#### Informal document GRSG-114-34

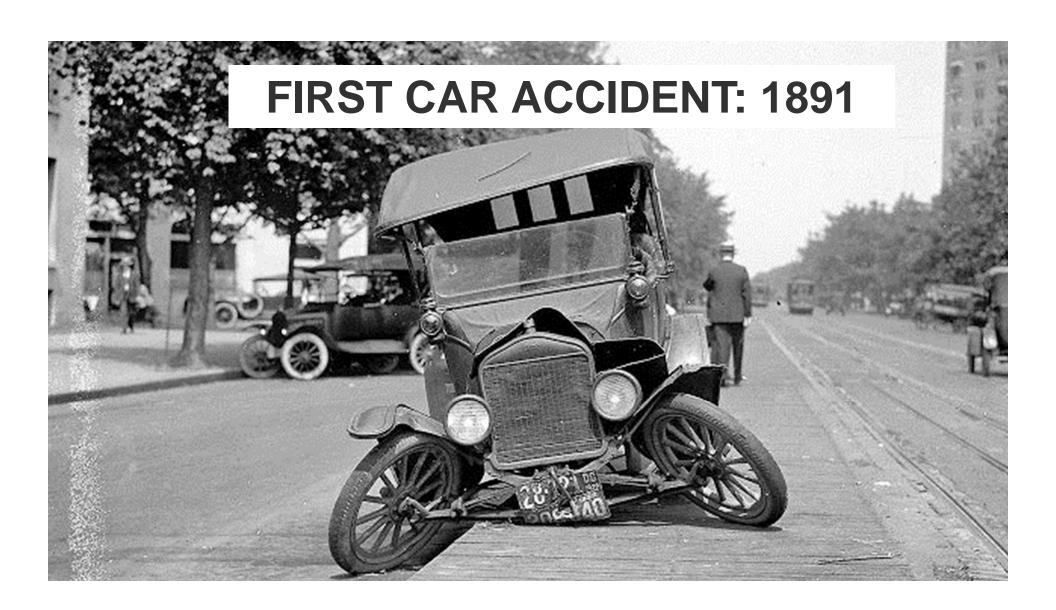
(114th GRSG, 9-13 April 2018, agenda item 11.)



### eCall for Heavy Goods Vehicles

**11 April 2018, Geneva** UNECE

iru.org





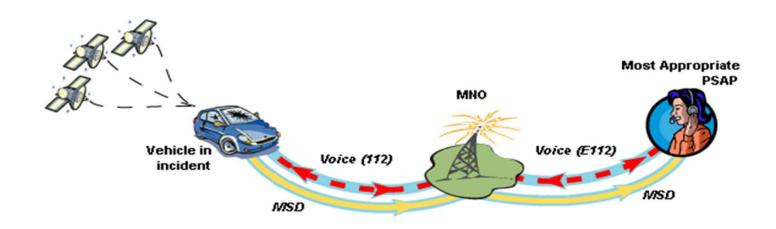
## eCall device ("IVS")





## eCall working principle







### eCall deployment (1)



- Mandatory for new vehicles 31.3.2018 M1,N1
- Existing custom implementations (TPSP)



### eCall deployment (2)



- Retrofitting NOT required
- NOT required for motorcycles and commercial vehicles (HGV, buses and coaches)
- CEN TS16405: standard for HGV

