2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015–2030 – relevance to and linkages with the Industrial Accidents Convention

Claudia Kamke, UNECE Industrial Accidents Convention secretariat
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What is 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and its SDGs?
Linkages between 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and the Industrial Accidents Convention

3. Good Health and Well-being
   - Avoids deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals by reducing the risk of technological disasters releasing chemical substances

6. Clean Water and Sanitation
   - Prevents accidental water pollution from industrial accidents

9. Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure
   - Promotes safe management of industrial installations to make them sustainable

11. Sustainable Cities and Communities
   - Encourages integrated policies to achieve resilience to disasters, in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-30

12. Responsible Consumption and Production
   - Provides a framework to prevent accidental release of chemicals, thus contributing to their environmentally sound management

13. Climate Action
   - Strengthens resilience to climate-related hazards and natural disasters by promoting adequate siting, land-use policies and emergency plans

16. Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions
   - Ensures participatory decision-making by involving the public in discussions related to prevention of, preparedness for and response to industrial accidents
What is the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015–2030

SENDAI FRAMEWORK
Scope and Purpose
1 Global Outcome
1 Goal

7 Global Targets
13 Guiding Principles

4 Priorities for Action
at 4 Levels
Local, National, Regional and Global

Role of Stakeholders
International Cooperation and Global Partnerships
Linkages between Sendai Framework priorities for action and the Industrial Accidents Convention

1. Understanding disaster risk
   Encouraging Parties to identify potentially hazardous activities to be able to target preventive measures, preparedness and response.

2. Strengthening disaster risk governance to manage disaster risk
   Providing a governance mechanism for regional cooperation to address transboundary disaster risk reduction.

3. Investing in disaster risk reduction for resilience
   Promoting investments in preventive measures, which cost less than remedying the consequences of disasters.

4. Enhancing disaster preparedness for effective response and to "Build Back Better" in recovery, rehabilitation and reconstruction
   Ensuring preparation, review and periodical update of disaster preparedness and contingency policies, plans and programmes.
SDGs and Sendai: relevance and linkages with the Convention

- Several SDGs and Sendai Framework targets directly relevant to prevention, preparedness and response to industrial & chemical accidents
- Many national actions underway
- Practical action taken to improve resilience, including to accidents triggered by natural hazards or disaster
- Work of international organizations is relevant: their coordination is important and should be intensified to provide coherent support
- Cross-sectoral, cross-border and public-private cooperation, partnerships, joint activities and policy coherence are essential
Opportunities presented by SDGs and Sendai

• The global commitments should be reflected in national policies, initiatives and programmes related to industrial accident prevention, preparedness and response

• Countries can get support in the implementation of global commitments

• Sustainable development and disaster risk reduction commitments present opportunities to ensure that industrial safety remains high on policymakers’ agendas

• More visibility for chemical accidents prevention and enhanced implementation efforts can be gained
Thank you!