with IEC	Publication	60061 (she	et 7004-11I	B-7)		
Electrical an	d photometr	ic characterist	tics					
Rated	Volts	6			12	2	24	12
values	Watts	21	5	21	5	21	5	21/5
Test voltage	Volts	6.7	5	1:	3.5	28	3.0	13.5
	Watts	27.6 max.	6.6 max.	26.5 max.	6.6 max.	29.7 max.	11.0 max.	26.5 and 6.6 max.
Objective values	Luminous flux	440	35	440	35	440	40	
values	± %	15	20	15	20	15	20	

For the notes see sheet P21/5W/2

Reference luminous flux: 440 and 35 lm at approximately  $13.5\ V$ 

# Category P21/5W

**Sheet P21/5W/2** 

These dimensions shall be checked by means of a "box-system". See sheets P21/5W/2 and P21/5W/3. "x" and "y" refer to the major (high-wattage) filament, not to the reference axis.

Maximum lateral deviation of the major (high wattage) filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing the axis of the reference pin.

Maximum lateral deviation of the reference axis and one containing the axis of the reference pin.

In this view the filaments of the 24 V type may be straight or V-shaped. This shall be indicated in the application of approval. If the filaments are straight, the screen projection requirements apply. If they are V-shaped, the ends of each filament shall be at the same distance within  $\pm 3$  mm from the reference plane.

#### Screen projection requirements

This test is used to determine, by checking whether:

- (a) The major (high wattage) filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane and has an axis perpendicular, within  $\pm 15^{\circ}$ , to the plane through the centres of the pins and the reference axis; and whether
- (b) The minor (low wattage) filament is correctly positioned relative to the major (high wattage) filament, whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements.

#### Test procedure and requirements

- 1. The filament lamp is placed in a holder capable of being rotated about its axis and having either a calibrated scale or fixed stops corresponding to the angular displacement tolerance limits. (i.e. 15°). The holder is then so rotated that an end view of the major filament is seen on the screen on which the image of the filament is projected. The end view of that filament shall be obtained within the angular displacement tolerance limits.
- 2. Side elevation

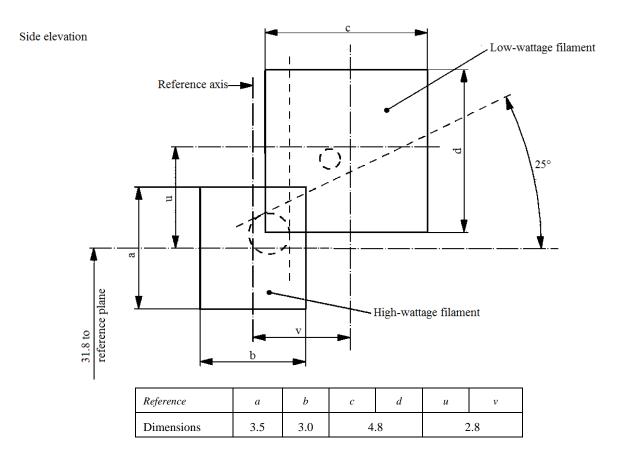
The filament lamp placed with the cap down, the reference axis vertical, the reference pin to the right and the major filament seen end-on:

- 2.1. The projection of the major filament shall lie entirely within a rectangle of height "a" and width "b", having its centre at the theoretical position of the centre of the filament;
- 2.2. The projection of the minor filament shall lie entirely:
- 2.2.1. Within a rectangle of width "c" and height "d" having its centre at a distance "v" to the right of and at a distance "u" above the theoretical position of the centre of the major filament;
- 2.2.2. Above a straight line tangential to the upper edge of the projection of the major filament and rising from left to right at an angle of 25°.
- 2.2.3. To the right of the projection of the major filament.
- 3. Front elevation

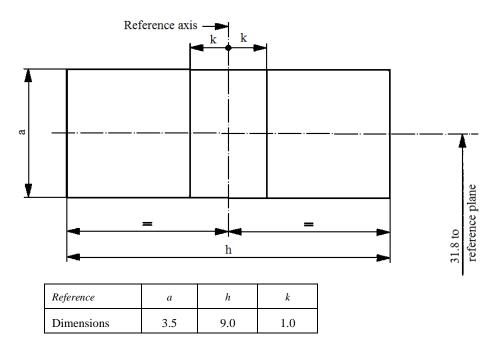
The filament lamp being placed with the cap down and the reference axis vertical, the filament lamp being viewed in a direction at right angles to axis of the major filament:

- 3.1. The projection of the major filament shall lie entirely within a rectangle of height "a" and width "h", centred on the theoretical position of the centre of the filament;
- 3.2. The centre of the major filament shall not be offset by more than distance "k" from the reference axis.
- 3.3. The centre of the minor filament axis shall not be offset from the reference axis by more than  $\pm 2$  mm ( $\pm 0.4$  mm for standard filament lamps).

# Dimensions in mm

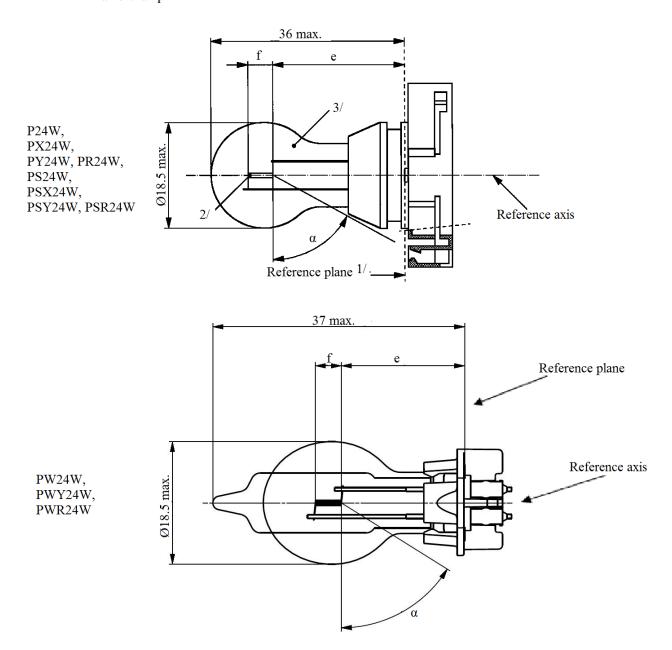


# Front elevation



#### Sheet P24W/1

# $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Categories P24W, PX24W, PY24W, PS24W, PSX24W, PSY24W, PSR24W, PW24W, PWY24W and PWR24W} \end{array}$



- 1/ The reference plane is defined by the meeting points of the cap-holder fit.
- No actual filament diameter restrictions apply but the objective is d max. = 1.1 mm.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3/</sup> The light emitted from normal production lamps shall be white for categories P24W, PX24W, PS24W, PSX24W and PW24W; amber for categories PY24W, PSY24W and PWY24W; red for categories PR24W, PSR24W and PWR24W (see also footnote 8/).

Sheet P24W/2 Categories P24W, PX24W, PY24W, PR24W, PS24W, PSX24W, PSY24W, PSR24W, PW24W, PWY24W and PWR24W

			Filament lamps of normal production			Standa	ırd filament lamp
Dimensions in mm 4	/		min.	nom.	max.		8/
	P24W, PY24W, PR24W, PS24W, PSY24W, PSR24W, PX24W, PSX24W			24.0			24.0
PW24W, PV	WY24W, PWR24	4W		18.1			18.1
	4W, PR24W, PS2 W24W, PWY24V			4.0			4.0
PX24W, PS	X24W			4.2			4.2
α 7/			58.0 °				58.0° min.
PY24W Cap PR24W Cap PS24W Cap PSX24W Cap PSY24W Cap PSR24W Cap	PGU20-7 PGU20-4 PGU20-6 PG20-3 PG20-7 PG20-4 PG20-6 WP3.3x14.5-3		in accordance	with IEC Public	ation 60061 (sl	neet 7004-127	7-2)
PWY24W Cap	WP3.3x14.5-4 WP3.3x14.5-6	eristics	in accordance	e with IEC Pul	olication 6006	1 (sheet 700	)4-164-1)
Rated values	Volts		12			12	
Rated values	Watts		24		24		
F414				10.5	13.5		
rest voltage	Volts			13.5			13.5
rest voltage	Volts Watts			25 max.			13.5 25 max.
rest voltage		P24W PS24W PW24W					
	Watts	PS24W		25 max.			
		PS24W PW24W PX24W		25 max. 500 +10/-20 %			
Test voltage  Objective values	Watts	PS24W PW24W PX24W PSX24W PY24W PSY24W		25 max. 500 +10/-20 % 500 +10/-15 %			
	Watts	PS24W PW24W PX24W PSX24W PY24W PSY24W PWY24W PR24W PSR24W		25 max. 500 +10/-20 % 500 +10/-15 % 300 +15/-25 %	12 V	White:	
	Luminous flux	PS24W PW24W PX24W PSX24W PY24W PSY24W PWY24W PR24W PSR24W PWR24W		25 max. 500 +10/-20 % 500 +10/-15 % 300 +15/-25 % 115 +15/-25 %	12 V 13.2 V	White:	25 max.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4/</sup> For categories PS24W, PSX24W, PSY24W and PSR24W, dimensions may be checked with O-ring removed to assure the correct mounting during testing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5/</sup> The filament position is checked by means of a "box-system"; sheet P24W/3.

The ends of the filament are defined as the points where, when the viewing direction is perpendicular to the plane through the filament leadin wires as showed in the drawing on sheet P24W/1, the projection of the outside of the end turns crosses the filament axis.

No part of the cap beyond the reference plane shall interfere with angle  $\alpha$ . The bulb shall be optically distortion free within the angle  $2\alpha + 180^{\circ}$ .

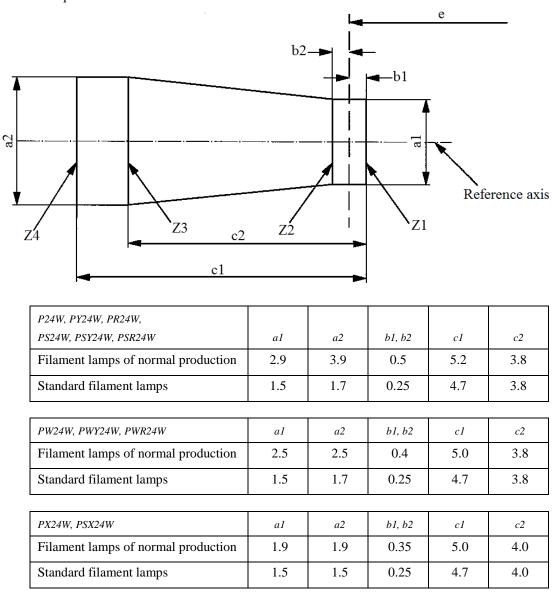
The light emitted from standard filament lamps shall be white for categories P24W, PX24W, PS24W, PSX24W and PW24W; white or amber for categories PY24W, PSY24W and PWY24W; white or red for categories PR24W, PSR24W and PWR24W.

Sheet P24W/3

# $\begin{array}{c} Categories~P24W,~PX24W,~PY24W,~PS24W,~PSX24W,~PSY24W,~PSR24W,~PW24W,\\ PWY24W~and~PWR24W \end{array}$

#### Screen projection requirements

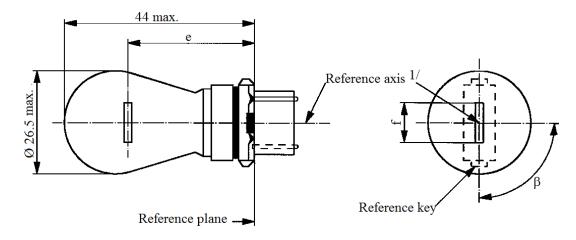
This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane, whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements.



The filament position is checked in two mutually perpendicular planes, one of them being the plane through the lead-in wires.

The ends of the filament as defined on sheet P24W/2, footnote 6/, shall lie between Z1 and Z2 and between the lines Z3 and Z4.

The filament shall lie entirely within the limits shown.



		Filament	lamps of normal p	Standard filament lamp	
Dimensions in mm		min.	nom.	max.	
e			27.9 <sup>3/</sup>		$27.9 \pm 0.3$
f				9.9	9.9 + 0 / - 2
Lateral deviation	on <sup>2/</sup>			3/	$0.0 \pm 0.4$
β		75° <sup>3/</sup>	90°	105°3/	90° ± 5°
Cap W2.5x16d	in accordance with	h IEC Publicati	on 60061 (she	eet 7004-104-1)	
Electrical and p	hotometric charac	teristics			
Detail of the	Volts	12			12
Rated values	Watts		27		27
Test voltage	Volts		13.5		13.5
01: .:	Watts		32.1 max.		32.1 max.
Objective values	Luminous flux	475 ± 15 %			
Reference lumi	nous flux: 475 lm	at approximate	ly 13.5 V		

The reference axis is defined with respect to the reference keys and is perpendicular to the reference plane.

