

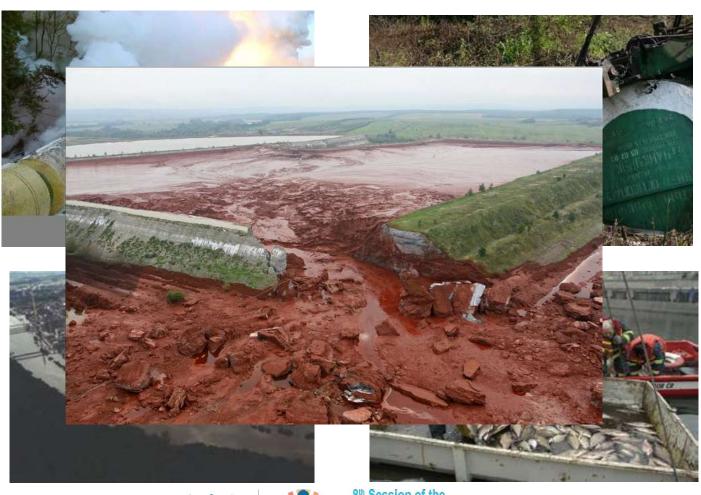
Joint Ad Hoc Expert Group on Water and Industrial Accidents

Progress achieved in the last 20 years

Péter Kovács

Ministry of Interior of Hungary/Co-chair of the JEG

Industrial Accidents and water





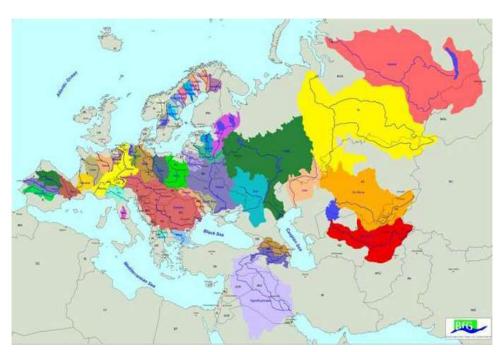
UNECE Convention on the Transboundary Effects of Industrial Accidents

- Adopted in 17 March
 1992 (Helsinki, Finland)
- Entered into force in 19 April 2000
- Now has 41 Parties, including EU, Russia, Caucasus and Central Asia





The Joint Expert Group (JEG)



JEG was established under the "Water"- and the "Industrial Accidents"- Conventions to work on issues related to the prevention of accidental water pollution which is of interest to both Conventions in 1998.

Co-Chairmenship "Water"Convention + "Industrial Accident" Convention



The Joint Expert Group (JEG)

- Cooperation between the Water and IA Conventions on issues related to accidental water pollution
- 7-9 May 1998 Workshop on the prevention of IA and limitation of their impact on transboundary waters
- 13-15 May 1998 7th Meeting of the Signatories to the Industrial Accidents Convention; proposal to establish a **joint ad hoc expert group on water and industrial accidents** under both Conventions
- Sep 1998 Endorsement of the proposal by the 1st Meeting of the Water Convention's Working Group on Water Management



Why JEG is important?

→ Lessons learnt

- Toxic Emissions over the Air-Path can have dramatic consequences for Man and Environment, however the effects are mainly on a local or regional scale
- Even small amounts of dangerous substances released into waters, can cause huge environmental damages, as the impact is far-reaching and often transboundary
- → Water and IAs Conventions provide a legal framework for addressing the risk of transboundary water pollution



Participating countries in JEG

Co-chairs:

Hungary-Switzerland, Hungary-Germany, Hungary-Romania, Hungary-Germany



Experts:

