

Table 1

Energy use (kg oil equivalent) per \$1,000 GDP (Constant 2005 PPP \$)					
Country	1990	1995	2000	2005	2009^a
Eastern Europe, Caucasus and Central Asia					
Armenia	740	297	284	199	174
Azerbaijan	759	895	571	354	190
Belarus	684	570	418	322	250
Georgia	411	447	259	180	151
Kazakhstan	628	730	501	426	432
Kyrgyzstan	676	424	325	299	265
Republic of Moldova	582	646	472	416	319
Russian Federation	470	547	491	384	328
Tajikistan	327	360	347	243	207
Turkmenistan	1427	1621	1388	731	605
Ukraine	602	816	736	543	438
Uzbekistan	1129	1278	1261	897	753
South-Eastern Europe					
Albania	207	117	120	121	91
Bosnia and Herzegovina	..	281	235	214	213
Croatia	141	152	142	131	118
Serbia	218	308	270	237	213
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	156	199	184	186	173
Turkey	120	120	122	108	112
EU 27					
Austria	125	122	112	124	112
Belgium	193	199	188	174	160
Bulgaria	435	402	321	262	216
Cyprus	130	133	135	120	124
Czech Republic	288	254	232	215	187
Denmark	133	132	110	105	100
Estonia	605	451	315	232	214
Finland	246	259	227	212	201
France	158	158	146	145	133
Germany	172	148	134	131	121
Greece	121	120	121	111	97
Hungary	225	229	180	161	147
Ireland	161	137	111	90	87
Italy	109	111	109	111	102
Latvia	292	299	184	147	127
Lithuania	349	326	214	178	156
Luxembourg	209	159	125	135	114
Malta	143	112	84	102	88
Netherlands	167	161	136	138	128
Poland	331	286	197	176	147
Portugal	104	115	114	118	105
Romania	342	283	236	189	155
Slovakia	324	314	259	216	164
Slovenia	174	191	163	155	141
Spain	117	122	121	119	103
Sweden	224	231	184	175	145
United Kingdom	152	147	128	113	99
Other high income countries					
Canada	279	283	252	241	214
Iceland	320	340	369	336	509
Israel	138	136	125	125	117
Norway	154	143	132	122	115
Switzerland	107	106	99	97	94
United States	240	229	204	184	169

Source: MDG Database of the United Nations Statistics Division

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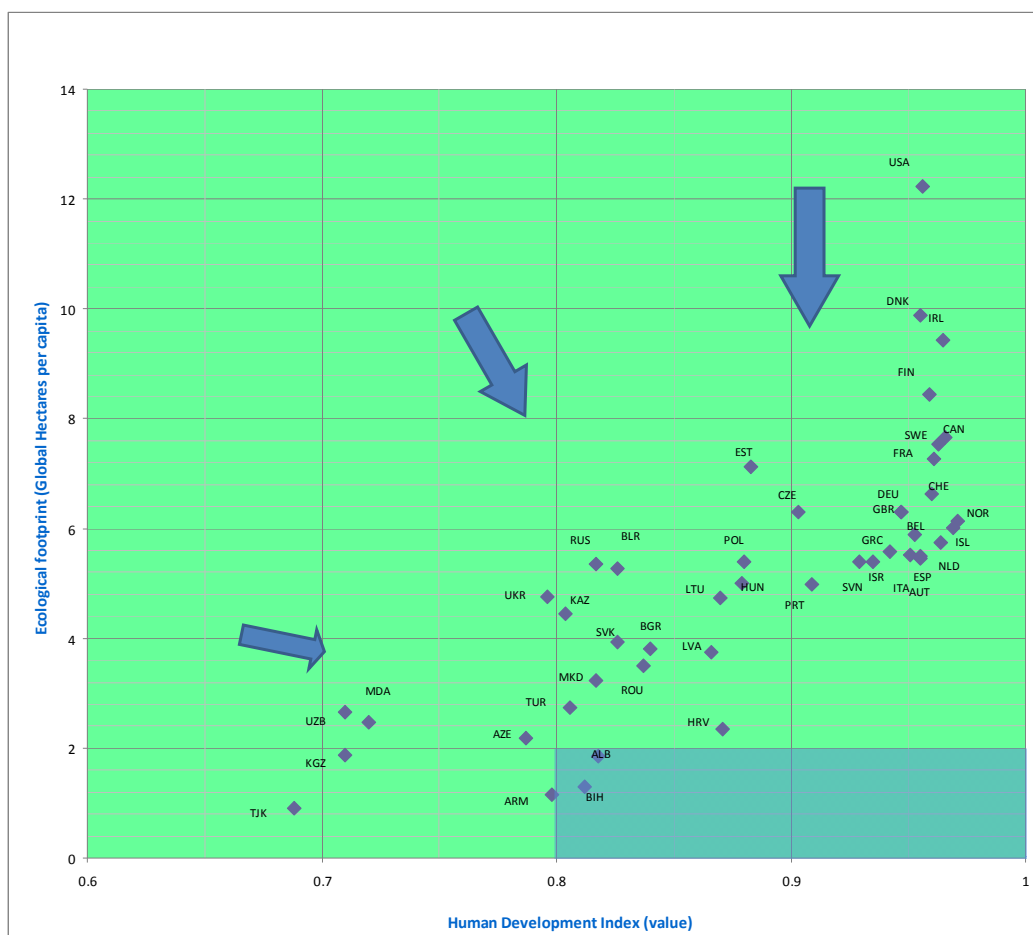
Figure 1
Sustainable development index
(Human development index/ecological footprint)