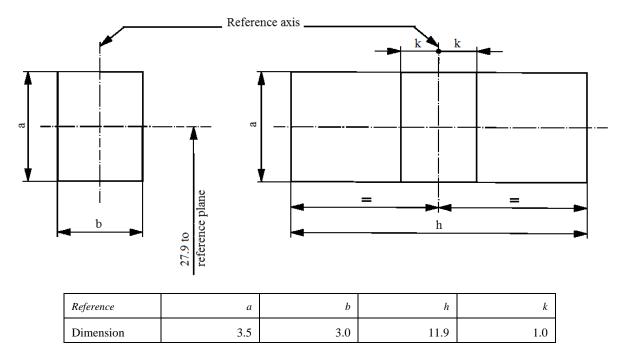
Maximum lateral deviation of filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing the axis through the reference keys.

To be checked by means of a "Box System", sheet P27W/2.

#### Screen projection requirements

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane and has an axis perpendicular, within  $\pm 15^{\circ}$ , to the plane through the centres of the keys and the reference axis, whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements.

Side elevation Front elevation



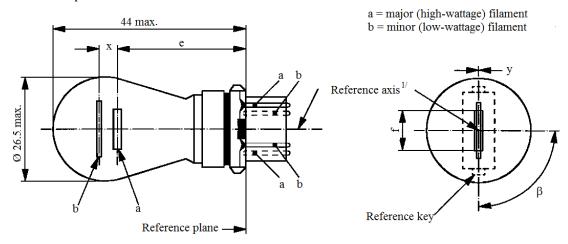
Test procedures and requirements.

- 1. The filament lamp is placed in a holder capable of being rotated about its axis and having either a calibrated scale or fixed stops corresponding to the angular displacement tolerance limits. The holder is then so rotated that an end view of the filament is seen on the screen on to which the image of the filament is projected. The end view of the filament shall be obtained within the angular displacements tolerance limits.
- 2. Side elevation

The filament lamp placed with the cap down, the reference axis vertical and the filament seen end-on, the projection of the filament shall lie entirely within a rectangle of height "a" and width "b", having its centre at the theoretical position of the centre of the filament.

- 3. Front elevation
  - The filament lamp placed with the cap down and the reference axis vertical, the filament lamp being viewed in a direction at right angles to the filament axis:
- 3.1. The projection of the filament shall lie entirely within a rectangle of height "a" and width "h", having its centre at the theoretical position of the centre of the filament.
- 3.2. The centre of the filament shall not be offset by more than distance "k" from the reference axis.

The drawings are intended only to illustrate the essential dimensions (in mm) of the filament lamp



	Filament l	amps of normal pr	Standard filament lamp	
Dimensions in mm	min.	nom.	max.	
e		27.9 <sup>3/</sup>		$27.9 \pm 0.3$
f			9.9	9.9 + 0 / -2
Lateral deviation <sup>2/</sup>			3/	$0.0 \pm 0.4$
x <sup>4/</sup>		5.1 <sup>3/</sup>		$5.1 \pm 0.5$
y <sup>4/</sup>		0.0 3/		$0.0 \pm 0.5$
β	75° <sup>3/</sup>	90°	105° <sup>3/</sup>	90° ± 5°

Cap W2.5x16q in accordance with IEC Publication 60061 (sheet 7004-104-1)

Electrical and photometric characteristics

Rated values	Volts	12	2	12	
Raicu values	Watts	27	7	27	7
Test voltage	Volts	13.5		.5	
Objective	Watts	32.1 max.	8.5 max.	32.1 max.	8.5 max.
values	Luminous flux 475 ± 15 %		36 ± 15 %		

Reference luminous flux: 475 and 36 lm at approximately 13.5 V

The reference axis is defined with respect to the reference keys and is perpendicular to the reference plane.

Maximum lateral deviation of the major (high wattage) filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing the axis through the reference keys.

To be checked by means of a "Box-System", sheets P27/7W/2 and 3.

<sup>&</sup>quot;x" and 'y" denote the offset of the axis of the minor (low wattage) filament with respect to the axis of the major (high wattage) filament.

#### Category P27/7W

**Sheet P27/7W/2** 

### Screen projection requirements

This test is used to determine, by checking whether:

- (a) The major (high wattage) filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane and has an axis perpendicular, within  $\pm 15^{\circ}$ , to the plane through the centres of the keys and the reference axis; and whether:
- (b) The minor (low wattage) filament is correctly positioned relative to the major (high wattage) filament, whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements.

#### Test procedure and requirements.

- 1. The filament lamp is placed in a holder capable of being rotated about its axis and having either a calibrated scale or fixed stops corresponding to the angular displacement tolerance limits. The holder is then so rotated that an end view of the major filament is seen on the screen on which the image of the filament is projected. The end view of that filament shall be obtained within the angular displacement tolerance limits.
- 2. Side elevation

The filament lamp placed with the cap down, the reference axis vertical, the reference key to the right and the major filament seen end-on:

- 2.1. The projection of the major filament shall lie entirely within a rectangle of height "a" and width "b", having its centre at the theoretical position of the centre of the filament;
- 2.2. The projection of the minor filament shall lie entirely within a rectangle of width "c" and height "d" having its centre at a distance "u" above the theoretical position of the centre of the major filament.
- 3. Front elevation

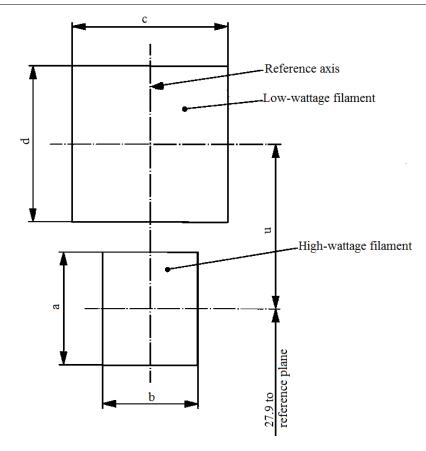
The filament lamp being placed with the cap down and the reference axis vertical, the filament lamp being viewed in a direction at right angles to axis of the major filament:

- 3.1. The projection of the major filament shall lie entirely within a rectangle of height "a" and width "h", centred on the theoretical position of the centre of the filament;
- 3.2. The centre of the major filament shall not be offset by more than distance "k" from the reference axis;
- 3.3. The centre of the minor filament axis shall not be offset from the reference axis by more than  $\pm 2$  mm ( $\pm 0.4$  mm for standard filament lamps).

# Category P27/7W

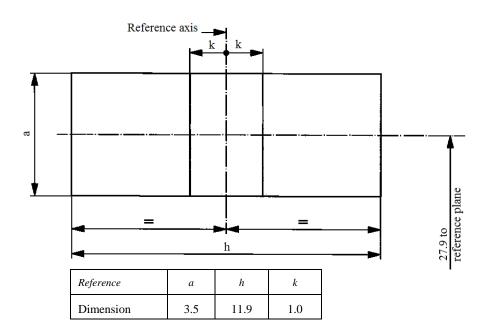
**Sheet P27/7W/3** 

Side elevation



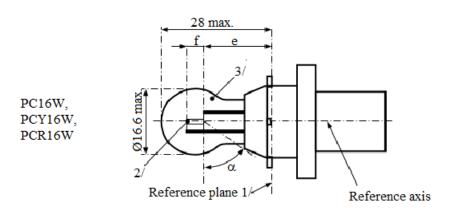
Reference	а	b	с	d	и
Dimension	3.5	3.0	4.	.8	5.1

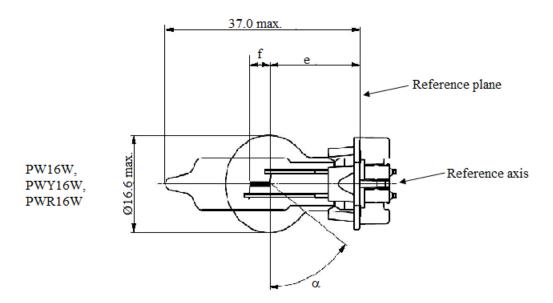
Front elevation



#### Sheet PC16W/1

# Categories PC16W, PCY16W, PCR16W, PW16W, PWY16W and PWR16W





- $^{1/}$  The reference plane is defined by the meeting points of the cap-holder fit.
- No actual filament diameter restrictions apply but the objective is d max. = 1.1 mm.
- The light emitted from normal production lamps shall be white for category PC16W and PW16W; amber for category PCY16W and PWY16W; red for category PCR16W and PWR16W. (see also footnote 7/).

#### Sheet PC16W/2

#### Categories PC16W, PCY16W, PCR16W, PW16W, PWY16W and PWR16W

				Filament la	mps	of normal	production	Standard fil	ament lamp
Dimensions	in mm			min.		nom.	max.	5	7/
e <sup>4/, 5/</sup>	PC16W PCY16W PCR16W					18.5		18	3.5
	PW16V PWY1 PWR1	6W				17.1		17	7.1
f <sup>4/, 5/</sup>						4.0		4.0 =	± 0.2
α 6/				54°				54°	min.
PC16W         Cap PU20d-1           PCY16W         Cap PU20d-2         in accordance with IEC Publication 60061 (sheet 7004-157-1000)           PCR16W         Cap PU20d-7         PW16W         Cap WP3.3x14.5-8           PWY16W         Cap WP3.3x14.5-9         in accordance with IEC Publication 60061 (sheet 7004-164-1000)           PWR16W         Cap WP3.3x14.5-10         in accordance with IEC Publication 60061 (sheet 7004-164-1000)									
Electrical	and ph	otometric ch	aracteristics						
Rated val	1106	Volts		12			12		
Kateu vai	iues	Watts		16		16			
Test volta	age	Volts			13.5			13	3.5
		Watts			1	7 max.		17 r	nax.
	,		PC16W PW16W		300	) ± 15 %			
Objective	Objective values Luminous flux PCY16W PWY16W				180	0 ± 20 %			
	PCR16W 70 ± 20 % PWR16W								
Reference	Reference luminous flux at approximately					13	3.5 V	White: Amber: Red:	300 lm 180 lm 70 lm

The filament position is checked by means of a "Box-System"; sheet PC16W/3.

The ends of the filament are defined as the points where, when the viewing direction is perpendicular to the plane through the filament lead-in wires as showed in the drawing on sheet PC16W/1, the projection of the outside of the end turns crosses the filament axis.

No part of the cap beyond the reference plane shall interfere with angle  $\alpha$ . The bulb shall be optically distortion free within the angle  $2\alpha + 180^{\circ}$ .

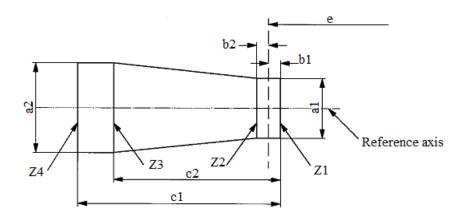
The light emitted from standard filament lamps shall be white for category PC16W and PW16W; white or amber for category PCY16W and PWY16W; white or red for category PCR16W and PWR16W.

Sheet PC16W/3

# Categories PC16W, PCY16W, PCR16W, PW16W, PWY16W and PWR16W

# Screen projection requirements

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane, whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements.



PC16W, PCY16W, PCR16W	a1	a2	b1, b2	c1	c2
Filament lamps of normal production	2.9	3.9	0.5	5.2	3.8
Standard filament lamps	1.5	1.7	0.25	4.7	3.8

PW16W, PWY16W and PWR16W	al	a2	b1, b2	c1	c2
Filament lamps of normal production	2.5	2.5	0.4	5.2	3.8
Standard filament lamps	1.5	1.7	0.25	4.7	3.8

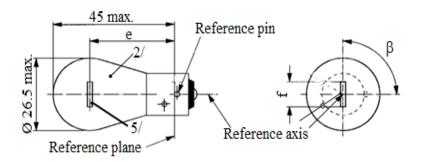
The filament position is checked in two mutually perpendicular planes, one of them being the plane through the lead-in wires.

The ends of the filament as defined on sheet PC16W/2, footnote 5/, shall lie between Z1 and Z2 and between the lines Z3 and Z4.

The filament shall lie entirely within the limits shown.

## **Category PR21W**

Sheet PR21W/1



		Filament	lamps of norn	nal production	Standard filament lamp
Dimensions in mm		min.	nom.	max.	4/
	12 V		31.8 3/		$31.8 \pm 0.3$
e	24 V	30.8	31.8	32.8	
f	12 V	5.5	6.0	7.0	$6.0 \pm 0.5$
Lateral 1/	12 V			3/	0.3 max
deviation 1/	24 V			1.5	
β		75°	90°	105°	90° ± 5°
Cap BAW15s i	n accordance with IE	C Publication	60061 (sh	eet 7004-11E-1)	1
Electrical and p	photometric characteri	stics			
Rated values:	Volts	12		24	12
Rated values:	Watts		21		21
Test voltage:	Volts	13.5		28.0	
Objective	Watts	26.5 ma	ıx.	29.7 max.	26.5 max.
values: Luminous flux:		110 ± 20 %			
Reference luminous flux at approximately 13.5 V:					White: 460 lm Red: 110 lm

Maximum lateral deviation of filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing the axis of the reference pin.

