The reason why Japanese proposal Stage3 has []

JASIC

3rd~5th September 2012 56th GRB meeting Geneva

Reason of Japan proposation of Japan proposation of Japan proposation (RB-56-21 agenda item (Ap))

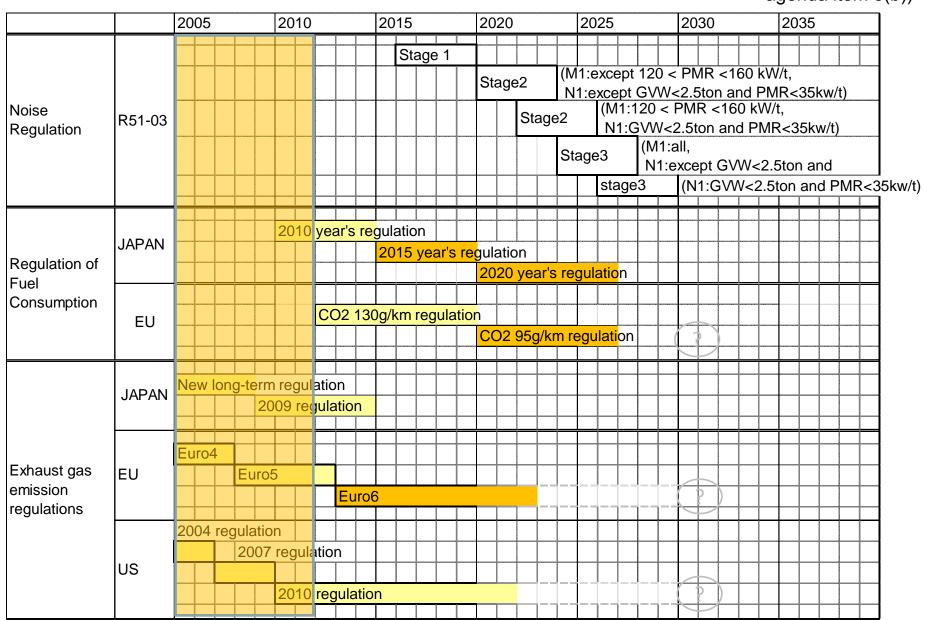
		Stage 1	Stage 2		Stage 3 ³	
		2 years after	4 years	6 years	[4] years	[6] years
		entry into force	after stage	after stage	after stage	after stage
		of ECE R51.03	1	1	2	2
M1	PMR ≤ 120 kW/t	72	70	-	[68]	-
	120 < PMR ≤ 160 kW/t	73	-	71	[70]	-
	PMR > 160 kW/t	75	73	-	[72]	-
M2	GVW ≤ 2.5 ton	72	70	-	[69]	-
	2.5 ton < GVW ≤ 3.5 ton	74	72	-	[71]	-
	3.5 ton < GVW	75	-	73	-	[71]
М3	P ≤ 135 kW	76	-	74	-	[73]
	135 < P ≤ 250 kW	79	-	78	-	[76]
	P > 250 kW	80	-	78	-	[76]
N1	GVW ≤ 2.5 ton and PMR(GVW) ¹ ≤ 35kW/t	74	-	72	-	[70]
	GVW ≤ 2.5 ton and 35kW/t < PMR(GVW) ¹	72	70	-	[68]	-
	2.5 ton < GVW ≤ 3.5 ton	74	72	-	[71]	-
N2	P ≤ 135 kW	77	-	76	-	[73]
	P > 135 kW	78	-	77	-	[75]
N3	P ≤ 250 kW	80	-	78	-	[76]
	P > 250 kW	82	-	80 ²	-	[78]

^{1 &}quot;PMR(GVW)" means PMR calculated by using the maximum authorized vehicle mass.

