Constitutional change, 2006

• The State will have a National System of Statistical and Geographical Information. Its data will be official in all the territory.

• The responsibility to coordinate the System belongs to an Institution with technical and managerial autonomy, legal personality and patrimony on its own, with the necessary empowerment to rule the capturing, processing and disseminating of the information and its observance.
New National System Law, 2008

The new law was the result of the need to coordinate and regulate the production and integration of statistical and geographic information in Mexico.

• To generate compatible information, with a common language, with norms, methodologies, classifications, concepts and harmonized definitions.

• Using the highest international standards and searching the comparability and adherence to international frameworks.

• To promote the statistical and geographical culture.
The Aim of the National System

• To provide the society and the Government with timely, truthful, accurate and high quality information to contribute to National Development.

• Mission: to provide timely information of the national interest to society through coordination among the members of the System and the general adoption of national and international standards.
The National System of Statistical and Geographical Information (SNIEG) is a set of units organized through the subsystems, coordinated by INEGI and articulated by means of the National Information Network, in order to produce and spread Information of National Interest.
Subsystems

Purpose:
- Produce
- Integrate
- Disseminate

information of national interest in the matters within its competence

• Government, Public Safety and Justice Administration
• Demographic and Social Subsystem
• Economic Subsystem
• Geographical and Environmental Subsystem

SNEIG
SNIEG’s Law

INEGI, as the coordinating central unit of the System, regulates the operation and coordinates the SNIEG and promotes actions for its efficient operation.

SNIEG’s law is very clear about the needs of regulation, to ensure high quality in everything that is done, production and integration of information must adhere to the highest standards.

INEGI has the faculty to propose… technical standards and indicators (taking into consideration the national and international standards and best practices) …which will be periodically reviewed by international organizations at least every eight years.
Regulaciones para la coordinación.

Public Service of Information.

Technical
Regulation for coordination

- Subsystems
- Working Groups
- State Committee
- Technical Specialized Committee
- Executive Committee
Regulation for the Public Service of Information

- Manage
- Share
- Disseminate
- Market
- Update
- Protect
Technical regulations

Technical standards and methodologies (Article 57).

International and national standards (Article 30, 33, 54, 55, 57).

Issue guidelines for publishing methodologies and technical specifications (Article 89).

Metadata and Evolution (Article 88).

Discussion of new methodologies (Article 88).

Best practices while still not be available standards (Article 30, 32, 55, 57, 100).
Challenges

1. The progress is very slowly.
2. It is necessary to promote the regulation policy and encourage the adoption of standards.
3. Not sufficiently clear or developed the mechanisms to resolve differences.
Thank you.

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