The light emitted from normal production lamps shall be red (see also footnote 4/).

To be checked by means of a "Box-System", sheet P21W/2.

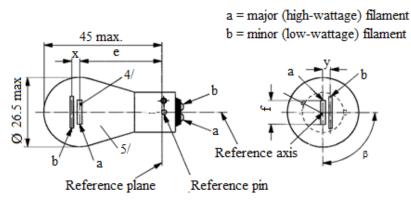
The light emitted from standard filament lamps shall be white or red.

In this view the filament of the 24 V type may be straight or V-shaped. This shall be indicated in the application of approval. If it is straight, the screen projection requirements, sheet P21W/2, apply. If it is V-shaped, the filament ends shall be at the same distance within  $\pm 3$  mm from the reference plane.

#### Category PR21/4W

Sheet PR21/4W/1

The drawings are intended only to illustrate the essential dimensions (in mm) of the filament lamp



	Fi	Filament lamps of normal production <sup>5/</sup>				
Dimensions in mm	min.	nom.	max.	6/		
e		31.8 1/		$31.8 \pm 0.3$		
f			7.0	7.0 + 0 / -2		
Lateral deviation			1/	0.3 max. <sup>2/</sup>		
x,y		1/		$2.8 \pm 0.5$		
β	75°1/	90°¹/	105°1/	90° ± 5°		
Cap BAU15d in accordan	nce with IEC Pub	olication 60061 (s	heet 7004-19-2)			

	_	_			
Electrical	and n	hotome	tric ch	aracter	istics

Rated	Volts	12	2	24 4	/	12
values	Watts	21	4	21	4	21/4
Test voltage	Volts	13.5		28.0		13.5
	Watts	26.5 max.	5.5 max.	29.7 max.	8.8 max.	26.5/5.5 max.
Objective values	Luminous flux	105	4	105	5	
	± %	20	25	20	25	
D. C. 1	· Cl		Wh	ite: 44	0 lm and 15 lm	

Reference luminous flux at approximately 13.5 V:

Red: 105 lm and 4 lm
based on the dimensions and tolerances

These dimensions shall be checked by means of a "Box-System" based on the dimensions and tolerances shown above. "x" and "y" refer to the major (high-wattage) filament, not to the reference axis. Means of increasing the positioning accuracy of the filament and of the cap-holder assembly are under consideration.

Maximum lateral deviation of the major filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing the axis of the reference pin.

The "Box-System" is the same as for filament lamp P21/5W.

The 24-Volt filament lamp is not recommended for future embodiments.

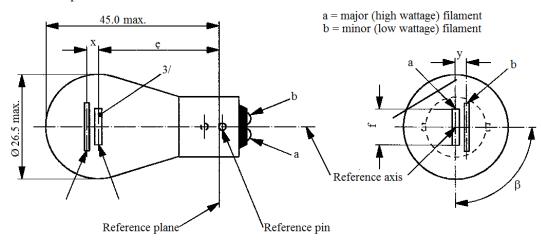
The light emitted from normal production lamps shall be red (see also footnote 6/).

The light emitted from standard filament lamps shall be white or red.

#### Category PR21/5W

Sheet PR21/5W/1

The drawings are intended only to illustrate the essential dimensions (in mm) of the filament lamp



		Filament lamps of normal production <sup>4/</sup>			Standard filament lamp
Dimensions in mm		min.	nom.	max.	5/
e	12 V		31.8 1/		$31.8 \pm 0.3$
	24 V	30.8	31.8	32.8	
f	12 V			7.0	7.0 + 0 / -2
Lateral deviation <sup>2/</sup>	12 V			1/	0.3 max.
	24 V			1.5	
x, y	12 V		1/		$2.8 \pm 0.3$
X	24 V <sup>3/</sup>	-1.0	0	1.0	
у	24 V <sup>3/</sup>	1.8	2.8	3.8	
β		75°	90°	105°	90° ± 5°

Cap BAW15d in accordance with IEC Publication 60061 (sheet 7004-11E-1)

# Electrical and photometric characteristics

Rated values	Volts	12		24		12	
	Watts	21	5	21	5	21/5	
Test voltage	Volts	13.5		28.0		13.5	
Objective values	Watts	26.5 max.	6.6 max.	29.7 max.	11.0 max.	26.5 and 6.6 max.	
	Luminous flux	105	8	105	10		
	<u>+</u> %	20	25	20	25		
	WW. 440.1 107.1						

Reference luminous flux at approximately 13.5 V:

White: 440 lm and 35 lm Red: 105 lm and 8 lm

See footnote 1/ on sheet P21/5W/2.

See footnote 2/ on sheet P21/5W/2.

See footnote 3/ on sheet P21/5W/2.

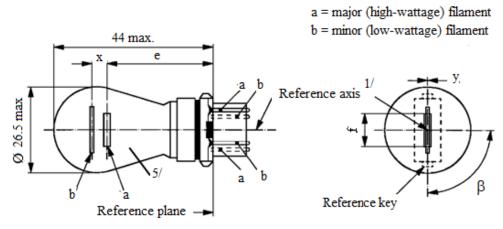
The light emitted from normal production lamps shall be red (see also footnote 5/).

<sup>5/</sup> The light emitted from standard filament lamps shall be white or red.

#### Category PR27/7W

Sheet PR27/7W/1

The drawings are intended only to illustrate the essential dimensions (in mm) of the filament lamp



	Filament lamps of normal production			Standard filament lamp
Dimensions in mm	min. nom. max		max.	6/
е		27.9 <sup>3/</sup>		$27.9 \pm 0.3$
f			9.9	9.9 + 0 / -2
Lateral deviation <sup>2/</sup>			3/	$0.0 \pm 0.4$
x 4/		5.1 3/		$5.1 \pm 0.5$
y <sup>4/</sup>		0.0 3/		$0.0 \pm 0.5$
β	75° <sup>3/</sup>	90°	105° <sup>3/</sup>	90° ± 5°

Cap WU2.5x16 in accordance with IEC Publication 60061 (sheet 7004-104D-1)

Electrical and photometric characteristics

Rated values	Volts	1	12		
Rated variety	Watts	27	7	27	7
Test voltage	Volts	13	13.5		
Objective	Watts	32.1 max.	8.5 max.	32.1 max.	8.5 max.
values	Luminous flux	110 ± 20 %	9 ± 20 %		

Reference luminous flux at approximately 13.5 V:

Red: 110 and 9 lm

475 and 36 lm

White:

- The reference axis is defined with respect to the reference keys and is perpendicular to the reference plane.
- Maximum lateral deviation of the major (high wattage) filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing the axis through the reference keys.
  - To be checked by means of a "Box-System", sheets P27/7W/2 and 3.
- "x" and 'y" denote the offset of the axis of the minor (low wattage) filament with respect to the axis of the major (high wattage) filament.
  - The light emitted from normal production lamps shall be red (see also footnote 6/).
  - The light emitted from standard filament lamps shall be white or red.

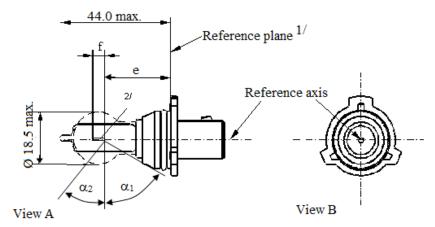


Figure 1 - Main drawing

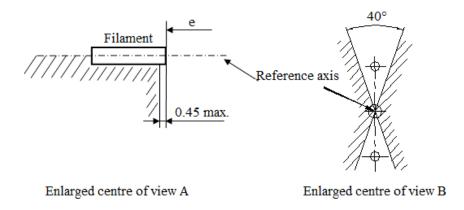


Figure 2 - Metal free zone 3/

- 1/ The reference plane is defined by the meeting points of the cap-holder fit.
- No actual filament diameter restrictions apply but the objective is d max. = 1.1 mm.
- No opaque parts other than filament turns shall be located in the shaded area indicated in

Figure 2. This applies to the rotational body within the angles  $\alpha_1 + \alpha_2$ .

# Category PSX26W

Dimensions in mm			Filament lamps of normal production	Standard filament lamp	
e <sup>5/</sup>			24.0 4/	$24.0 \pm 0.25$	
f <sup>5/</sup>			4.2 4/	$4.2 \pm 0.25$	
$\alpha_1^{6/}$			35.0° min.	35.0° min.	
$\alpha_2^{6/}$			58.0° min.	58.0° min.	
Cap PG18.5d	-3 in accord	ance with	IEC Publication 60061 (sh	neet 7004-147-1)	
Electrical and	photometric chara	cteristics	:		
Rated values	Voltage	V	12	12	
	Wattage	W	26	26	
Test voltage		V	13.5	13.5	
	Wattage		26 max.	26 max.	
Objective values	·	lm	500		
Luminous fl		±	+10% / -10%		
Reference lun	345 lm				
Reference lun	465 lm				
Reference lun	500 lm				

To be checked by means of a "Box-System"; sheet PSX26W/3.

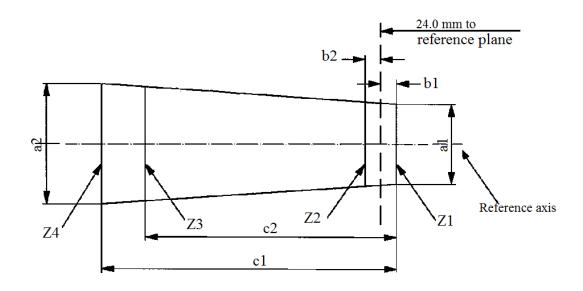
The ends of the filament are defined as the points where, when the viewing direction is perpendicular to the plane through the filament lead-in wires, the projection of the outside of the end turns crosses the filament axis.

No part of the cap beyond the reference plane shall interfere with angle  $\alpha_0$  as shown in Figure 1

No part of the cap beyond the reference plane shall interfere with angle  $\alpha_2$  as shown in Figure 1 on sheet PSX26W/1. The bulb shall be optically distortion free within the angles  $\alpha_1 + \alpha_2$ . These requirements apply to the whole bulb circumference.

Screen projection requirements

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane, whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements.



	a1	a2	<i>b1,b</i> 2	c1	c2
Filament lamps of normal production	1.7	1.7	0.30	5.0	4.0
Standard filament lamps	1.5	1.5	0.25	4.7	4.0

The filament position is checked in two mutually perpendicular planes, one of them being the plane through the lead-in wires.

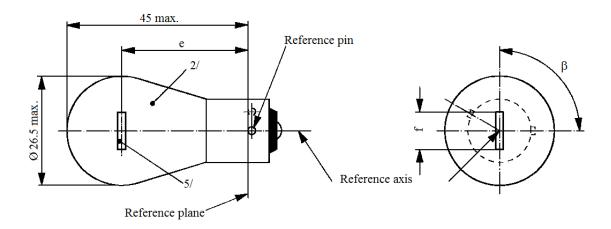
The ends of the filament as defined on sheet PSX26W/2, footnote 4/, shall lie between Z1 and Z2 and between the lines Z3 and Z4.

The filament shall lie entirely within the limits shown.

#### **Category PY21W**

Sheet PY21W/1

The drawings are intended only to illustrate the essential dimensions (in mm) of the filament lamp



		Filament	t lamps of normal p	Standard filament lamp	
Dimensions in mm		min.	nom.	max.	4/
e	12 V		31.8 3/		$31.8 \pm 0.3$
	24 V	30.8	31.8	32.8	
f	12 V			7.0	7.0 +0 / -2
Lateral deviation 1/	12 V			3/	0.3 max.
	24 V			1.5	
β		75°	90°	105°	90° ± 5°

Cap BAU15s in accordance with IEC Publication 60061 (sheet 7004-19-2)

Electrical and photometric characteristics

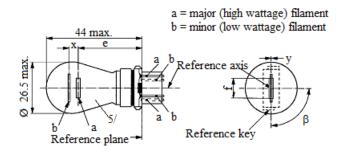
Rated values Volts		12	24	12
rated varues	Watts	2	1	21
Test voltage	Volts	13.5	28.0	13.5
Objective	Watts	26.5 max.	29.7 max.	26.5 max.
values	Luminous flux	280 ±	20 %	
D . C 1	White: 460 lm			

Reference luminous flux at approximately 13.5 V:

Amber: 280 lm

- Maximum lateral deviation of filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing the axis of the reference pin.
  - The light emitted from production lamps shall be amber (see also footnote 4/).
  - To be checked by means of a "Box-System"; sheet P21W/2.
  - The light emitted from standard filament lamps shall be amber or white.
- In this view the filament of the 24 V type may be straight or V-shaped. This shall be indicated in the application of approval. If it is straight, the screen projection requirements, sheet P21W/2, apply. If it is V-shaped, the filament ends shall be at the same distance within  $\pm 3$  mm from the reference plane.