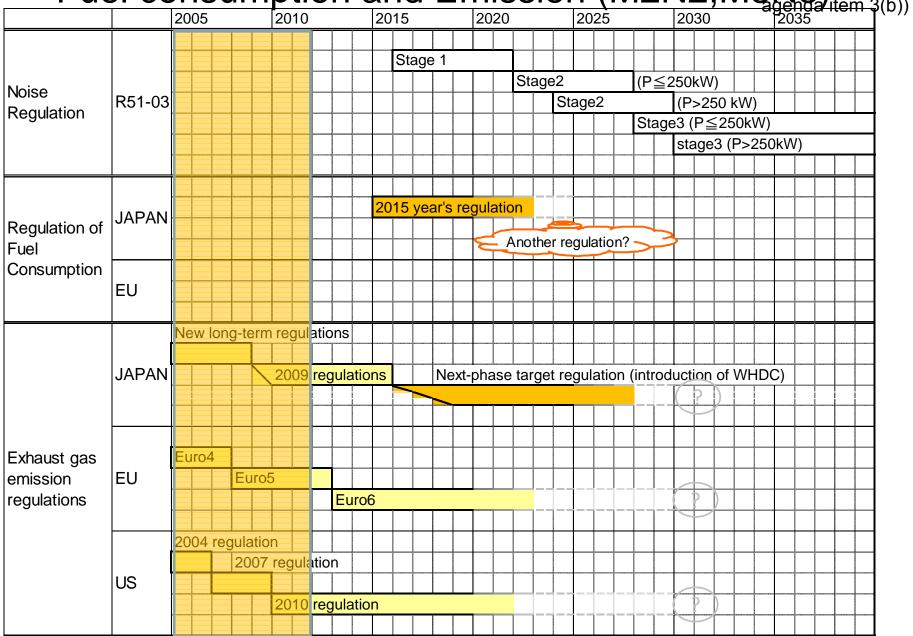
² Entry-into-force date of N3 with an engine power exceeding 250 kW for stage 2 is 8 years after stage 1.

³ Limit values and entry-into-force dates of "Stage 3" shall be reviewed and fixed until the entry-into-force date of "Stage 2".

History and schedule of regulations on Noise Fuel consumption and Emission (M56th NPI)-5 September 2012, agenda item 3(b))



History and projection of regulations on Noise GRB-56-21 Fuel consumption and Emission (M2N2, M3, M3, M3) ber 2012, 2005 2005 2010 2015 2020 2025 2030 2035 2035



Effects of Major Fuel Economy Measures ment GRB-56-21 on Noise (56th GRB, 3-5 September 2012, agenda item 3(b))

Examples of major fuel economy measures

Effects on noise

Improvement of combustion system

Fuel injection timing advance
Rapid combustion by combustion chamber geometry
High-pressure injection
High supercharging

Increase of combustion system noise Increase of injection mechanical noise

Reduction of weight

etc.
Lightweight torsional
damper
Lightweight engine block,
etc.
Lightweight engine
components

Lightweight crankshaft,

Increase of mechanical noise

Major measures against engine noise

Informal document GRB-56-21 (56th GRB, 3-5 September 2012,

: We

: Weight increase

: Proper control in conflict with fuel ecommon item 3(b))

Head cover floating

Electronically controlled variable nozzle turbocharger + intercooler

Measure against standing wave at crank pulley cover

Vibration damping steel sheet oil pan

Electronically controlled highpressure common rail + pilot injection control system

Head cover



Oil pan cover

5000kg

Measure against standing wave at back of ECU

The more vehicle weight, the less payload. (No efficiency)