Armenia Macedonia

Austria Republic of Moldova

Azerbaijan The Netherlands

Belarus Poland

Croatia Romania

Czech Republic Russian Federation

Denmark Serbia
Finland Slovakia
Georgia Sweden
Germany Ukraine

Hungary

Italy Secretariat's

Kazakhstan ICPDR,

Kyrgyzstan



8th Session of the
MEETING OF THE PARTIES
TO THE WATER CONVENTION
10-12 OCTOBER 2018 | ASTANA | KAZAKHSTAN

JEG meetings

2001. Berlin

2002. Budapest

2003. Geneva

2003. Kaliningrad

2004. Budapest

2005. Geneva

2006. Geneva

2007. Yerevan

2008. Geneva

2011. Geneva

2011. Geneva

2014. Budapest

2015. Kiev

2016. Stockholm

2016. Dnipro

2017. Dnipro

2017. Slubice

2018. Tsaghkadzor



JEG meetings



Basis for JEG activities

Mission of JEG

- right assistance in organising exercises, workshops, seminars and conferences
- drawing up training materials
- In description of the conclusions and recommendations eg. the implementation of the conclusions and recommendations of the Hamburg, Sandosz seminar, pipeline safety, tailing management facilities (TMFs), checklist methodology, trainings, joint excercises

• Strategy for the JEG

- ➤ prepared by the co-chairs of the JEG in consultation with the Bureaux of the Water Convention and of the Industrial Accidents Convention
- rightharpoonup endorsed by the Meeting of the Parties in 2009



JEG activities in the past (1/3)

- support to the Working Group on Civil Liability in its drafting of the <u>Protocol on Civil Liability</u>
- reviewing the location criterion related to the water path contained in the <u>guidelines to facilitate the identification</u> <u>of hazardous activities</u> for the purposes of the Industrial Accidents Convention
- developing an inventory of existing safety guidelines and good practices for the prevention of accidental transboundary water pollution









JEG activities in the past (2/3)

- promoting international response exercises, including an international seminar on cooperation to prevent and respond to transboundary effects of industrial accidents
- developing safety guidelines for (off-site) pipelines --which resulted in adopted <u>guidelines</u> and included a <u>workshop on the prevention of water pollution due to</u> <u>pipeline accidents</u> (Berlin, 2005) and a <u>workshop on the</u> <u>prevention of accidents of gas transmission pipelines</u> (The Hague, Netherlands, 2006)









JEG activities in the past (2/3)

- drawing up guidelines and good practices for tailing dams -- which resulted in adopted <u>guidelines</u> and included a <u>workshop on the safety of tailing</u> <u>management facilities</u> (Yerevan, 2007)
- facilitating the exchange of information on the functioning of alarm and notification systems
- developing safety guidelines and good practices for crisis management on transboundary waters
- drafting guidelines for establishing model cross-border contingency plans













Timeline of the main guidances

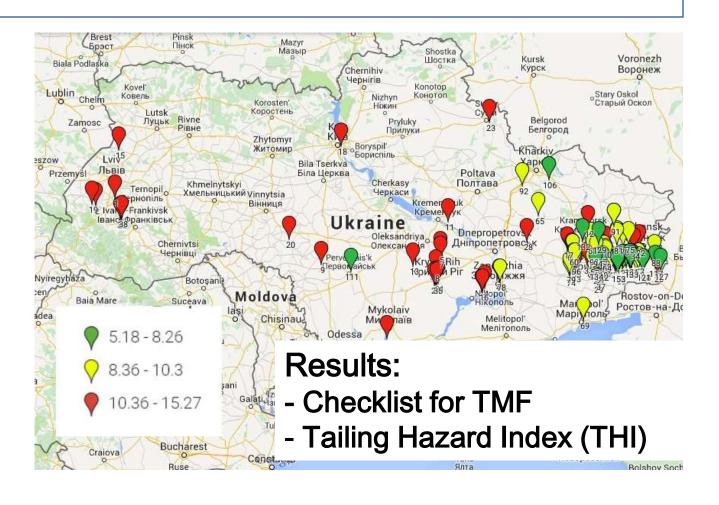


Other activities with JEG participation

- Cooperation with Universities "Raising the knowledge to the Safety of TMF" (2017)
- Safety of TMF in the Caucasian Region. On-site Trainings (TMF) and Analysis of Legal Deficiencies (Caucasus Region (authorities and operators)) ongoing
- JEG Cooperation with the International Commissions for the Protection of the Odra and Danube River
- Crisis management part of the Danube Delta Project (RO, MD, UA)
- Table Top and Response Exercise in the Danube Delta (2015)
- Training Programme for Inspectors (UA 2008)
- Safety Of Tailing Management Facilities (2007)
- Transboundary Risk Management at the Dniester River Basin (2006-09)
- Transboundary Cooperation for Hazard Prevention at the Kura River Catchment
- JEG Cooperation with UNECE WG Monitoring and Assessment
- UNECE-Seminar (2006)