The drawings are intended only to illustrate the essential dimensions (in mm) of the filament lamp



	Filament	lamps of normal p	Standard filament lamp			
Dimensions in mm	min.	nom.	max.	6/		
e		27.9 <sup>3/</sup>		$27.9 \pm 0.3$		
f			9.9	9.9 + 0 / -2		
Lateral deviation <sup>2/</sup>			3/	$0.0 \pm 0.4$		
x <sup>4/</sup>		5.1 3/		$5.1 \pm 0.5$		
y <sup>4/</sup>		0.0 3/		$0.0 \pm 0.5$		
β	75° <sup>3/</sup>	90°	105°3/	90° ± 5°		
Cap WX2.5x16q in accordance with IEC Publication 60061 (sheet 7004-104A-1)						

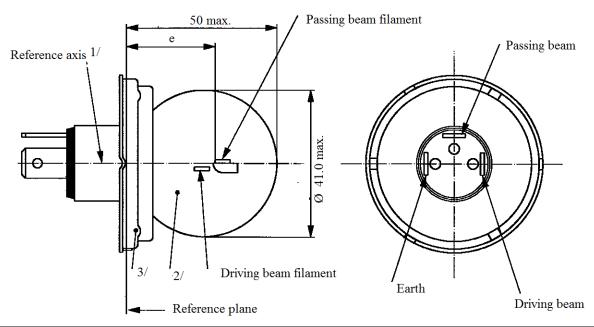
# Electrical and photometric characteristics

Rated values	Volts	1	12			
	Watts	27	7	27	7	
Test voltage	Volts	13	13.5			
Objective	Watts	32.1 max.	8.5 max.	32.1 max.	8.5 max.	
values	Luminous flux	280 ± 15 %				
Reference lumi	Reference luminous flux at approximately 13.5 V:					

Reference luminous flux at approximately 13.5 V:

Amber: 280 and 21 lm

- The reference axis is defined with respect to the reference keys and is perpendicular to the reference plane.
- Maximum lateral deviation of the major (high wattage) filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing the axis through the reference keys.
  - To be checked by means of a "Box-System", sheets P27/7W/2 and 3.
- 4/ "x" and 'y" denote the offset of the axis of the minor (low wattage) filament with respect to the axis of the major (high wattage) filament.
  - The light emitted from filament lamps of normal production shall be amber (see also footnote 6).
  - The light emitted from standard filament lamps shall be amber or white.



			File	ıment lamps oj	normal produc	ction		Standard filament lamp		
Rated	Volts	6	4/	12 4/		24 4/		12 4/		
values	Watts	45	40	45	40	55	50	45	40	
Test voltage	Volts	6.	3	13	3.2	28.	0	13	5.2	
Objective values	Watts	53 max.	47 max.	57 max.	51 max.	76 max.	69 max.	52 +0 % -10 %	46 ±5 %	
varues	Luminous flux	720 min.	570 ±15%	860 min.	675 ±15%	1,000 min.	860 ±15%			
Measuring f	lux <sup>5/</sup>	-	450	-	450	-	450			
Reference lu	ıminous flux at	approximatel	ly 12V			1		700	450	

The reference axis is perpendicular to the reference plane and passes through the centre of the 45 mm cap diameter.

The colour of the light emitted shall be white or selective-yellow.

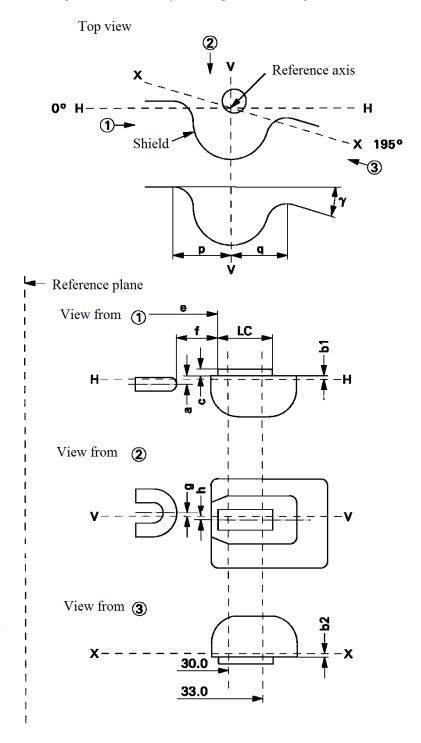
No part of the cap shall, by reflection of light emitted by the passing beam filament, throw any stray rising ray when the filament lamp is in the normal operating position on the vehicle.

The values indicated on the left and on the right refer to the driving beam filament and the passing beam filament respectively.

Measuring luminous flux for measurements according to paragraph 3.9. of this Regulation.

Position and dimensions (in mm) of shield and filaments

The drawings are not mandatory with respect to the design of the shield and filaments



# Category R2

Sheet R2/3

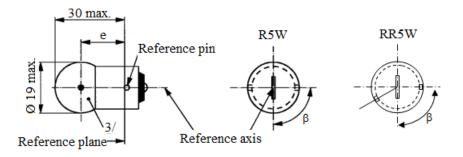
			Tolerance				
			Filament lamps of normal production	Standard filament lamp			
Dimensions	in mm		6V 12V 24V	12V			
	a	0.60	±0.35	±0.15			
b1	/30.0 2/	0.20	±0.35	+0.15			
b	1/33.0	$b1/30.0 \text{ mv}^{3/}$	±0.33	±0.15			
b2	/30.0 <sup>2/</sup>	0.20	±0.35	±0.15			
b	2/33.0	$b2/30.0 \text{ mv}^{3/}$	±0.55	±0.1 <i>3</i>			
c/	30.0 <sup>2/</sup>	0.50	+0.30 +0				
c	/33.0	$c/30.0 \text{ mv}^{3/}$	±0.50	±0.15			
e	6, 12 V	28.5	±0.35	±0.15			
C	24 V	28.8	±0.55				
f	6, 12 V	1.8	±0.40	±0.20			
1	24 V	2.2	20.10	20.20			
	g	0	±0.50	±0.30			
h/	30.0 2/	0	±0.50	±0.30			
h	/33.0	$h/30.0 \text{ mv}^{3/}$	±0.50	±0.30			
1/	2(p-q)	0	±0.60	±0.30			
	$I_{C}$	5.5	±1.50	±0.50			
	γ 4/	15° nom.					

<sup>1/</sup> The position and dimensions of the shield and filaments shall be checked by means of the method of measurement as described in IEC Publication 60809.

To be measured at the distance from the reference plane indicated in millimetres behind the stroke.

mv = measured value.

The angle  $\gamma$  is only for shield design and has not to be checked on finished filament lamps.



			Filament	lamps of normal	Standard filament lamp	
Dimensions in mm			min.	nom.	max.	4/
e			17.5	19.0	20.5	$19.0 \pm 0.3$
Lateral devia	tion <sup>2/</sup>				1.5	0.3 max.
β			60°	90°	120°	90° ± 5°
Cap: R5W: BA15s RR5W: BAW15s			in accordance	with IEC Public	(sheet 7004-11A-9) <sup>1/</sup> (sheet 7004-11E-1)	
Electrical and	l photometric	characteris	stics			
D . 1 1		Volts	6 <sup>5/</sup>	12	24	12
Rated values		Watts	5			5
Test voltage		Volts	6.75	13.5	28.0	13.5
	Watts	•	5.5 1	max.	7.7 max.	5.5 max.
Objective values Luminous R5W			50 ± 20 %	•		
flux RR5W		RR5W	5/	12 ±	25 %	
Reference luminous flux at approximately 13.5 V:					White: 50 lm Red: 12 lm	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1/</sup> Filament lamps with cap BA15d may be used for special purposes; they have the same dimensions.

Maximum lateral deviation of filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing the axis of the reference pin.

The light emitted from filament lamps of normal production shall be white for category R5W and red for category RR5W (see also footnote 4/).

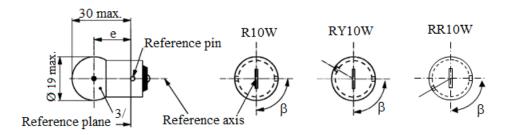
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4/</sup> The light emitted from standard filament lamps shall be white for category R5W; white or red for category RR5W.

Within RR5W no 6 V rated voltage type specified.

#### Categories R10W, RY10W and RR10W

Sheet R10W/1

The drawings are intended only to illustrate the essential dimensions (in mm) of the filament lamp.



	Filament	lamps of normal p	Standard filament lamp	
Dimensions in mm	min.	nom.	max.	4/
e	17.5	19.0	20.5	$19.0 \pm 0.3$
Lateral deviation <sup>2/</sup>			1.5	0.3 max.
β	60°	90°	120°	90° ± 5°

(sheet 7004-11A-9) 1/ R10W: BA15s Cap RY10W: BAU15s in accordance with IEC Publication 60061 (sheet 7004-19-2) RR10W: BAW15s

(sheet 7004-11E-1)

Electrical a	and photome	tric charact	eristics				
Rated value	22	Volts	6 5/	12	24		12
Kateu varu	es	Watts		10			10
Test voltag	ge .	Volts	6.75	13.5	28		13.5
	Watts R10W RY10W		11 max.		14 max.	11 max.	
Objective values		RR10W	5/	11 max.		11	l max.
values	Luminous	R10W		125 ± 20 %			
	flux	RY10W		75 ± 20 %			
		RR10W	5/	30 ±	25 %		
Reference	luminous flu	White: Amber: Red:	125 lm 75 lm 30 lm				

<sup>1/</sup> Filament lamps R10W with cap BA15d may be used for special purposes; they have the same dimensions.

Maximum lateral deviation of filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing the axis of the reference pin.

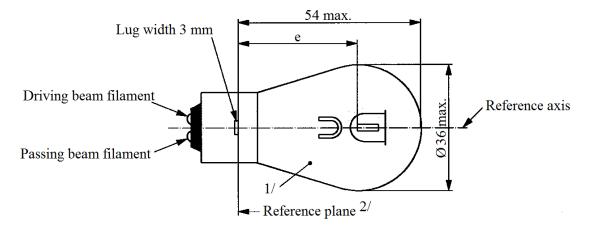
The light emitted from filament lamps of normal production shall be white for category R10W, amber for category RY10W and red for category RR10W (see also footnote 4/)

The light emitted from standard filament lamps shall be white for category R10W; white or amber for category RY10W; white or red for category RR10W.

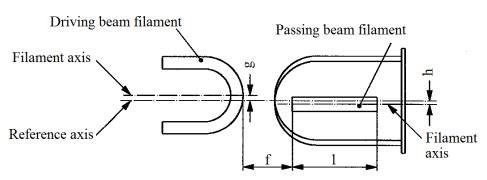
Within RR10W no 6 V rated voltage type specified.

The drawings are intended only to illustrate the essential dimensions (in mm) of the filament lamp.

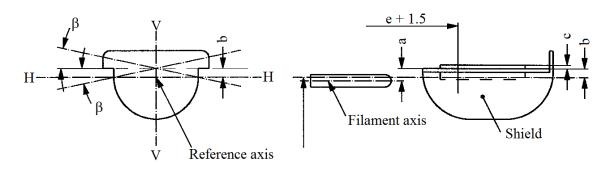
Filament lamps for motorcycles



Position and dimensions of filaments



Position of shield 3/, 4/



- 1/ The colour of the light emitted shall be white or selective-yellow.
- The reference plane is perpendicular to the reference axis and touches the upper surface of the lug having a width of 4.5 mm.
- Plane V-V contains the reference axis and the centre line of the lugs.
- <sup>4/</sup> Plane H-H (the normal position of the shield) is perpendicular to plane V-V and contains the reference axis.