Highly rigid cylinder block

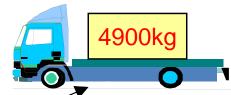
Block side cover

Head rear cover

Measure against standing wave under common rail

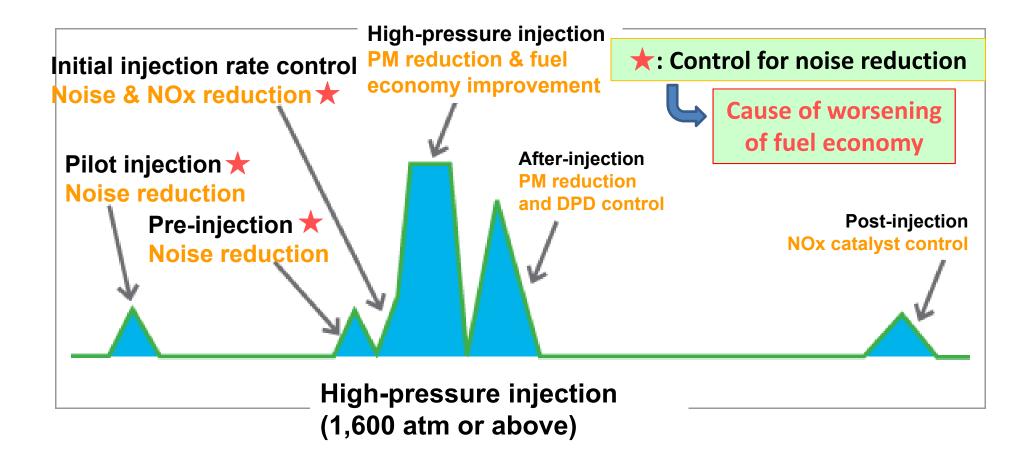
Timing gear specs optimization

Narrower gear backlash

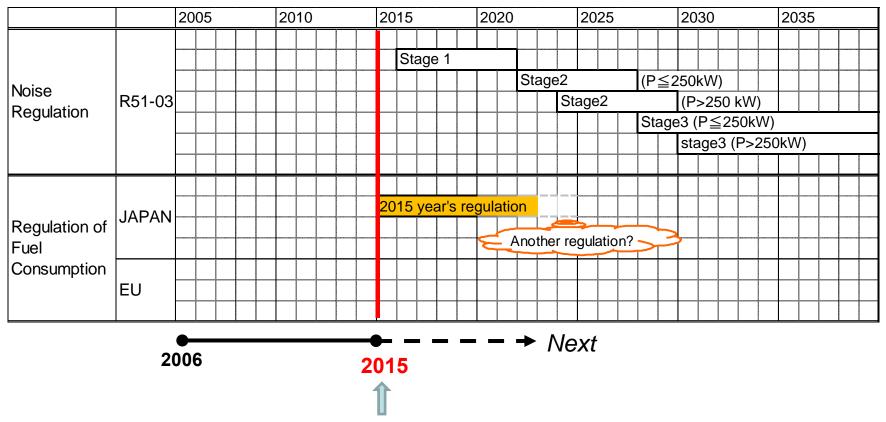


Increase 100kg by noise measurement

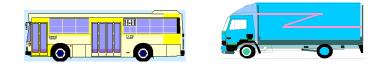
Measure against noise by injection control



History and projection of regulations on Noise GRB-56-21 Fuel consumption and Emission (M2N2, M3, M3) ber 2012, agenca item 3(b))

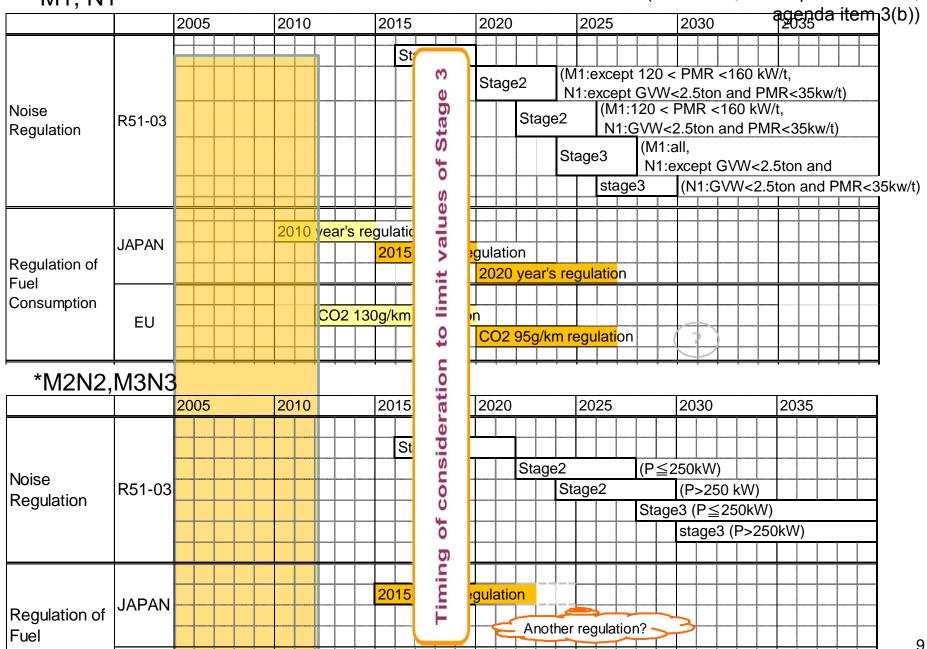


Time by which all vehicles must be in compliance



All vehicles of HDV meet the FE regulation

History and projection of regulations on Noise, Fuel consumption and medical mention of regulations on Noise, Fuel consumption and projection of regulations of the projection of regulations of the projection of th (56th GRB, 3-5 September 2012, *M1, N1



Conclusion

Informal document GRB-56-21 (56th GRB, 3-5 September 2012, agenda item 3(b))

- In general, there is a contradiction between measures to reduce automotive noise and technical measures to meet the fuel consumption/CO₂ regulations.
- It is necessary to take into consideration trends and technologies related to other regulations in discussing noise limit values and when to introduce such limit values.
- The limit values for Stage 3, which will come into force in no less than 10 years, need to be based on the capability of Stage 1-compliant vehicles as well as on the contents of the future fuel regulation to be developed from now on, and should be discussed so that they can be defined at the time of introduction of Stage 2 when the contents of the fuel consumption/CO₂ regulation are predicted to be finalized.