Pilot Project: TMF in Ukraine

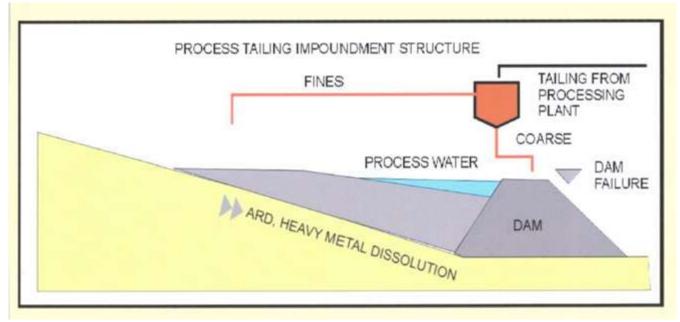






Talings Management Facilities - TMF

Tailings (the waste resulting from the ore processing) usually discharged into an artificial pond (tailing pond). It is a common method for managing and disposing of this type of waste.

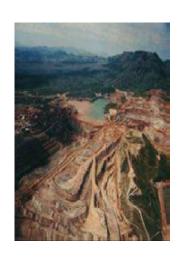


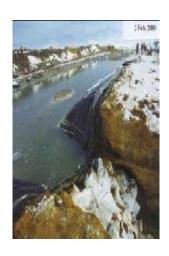


Tailing Management Facilities

HISTORICAL ACCIDENTS

(http://www.tailings.info/knowledge /accidents.htm)

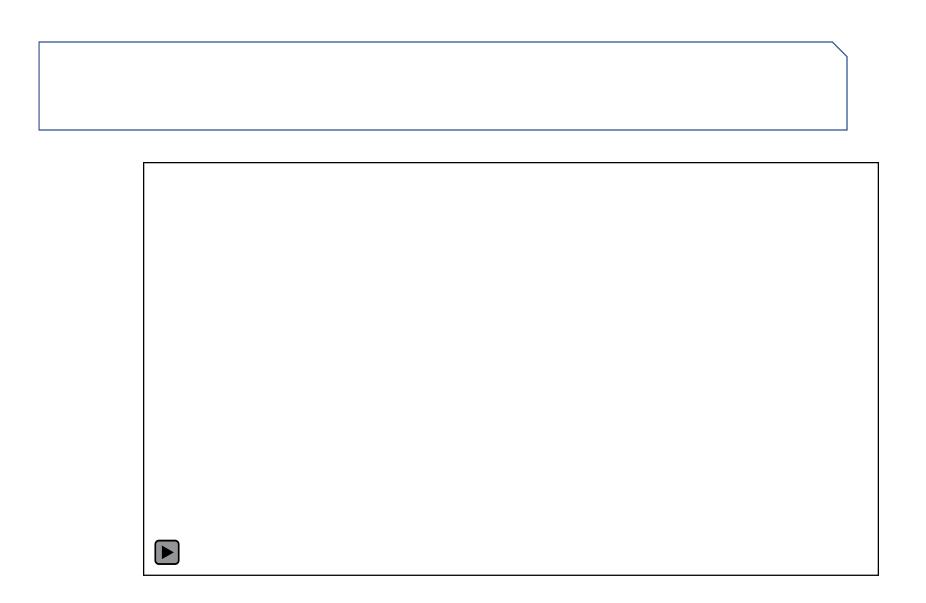




CAUSES OF ACCIDENTS

- Inadequate management
- Lack of control of hydrological system
- Errors in site selection and investigation
- Unsatisfactory foundation, lack of stability of downstream slope
- Seepage
- Overtoping
- Earthquakes and landslides MAIN ROOT CAUSE: RISK ANALYSIS AND RISK MANAGEMENT NEGLECTED







International response/mitigation excercises













Suggested future work in this area

Based on the biannual work plans of the JEG

The composition of the Joint Expert Group is unbalanced. We need more input from the Water Convention.

More active participation is required in the implementation of the future work and in hosting of the meetings.

Continuous and active work is expected from participants

There is a need for a sound financial base to support eligible countries.







Thank you for kind attention!