#### Categories S1 and S2

**Sheet S1/S2/2** 

				Filament lamp.	s of normal prod	uction	Standard fi	lament lamp	
Dimensions i	n mm		min	ı.	nom.	max.			
e	e			35	32.70	33.05	32.7	± 0.15	
f			1.4	1	1.8	2.2	1.8	± 0.2	
1			4.0	)	5.5	7.0	5.5	± 0.5	
c <sup>5/</sup>			0.2	2	0.5	0.8	0.5 ±	0.15	
b <sup>5/</sup>			-0.1	.5	0.2	0.55	0.2 ±	0.15	
a <sup>5/</sup>			0.2	5	0.6	0.95	0.6 ±	0.15	
h			-0	5	0	0.5	0 ±	0.2	
g			-0.:	5	0	0.5	0 ±	0.2	
β 5/, 6/			-2°3	30'	0°	+2°30'	0° :	± 1°	
Cap BA20	d in accorda	nce wi	ith IEC Public	cation 60061	(sheet 7004-1	sheet 7004-12-7)			
Electrical a	and photome	tric ch	aracteristics						
	Volts	<b>S</b> 1	6	6 7/ 12		2 7/	6		
Rated	VOILS	S2		•	12		12		
values	Watts	S1	25	25	25	25	25	25	
	vv atts	S2	35	35	35	35	35	35	
Test	Volts	<b>S</b> 1	6.	.75	1	3.5	6.75		
voltage	VOILS	S2	6	5.3	1	3.5	13	3.5	
	Watts	<b>S</b> 1	25 ± 5%	25 ± 5%	25 ± 5%	25 ± 5%	25 ± 5%	25 ± 5%	
Objective	vv atts	S2	35 ± 5%	35 ± 5%	35 ± 5%	35 ± 5%	35 ± 5%	35 ± 5%	
values	Luminous	<b>S</b> 1	435 ± 20%	$315 \pm 20\%$	435 ±20 %	$315 \pm 20\%$			
	flux	S2	$650 \pm 20\%$	$465 \pm 20\%$	650 ± 20%	465 ± 20%			
		S1	at approxim	ately		6 V	398	284	
Reference	luminous					12 V	568	426	
flux		S2	at approxim	ately		13.2 V	634	457	
						13.5 V	650	465	

<sup>5/</sup> Dimensions a, b, c and  $\beta$  refer to a plane parallel to the reference plane and cutting the two edges of the shield at a distance of e + 1.5 mm.

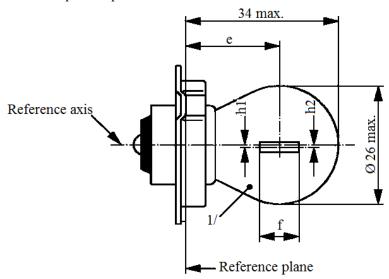
Admissible angular deviation

 $<sup>\</sup>label{plane position} Admissible \ angular \ deviation \ of the \ shield \ plane \ position \ from \ the \ normal \ position.$ 

Values in the left-hand column refer to the driving beam filament. Values in the right-hand column to the passing beam filament.

The drawings are intended only to illustrate the essential dimensions (in mm) of the filament lamp

Filament lamp for mopeds



	Filament la	amps of normal	Standard filament lamp		
Dimensions in mm		min.	nom.	max.	
e <sup>2/</sup>		19.0	19.5	20.0	$19.5 \pm 0.25$
f	6 V			3.0	$2.5 \pm 0.5$
	12 V			4.0	
h1, h2 <sup>3/</sup>	•	-0.5	0	0.5	$0 \pm 0.3$

Cap P26s in accordance with IEC Publication 60061 (sheet 7004-36-1)

Electrical and photometric characteristics

Rated values	Volts	6	12	6
Rated varies	Watts		15	15
Test voltage	Volts	6.75	13.5	6.75
Objective	Watts	15	± 6%	15 ± 6%
values	Luminous flux	240 ± 15%		

Reference luminous flux: 240 lm at approximately 6.75 V

<sup>1/</sup> The colour of the light emitted shall be white or selective-yellow.

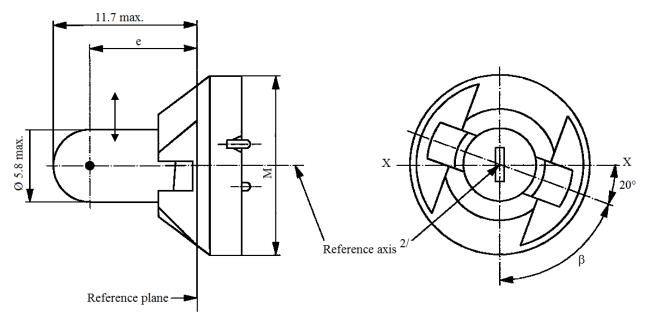
Distance related to the luminous centre.

<sup>3/</sup> Lateral deviation of filament axis with respect to the reference axis. It is sufficient to check this deviation in two mutually perpendicular planes.

#### **Category T1.4W**

Sheet T1.4W/1

The drawings are intended only to illustrate the essential dimensions (in mm) of the filament lamp.



	Filament lamps of normal production			Standard filament lamp			
Dimensions in mm	min.	nom.	тах.				
e	7.6	8.3	9.0	$8.3 \pm 0.35$			
Lateral deviation 1/			0.7	0.35 max			
β	55°	70°	85°	70° ± 5°			
Cap P11.5d in accordance with IEC Publication 60061 (sheet 7004-79-1)							

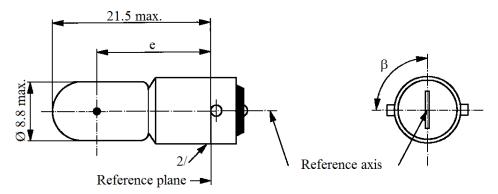
TC1 4 - 1 1	1	photometric	. 1	4
HIECTRICAL	ากก	nnoromerric	charac	TATISTICS
Liccuicai	anu	DIIOIOIIICUIC	cmarac	terroues.

Rated values	Volts	12	12
Rated values	Watts	1.4	1.4
Test voltage	Volts	13.5	13.5
Objective	Watts	1.54 max.	1.54 max.
values	Luminous flux	8 ± 15 %	
Reference lun	ninous flux. 8	Im at approximately 13.5 V	

Reference luminous flux: 8 lm at approximately 13.5 V

Maximum lateral deviation of filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing axis X-X.

The reference axis is perpendicular to the reference plane and passes through the centre of the circle of diameter "M".



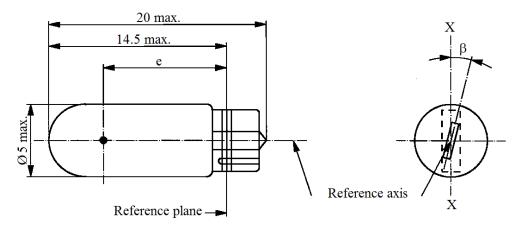
		Filament la	amps of normal	Standard filament lamp			
Dimensions in mr	n	min.	nom.	тах.			
e		13.5	15.0	16.5	$15.0 \pm 0.3$		
Lateral deviati	ion 1/			1.5	0.5 max		
β			90°		90° ± 5°		
Cap BA9s in a	accordance with	n IEC Publica	ation 60061	(sheet 7004-	14-9)		
Electrical and	photometric ch	aracteristics					
D . 1 . 1	Volts	6	6 12 24		12		
Rated values	Watts		4	L	4		
Test voltage	Volts	6.75	13.5	28.0	13.5		
Objection	Watts	4.4 r	nax.	5.5 max.	4.4 max.		
Objective values	Luminous flux		35 ± 20 %				
Reference luminous flux: 35 lm at approximately 13.5 V							

Maximum lateral deviation of filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing the axis of pins.

Over the entire length of the cap there shall be no projections or soldering extending beyond the permissible maximum diameter of the cap.

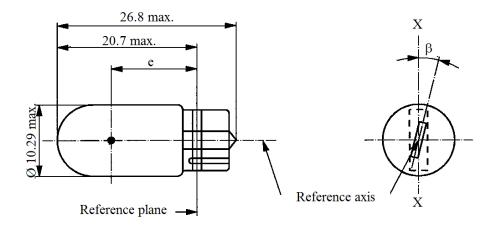
# Category W2.3W

**Sheet W2.3W/1** 



		Filament la	amps of normal	Standard filament lamp	
Dimensions in mr	n	min.	nom.	max.	
e		10.3	10.8	11.3	$10.8 \pm 0.3$
Lateral deviati	ion 1/			1.0	0.5 max
β		-15°	0°	+15°	0° ± 5°
Cap W2x4.6d	in accordance	with IEC Pul	olication 600	61 (sheet 70	04-94-2)
Electrical and	photometric ch	aracteristics			
D ( 1 1	Volts		12	12	
Rated values	Watts		2.3	2.3	
Test voltage	Volts		13.5		13.5
011	Watts		2.5 max.		2.5 max.
Objective values	Luminous flux	18.6 ± 20 %			
Reference lum	ninous flux: 18	3.6 lm at appı	roximately 1	3.5 V	

Maximum lateral deviation of filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing axis X-X.

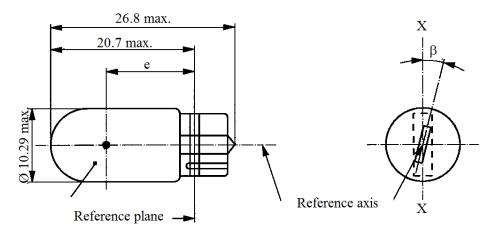


		Filament le	amps of norma	Standard filament lamp	
Dimensions in mr	n	min. nom.		max.	
e		11.2	12.7.0	14.2	$12.7 \pm 0.3$
Lateral deviati	ion 1/			1.5	0.5 max
β		-15°	0°	+15°	0° ± 5°
Cap W2.1x9.5	d in accordanc	e with IEC P	ublication 6	50061 (sheet 7	(004-91-3)
Electrical and	photometric ch	naracteristics			
Data Ladia	Volts	6	12	12	
Rated values	Watts		3	3	
Test voltage	Volts	6.75	13.5	28.0	13.5
Object	Watts	3.45	max.	4.6 max.	3.45 max.
Objective values	Luminous flux		22 ± 30 %		
Reference lum	ninous flux: 22	2 lm at appro	ximately 13	.5 V	

 $<sup>^{1/}</sup>$  Maximum lateral deviation of filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing axis X-X.

#### Category W5W, WY5W and WR5W

Sheet W5W/1



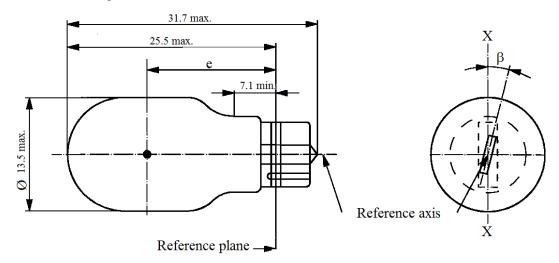
			Filament la	mps of normal	Standard filament lamp		
Dimensions i	in mm	max.	3/				
e			11.2	12.7	14.2	$12.7 \pm 0.3$	
Lateral de	viation 1/				1.5	0.5 max.	
β			-15°	0°	+15°	0° ± 5°	
Cap W2.1	x9.5d in acco	ordance with	h IEC Publi	cation 600	61 (sheet 70	004-91-3)	
Electrical	and photome	tric charact	eristics				
Rated valu	Volts		6 4/ 12 24			12	
Kateu van	ies	Watts	5			5	
Test voltag	ge	Volts	6.75	13.5	28.0	13.5	
		Watts	5.5 1	max.	7.7 max.	5.5 max.	
Objective		W5W		50 ± 20 %	I		
values	Luminous flux	WY5W		30 ± 20 %			
	-	WR5W	<sup>4/</sup> 12 ± 25 %				
Reference	luminous flu	White: 50 lm Amber: 30 lm Red: 12 lm					

Maximum lateral deviation of filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing axis X-X.

The light emitted from filament lamps of normal production shall be white for category W5W, amber for category WY5W and red for category WR5W (see also footnote 3.)

The light emitted from standard filament lamps shall be white for category W5W; white or amber for category WY5W; white or red for category WR5W.

Within WR5W no 6 V rated voltage type specified.



			Filament la	mps of nor	Standard filament lamp	
Dimensions in mm			min.	nom.	max.	
e			15.5	17.0	18.5	$17.0 \pm 0.3$
Lateral dev	viation 1/				1.0	0.5 max.
β			-15°	0°	+15°	0° ± 5°
Cap W2.12	x9.5d in acco	ordance w	ith IEC Pub	lication (	60061 (sheet 7	004-91-3)
Electrical a	and photome	etric chara	acteristics			
Rated	Volts		6		12	12
values	Watts		10		10	
Test voltage	Volts		6.75	6.75		13.5
	Watts			11 max	11 max.	
Objective values	Luminous	White		$125 \pm 20$	) %	
	flux	Amber	75 ± 20 %			
Reference	White: 125 lm Amber: 75 lm					

Maximum lateral deviation of filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing axis X-X.