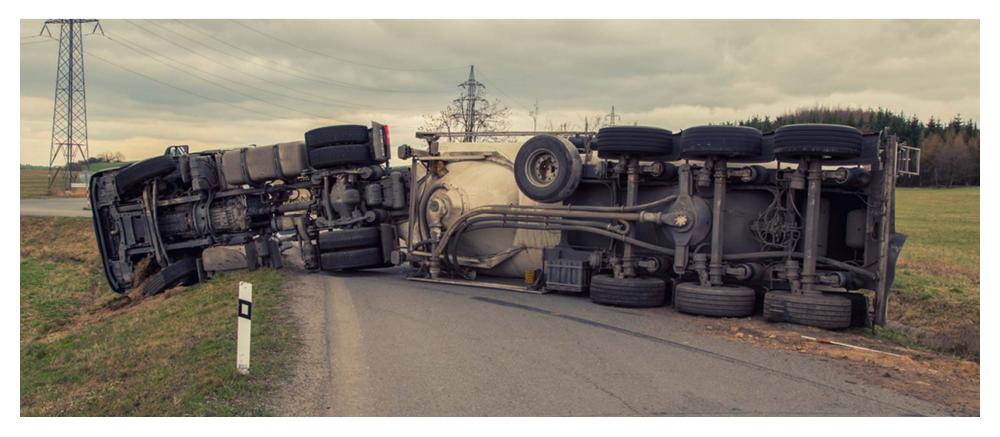


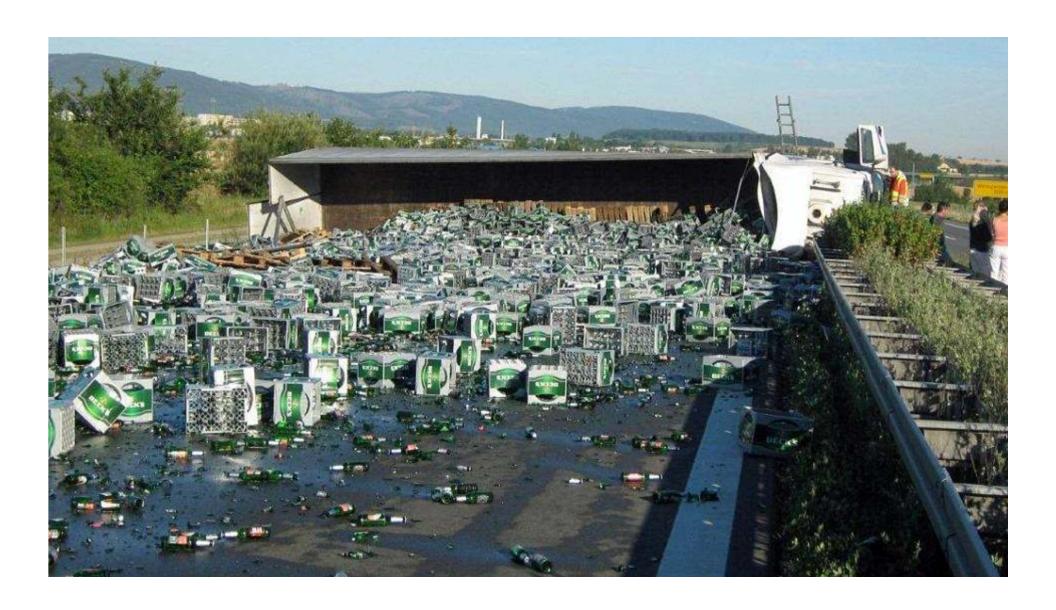




## Why eCall for Commercial Vehicles?



















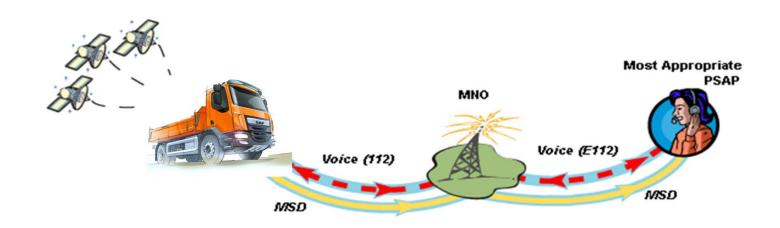






## eCall for HGV working principle





#### Handling eCall from a Commercial Vehicle





- Operator receives an emergency call
- GPS location, vehicle type, license nr.
- CARGO INFORMATION











- Information on the cargo helps operator make decisions on dispatching actions
- Special tools, protective gear, deviations

. . .

### Useful cargo information



- Consignor
- Carrier
- Phone numbers
- Type of Cargo, quantity



## Dangerous goods (ADR)

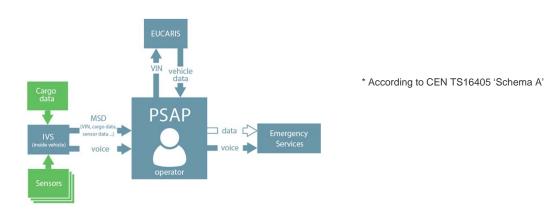




### Access to cargo information (1)\*



- HGV accident, PSAP receives the eCall
- Decodes MSD (VIN, cargo data...)



