I. Request for a mandate to amend UN GTR No. 2 and to develop new UN GTRs and UN Regulations in the area of Environmental and Propulsion Performance Requirements (EPPR) for light vehicles

A. Objectives

1. The objective of this proposal is to establish amendments to UN Global Technical Regulation (UN GTR) No. 2 (Worldwide harmonized Motorcycle emissions Certification/test procedure (WMTC)) with respect to environmental and propulsion performance requirements, currently only applicable for two-wheel motorcycles in the framework of the 1998 Global Agreement. If the scope and purpose of UN GTR No. 2 is not considered to be appropriate it will be proposed to amend the scope and purpose or develop new UN GTRs making reference to the relevant parts of UN GTR No. 2.

2. The objective is to develop requirements and/or test procedures under the 1998 agreement, and create synergies with the 1958 agreement UN regulations. Where possible, develop common requirements in the form of one or more UN Regulations and one or more UN GTRs;

3. To exchange information on current and future regulatory requirements in the area of environmental and propulsion performance requirements for light vehicles, e.g. “category 3 vehicles” or “L-category vehicles”;

4. To minimize the differences between these regulatory requirements, with a view towards facilitating the development of light vehicles to comply with such internationally harmonised requirements;

5. Assessing the coherency with other regulatory requirements and groups, such as those regarding Worldwide harmonized Light vehicles Test Procedure (WLTP) and Electric Vehicles and the Environment (EVE).

B. Introduction

6. The proposal for setting up an informal working group regarding environmental and propulsion performance requirements (EPPR) for light vehicles operating under GRPE came at the initiative of the European Union, represented by the European Commission, DG Enterprise and Industry. The intention of setting up the group was announced during the GRPE meetings in January and June 2012 and in the WP.29 plenary session in June 2012. A mandate to start the activities in the EPPR informal group was endorsed by the World Forum for Harmonization of Vehicle Regulations (WP.29), in its November session 2012. The group had its first meeting in January 2013.

7. The working group is established under both the 1958 and 1998 Agreements to create the basis for the possible development of UN Regulations and UN GTRs in the area of EPPR. All global partners are invited to join the group and share experiences regarding setting relevant regulatory requirements as well as from the market.

8. The group should aim to replicate the successful approach of the UN GTR No 2 subgroup operating under GRPE, which facilitated an exchange of information among participants when each party had domestic regulatory requirements for an emission laboratory test cycle to measure exhaust gas emissions from a motorcycle after cold start. In
2011 a unique event took place in which contracting parties endorsed amendment 2 to UN GTR No. 2 putting forward global exhaust gas emission limit values for the type I emissions test for motorcycles (WMTC). Building on this success the process of international collaboration should continue to further harmonise requirements in the area of EPPR for the whole range of light vehicles.

9. The group will furthermore review technical progress of current and near future powertrain technology, including e.g. electrified powertrains and different fuel types and develop appropriate requirements for such technical progress.

C. Areas of work in the working group

10. The main activities of the group are proposed to be focusing on revising or establishing the following environmental performance verification test types:

I. Tailpipe emissions test after cold start;
II. Tailpipe emissions test at (increased) idle / free acceleration test;
III. Emission test of crankcase gases;
IV. Evaporative emissions test;
V. Durability testing of pollution control devices;
(VI) (Cold ambient emissions. This test type is considered out of scope)
VII. Measurement of CO2 emissions, fuel consumption, electric energy consumption and electric range determination;
VIII. On-board diagnostics environmental verification tests.

11. In addition the group should assess and develop propulsion performance requirements for conventional vehicles equipped with combustion engines only as well as for advanced concepts such as electric and hybrid electric powertrains. Unified rules and test procedures to measure power and torque for this wide range of propulsion technologies fitted on light vehicles as well as unified measurement of maximum design vehicle speed and/or power for restricted light vehicles should be developed and agreed upon.

12. For both environmental and propulsion performance requirements all possible fuels should be taken into consideration: petrol, petrol-ethanol mixtures, diesel, biodiesel but also gaseous fuels such as CNG, LPG, Hydrogen and their blends.

13. In addition it should be assessed whether ‘light vehicle’ classification can be further optimised and refined.

D. Existing regulations and directives

14. A stocktake of the regional regulations and directives applicable to L-category vehicles as well as UN Regulations Nos. 40, 47, 68, 83, 85, 101, UN GTR No. 2 and the work in progress regarding the world harmonised test protocol for light duty vehicles (WLTP) should be a first step on which the group could base its work.

15. For this purpose, a study is on-going and the result will be presented and discussed within the EPPR working group.
E. Timeline

16. The plan is based on the draft roadmap and will regularly be reviewed and updated to reflect the latest situation on progress and the feasibility of the timeline.

- **4-7 June 2013**: GRPE (66th session) official meeting of the informal working group. Presentation of roadmap and related programme management items to GRPE submitted for adoption.

- **12-15 November 2013**: World Forum for Harmonization of Vehicle Regulations (161th session of WP.29), adoption of GRPE decision regarding the roadmap and related programme management items.

- **2013-2016**: meetings of the working group, regularly reporting to GRPE and the Administrative Committees.

- **Jan 2016**: presentation of a final report as an informal document at GRPE.

- **2016**: possible adoption of UN Regulation(s) and Global Technical Regulation(s), with respective amendments.