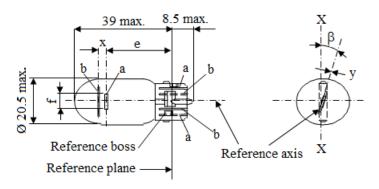
#### Category W15/5W

Sheet W15/5W/1

The drawings are intended only to illustrate the essential dimensions (in mm) of the filament lamp

Filament lamp for motorcycles

a = major (high wattage) filamentb = minor (low wattage) filament



		Filament lamps of normal production			Standard fil	ament lamp	
Dimensions in m	m	min.	noi	n.	max.		
e			25.0	) 1/		25.0	± 0.3
f					7.5	7.5 +	0 / -2
Lateral deviat	ion <sup>2/</sup>				1/	0.3 r	nax.
x 3/			2.8	1/		2.8 ±	0.3
y 3/	y <sup>3/</sup>		0.0	1/		0.0	0.3
β		-15° 1/	0,	0° +15° 1/		0° ± 5°	
Cap WZ3x16	q in accordance	with IEC Pu	blicati	on 60	061 (sheet 70	004-151-1)	
Electrical and	photometric ch	aracteristics					
Rated values	Volts		12	2		12	
Rated values	Watts	15		5		15	5
Test voltage	Volts	13.5			13	.5	
Objective	Watts	19.1 ma	х.	6	.6 max.	19.1 max.	6.6 max.
values	Luminous flux	$280 \pm 15$	%	35	5 ± 20 %		

To be checked by means of a "Box-System"; sheets W15/5W/2 and 3.

Reference luminous flux: 280 lm and 35 lm at approximately 13.5 V

Maximum lateral deviation of filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing axis X-X.

<sup>&</sup>quot;x" and "y" denote the offset of the axis of the minor filament with respect to the axis of the major filament.

#### Screen projection requirements

This test is used to determine, by checking whether:

- (a) The major filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane and has an axis perpendicular, within  $\pm 15^{\circ}$ , to the plane through the axis X-X and the reference axis; and whether:
- (b) The minor filament is correctly positioned relative to the major filament, whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements.

Test procedure and requirements.

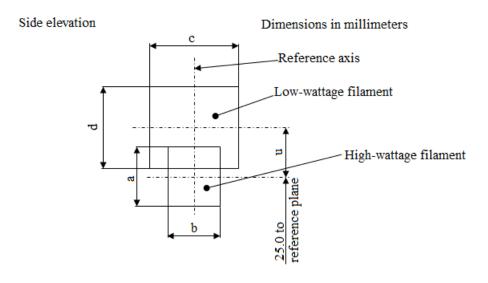
- 1. The filament lamp is placed in a holder capable of being rotated about its axis and having either a calibrated scale or fixed stops corresponding to the angular displacement tolerance limits. The holder is then so rotated that an end view of the major filament is seen on the screen on which the image of the filament is projected. The end view of that filament shall be obtained within the angular displacement tolerance limits.  $(\pm 15^{\circ})$ .
- 2. Side elevation

The filament lamp placed with the cap down, the reference axis vertical and the major filament seen end-on:

- 2.1. The projection of the major filament shall lie entirely within a rectangle of height "a" and width "b", having its centre at the theoretical position of the centre of the filament:
- 2.2. The projection of the minor filament shall lie entirely within a rectangle of width "c" and height "d" having its centre at a distance "u" above the theoretical position of the centre of the major filament.
- 3. Front elevation

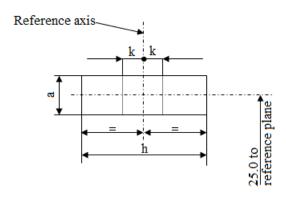
The filament lamp being placed with the cap down and the reference axis vertical, the filament lamp being viewed in a direction at right angles to axis of the major filament:

- 3.1. The projection of the major filament shall lie entirely within a rectangle of height "a" and width "h", centred on the theoretical position of the centre of the filament;
- 3.2. The centre of the major filament shall not be offset by more than distance "k" from the reference axis.
- 3.3. The centre of the minor filament axis shall not be offset from the reference axis by more than  $\pm 2$  mm ( $\pm 0.4$  mm for standard filament lamps).

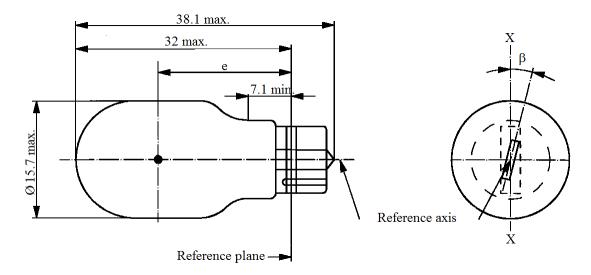


Ref	erence	а	b	c	d	и
Dir	mensions	3.3	2.8	4	.8	2.8

# Front elevation



Reference	a	h	k
Dimensions	3.3	9.5	1.0

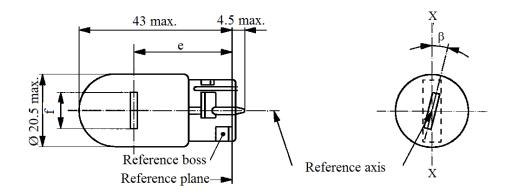


			Filament la	mps of normal	Standard filament lamp	
Dimensions i	n mm		min.	nom.	max.	
e			18.3	20.6	22.9	$20.6 \pm 0.3$
Lateral dev	viation 1/				1.0	0.5 max.
β			-15°	0°	+15°	0° ± 5°
Cap W2.12	x9.5d in acc	ordance w	ith IEC Pu	blication 60	061 (sheet 7	7004-91-3)
Electrical a	and photome	etric chara	acteristics			
Rated	Volts		12			12
values	Watts		16			16
Test voltage	Volts			13.5		13.5
	Watts		21.35 max.			21.35 max.
Objective values	Luminous	White	310 ± 20 %			
	flux	Amber	190 ± 20 %			
Reference luminous flux at approximately 13.5 V:						White: 310 lm Amber: 190 lm

Maximum lateral deviation of filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing axis X-X

# Category W21W

Sheet W21W/1



		Filament lamps of normal production			Standard filament lamp
Dimensions in mn	ı	min.	nom.	max.	
e			29.0 2/		$29.0 \pm 0.3$
f				7.5	7.5 + 0 / -2
Lateral deviati	on 1/			2/	0.5 max.
β		-15° <sup>2/</sup>	0°	+15° 2/	0° ± 5°
Cap W3x16d i	n accordance v	vith IEC Pub	lication 600	61 (sheet 700	)4-105-2)
Electrical and	photometric ch	aracteristics			
D . 1 1	Volts	12		12	
Rated values	Watts	21			21
Test voltage	Volts		13.5		13.5
OL: «	Watts	26.5 max.		26.5 max.	
Objective values	Luminous flux	460 ± 15 %			
values Luminous 460 ± 15 %					

Maximum lateral deviation of filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing axis X-X.

To be checked by means of a "Page System" and the containing axis X-X.

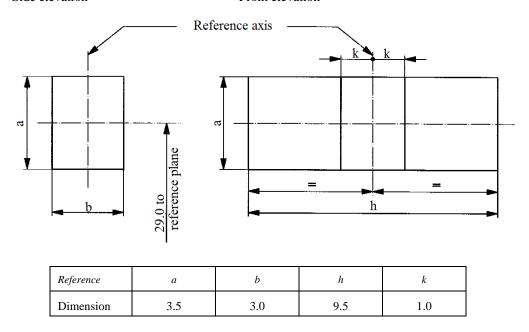
To be checked by means of a "Box-System"; see sheet W21W/2.

#### Screen projection requirements

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane and has an axis perpendicular, within  $\pm$  15°, to the plane through the axis X-X and the reference axis, whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements.



#### Front elevation



#### Test procedures and requirements

1. The filament lamp is placed in a holder capable of being rotated about its axis and having either a calibrated scale or fixed stops corresponding to the angular displacement tolerance limits, i.e.  $\pm 15^{\circ}$ . The holder is then so rotated that an end view of the filament is seen on the screen on to which the image of the filament is projected. The end view of the filament shall be obtained within the angular displacements tolerance limits ( $\pm 15^{\circ}$ ).

### 2. Side elevation

The filament lamp placed with the cap down, the reference axis vertical and the filament seen end-on, the projection of the filament shall lie entirely within a rectangle of height "a" and width "b", having its centre at the theoretical position of the centre of the filament.

#### 3. Front elevation

The filament lamp placed with the cap down and the reference axis vertical, the filament lamp being viewed in a direction at right angles to the filament axis:

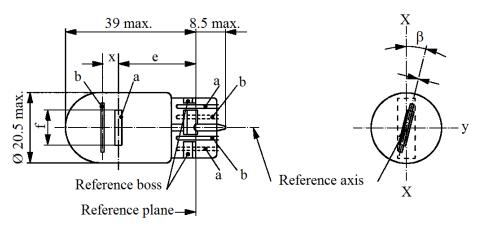
- 3.1. The projection of the filament shall lie entirely within a rectangle of height "a" and width "h", having its centre at the theoretical position of the centre of the filament;
- 3.2. The centre of the filament shall not be offset by more than distance "k" from the reference axis.

#### Category W21/5W

Sheet W21/5W/1

The drawings are intended only to illustrate the essential dimensions (in mm) of the filament lamp

a = major (high wattage) filamentb = minor (low wattage) filament



	Filament la	mps of normal p	Standard filament lamp	
Dimensions in mm	min.	nom.	max.	
е		25.0 1/		$25.0 \pm 0.3$
f			7.5	7.5 + 0 / -2
Lateral deviation <sup>2/</sup>			1/	0.3 max.
x <sup>3/</sup>		2.8 1/		$2.8 \pm 0.3$
y <sup>3/</sup>		0.0 1/		$0.0 \pm 0.3$
β	-15° 1/	0°	+15° 1/	0° ± 5°

Cap W3x16q in accordance with IEC Publication 60061 (sheet 7004-106-3)

#### Electrical and photometric characteristics

Rated values	Volts		12			
Rated values	Watts	21	5	21	5	
Test voltage	Volts	1	13.5			
Objective	Watts	26.5 max.	6.6 max.	26.5 max.	6.6 max.	
values	Luminous flux	440 ± 15 %	35 ± 20 %			

Reference luminous flux: 440 and 35 lm at approximately 13.5 V

To be checked by means of a "Box-System"; sheets W21/5W/2 and 3.

Maximum lateral deviation of filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing axis X-X.

<sup>3/ &</sup>quot;x" and "y" denote the offset of the axis of the minor filament with respect to the axis of the major filament.

#### Screen projection requirements

This test is used to determine, by checking whether:

- (a) The major filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane and has an axis perpendicular, within  $\pm 15^{\circ}$ , to the plane through the axis X-X and the reference axis; and whether:
- (b) The minor filament is correctly positioned relative to the major filament, whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements.

Test procedure and requirements.

- 1. The filament lamp is placed in a holder capable of being rotated about its axis and having either a calibrated scale or fixed stops corresponding to the angular displacement tolerance limits. The holder is then so rotated that an end view of the major filament is seen on the screen on which the image of the filament is projected. The end view of that filament shall be obtained within the angular displacement tolerance limits  $(\pm 15^{\circ})$ .
- 2. Side elevation

The filament lamp placed with the cap down, the reference axis vertical and the major filament seen end-on:

- 2.1. The projection of the major filament shall lie entirely within a rectangle of height "a" and width "b", having its centre at the theoretical position of the centre of the filament:
- 2.2. The projection of the minor filament shall lie entirely within a rectangle of width "c" and height "d" having its centre at a distance "u" above the theoretical position of the centre of the major filament.
- 3. Front elevation

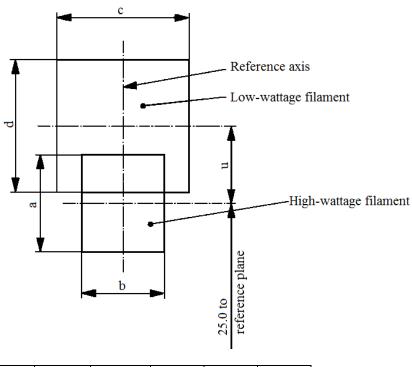
The filament lamp being placed with the cap down and the reference axis vertical, the filament lamp being viewed in a direction at right angles to axis of the major filament:

- 3.1. The projection of the major filament shall lie entirely within a rectangle of height "a" and width "h", centred on the theoretical position of the centre of the filament;
- 3.2. The centre of the major filament shall not be offset by more than distance "k" from the reference axis:
- 3.3. The centre of the minor filament axis shall not be offset from the reference axis by more than  $\pm 2$  mm ( $\pm 0.4$  mm for standard filament lamps).

