

A1. Mid-year population, urbanization level, and population density

Country	Mid-year population (Million)				Urbanization level a/ %		Density b/ (Square km)	2003 Mid-year population (Million)
	1993	1997	2001	2002	1997	2002		
Albania	3.17	3.32			45.9		118.3	3.40 c/
Andorra	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07			154.5	0.07
Armenia	3.73	3.79	3.21	3.21	66.9	64.3	107.9	3.21
Austria	7.91	7.97	8.03	8.05			96.3	8.08
Azerbaijan	7.49	7.84	8.11	8.17	51.9	50.7	95.1	8.23
Belarus	10.24	10.12	9.97	9.92	68.6	70.9	47.6	9.87
Belgium	10.08	10.18	10.29	10.33	99.8	99.8	339.8	10.37
Bosnia and Herzegovina	4.43	3.76	3.80	3.83			74.9	3.83
Bulgaria	i/ 8.47	8.31	7.91	7.87	67.7	69.5	70.5	7.82 p/
Canada	28.68	29.91	31.02	31.36	78.3	79.7	3.2	31.63
Croatia	4.78	4.57	4.44	4.44			78.6	4.44 d/
Cyprus	j/ 0.72	0.76	0.79	0.80	60.4	61.5	86.2	0.80 d/
Czech Republic	10.33	10.30	10.22	10.20	74.7	73.9	129.3	10.20 d/
Denmark	5.17	5.28	5.35	5.37		85.2	124.6	5.37 d/
Estonia	1.49	1.40	1.36	1.36		69.2	30.0	1.36 d/
Finland	k/ 5.07	5.14	5.19	5.20	60.4	61.9	15.4	5.21
France	57.47	58.21	59.19	59.49			108.4	59.77
Georgia	4.85	4.53	4.39	4.36	53.5	52.3	62.5	4.36 d/
Germany	81.19	82.06	82.33	82.47			231.0	82.47 d/
Greece	10.47	10.78	10.94				82.9	10.94 e/
Hungary	l/ 10.29	10.15	10.19	10.16	63.0	65.0	109.2	10.16 d/
Iceland	m/ 0.26	0.27	0.29	0.29	92.0 s/	92.5 s/	2.8	0.29
Ireland	3.57	3.66	3.85	3.92		59.6	56.6	3.98
Israel	5.26	5.83	6.44	6.57 p/	90.8	91.6	296.7	6.57 d/
Italy	57.05	57.51	57.91				192.2	57.91 e/
Kazakhstan	16.38	15.33	14.85	14.85	55.9	56.6	5.5	14.91
Kyrgyzstan	4.52	4.70	4.93	4.97	35.0	34.8	25.1	5.01
Latvia	2.56	2.43	2.36	2.34	68.6	67.8	36.0	2.33 p/
Liechtenstein	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03			212.5	0.03
Lithuania	3.68	3.58	3.48	3.47	67.5	66.9	52.9	3.45
Luxembourg	0.40	0.42	0.44	0.45			172.5	0.45 d/
Malta	0.36	0.38	0.38	0.39			1218.4	0.39 d/
Monaco	0.03						15384.6	0.03 f/
Netherlands	15.29	15.57		16.11	61.9 n/		387.8	16.11 d/
Norway	l/ 4.31	4.39	4.50	4.52	74.2	76.6	14.1	4.55
Poland	38.46	38.65	38.64	38.23	61.9	61.7	122.2	38.20
Portugal	9.98	10.11	10.36	10.41			113.1	10.41 d/
Republic of Moldova	4.35	4.31	3.63	3.62	46.2	41.4	106.7	3.61
Romania	22.76	22.55	22.41	21.79	55.0	53.3	91.2	21.73
Russian Federation	q/ 148.15	146.94	144.39	143.53	73.0	73.0	8.4	143.53 d/
San Marino	0.02	0.03			89.0		431.1	0.03 g/
Serbia and Montenegro	10.48	10.60			51.5		104.0	10.63 h/
Slovakia	5.32	5.38	5.38	5.38	57.0	56.1	109.7	5.38
Slovenia	1.99	1.99	1.99	2.00			98.6	2.00
Spain	39.10	39.35	40.27	40.55			80.1	40.55 d/
Sweden	8.72	8.85	8.90	8.92			19.8	8.92 d/
Switzerland	6.99	7.11	7.26	7.35	67.9	68.1	178.0	7.35 d/

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	1993	1997	2001	2002	1997	2002		
Tajikistan	5.57	5.82			26.7		43.2	6.19 c/
FYROM	2.07	2.00					78.4	2.02 h/
Turkey	59.49	64.02	68.53	69.63	63.2 t/	65.8 t/	89.9	69.63 d/
Turkmenistan	4.24	4.78	5.50	5.79	44.5	46.1	12.5	6.12
Ukraine	52.18	50.59	48.66	48.20	67.6	67.3	79.2	47.81
United Kingdom	r/ 57.71	58.28	59.05	59.23			243.8	59.23 d/
United States	o/ 258.08	268.01	285.32	288.37			30.2	290.81
Uzbekistan	21.94	23.66	25.06		38.1		56.0	25.06 e/

Sources:

FYROM - The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia

- UN/ECE questionnaires.

- Monthly Bulletin of Statistics, Statistics Division, United Nations

a/ Urbanization level is defined as the percentage of population residing in urban areas in each country according to national definitions.

b/ Population per square kilometre of surface area. Computations were based using the latest available data for population. Surface area pertain to land area and inland water (Source: UN/ECE "2003 Trends in Europe and North America").

c/ 2000

d/ 2002

e/ 2001

f/ 1996

g/ 1998

h/ 1999

i/ Annual average population.

j/ Data for urban and rural population refer only to the population in the government-controlled area of Cyprus.

k/ The new municipal classification, introduced in 1989, divides municipalities into three categories according to the proportion of people living in urban settlements and the population of the largest urban settlement.

l/ Population as at 1st January of each year.

m/ Population data refer to 1st December of each year.

n/ Urban areas are municipalities with less than 20% agrarian residents.

o/ Population data are mid-year estimates which include forces overseas.

p/ Provisional data.

q/ Population data are estimations of the annual average of the resident population. Annual average population is the arithmetical mean of the population number at the beginning and at the end of the year.

r/ Population data excludes all armed forces personnel based abroad and foreign visitors (in the country for less than one year). Data for all years are interim and represent ONS' latest estimates.

s/ Urban areas refer to areas with 200 inhabitants and over.

t/ Urban areas refer to municipalities with more than 25 000 inhabitants.