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Group of Experts on Legal Aspects of the Computerization of the TIR Procedure

Third session

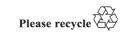
Geneva, 12-13 December 2017 Item 4 of the provisional agenda Identification of the holder and verification of the integrity of electronic data interchange messages

Identification of the holder and verification of the integrity of electronic data interchange messages

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I. Current threats to information security (automatic processing)

Threat	Attack	Time of attack	Location of object attacked	Location of attacker	Threat code
Alteration of electronic documents	Software change	Outside of run-time	Any LAN station	Same LAN station	I1
locuments				Any LAN station → Server (through LOGIN SCRIPT)	
			Mail server	Mail server	
				Any LAN station	
			Server	Any LAN station	
	Incorrect entry of electronic	During run-time	Any LAN station	Same LAN station	I2
	documents			Any LAN station → Server (through LOGIN SCRIPT)	
	Malware	During run-time		Same LAN station	I3
				Any LAN station → Server (through LOGIN SCRIPT)	
			Mail server	Mail server	
				Any LAN station	
			Server	Any LAN station	
	Interception of electronic documents	During run-time	Server	Any LAN station	I4
		During data exchange	Network	Intermediate nodes	I5
			Modem	Intermediate nodes	

Threat	Attack	Time of attack	Location of object attacked	Location of attacker	Threat code
Entry of non-existent	Software change	Outside of run-time	Any LAN station	Same LAN station	I1
electronic document				Any LAN station → Server (through LOGIN SCRIPT)	
			Mail server	Mail server	
				Any LAN station	
			Server	Any LAN station	
	Malware	During run-time	Any LAN station	Same LAN station	I3
				Any LAN station → Server (through LOGIN SCRIPT)	
			Mail server	Mail server	
				Any LAN station	
			Server	Any LAN station	
	Manual entry	During run-time	Server	Any LAN station	I6
			Mail server	Mail server	
				Any LAN station	
			LAN	Any LAN station	
		During data exchange	Network	Intermediate nodes	I7
			Modem	Intermediate nodes	
Breach of confidentiality	Software change	Same as previous case			
of electronic documents	Malware				
	Monitoring of screen	During run-time	Any LAN station	Any LAN station	I8
			Mail server	Mail server	

Threat	Attack	Time of attack	Location of object attacked	Location of attacker	Threat code
Unauthorized access to	Unauthorized access	Outside of run-time	Any LAN station	Same LAN station	I13
electronic document management system				Any LAN station → Server (through LOGIN SCRIPT)	
			Mail server	Mail server	
				Any LAN station	
			Server	Any LAN station	
			Any LAN station	From external network (Internet)	
Unauthorized access to	Unauthorized access to	During run-time	LAN	Any network station	I14
data transfer channel	channel	During data exchange	Data transfer network	Intermediate node	I15
			Modem		
External network attack	External network attack	Outside of run-time	Server		I18
			Network station		
			Modem		
			Router		
Malfunction of system	Software change, change to configuration of equipment, malware		Anywhere	Anywhere	I17
Unauthorized router configuration	Unauthorized router configuration	Outside of run-time	Routers	Anywhere in network	I18

Security measures Organizational Physical **Technical** Code1. Instructions for changing software configuration I1 1. Restricted access to premises 1. Ban on downloads to automated workstations from external discs 2. User instructions 2. Physical protection for premises 2. Protection against modification of executable files 3. Assign responsibility for contravening regulations 3. Closed environment for program execution for each system user 4. Instructions for changing user permissions 4. Periodic check of integrity of executable files and software settings 5. Use of electronic signatures 6. Event logging 1. Data input validation 12 None 1. Data input validation (using software) 2. Check on document transmission 2. Check on document transmission (using software) 3. Event logging 3. User instructions 4. Assign responsibility for contravening regulations 13 1. Instructions for changing software configuration 1. Restricted access to premises 1. Ban on downloads to automated workstations from external discs 2. User instructions 2. Physical protection of premises 2. Protection against modification of executable files 3. Assign responsibility for contravening regulations 3. Closed environment for program execution for each system user 4. Periodic checking of system integrity 5. Event logging 6. Attack alerts I4 1. Instructions for changing software configuration 1. Restricted access to premises 1. Restricted access to server by media access control address 2. User instructions 2. Authorized access to server only from protected workstations 2. Physical protection of premises 3. Assign responsibility for contravening regulations 3. Ban on simultaneous access to server by users with the same name 4. Instructions for changing user permissions 4. Data conversion 5. Protection of server console 6. Event logging 7. Attack alerts

