Management of CAPI and CATI at the Labour Force Survey

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Labour Force Survey in Israel

- Main survey performed by the ICBS among households
- Used for ongoing tracking of the developments in the Israeli labour force, its size, characteristics, etc.
- A monthly panel survey - 18,000 dwellings sampled each year (12 panels)
- Each panel is surveyed 8 times
LFS Process for each sampled unit

1....
2....
3....
4...
5...
6...
7...
8...

1-8 months
Data collection facilities

Collection centre for field data – 3 offices
Collection centre for telephone data – Jerusalem

- Questionnaire - Blaise 4.8
- The interviewer's management - Maniplus
- The supervisor’s management system - .Net
- The overall management - .Net
- CATI Management - Blaise CATI Management + management system - .Net
Mix Mode Method

Maximum quality at minimum costs

Face to Face interview in the 1st wave allows:
- Correct identification of the dwelling
- Exclusion of ineligible cases
- Verifying personal demographic data
- Developing rapport with respondents
- Reducing refusals
- Getting telephone number

Following waves – CATI:
- Dependent interviewing
- Low field work cost
Management System

The flexibility of the management system allows applying Responsive Design

Applying an interview method in response to the results of the fieldwork
The need for a multi-mode method also within waves

1st wave is mainly face-to-face interviews. In case of:
- Lack of time
- Remote places
- Shortage of interviewers
- Other reasons (language, weather, security)

2nd-8th waves are telephone interviews. In case of:
- No telephone #
Mix Mode Method: Special considerations

- The responsibility is divided between CAPI interviewers and CATI interviewers
- Document fieldwork effort and result for each wave
- Transferring documentation to the next wave
Thank you