The difference between UNECE countries in terms of incomes or resources is reflected on the challenges they are facing.

For the higher-income countries, the green transformation challenge will be to maintain their high levels of human development with much smaller ecological footprints.

For the energy exporting countries, the challenge will be to reduce the use of fossil fuel energy while consolidating human development.

For the lower-income countries the challenge will be to maintain their low ecological footprints while accelerating sustainable growth and human development.

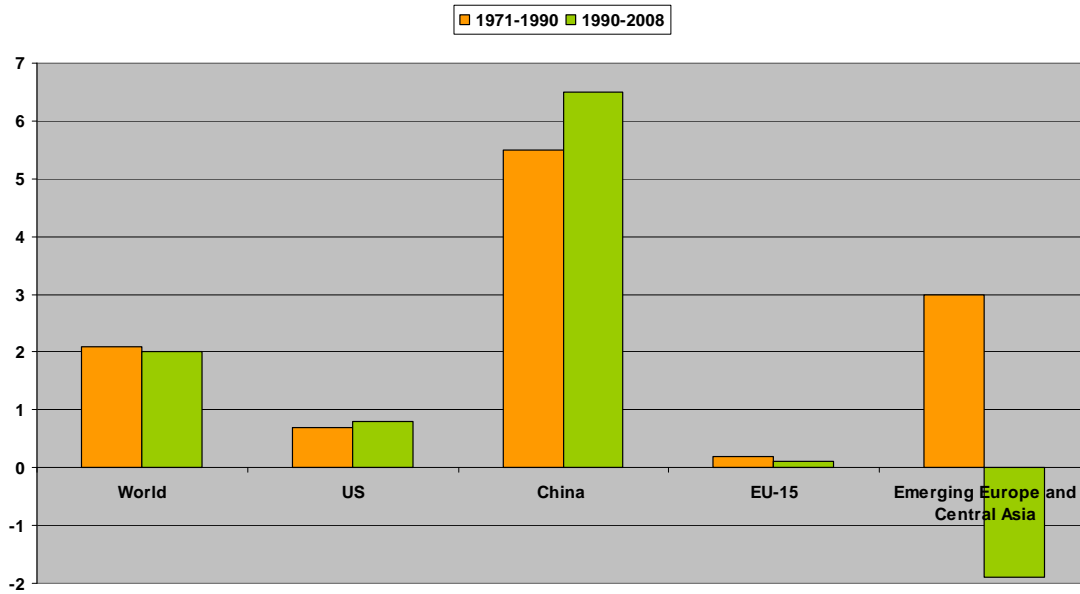


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Figure 2

CO2 emissions
(annual average growth,%)



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