# Category W21/5W

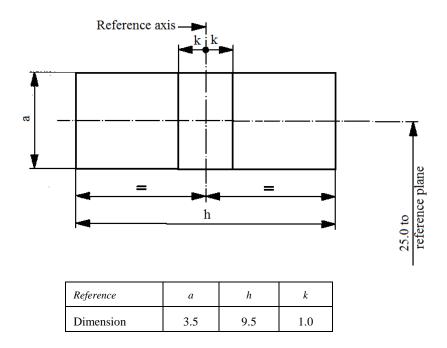
**Sheet W21/5W/3** 

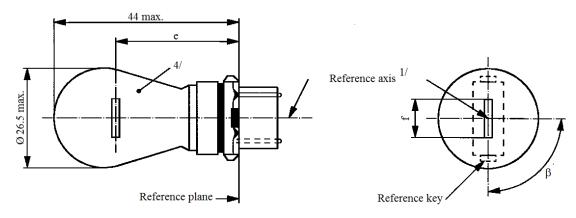
#### Side elevation



Reference	а	b	с	d	и
Dimension	3.5	3.0	4	.8	2.8

#### Front elevation





			Filament lamps of normal production			Standard j	filament lamp
Dimensions in mm		min.	nom.	max.			
e				27.9 <sup>3/</sup>		27.9	$9 \pm 0.3$
f			5.5	6.0	7.0	6.0	± 0.5
Lateral dev	viation <sup>2/</sup>				3/	0.0	± 0.4
β			75° 3/	90°	105° 3/	90°	° ± 5°
Cap: WP21W: WY2.5x16d WPY21W: WZ2.5x16d			in accordance with IEC Publication 60061			(sheet 7004-104B-1) (sheet 7004-104C-1)	
Electrical a	and photomet	ric character	istics				
Rated valu	Ac	Volts	12			12	
Raicu varu	CS	Watts	21			21	
Test voltag	ge	Volts	13.5			13.5	
01: .:		Watts	26.5 max.			26.5 max.	
Objective values	Luminous	WP21W		460 ± 15%			
flux		WPY21W	,	280 ± 20%			
Reference luminous flux at approximately 13.5 V					White: Amber:	460 lm 280 lm	

The reference axis is defined with respect to the reference keys and is perpendicular to the reference plane.

Maximum lateral deviation of filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing the axis through the reference keys.

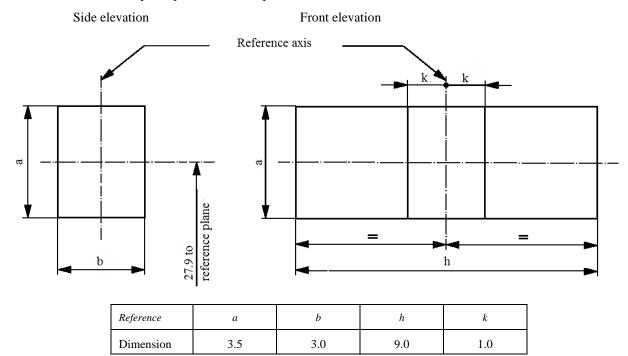
To be checked by means of a "Box-System"; sheet WP21W/2.

The light emitted from filament lamps of normal production shall be white for category WP21W and amber for category WPY21W (see also footnote 5/)

The light emitted from standard filament lamps shall be white for category WP21W and white or amber for category WPY21W.

#### Screen projection requirements

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane and has an axis perpendicular, within  $\pm 15^{\circ}$ , to the plane through the centre line of the keys and the reference axis, whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements.



#### Test procedures and requirements

- 1. The filament lamp is placed in a holder capable of being rotated about its axis and having either a calibrated scale or fixed stops corresponding to the angular displacement tolerance limits. The holder is then so rotated that an end view of the filament is seen on the screen on to which the image of the filament is projected. The end view of the filament shall be obtained within the angular displacements tolerance limits.
- 2. Side elevation

The filament lamp placed with the cap down, the reference axis vertical and the filament seen end-on, the projection of the filament shall lie entirely within a rectangle of height "a" and width "b", having its centre at the theoretical position of the centre of the filament.

3. Front elevation

The filament lamp placed with the cap down and the reference axis vertical, the filament lamp being viewed in a direction at right angles to the filament axis:

- 3.1. The projection of the filament shall lie entirely within a rectangle of height "a" and width "h", having its centre at the theoretical position of the centre of the filament.
- 3.2. The centre of the filament shall not be offset by more than distance "k" from the reference axis.

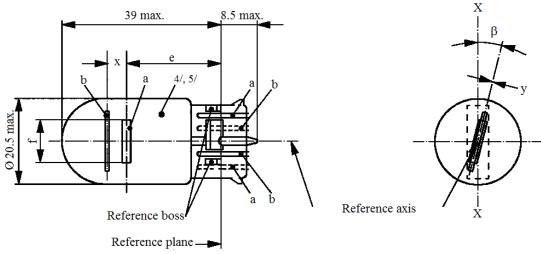
#### Category WR21/5W

**Sheet WR21/5W/1** 

The drawings are intended only to illustrate the essential dimensions (in mm) of the filament lamp

a = major (high wattage) filament

b = minor (low wattage) filament



		Filament lamps of normal production			Standard fil	ament lamp
Dimensions in mm		min.	nom.	max.		
e			25.0 1	/	25.0	± 0.3
f				7.5	7.5 +	0 / -2
Lateral devia	tion <sup>2/</sup>			1/	0.3 1	nax.
x 3/			2.8 1/		2.8 =	± 0.3
y <sup>3/</sup>			0.0 1/		0.0	± 0.3
β		-15° 1/	0°	15° 1/	0° =	± 5°
Cap WY3x16	6q in accordance	with IEC Pub	lication (	60061 (sheet 7	004-106-3)	
Electrical and	d photometric cha	racteristics				
Rated	Volts	12		12		
values	Watts	21		5	21	5
Test voltage	Volts	13.5			13.5	
Objective	Watts	26.5 max		6.6 max.	26.5 max.	6.6 max.
values	Luminous flux	$105 \pm 20$	%	8 ± 25 %		
Reference luminous flux at approximately 13.5 V			3.5 V	White: Red:	440 lm an 105 lm an	

 $<sup>^{1/}\,</sup>$  To be checked by means of a "Box-System"; sheets W21/5W/2 and 3.

Maximum lateral deviation of filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing axis X-X.

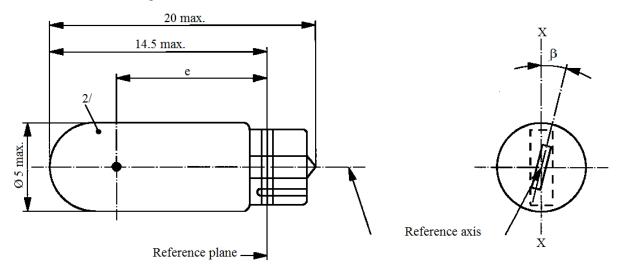
<sup>&</sup>quot;x" and "y" denote the offset of the axis of the minor filament with respect to the axis of the major filament.

The light emitted from normal production lamps shall be red (see also footnote 5/).

The light emitted from standard filament lamps shall be white or red.

#### Category WY2.3W

Sheet WY2.3W/1

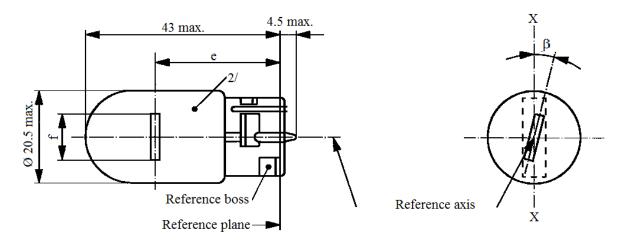


		Filament lamps of normal production			Standard fü	lament lamp
Dimensions in mr	n	min.	nom.	max.		
e		10.3	10.8	11.3	10.8	± 0.3
Lateral deviati	ion 1/			1.0	0.5	max
β	β		0°	+15°	0° =	± 5°
Cap W2x4.6d	in accordance	with IEC Pul	olication 600	061 (sheet 70	04-94-2)	
Electrical and photometric characteristics						
Rated values	Volts	12			12	
Rated values	Watts	2.3			2	.3
Test voltage	Volts		13.5		13	3.5
Ohioativa	Watts		2.5 max.		2.5 1	max.
Objective values	Luminous flux	11.2 ± 20 %				
Reference luminous flux at approximately 13.5 V					White: Amber:	18.6 lm 11.2 lm

Maximum lateral deviation of filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing axis X-X.

The light emitted from production lamps shall be amber (see also footnote 3/).

The light emitted from standard filament lamps shall be amber or white.



		Filament lamps of normal production			Standard fi	lament lamp
Dimensions in mr	n	min.	nom.	max.		
e			29.0 2/		29.0	± 0.3
f				7.5	7.5 +	0 / -2
Lateral deviat	ion 1/			2/	0.5	max.
β		-15°	0°	+15°	0° :	± 5°
Cap WX3x16	d in accordance	e with IEC P	ublication 60	061 (sheet 7	004-105-2)	
Electrical and photometric characteristics						
Rated values	Volts		12		12	
Rated values	Watts		21		21	
Test voltage	Volts		13.5		13.5	
Objection	Watts		26.5 max.		26.5	max.
Objective values	Luminous flux	280 ± 20 %				
Reference luminous flux at approximately 13.5 V:					White: Amber:	460 lm 280 lm

Maximum lateral deviation of filament centre from two mutually perpendicular planes both containing the reference axis and one containing axis X-X.

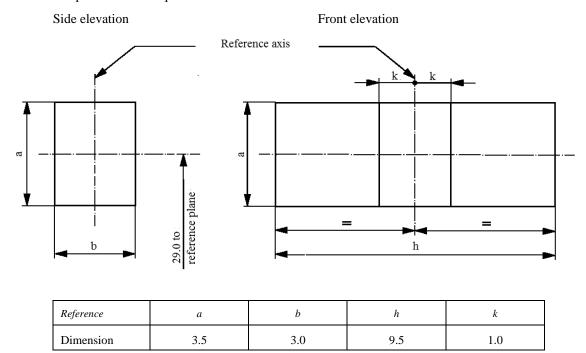
The light emitted from filament lamps of normal production shall be amber (see also footnote  $\underline{4}$ ).

To be checked by means of a "Box-System"; sheet WY21W/2.

The light emitted from standard filament lamps shall be amber or white.

#### Screen projection requirements

This test is used to determine, by checking whether the filament is correctly positioned relative to the reference axis and reference plane and has an axis perpendicular, within  $\pm 15^{\circ}$ , to the plane through the axis X-X and the reference axis, whether a filament lamp complies with the requirements.



#### Test procedures and requirements

1. The filament lamp is placed in a holder capable of being rotated about its axis and having either a calibrated scale or fixed stops corresponding to the angular displacement tolerance limits, i.e.  $\pm 15^{\circ}$ . The holder is then so rotated that an end view of the filament is seen on the screen on to which the image of the filament is projected. The end view of the filament shall be obtained within the angular displacements tolerance limits ( $\pm 15^{\circ}$ ).

#### 2. Side elevation

The filament lamp placed with the cap down, the reference axis vertical and the filament seen end-on, the projection of the filament shall lie entirely within a rectangle of height "a" and width "b", having its centre at the theoretical position of the centre of the filament.

#### 3. Front elevation

The filament lamp placed with the cap down and the reference axis vertical, the filament lamp being viewed in a direction at right angles to the filament axis:

- 3.1. The projection of the filament shall lie entirely within a rectangle of height "a" and width "h", having its centre at the theoretical position of the centre of the filament.
- 3.2. The centre of the filament shall not be offset by more than distance "k" from the reference axis.

# Communication

(Maximum format: A4 (210 x 297 mm))

	issued by:	Name of administration
( <del>                                    </del>		
\ <b>—</b> /		

concerning<sup>2</sup>: Approval granted

Approval extended Approval refused Approval withdrawn

Production definitively discontinued

of a type of filament lamp pursuant to Regulation No. 37

Approval No	Extension No.
1.	Trade name or mark of the device:
2.	Manufacturer's name for the type of device:
3.	Manufacturer's name and address:
4.	If applicable, name and address of manufacturer's representative:
5.	Submitted for approval on:
6.	Technical Service responsible for conducting approval tests:
7.	Date of report issued by that Service:
8.	Number of report issued by that Service:
9.	Concise description:
	Category of filament lamp:
	Rated voltage:

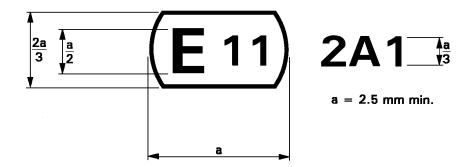
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Distinguishing number of the country which has granted/extended/refused/withdrawn approval (see approval provisions in the Regulation).

<sup>2</sup> Strike out what does not apply.

	Rated wattage:
	Colour of the light emitted: White/selective-yellow/amber/red <sup>2</sup>
	Colour coating on glass bulb: yes/no <sup>2</sup>
	Halogen filament lamp: yes/no <sup>2</sup>
10.	Position of the approval mark:
11.	Reason(s) for extension (if applicable):
12.	Approval granted/refused/extended/withdrawn <sup>2</sup> :
13.	Place:
14.	Date:
15.	Signature:
16.	The following documents, bearing the approval mark shown above, are available on request:

# Example of the arrangement of the approval mark

(see paragraph 2.4.3.)



