

Harvested Wood Products

(in this case we know the options!)

- Option 0 current rules
 HWP not accounted for
- Option 1 default + correction for imports/exports of HWP
- Option 2 stock-change approach
- Option 3 production approach / simple decay approach / emissions to atmosphere approach
- Option 4 atmospheric approach

Accounting simplification: harvest = emission



HWP subdividing the problem

HWP stock potential (∆stock ≈ sink/emission):

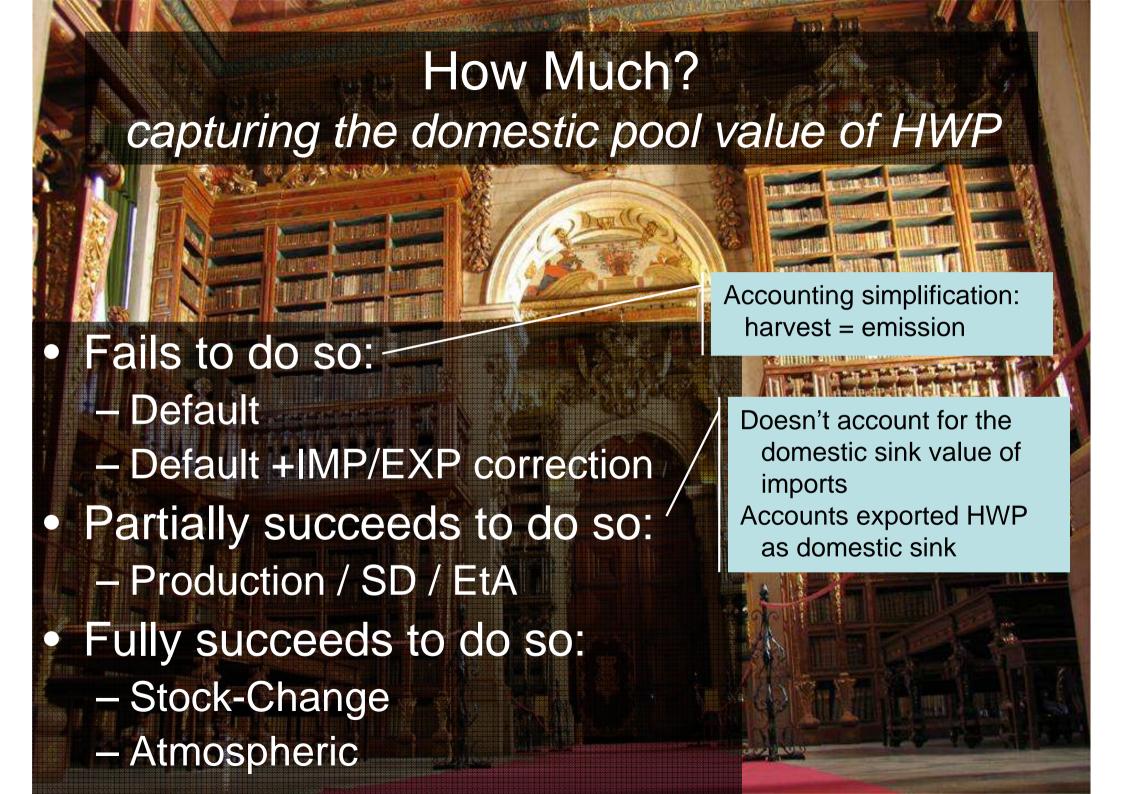
- How much is it worth?
- How to measure?

HWP emissions:

- Where do they take place?
- When do they take place?
- Who is liable?

Promote good HWP management:

 Promoting reuse, recycling and energy recovery of HWP



Where? capturing the location of decaying HWP emissions

- Partially succeeds to do so:
 - Default
 - Production / SD / EtA
 - Stock-Change
- Fully succeeds to do so:
 - Default +IMP/EXP correction
 - Atmospheric

Emissions accounted at the country of origin of the wood or biomass

Imported/Exported HWP misrepresented

Emissions reported at the country where decay of HWP happens

When?

capturing the timing of decaying HWP emissions



- Fails to do so: -
 - Default
 - Default +IMP/EXP correction
- Fully succeeds to do so:
 - Production / SD /EtA
 - Stock-Change
 - Atmospheric

Accounting simplification: harvest = emission

Accounted when decay actually happens

Who is Liable? reducing emissions / increasing sinks... ...or exporting carbon footprints?

- Accounting simplification Harvesting=emission
- Allows leakage:
 - Default
 - Production / SD / EtA
 - Stock-Change
- Accounts leakage:
 - Default +IMP/EXP correction
 - Atmospheric

Hidden incentive for using imported wood and HWP

= incentive for exporting carbon footprint

Domestic forests left to grow more

+ increased forest sink or reduced forest emissions

Forest (and HWP) emissions accounted in the country producing the wood, not the one using it

no emissions for imported wood

Promoting reuse, recycling and energy recovery of HWP

- Fails to do so:
 - Default
 - Default +IMP/EXP correction
- Partially succeeds to do so:
 - Production / SD / EtA
- Fully succeeds to do so:
 - Stock-Change
 - Atmospheric

Emission at harvest
No incentive for reuse or
recycling
Strong incentive for incineration –
substitution of fossil fuels

Incentive for domestic wood products
No incentive for imported wood products

Emission accounted when decay actually happens
Strong incentive for reuse and recycling – maintaining the product "alive" avoids emissions
Incentive for incineration – substitution of fossil fuels

HWP how will we find our way? The Easy and Difficult Questions the International Community will have to Answer (#1)

- Minimize Change to Current Rules?
 - Default
- Capture how much (domestic)?
 - Stock-Change, Atmospheric
 - Production / SD / EtA
- Capture When?
 - Production / SD / EtA, Stock-Change, Atmospheric
- Who is Liable? Avoid international leakage?
 - Emitting Country: Default +IMP/EXP, Atmospheric
 - Producer Country: Production / SD / EtA, Stock-Change
- Promote reuse, recycling and energy recovery?
 - Stock-Change, Atmospheric
 - Production / SD / EtA

HWP how will we find our way? The Easy and Difficult Questions the International Community will have to Answer (#2)

- How do we link the HWP issue with the rest of LULUCF rules?
- Forest Management: voluntary or mandatory
 - If forest management is voluntary and not selected should a country be allowed to use HWP "credits"?
- Forest Management: full carbon accounting or caped maximum benefit?
 - If forest management is provides only limited benefits, should we also limit HWP contribute?
- Impact on targets: will countries with a good "HWP profile" be benefited or penalized?
- Impact on assigned amounts (1990 value): does the reference emission value have to change to accommodate the 1990 HWP emission level?
- Impact on Waste Sector Accounting: Emissions of methane from HWP are part of the waste sector. How do we avoid double counting?