

Evaluation of the WorldSID impact response and injury prediction capabilities Assessment of pelvic injuries

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Existing injury risk curves

WorldSID revision 1

Shoulder:

deflection, lateral force

Thorax:

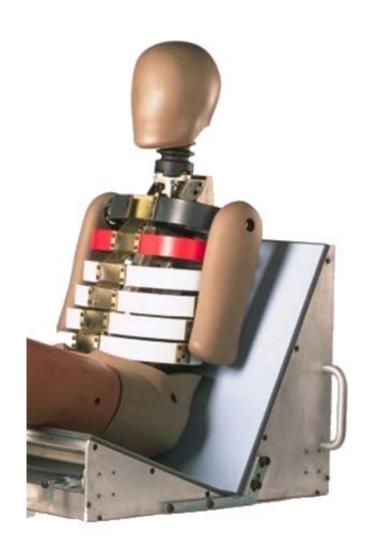
deflection (Thorax and abdomen ribs), VC (Thorax and abdomen ribs)

Abdomen:

lower spine acceleration 3 ms, VC, abdomen rib deflection

Pelvis:

pubic force, pelvic acceleration 3 ms



Pelvis Injury Risk Curve (IRC) based on pubic force only

Only the pubic force was measured in version 1. Experimental data with WorldSID equipped with SI loadcell not available for all the matching WorldSID/PMHS tests.

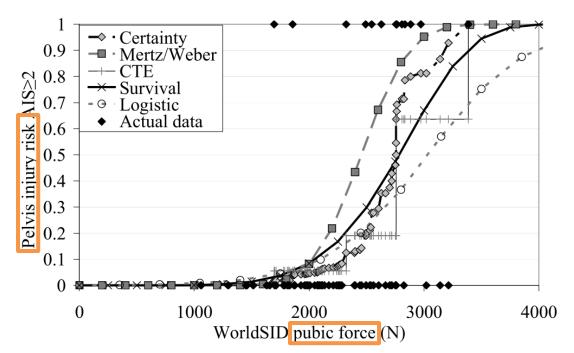
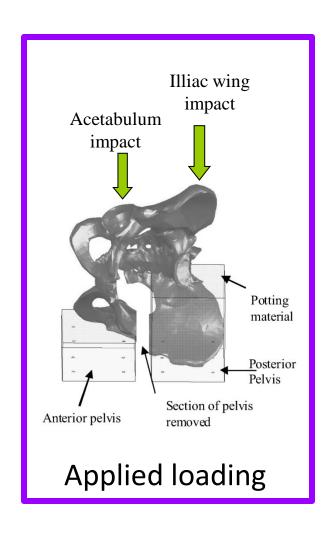
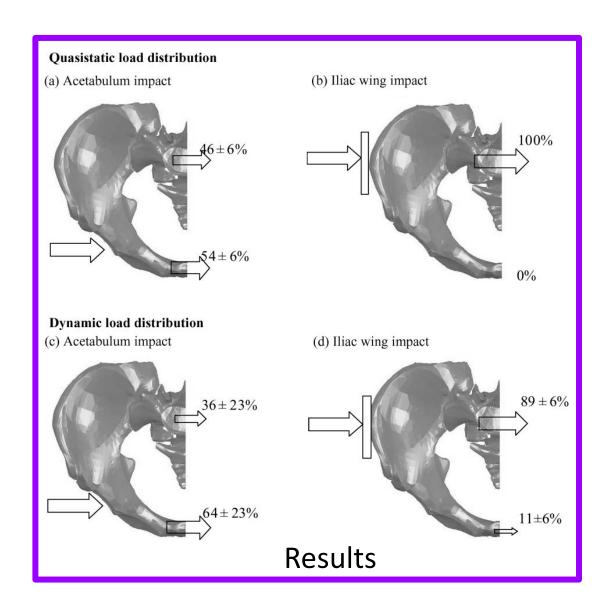


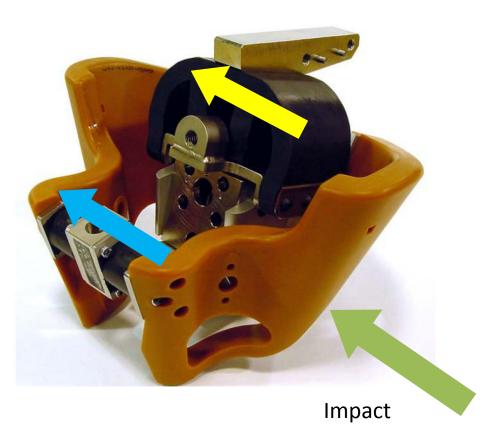
FIGURE 19. Risk of AIS >= 2 pelvis injury as a function of maximum pubic force for WorldSID.

Load paths in the pelvis





Can the WorldSID pelvis mimic this load distribution?



Proposed task

- Determining the injury mechanisms based on CIREN review
- Quantifying the coupling between the loads measured in the SI joint and the PS load for various impact characteristics (velocity, direction, contact) based on experiments performed with WorldSID

Matching PMHS/WorldSID tests Impactor tests

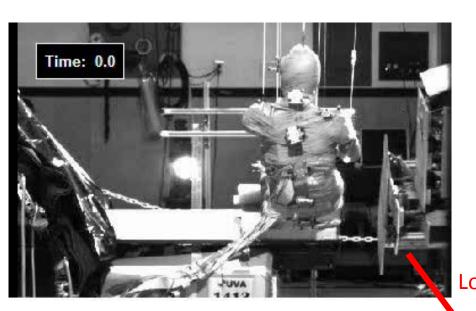
In Petitjean et al (2009), WorldSID data were scaled to match PMHS data when the dummy data were not performed at the same velocity.

Proposed task

Performing impactor tests with WorldSID to match the PMHS data available (various impactor shape, velocity, mass)



Matching PMHS/WorldSID tests Sled impact tests

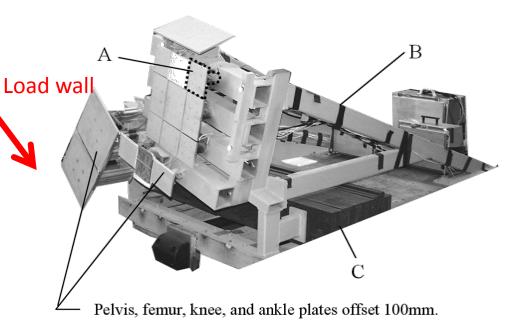


4.3 m/s

Wall instrumented will load cells Offset plate for the pelvis. No pelvis injuries.

Proposed task

Reproduce this loading condition with WorldSID



Lessley et al, Stapp, 2010

Injury Risk Curves

Injury severity will be evaluated based on their AIS score.

Data from matched WorldSID/cadaver tests available in the literature will be added to the data generated in this project.

Proposed task

Developing injury rick curves (IRC) for the pelvic acceleration Developing IRC either independently for the anterior (PS) and posterior (SI joint) and the associated fractures, or for the pelvis as a whole if the loads in the SI joint and PS are coupled.

PMHS data might need to be adjusted for age and anthropometry

Summary

3 tasks

1. Identification of injuries mechanisms, impact conditions and pelvis injuries

CIREN review, pelvic injury mechanisms, sensitivity analysis

- 2. Impactor and sled tests with WorldSID Matching dummy tests (no scaling)
- 3. Development of injury risk curve(s)

The outcomes of task 1 will allow to determined whether independent IRC can be developed for the SI joint and PS