The above approval mark affixed to a filament lamp indicates that the lamp has been approved in the United Kingdom (E11) under the approval code A1.

The first character of the approval code indicates that the approval was granted in accordance with the requirements of Regulation No. 37 as amended by the 02 and 03\* series of amendments.

<sup>\*</sup> Not requiring changes in the approval number.

# Luminous centre and shapes of filament lamps

Save as possibly otherwise stated on the filament lamp data sheets, this standard is applicable to the determination of the luminous centre of different filament shapes.

The position of the luminous centre depends upon the filament shape.

No.	Filament shapes	Observations
1	b/2 b	With $b > 1.5$ h, the deviation of the filament axis with respect to a plane normal to the reference axis shall not exceed $15^{\circ}$
2	b/2 b	Only applicable to filaments which can be inscribed in a rectangle of b > 3h.
3	- b/2 b	Applicable to filaments which can be inscribed in a rectangle of $b \le 3h$ , whereby, however, $k < 2h$ .

The side lines of the circumscribed rectangles in Nos. 2 and 3 are parallel and perpendicular, respectively, to the reference axis.

The luminous centre is the intersection of the dash-dot lines.

The drawings are intended only to demonstrate the essential dimensions.

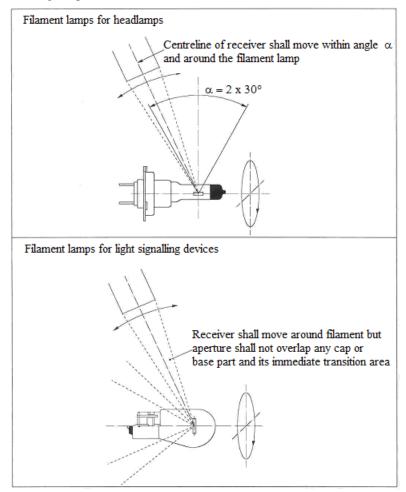
# **Checking the colour of filament lamps**

- 1. General
- 1.1. Measurements shall be made on finished lamps. Filament lamps with secondary (outer) bulb acting as colour filter shall be handled as filament lamp with primary bulb.
- 1.2. Tests shall be made at an ambient temperature of 23  $^{\circ}$ C  $\pm$  5  $^{\circ}$ C.
- 1.3. Tests shall be made at test voltage(s) as specified in the relevant lamp data sheet.
- 1.4. Filament lamps shall be measured preferably in the normal operating position. In case of dual filament lamps the high wattage (major or driving beam) filament shall be operated only.
- 1.5. Before starting a test, the stabilisation of the temperature of the filament lamp shall be obtained by operating at test voltage for 10 minutes. In the case of filament lamps, for which more than one test voltage is specified, the relevant test voltage value shall be used for achieving stabilization.
- 2. Colour
- 2.1. Colour tests shall be made with a measuring system that determines CIE trichromatic co-ordinates of the received light with an accuracy of  $\pm 0.002$ .
- 2.2. The trichromatic coordinates shall be measured with a colourimetric receiver integrating over a right circular cone subtending an angle of minimum 5° and maximum 15°, at the centre of the filament.
- 2.3. Measuring directions (see the figure below).
- 2.3.1. Initially, the receiver shall be positioned perpendicular to the lamp axis and to the filament axis (or plane in case of a curved filament). After measurement the receiver shall be moved around the filament lamp in bi-directional steps of about 30° until the area specified in paragraphs 2.3.2. or 2.3.3. is covered. In each position a measurement shall be made. However, no measurement shall be made when:
  - (a) The centreline of the receiver coincides with the filament axis; or
  - (b) The line of sight between the receiver and the filament is blocked by opaque (non-transmitting) parts of the light source, such as lead wires or a second filament, if any.
- 2.3.2. For filament lamps used in headlamps, measurements shall be made in directions around the filament lamp with the centreline of the receiver aperture located within an angle  $\pm 30^{\circ}$ , from the plane perpendicular to the lamp axis with the origin in the centre of the filament. In case of filament lamps with two filaments, the centre of the driving beam filament shall be taken.

- 2.3.3. For filament lamps used in light signalling devices, measurements shall be made in directions around the filament lamp with exception of:
  - (a) The area claimed or covered by the cap of the filament lamp; and
  - (b) The immediate transition area along the cap.

In case of filament lamps with two filaments, the centre of the major filament shall be taken.

Figure illustrating the positions of colourimetric receiver



# Minimum requirements for quality control procedures by the manufacturer

#### 1. General

The conformity requirements shall be considered satisfied from a photometric, geometrical, visual and electrical standpoint if the specified tolerances for production filament lamps in the relevant data sheet of Annex 1 and the relevant data sheet for the caps are met.

2. Minimum requirements for verification of conformity by the manufacturer

For each type of filament lamp the manufacturer or the holder of the approval mark shall carry out tests, in accordance with the provisions of this Regulation, at appropriate intervals.

2.1. Nature of tests

Tests of conformity of these specifications shall cover their photometric, geometrical and optical characteristics.

- 2.2. Methods used in tests
- 2.2.1. Tests shall generally be carried out in accordance with the methods set out in this Regulation.
- 2.2.2. The application of paragraph 2.2.1. requires regular calibration of test apparatus and its correlation with measurements made by a competent authority.
- 2.3. Nature of sampling

Samples of filament lamps shall be selected at random from the production of a uniform batch. A uniform batch means a set of filament lamps of the same type, defined according to the production methods of the manufacturer.

2.4. Inspected and recorded characteristics

The filament lamps shall be inspected and test results recorded following the grouping of characteristics as listed in Annex 7, Table 1.

2.5. Criteria governing acceptability

The manufacturer or the holder of approval is responsible for carrying out a statistical study of the test results in order to meet the specifications laid down for verification of conformity of production in paragraph 4.1. of this Regulation.

Compliance shall be assured if the level of acceptable non-compliance per grouping of characteristics given in Table 1 of Annex 7 is not exceeded. This means that the number of filament lamps not complying with the requirement for any grouping of characteristics of any filament lamp type does not exceed the qualifying limits in the relevant Tables 2, 3 or 4 of Annex 7.

*Note:* Each individual filament lamp requirement shall be considered as a characteristic.

# Sampling and compliance levels for manufacturer test records

Table 1
Characteristics

Characteristics	1	I	
Grouping of characteristics	Grouping*of test records between lamp types	Minimum 12 monthly sample per grouping*	Acceptable level of non- compliance per grouping of characteristics (%)
Marking, legibility and durability	All types with the same external dimensions	315	1
Bulb quality	All types with the same bulb	315	1
Colour of the bulb	All types (emitting red and amber light) of the same category and colour technology	20	1
External lamp dimensions (excluding cap/base)	All types of the same category	200	1
Dimensions of caps and bases	All types of the same category	200	6.5
Dimensions related to internal elements**	All lamps of one type	200	6.5
Initial readings, watts and lumens**	All lamps of one type	200	1
Colour endurance test	All lamps (emitting red, amber and white light) of one colour coating technology	20***	1

<sup>\*</sup> The assessment shall in general cover series production filament lamps from individual factories. A manufacturer may group together records concerning the same type from several factories, provided these operate under the same quality system and quality management.

<sup>\*\*</sup> In case a filament lamp has more than one inner element (filament, shield) the grouping of characteristics (dimensions, watts, lumens) applies to each element separately.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Representative distribution over categories of lamps using the same colour coating technology and finishing, and that comprises lamps of the smallest and the largest diameter of the outer bulb, each at the highest rated wattage.

Qualifying limits for acceptance based on different numbers of test results for each grouping of characteristics are listed in Table 2 as maximum number of non-compliance. The limits are based on an acceptable level of 1 per cent of non-compliance, assuming an acceptance probability of at least 0.95.

Table 2\*

Number of test results of each characteristics	Qualifying limits for acceptance
20	0
21 - 50	1
51 - 80	2
81 - 125	3
126 - 200	5
201 - 260	6
261 - 315	7
316 - 370	8
371 - 435	9
436 - 500	10
501 - 570	11
571 - 645	12
646 - 720	13
721 - 800	14
801 - 860	15
861 - 920	16
921 - 990	17
991 - 1,060	18
1,061 - 1,125	19
1,126 - 1,190	20
1,191 - 1,249	21

<sup>\*</sup> In accordance with ISO 2859-1:1999 "Sampling procedures for inspection by attributes - Part 1: Sampling schemes indexed by acceptance quality limit (AQL) for lot-by-lot inspection" including Technical Corrigendum 1:2001.

Qualifying limits for acceptance based on different numbers of test results for each grouping of characteristics are listed in Table 3 given as maximum number of non-compliance. The limits are based on an acceptable level of 6.5 per cent of non-compliance, assuming an acceptance probability of at least 0.95.

Table 3

Table 3					1
Number of lamps in	Qualifying	Number of lamps in	Qualifying	Number of lamps in	Qualifying
records	Quanying limit	records	Quanying limit	records	limit
- 200	21	541 - 553	47	894 - 907	73
201 - 213	22	554 - 567	48	908 - 920	74
214 - 227	23	568 - 580	49	921 - 934	75
228 - 240	24	581 - 594	50	935 - 948	76
241 - 254	25	595 - 608	51	949 - 961	77
255 - 268	26	609 - 621	52	962 - 975	78
269 - 281	27	622 - 635	53	976 - 988	79
282 - 295	28	636 - 648	54	989 - 1,002	80
296 - 308	29	649 - 662	55	1,003 -,1016	81
309 - 322	30	663 - 676	56	1,017 - 1,029	82
323 - 336	31	677 - 689	57	1,030 - 1,043	83
337 - 349	32	690 - 703	58	1,044 - 1,056	84
350 - 363	33	704 - 716	59	1,057 - 1,070	85
364 - 376	34	717 - 730	60	1,071 - 1,084	86
377 - 390	35	731 - 744	61	1,085 - 1,097	87
391 - 404	36	745 - 757	62	1,098 - 1,111	88
405 - 417	37	758 - 771	63	1,112 - 1,124	89
418 - 431	38	772 - 784	64	1,125 - 1,138	90
432 - 444	39	785 - 798	65	1,139 - 1,152	91
445 - 458	40	799 - 812	66	1,153 - 1,165	92
459 - 472	41	813 - 825	67	1,166 - 1,179	93
473 - 485	42	826 - 839	68	1,180 - 1,192	94
486 - 499	43	840 - 852	69	1,193 - 1,206	95
500 - 512	44	853 - 866	70	1,207 - 1,220	96
513 - 526	45	867 - 880	71	1,221 - 1,233	97
527 - 540	46	881 - 893	72	1,234 - 1,249	98

Qualifying limits for acceptance based on different numbers of test results for each grouping of characteristics are listed in Table 4 given as a percentage of the results, assuming an acceptance probability of at least 0.95.

Table 4

Number of test results of each characteristic	Qualifying limits shown as a percentage of results. Acceptable level of 1% of non- compliance	Qualifying limits shown as a percentage of results. Acceptable level of 6.5% of non- compliance
1,250	1.68	7.91
2,000	1.52	7.61
4,000	1.37	7.29
6,000	1.30	7.15
8,000	1.26	7.06
10,000	1.23	7.00
20,000	1.16	6.85
40,000	1.12	6.75
80,000	1.09	6.68
100,000	1.08	6.65
1,000,000	1.02	6.55

# Minimum requirements for spot checks by the Type Approval Authority

#### 1. General

The conformity requirements shall be considered satisfied from a photometric, geometrical, visual and electrical standpoint if the specified tolerances for production filament lamps in the relevant data sheet of Annex 1 and the relevant data sheet for the caps are met.

- 2. The conformity of mass-produced filament lamps shall not be contested if the results are in agreement with Annex 9 to this Regulation.
- 3. Conformity shall be contested and the manufacturer requested to make the production meet the requirements if the results are not in agreement with Annex 9 to this Regulation.
- 4. If paragraph 3 of this annex is applied, a further sample of 250 filament lamps, selected at random from a recent production run, shall be taken within two months.

# Compliance approved by spot check

Compliance approved or disapproved shall be decided according to the values in Table 1. For each grouping of characteristics filament lamps shall be either accepted or rejected according to the values in Table 1\*.

Table 1

	1 %**		6.5 %**	
	Accept	Reject	Accept	Reject
First sample size: 125	2	5	11	16
If the number of non-conforming units is greater than 2 (11) and less than 5 (16) take a second sample size of 125 and assess the 250	6	7	26	27

<sup>\*</sup> The proposed scheme is designed to assess the compliance of filament lamps to an acceptance level of non-compliance of 1 per cent and 6.5 per cent respectively and is based on the Double Sampling Plan for Normal Inspection in IEC Publication 60410: Sampling Plans and Procedures for Inspection by Attributes.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The filament lamps shall be inspected and test results recorded following the grouping of characteristics as listed in Annex 7, Table 1.