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FOR A STRONGER AND GREENER ECONOMY
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Energy Efficiency 21 Programme: An Effective Tool for Interdivisional Cooperation

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Committee on Housing and Land Management
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Committee on Sustainable Energy

- Energy Security Dialogue
- Working Party on Gas
- Gas Centre
- **Energy Efficiency 21 Programme**
- Group of Experts on Energy Efficiency Investments for Climate Change Mitigation
- Group of Experts on Global Energy Efficiency 21 (GEE21)
- Ad Hoc Group of Experts on Cleaner Electricity Production
- Ad Hoc Group of Experts on Coal Mine Methane (CMM)
- Group of Experts on Harmonization of Fossil Energy and Mineral Resources Terminology

Energy Efficiency 21 (EE21) Programme

- Launched in 1991 as Energy Efficiency 2000 – currently in the seventh three-year phase
- Enhance East-West Trade and Cooperation
- Environment – UNECE Conventions
- UNFCCC Kyoto Protocol
- Improve Capacities and Networking
- Energy Efficiency Policy Reforms
- Financing Energy Efficiency Investments

EE21 Programme Plan 2009-2012

Seventh 3-year phase of the Project

General Objective

To enhance regional cooperation on energy efficiency market formation and investment project development to reduce greenhouse gas emissions in economies in transition

Immediate Objectives

- **Objective 1: Accelerate regional networking** between national participating institutions and international partners by enhanced Internet communications.
- **Objective 2: Promote municipal level projects** to enable local and concrete Energy Efficiency development.
- **Objective 3: Develop and harmonize regional policies** and standards to introduce the economic, institutional and regulatory reforms needed.

23rd session of EE21 Steering Committee

- Reviewed implementation of the projects of EE21 Programme (2009-2012)
- Proposed continuation of existing projects and inclusion of new projects into eighth three-year phase of the EE21 Programme (2012-2015)
- Sub-regional, country-oriented and inter-regional projects
  - ✓ *Financing Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Investments for Climate Change Mitigation (FEEI)*
- Interdivisional cooperation activities
  - ✓ *Energy Efficiency in housing: the action plan for energy-efficient housing in the UNECE Region*

Third International Forum: Energy for Sustainable Development

Capacity building for energy efficiency and access to cleaner energy in Central Asia and neighbouring regions

- ✓ High-level round table with participation of ministers and officials of the government bodies;
- ✓ Two plenary sessions with keynote presentations and panel discussions: ***Session 2: Energy efficiency in buildings and in housing sector***;
- ✓ Four parallel workshops on the second day: ***Workshop 2: Energy Efficiency in Buildings***;
- ✓ More than 130 participants from 22 countries

Third International Forum:
Energy for Sustainable Development

The Forum focused on the following topics:

- Sustainable energy in Central Asia and neighbouring regions: current status, barriers and opportunities; the role of Governments and public sector in creating favourable environment for sustainable energy promotion;
- Energy efficiency in buildings and the housing sector: challenges, success cases and opportunities;
- Investments in energy efficiency and cleaner energy: ways to finance energy efficiency and cleaner energy projects;
- The role of the private sector in promoting cleaner energy options in Central Asia and neighbouring regions.

Third International Forum: Energy for Sustainable Development

The Resolution of the Forum was adopted, where, among others, the participants :

- *Recognize that improving energy efficiency in the housing sector, one of the most energy intensive sectors, with direct impact on households, may become one of the main directions of international cooperation due to the similarity of problems in this area faced by the countries of Central Asia and neighbouring regions as well as stable and reliable power supply of cities and other inhabited areas.*

- *Note a fast-paced urbanization in the region and related increase in energy consumption by cities, and subsequently, an important role of the cities in practical implementation of the energy conservation programmes and mitigating climate change impacts. Creating action plans on sustainable energy development by the governments and local authorities will help improving energy efficiency in the cities.*

Thank you for your attention!

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http://www.unece.org/energy/se/eneffic.html
http://feei.info/eng/background