# Cargo data

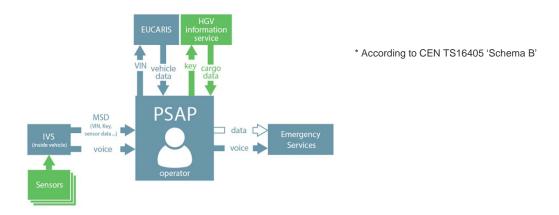




### Access to cargo information (2)\*

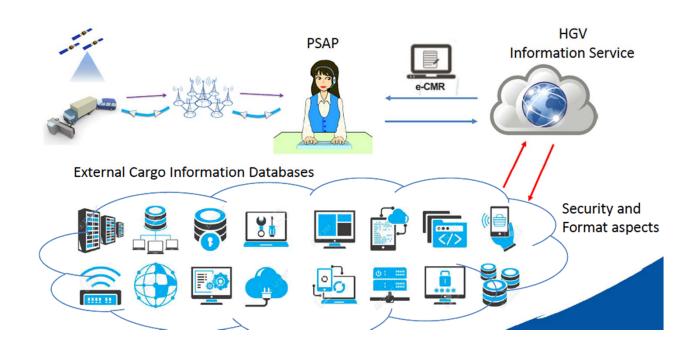


- HGV accident, PSAP receives the eCall
- Decodes MSD (VIN, Key, CargoInfoURL ...)
- Retrieves cargo data using webservices



### Cargo Databases in different countries







#### Interoperability



### Connectivity Everywhere





## Consignment note: (e)CMR







#### e-CMR in use



- 17 countries\* acceded
- Russia: 2nd February 2018
- Several commercial services

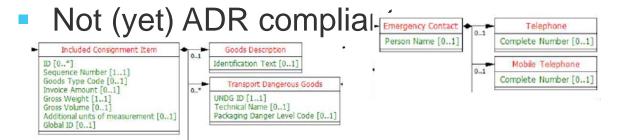


To date 17 countries have acceded the e-CMR protocol; Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, France, Iran, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Moldavia, Netherlands, Russia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Switzerland and Turkey.



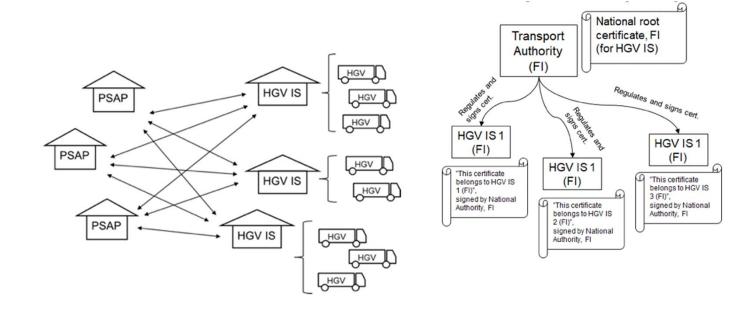


- UN/CEFACT data model for standardised electronic consignment note and appropriate message schemas
- Published 19.2.2018 www.unece.org/cefact/brs/brs\_index.html



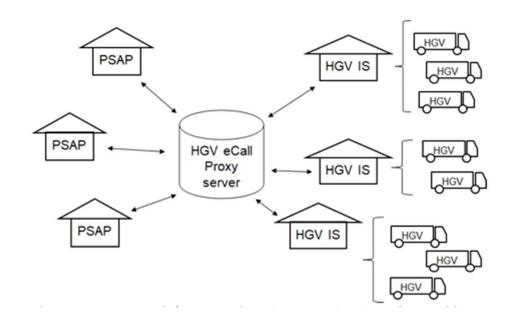
### eCall for HGV Architecture (1): PKI





#### eCall for HGV Architecture (2): e-CMR Proxy







#### eCall for buses and coaches

#### Differences









#### eCall for Buses and Coaches



#### Number of Passengers









#### Cross-border eCall

#### Cross-border eCall



- EU trucks entering Russia
- Russian trucks entering EU
- Near-border scenario: mobile signal picked up by foreign network, emergency call answered by operator across the border
- Need to exchange accident info between EU/Russia emergency services



# Interoperability among PSAPs



- Emergency call to 112
- Call taker qualifies the call and locates the caller
- Dispatcher sends the most appropriate type of resources

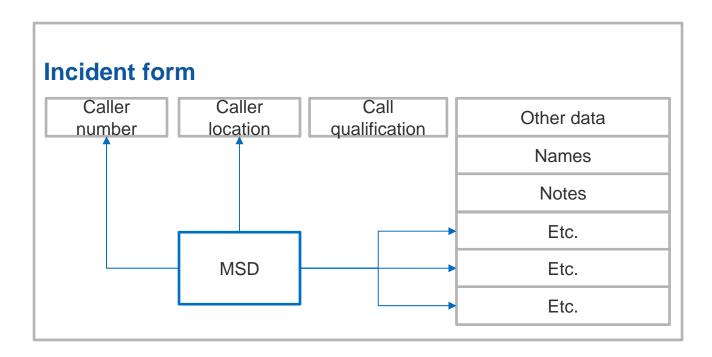


# The concept of "Incident form"

Incident form	
Caller Caller Call number location qualification	Other data
·	Names
	Notes
	Etc.
	Etc.
	Etc.



