

Annex V

Proposed goal 15. Enhance sustainable management of *forests, mountains, land and other terrestrial ecosystems* and halt all biodiversity loss

Target 1. By 2030, ensure sustainable management of all types of forests *and trees outside forests*, and of mountain ecosystems (15.4 in the current negotiating document)

This target covers the main elements contained under the following remaining targets:

- *increase the socio-economic benefits generated by forests and trees, and by mountain areas and ensure fair and equitable sharing of these benefits including by payment of environmental services* (15.7);
- end poaching and trafficking of endangered species, and end demand and supply of illegal *timber and wildlife products* (15.8);
- introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems, and by 2020 control or eliminate the priority invasive species (15.9);
- ensure free prior informed consent of indigenous peoples and local communities in decision making and natural resources management, and promote the use of their traditional knowledge (15.10); and
- integrate natural resources including *forests and biodiversity values* into national and local planning, development processes, and national accounts (15.11).

Target 2. By 2030 reverse the loss of and enhance forest cover worldwide including through increased protection, afforestation and reforestation ~~including by providing adequate incentives for developing countries~~ (15.5)

This target covers the main elements contained under the following remaining targets:

- by 2020 ensure *sustainable management including conservation and sustainable use of ecosystems, with particular attention to forests and wetlands, including through restoration of at least 15 per cent of degraded ecosystems* (15.2);
- end poaching and trafficking of endangered species, and end demand and supply of illegal *timber and wildlife products* (15.8); and
- integrate natural resources including *forests and biodiversity values* into national and local planning, development processes, and accounts (15.11).

Target 3. By 2030 halt the loss of all biodiversity (15.1)

This target covers the main elements contained under the following remaining targets:

- maintain genetic diversity of both cultivated plants, farmed and domesticated animals and their wild relatives including through effective cooperation of national institutions (15.3);
- end poaching and trafficking of endangered species, and end demand and supply of illegal *timber and wildlife products* (15.8);
- introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems, and by 2020 control or eliminate the priority

invasive species (15.9);

- ensure free prior informed consent of indigenous peoples and local communities in decision making and natural resources management, and promote the use of their traditional knowledge (15.10); and

- integrate natural resources including *forests and* biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, and accounts (15.11).

Target 4. By 2030, halt and prevent land degradation, reclaim land affected by desertification and drought, and improve land productivity and soil quality (15.6)

This target covers the main elements contained under the following remaining targets:

- by 2020 ensure *sustainable management including* conservation and sustainable use of ecosystems, with particular attention to *forests and* wetlands, including through restoration of at least 15 per cent of degraded ecosystems (15.2);

- introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems, and by 2020 control or eliminate the priority invasive species (15.9);

- ensure free prior informed consent of indigenous peoples and local communities in decision making and natural resources management, and promote the use of their traditional knowledge (15.10); and

- integrate natural resources including *forests and* biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, and accounts (15.11).