6

	Security measures			
Code		Physical	Technical	
15	1. Agreement with external organization	 Restricted access to premises Physical protection of premises 	 Data conversion Use of electronic signatures Time control (time-out) 	
I6	 Instructions for changing user permissions User instructions Assign responsibility for contravening regulations 	Isolation of protected system from other systems	 Restricted access to personal computer (PC), server, etc. Authorized access to server only from protected workstations Restricted access to server by media access control (MAC) address Ban on simultaneous access to server by users with the same name Event logging Attack alerts 	
17	1. Agreement with external organization	 Controlled access to premises Physical protection of premises 	 Use of electronic signatures Data conversion Handshaking Time control (time-out) 	
18	 User instructions Assign responsibility for contravening regulations 	 Controlled access to premises Physical protection of premises 	 Screen saver Restricted access to PC Controlled access to PC 	
I9	 User instructions Assign responsibility for contravening regulations 	 Controlled access to premises Physical protection of premises 	 Restricted access to server by MAC address Authorized access to server only from protected workstations Ban on simultaneous access to server by users with the same name Data conversion Protection of server console Event logging Attack alerts 	
I10	 Agreement with external organization Archive electronic documents 	 Controlled access to premises Physical protection of premises 	 Event logging Use of electronic signatures 	

		Security measures	
Code	Organizational	Physical	Technical
I11	 User instructions Assign responsibility for contravening regulations 	Isolation of protected system from other systems	Restricted access to PC
			2. Controlled access to PC
			3. Event logging
			4. Attack alerts
I12	1. User instructions	1. Isolation of protected system	1. Handshaking
	2. Assign responsibility for contravening regulations	from other systems	2. Electronic signatures
	3. Archiving of electronic documents		3. Time control (time-out)
			4. Event logging
I13	1. User instructions	1. Controlled access to premises	1. Restricted access to PC, server
	2. Assign responsibility for contravening regulations	2. Physical protection of premises	2. Controlled user access to PC, server
	3. Instructions on using information security tools to		3. Event logging
	prevent unauthorized access	from other systems	4. Screen saver
	Restrictions on persons with router configuration rights		5. Change standard security system administrator name
			6. Authorize work on network by only one security system administrator or network administrator
			7. Owners of all executable files in system and critical setups must be security system administrators
			8. Attack alerts
			9. Firewalls; antivirus programs
			10. Use of all built-in router security features
I14	1. User instructions	1. Protection of cable system	1. Encryption
	2. Assign responsibility for contravening regulations		
I15	1. User instructions	1. Protection of cable system	1. Encryption
	2. Assign responsibility for contravening regulations		

	Security measures		
Code		Physical	Technical
I16	 User instructions Assign responsibility for contravening regulations 	 Controlled access to premises Physical protection of premises 	 Restricted access to electronic document archives Backups Antivirus software
I17	All measures	All measures	All measures
118	 Instructions on using data transmission channels Agreement with external organization User instructions Assign responsibility for contravening regulations 		 Restrict the number of data transmission channels used PCs with access to electronic document system physically isolated from Internet Restricted access to PC with modem Event logging Attack alerts Firewalls Use of all built-in router security features

III. Informal model of an attacker

Attacker — a person who attempts to carry out prohibited operations or actions, either by mistake, through ignorance or knowingly, either with fraudulent intent (ulterior motives), or without (for fun or for pleasure, for self-affirmation, etc.), making use of various possibilities, methods and means.

The security system should be built taking account of the following assumptions concerning the possible types of persons who might break the security regulations:

- (a) "Inexperienced (careless) user" staff member of an organization who may attempt to carry out prohibited operations, access protected automated system resources not permitted to him/her, input incorrect data, etc., by mistake, through incompetence or negligence, without fraudulent intent and using only in-house (accessible to him/her) hardware and software.
- (b) "Amateur" staff member of an organization trying to bypass the security system without ulterior motives, for self-affirmation ("for fun"). To bypass the security system and carry out prohibited actions, he/she may make use of various methods to acquire additional permissions for access to resources (names, passwords, etc. of other users), exploit inadequacies in the construction of the security system and in-house (installed on the work station) programs (unauthorized actions going beyond his/her authorization level). He/she may also try to use additional non-in-house tools and technology (debuggers, service utilities), independently developed programs or standard additional hardware.
- (c) "External attacker (intruder)" third party individual or staff member of the organization acting directly with ulterior motives or out of curiosity or "for fun", possibly in collusion with other persons. He/she may use a whole range of methods and means characteristic of general networks (X.25 network or IP-based networks) to crack security systems, including remote input of malware and the use of special hardware and software to exploit weaknesses in the automated system network node security system.
- (d) "Internal intruder" staff member of an organization acting intentionally from ulterior motives or revenge for offence caused, possibly in collusion with persons who are not staff members of the organization. He/she may use a whole range of methods and means to break through security systems, including secret methods for obtaining the necessary access, passive methods (interception hardware without modification of system components), active methods and means (modification of hardware, logging into data transmission channels, uploading malware and using special software development tools and throw-away programs), and combinations of them from both within and outside the organization, that is, from the public network.

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