# The concept of "Incident form"





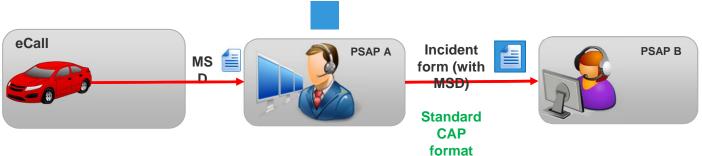
#### MSD-to-PSAP-to-PSAP: today



- The MSD is received by PSAP A
- Incident form is transmitted to PSAP B
- "Incident form" (if existing) is built using a proprietary format
  - this prevents interoperability in multi-PSAP cooperation environments
  - each receiving PSAP should know and interpret many different formats



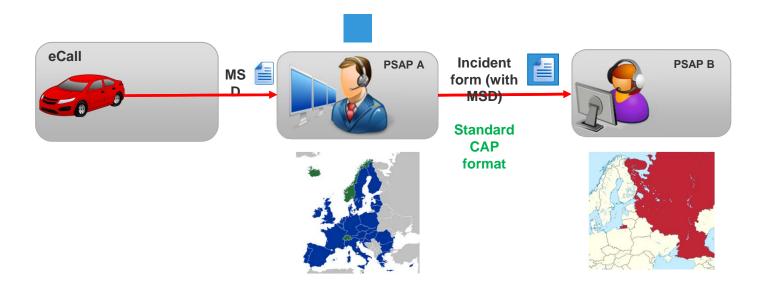
#### MSD-to-PSAP-to-PSAP: tomorrow



- The MSD is received by PSAP A
- Incident form is transmitted to PSAP B
- Different, proprietary Incident forms are replaced by a common, standard format: CAP
  - interoperability is much easier, as only MSD and CAP knowledge is required
  - "future-proof" solution, thanks to the extensibility and flexibility of the CAP structure



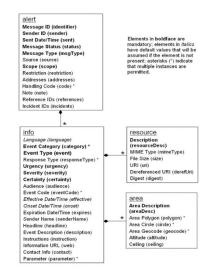
#### MSD-to-PSAP-to-PSAP: cross-border





#### CAP - Common Alerting Protocol

 Format for exchanging all-hazard emergency alerts and public warnings over all kinds of networks



https://docs.oasisopen.org/emergency/cap/v1. 2/CAP-v1.2-os.html

#### Current status



- eCall/GLONASS interoperability testing starting in April (with VTT Finland)
- 26<sup>th</sup> Feb (Moscow) Presented the eCall for HGV concept to ERA-GLONASS
- Discussed the options to exchange information in case of accident

#### Next steps



- Discuss the options to exchange information in a wider context
- Define the needs and requirements
- Design an architecture
- Develop a reference model pilot/test
- Standards and regulation



# eCall for HGV: Demonstration of prototypes

# ITS Strasbourg



• 19 - 22 June 2017













# Demo tour: Torino, Italy



SmartMobilityWorld 10-11 October 2017



# Demo tour: Lisbon, Portugal



#### 10 October 2017







# Demo tour: Ljubljana, Slovenia



16 October 2017











#### Demo tour: Athens, Greece



#### 24 October 2017











# Demo tour: Ostrava, Czech republic



#### • 30-31 October 2017



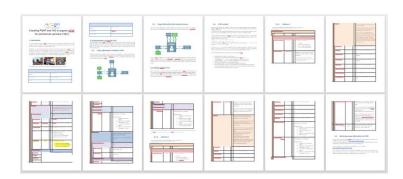




#### eCall Testfest



- 9-13 October in Kranj, Slovenia
- > 80 registered participants
- Implementation of eCall for HGV
- Instructions for IVS and PSAP developers



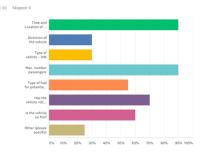
#### **BUSWORLD**



#### Survey on eCall for buses and coaches



What type of information would be useful to the emergency services in relation to the vehicle and accident to best understand







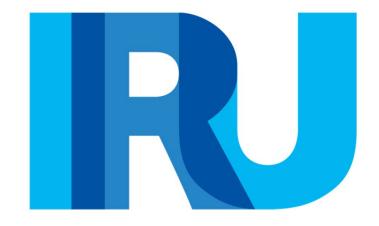


# I\_HeERO project partners





I\_HeERO is funded under the Connected Europe Fund Annual Programme – Grant agreement no. INEA/CEF/TRANS/A2014/1031743.



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