SESSION 2. National strategies and plans for measuring SDGs

Developing NSO work plans related to SDGs

Expert meeting on statistics for Sustainable Development Goals
10 - 12 April 2017  Geneva

Main steps for the work plans

- Challenges, NSO key role and Commitment
- Partnership
- common effort among NSOs also for technical cooperation
- Strategic priorities, What is already produced and what can be in the near future
- Share information within the NSS and NSO governance
- Value of GAP and Regional Road Map

Awareness  Feedback
Cooperation  Planning
The challenges of SDGs: key role of NSO

Cape Town Global Action Plan

• Clear coordination role of NSI
  • Commitment within the NSS
  NSIs play a central role to support the development and advancement of the capacity of statistical systems

 build sustainable capacity
 develop skills to meet the challenges of modernization, compliance with European/international standards” and “with increasing demand for high quality data”

Share information and feedbacks

Istat President’s Steering Committee: Report on international activities on SDGs and progresses achieved to Department/Directorate to enhance technical coordination within the NSO and coordination within the NSS

Update information, hearing and specific presentation on the value of Global Action Plan and Roadmap at regional level and of planning of activities to
• the Governing Board
• the Policy-making and Co-ordinating Committee for Statistical information (Comstat)
• Committee for Protections of statistical information (Cogis)
Activities in National plans

Recognition of existing National framework equitable and sustainable well-being (BES) and the new framework of SDGs

- Find synergies and possible alignment
- Mapping available indicators
- Efforts on dissemination and communication
- Clear coordination role of Istat

Clear reference to equitable and sustainable well-being indicators adopted at international level in Italian Budget Law

• Committee for equitable and sustainable well-being indicators, in which Istat is member --> indicators for national plan document and policies evaluation

Every year a special report based on data provided by Istat, will be presented to the competent parliamentary committees

Planning in the NSS

Establishment of Thematic Focus Group on SDGs to develop specific activities in the National Statistical Program 2017-2019

Committee of users (CUIS)

SDGs in the National Statistical Program 2017-2019

• Integrated development Bes indicators and SDG in the context of policy evaluation
• Development and analysis of indicators of sustainable development (SDGs)
Istat has analyzed the indicators suggested by the Inter-Agency Expert Group on SDGs

- methodologically consistent mapping, to be integrated in collaboration with the various institutional actors, for follow-up, for sharing information, for defining and implementing the indicators to monitor the objectives.

The assessment allowed to select 95 indicators covering 66 SDGs indicators:
- 46 indicators coincide with those defined at the international level
- 39 are similar or partially similar
- 10 are integrated with other context “indicators” to provide additional elements useful for understanding and monitoring the target.

In December 2016 Istat presented for the first time the annual Report on equitable and sustainable well-being with a set of SDGs for each Goal and Target

New release with updated set of indicators in:
- May 2017
- December 2017
- and 2018

The way forward: concrete steps

Well-being and sustainability

Well-being and sustainability indicators play a growingly important role in guiding policies and in assessing the progress towards the Agenda 2030 targets, including the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) of the United Nations.

There are ten goals to achieve the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) by 2030. These goals focus on such topics as poverty eradication, gender equality, quality education, and sustainable cities. Each goal has specific indicators to monitor progress.

Goal 1: No poverty
Ensure income security, reduce poverty and inequality

Goal 2: Zero hunger
End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition, and promote sustainable agriculture

Goal 3: Good health and well-being
Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages

Goal 4: Quality education
Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all

Goal 5: Gender equality
Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls

Goal 6: Clean water and sanitation
Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all

Goal 7: Affordable and clean energy
Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all

Goal 8: Decent work and economic growth
Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all

Goal 9: Industry, innovation and infrastructure
Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation

Goal 10: Reduced inequalities
Reduce inequality within and among countries

Goal 11: Sustainable cities and communities
Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable

Goal 12: Responsible consumption and production
Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns

Goal 13: Climate action
Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts

Goal 14: Life below water
Conserve and sustainably use oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development

Goal 15: Life on land
Protect, restores and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss

Goal 16: Peace and justice
Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels

Goal 17: Partnerships
Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development
The way forward: future concrete steps

Information with description of the Targets and for each indicator:
Name of the indicator
Source- Istat/Other National Authority/Eurostat
Survey name
Possible link with BES indicator
Indicator Description
Taxonomy (Context indicator/ similar or partially similar)

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<tr>
<th>Goal 11</th>
<th>Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable</th>
<th>Name of Indicator English</th>
<th>Name of Indicator Italian</th>
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<tr>
<td>11.2.1</td>
<td>Proportion of parentage that has improvement access to quality transport, by sex, age and persons with disabilities Percentage di parentel che ha un accesso comodo al trasporto pubblico, per sesso, età e persone con disabilità</td>
<td>Istat</td>
<td>Multiscopo sulle famiglie: aspetti della vita quotidiana (PSN: IST-00204)</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015</td>
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- Households per difficulties of links with public transport means (**)
- Famiglie che dichiarano difficoltà di collegamento con mezzi pubblici nella zona in cui risiedono (per 100 famiglie con le stesse caratteristiche) (**)

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The way forward: future concrete steps

- Effort on initiatives to increase cooperation to support and enhance statistical capacity building in countries using NSOs expertise
- Recognition of expertise and role of NSOs in technical cooperation
- Building up new planning approach for cooperation based on a long term perspective
- Join efforts among NSOs
- Include also cooperation in the NSO plans

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